Caring For Previously Hospitalized Consumers: Progress and Challenges in Mental Health System Reform

A presentation to the Joint Legislative Program Evaluation Oversight Committee

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Mental Health Services: Evaluation Purpose

- Examine mental health system services delivered since March 2006
- Provide an independent analysis of data
- Focus on previously hospitalized individuals
- Test the ability of reform to maintain individuals in the community



Evaluation Team

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Mental Health Services: Evaluation Overview

- Tenets of reform are on target, but improvements are still needed
- The Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse should:
 - Develop individualized information systems to track services
 - Continue efforts to strengthen communitybased services

Mental Health Services: Scope and Background



Evaluation Scope

- Examine services received since March 2006
 - Previously hospitalized individuals
 - More severely ill, high-risk consumers are likely more costly to serve
 - Important role of community-based services after discharge
- Address research questions
 - What outpatient and hospitalization services were received by previously hospitalized consumers?
 - What factors affected services received?

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Background: Care for Individuals with Mental Illness

Intensity of Illness



Community-Based Services



Community Hospital
Psych Unit



State Psychiatric Hospital

Background: Care for Individuals with Mental Illness

Intensity of Illness









Community Hospital
Psych Unit

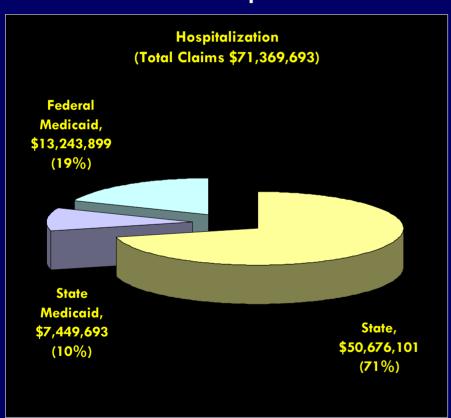


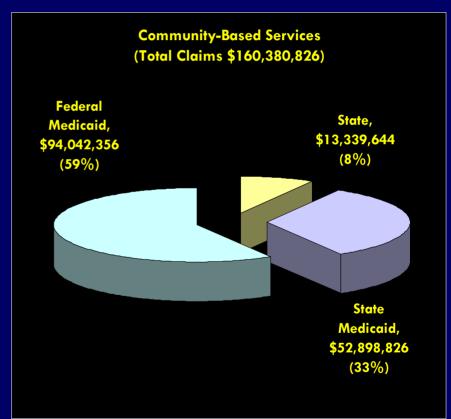
State Psychiatric Hospital

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Federal Funds Cover a Large Proportion of Community-Based Services

Evaluation Sample: Claims Paid in Calendar Year 2007





Note: Medicaid costs based on assumption of 36% state share in Calendar Year 2007

Background: Assumptions Based on Goals of System Reform

Hospitalization rates should reflect...

- 1. Low rehospitalization overall.
- 2. Relatively longer stays (of more than a week) in state hospitals.

Background: Assumptions Based on Goals of System Reform

Community-based services should...

- 1. Be more accessible after discharge from community hospitals.
- 2. Be linked to less rehospitalization.
- 3. Include high-intensity care.
- 4. Be available in each Local Management Entity's catchment area.

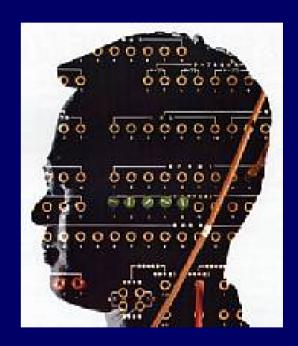
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Evaluation Method: Data Sources

- 1. Medicaid and state electronic claims data
- 2. Survey of Local

 Management Entities

 administrators (N = 24)



Evaluation Method: Sample

Calendar Year 2006

Sampling Criterion:

1 or more hospitalizations

Four facility types

- State psychiatric hospitals
- State Alcohol & Drug Addiction Treatment Centers (ADATCs)
- Private psychiatric hospitals
- Community hospital psychiatric units



Evaluation Method: Sample

Calendar Year 2006

Calendar Year 2007

Sampling Criterion:

1 or more hospitalizations

Outcomes:

Services received

Four facility types

- State psychiatric hospitals
- State Alcohol & Drug Addiction Treatment Centers (ADATCs)
- Private psychiatric hospitals
- Community hospital psychiatric units

