GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

Η 1

HOUSE BILL 2287*

Short Title: Prison Capital Funds.								(Publi	c)
Sponsors:	Represe	entatives	Barnes;	Albertson,	Anderson,	Barnhill,	– Beall,	Beard, Blue	,
Bowman,	Burke,	Chapin,	Church,	Colton, J	. Crawford	, N. Crav	vford,	Cunningham	,

Gist, Green, Greenwood, Hackney, Hall, Hardaway, Holt, Judy Hunt, H. Hunter, R. Hunter, Hurley, James, Jeralds, Kerr, Lilley, Lineberry, Lutz, Mercer, Nesbitt, Payne, Perdue, Ramsey, Redwine, Stamey, Tart, R. Thompson, S. Thompson, Warner, and Wicker.

Dawkins, Diamont, Easterling, B. Ethridge, Fitch, Fletcher, Foster, Fussell, Gibson,

18

Referred to: Rules.

d.

Southwest Institution

June 4, 1990

1		A BILL TO BE ENTI						
2		O APPROPRIATE FUNDS FO						
3	ADDITIONAL PRISON BEDS, TO REPLACE AGING PRISON FACILITIES							
4	AND TO RAISE THE PRISON POPULATION CAP.							
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:							
6	Section 1. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Office of State							
7	Budget and Management the sum of \$130,267,530 for the 1990-91 fiscal year for the							
8	construction of 3,880 prison beds as follows:							
9	1990-91							
10	a.	Processing center \$24,585,83	34					
11	b.	Single cell mental health facility	5,956,906					
12	C.	Medium custody dormitories:						
13		Caswell	3,456,536					
14		Randolph	6,239,363					
15		Columbus	3,087,200					
16		Pender	4,610,628					
17		Montgomery	4,227,592					

28,724,300

1	e.	Nash Institution, medium/minimum	
2		custody	5,687,392
3	f.	Triangle at new location - minimum 1,905,200	
4	g.	Anson - new medium custody 16,625,417	
5	h.	Burke - minimum youth 2,796,816	
6	i.	New Eastern Youth Center 5,990,292	
7	j.	New beds at Polk replacement	
8		(amount included in Polk	
9		replacement in Section 2)	-
10	k.	North Carolina Correctional	
11		Institution for Women (NCCIW)	16,374,054.

Of these 3,880 beds, 3,296 beds shall be completed by July 1, 1992. Of these 3,296 beds, 1,500 beds shall be built using rapid construction techniques and shall be on-line within 12 months of funding.

Sec. 2. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Office of State Budget and Management the sum of \$52,025,251 for the 1990-91 fiscal year for the construction of 1,152 replacement prison beds as follows:

1990-91

- a. K and O dorms Central Prison \$6,381,453
- b. A and B dorms NCCIW 3,720,110
- c. Polk Youth Institution (includes cost of new beds listed in Section 1)

32,536,211

d. Triangle Correctional Institution 9,387,477.

Sec. 3. Of the funds appropriated in Sections 1 and 2, the Office of State Budget and Management shall have a verifiable ten percent (10%) goal for participation by minority businesses; however, it may contract for and supervise all aspects of administration, technical assistance, design, construction, or demolition of prison facilities without being subject to the requirements of the following statutes and rules implementing those statutes: G.S. 143-135.26(1), 143-128, 143-129, 143-132, 143-134, 143-131, 143-64.10 through 143-64.13, 113A-1 through 113A-10, 113A-50 through 113A-66, 133-1.1(b), and 133-1.1(g). All contracts for the design, construction, or demolition of these facilities shall include a penalty for failure to complete work by a specified date.

Sec. 4. The Office of State Budget and Management shall report to the Cochairman of the Prison Construction Subcommittee of the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations at least monthly, and shall report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Fiscal Research Division on the funds appropriated by this act. The reports shall include information on which contractors have been selected, what contracts have been entered into, the projected and actual occupancy dates of facilities contracted for, the number of prison beds to be constructed on each project, the location of each project, and the actual cost of each project.

Sec. 5. The funds appropriated pursuant to this act may be used only for the purposes described and shall not revert. Because of the critical need for construction of these facilities, the General Assembly urges the Governor to permit expenditure of these funds even if he is required to effect the necessary economies in State expenditures pursuant to Article III, Section 5 of the North Carolina Constitution.

Sec. 6. Effective December 1, 1990, G.S. 148-4.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 148-4.1. Release of inmates.

