## **Timeline of NC FAST P4 Development and Rollout**

|      | State/Social Services Actions  |
|------|--|
| 2015 | <ul> <li>September: NC FAST workgroup develops business requirements for P4</li> </ul>   |
| 2016 | February: P4 development begins  |
|      | <ul> <li>June: NC FAST workgroup revises P4 business requirements</li> <li>July: Session Law 2016-94 passes; requires P4 to be operational by Dec. 31, 2017</li> </ul>   |
| 2017 | <ul> <li>July: Session Law 2017-41 (Rylan's Law) passes; governing<br/>reformation of NC social services and child welfare<br/>programs</li> </ul>   |
|      | <ul> <li>August: P4 is rolled out to five counties: Franklin, Guilford,<br/>Richmond, Rockingham, and Sampson</li> </ul>   |
|      | <ul> <li>December: North Carolina Association of County Department<br/>of Social Services sends letter to General Assembly detailing<br/>concerns with P4</li> </ul>   |
| 2018 | <ul> <li>March: P4 is rolled out to six more pilot counties: Catawba,<br/>Chatham, Dare, Macon, Orange, and Rowan</li> </ul>   |
|      | <ul> <li>March-May: DHHS pauses rollout, works with pilot counties<br/>and IBM on intensive redesign process</li> </ul>  |
|      | <ul> <li>June: PIP policy changes/Modified Policy Manual<br/>implemented in NC FAST</li> </ul>   |
|      | <ul> <li>December: Social Services Regional Supervision and<br/>Collaboration Working Group recommends General<br/>Assembly and DHHS reexamine plans to use NC FAST P4 for<br/>child welfare case management</li> </ul>  |
| 2019 | <ul> <li>January-February: Additional 23 counties rolled into NC<br/>FAST P4 for Intake and Assessment</li> </ul>  |
|      | <ul> <li>March: Senate Bill 212 proposes making NC FAST P4<br/>optional for non-pilot counties</li> </ul>  |
|      | <ul> <li>November: Session Law 2019-240 passes; postpones<br/>implementation of P4 case management until July 2020;<br/>requires pilot counties to continue using P4, allows other<br/>counties to opt out; requires Program Evaluation Division to<br/>report on case management functionality; requires DHHS to<br/>issue a Request for Information (RFI) for improving or<br/>replacing P4</li> </ul> |
| 2020 | <ul> <li>January: P4 rollout plans halted pending Program Evaluation<br/>Division study and RFI; restricted budget eliminates most P4<br/>contracted staff, hindering further P4 development and<br/>improvement</li> </ul>  |

## Federal Actions

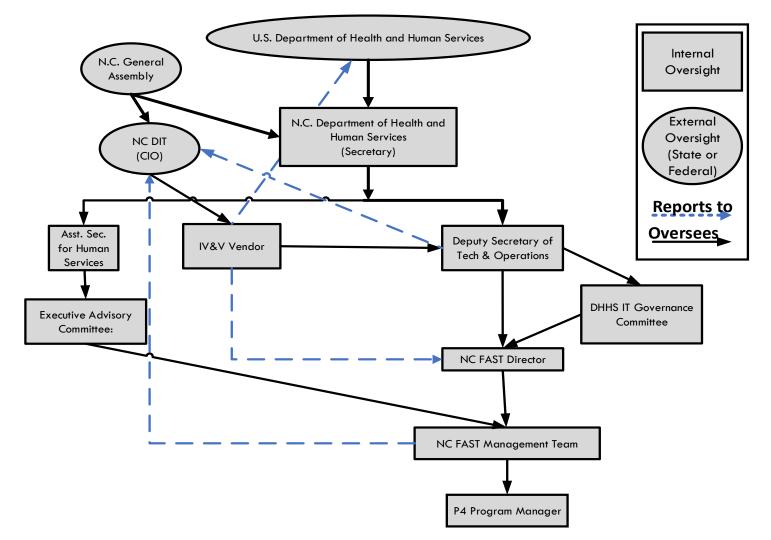
- December: Federal review finds North Carolina child welfare system fails to meet all 14 performance measures
- January: Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF) places the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) on threeyear Performance Improvement Plan
- June: New Federal Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System regulations 45 CFR § 1355.50 – 1355.59 support costeffective, innovative technologies to automate case management data collection

 February: Family First Prevention Services Act passes, allowing federal child welfare funds to be used for prevention services

 December: ACYF grants approval of NC FAST Advanced Planning Document update if DHHS creates a plan to recompete IBM/Cúram and Maximus contracts; establishes conditions for Title IV-E funding for P4; allows retroactive Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System payments for P4 if North Carolina maintains compliance

Source: Program Evaluation Division based on state and federal legislation and information from DHHS. ACYF is the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services's Administration on Children, Youth and Families.

## NC FAST Oversight and Reporting Structure



Source: Program Evaluation Division based on the 2019 NC FAST Advanced Planning Document Update.