Outcomes

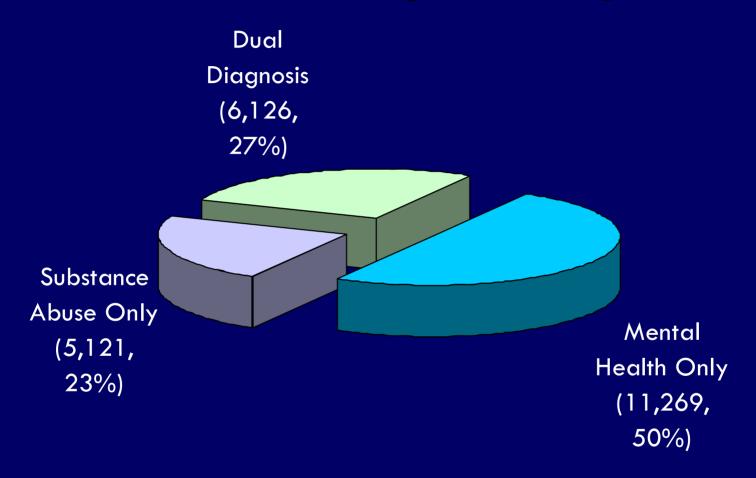
- Rehospitalization
- Community-Based Outpatient Services

Evaluation Method: Sample

22,516 previously hospitalized consumers with mental health and/or substance abuse disorders

- > 7% of total served in 2006
- > 22% children under 21 years of age
- > 60% White, 35% Black
- > Similar to total served except fewer children

Evaluation Sample: Diagnoses



n = 22,516

Mental Health Services: Findings



Findings: Hospitalization

Assumption: Reduced rates of rehospitalization



21% were rehospitalized in 2007

Consumers who had multiple 2006 hospitalizations were more likely to be rehospitalized in 2007

Findings: Hospitalization

Assumption: State psychiatric hospitals reserved for consumers who need longer stays

- Short stays of a week or less were common in state hospitals
- In this sample, 42% of rehospitalizations of a week or less were state hospitals



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Assumption: Community-based services should be more accessible after discharge from community hospitals

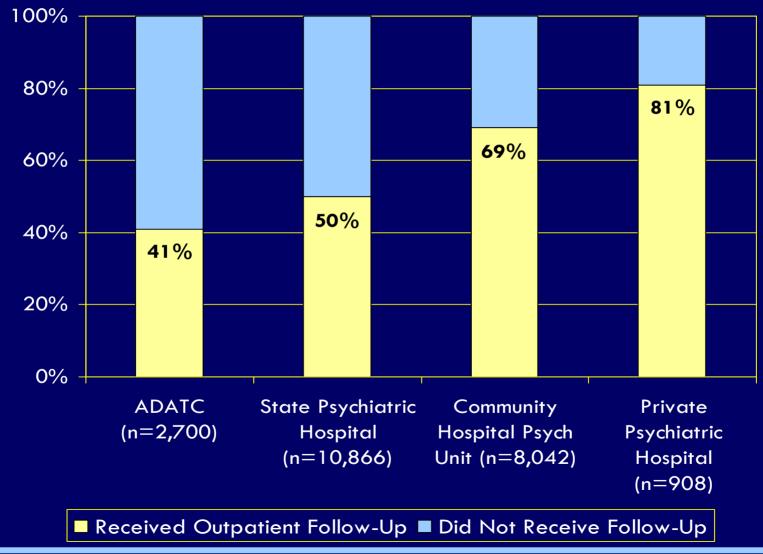


There was better follow-up after discharge from community hospitals (69%)

 However, only half of those discharged from state hospitals got follow-up



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Assumption: Community-based services linked to reduced hospitalization





 However, only half of consumers with a history of one hospitalization received follow-up services

Report pp 11-14

Assumption: High-intensity services for high-risk consumers

- Most services received were low intensity
- Low-intensity services were far more frequent than highintensity
- Just over one-half (54%) saw a psychiatrist

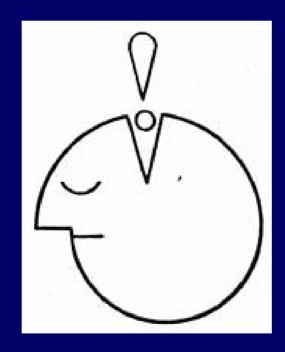


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Assumption: Services should be available in each Local Management Entity

- LMEs still struggled to serve high-need consumers
 - Insufficient crisis services
 - Shortage of substance abuse treatment
 - Only five LME administrators reported sufficient access to psychiatric services

Mental Health Services: Recommendations



Recommendation 1. Pursue electronic health records to track individuals across facilities and service providers

- Electronic Health Records
 - Better tracking of individual-level care
 - More complete system data



Recommendation 2. Continue to focus on increasing capacity and quality of community-based services

- More access to high-intensity services, especially crisis
- More beds in community hospitals
- Need better follow-up
 - Discharges from state facilities
 - Consumers who may be relatively less severely ill (history of one vs. multiple hospitalizations)

Mental Health Services: Summary

- The tenets of reform appear on track
- The Division concurs with recommendations
- There is still a need for:
 - Individualized data
 - Wider access to services, especially crisis
 - More attention to follow-up:
 - Discharges from state facilities
 - For all consumers



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Full Report & Presentation available at http://www.ncleg.net/PED/Reports/Topics/Health.html

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