- (a) Whenever the Secretary of Correction determines from data compiled by the Department of Correction that it is necessary to reduce the prison population to a more manageable level, he shall direct the Parole Commission to release on parole over a reasonable period of time a number of prisoners sufficient to that purpose.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) and (e), only inmates who are otherwise eligible for parole pursuant to Article 85 of Chapter 15A or pursuant to Article 3B of this Chapter may be released under this section.
- (c) Persons eligible for parole under Article 85A of Chapter 15A shall be eligible for early parole under this section nine months prior to the discharge date otherwise applicable, and six months prior to the date of automatic 90-day parole authorized by G.S. 15A-1380.2.
- (d) If the number of prisoners housed in facilities owned or operated by the State of North Carolina for the Division of Prisons exceeds ninety-eight percent (98%) of 18,715–19,465 for 15 consecutive days, the Secretary of Correction shall notify the Governor and the Chairman of the Parole Commission of this fact. Upon receipt of this notification, the Parole Commission shall within 90 days release on parole a number of inmates sufficient to reduce the prison population to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 18,71519,465.

From the date of the notification until the prison population has been reduced to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 18,71519,465, the Secretary may not accept any inmates ordered transferred from local confinement facilities to the State prison system under G.S. 148-32.1(b). Further, the Secretary may return any inmate housed in the State prison system under an order entered pursuant to G.S. 148-32.1(b) to the local confinement facility from which the inmate was transferred.

- (e) In addition to those persons otherwise eligible for parole, from the date of notification in subsection (d) until the prison population has been reduced to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 18,71519,465, any person imprisoned only for a misdemeanor also shall be eligible for parole and immediate termination upon admission, notwithstanding any other provision of law, except those persons convicted under G.S. 20-138.1 of driving while impaired or any offense involving impaired driving.
- (f) In complying with the mandate of subsection (d), the Parole Commission may exercise the discretion granted to refuse parole by G.S. 15A-1371 in selecting felons to be paroled under this section so long as the prison population does not exceed 18,71519,465.
- (g) In order to meet the requirements of this section, the Parole Commission shall not parole any person convicted under Article 7A of Chapter 14 of a sex offense, under G.S. 14-39, 14-41, or 14-43.3, under G.S. 90-95(h) of a drug trafficking offense, or

under G.S. 14-17. The Parole Commission may continue to consider the suitability for release of such persons in accordance with the criteria set forth in Articles 85 and 85A of Chapter 15A."

Sec. 7. Effective July 1, 1991, G.S. 148-4.1(d) as amended by Section 6 of this act reads as rewritten:

"(d) If the number of prisoners housed in facilities owned or operated by the State of North Carolina for the Division of Prisons exceeds ninety-eight percent (98%) of 19,465–20,600 for 15 consecutive days, the Secretary of Correction shall notify the Governor and the Chairman of the Parole Commission of this fact. Upon receipt of this notification, the Parole Commission shall within 90 days release on parole a number of inmates sufficient to reduce the prison population to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 19,46520,600.

From the date of the notification until the prison population has been reduced to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 19,46520,600, the Secretary may not accept any inmates ordered transferred from local confinement facilities to the State prison system under G.S. 148-32.1(b). Further, the Secretary may return any inmate housed in the State prison system under an order entered pursuant to G.S. 148-32.1(b) to the local confinement facility from which the inmate was transferred."

- Sec. 8. Effective July 1, 1991, G.S. 148-4.1(e) as amended by Section 6 of this act reads as rewritten:
- "(e) In addition to those persons otherwise eligible for parole, from the date of notification in subsection (d) until the prison population has been reduced to ninety-seven percent (97%) of 19,46520,600, any person imprisoned only for a misdemeanor also shall be eligible for parole and immediate termination upon admission, notwithstanding any other provision of law, except those persons convicted under G.S. 20-138.1 of driving while impaired or any offense involving impaired driving."
- Sec. 9. Effective July 1, 1991, G.S. 148-4.1(f) as amended by Section 6 of this act reads as rewritten:
- "(f) In complying with the mandate of subsection (d), the Parole Commission may exercise the discretion granted to refuse parole by G.S. 15A-1371 in selecting felons to be paroled under this section so long as the prison population does not exceed 19,465 20,600."
- Sec. 10. Section 6 of Chapter 7 of the 1987 Session Laws, as amended by Section 2 of Chapter 1 of the 1989 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:
- "Sec. 6. Sections 1, 2, and 3 of this act shall expire July 1, 1991 July 1, 1992, unless reenacted by the General Assembly. The Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, or other Committee designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Lieutenant Governor, shall monitor the implementation of this act. The Secretary of Correction and the Chairman of the Parole Commission shall make a written report to the Governor, the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, the Fiscal Research Division, and the Special Committee on Prisons at least one month prior to the 1991 Session of the General Assembly."
 - Sec. 11. Section 9 of Chapter 1 of the 1989 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

- "Sec. 9. This act is effective upon ratification, but Section 1 of this act shall expire July 1, 1991 July 1, 1992, unless reenacted by the General Assembly."
- 3 Sec. 12. This act shall become effective July 1, 1990.