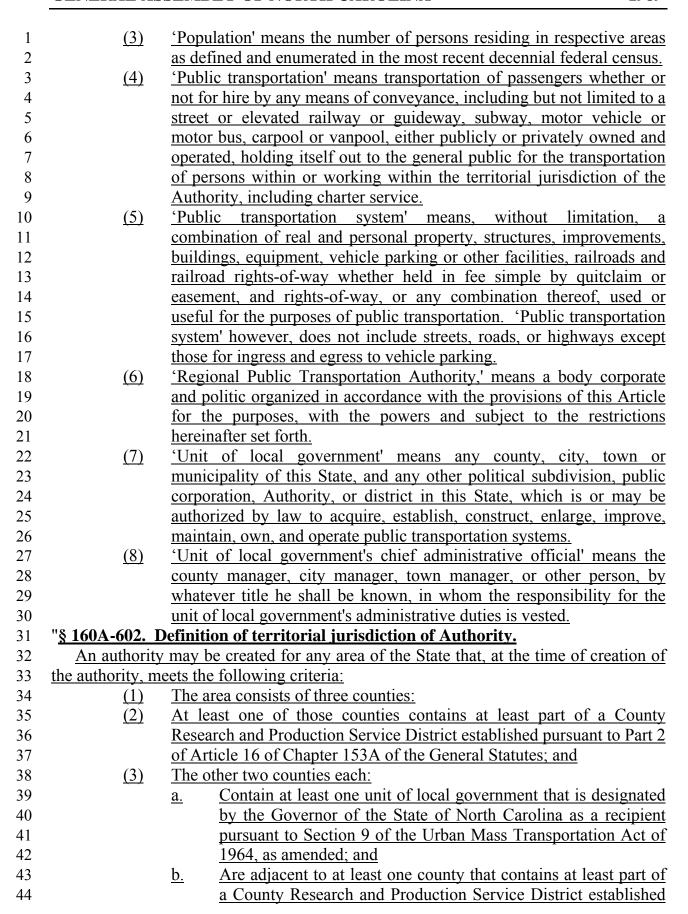
GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

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HOUSE BILL 694
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Third Edition Engrossed 5/4/89
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Transportation Senate Committee Substitute Adopted 6/22/89

	Short Title: Public Transit Authority. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	March 20, 1989
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE CREATION OF A REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION
3	AUTHORITY.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
6	Article to read:
7	" <u>ARTICLE 26.</u>
8	"REGIONAL PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY.
9	" <u>§ 160A-600. Title.</u>
10	This Article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Regional Public Transportation
11	Authority Act.'
12	" <u>§ 160A-601. Definitions.</u>
13	As used in this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:
14	(1) 'Authority' means a Regional Public Transportation Authority as
15	defined by subdivision (6) of this section.
16	(2) 'Board of Trustees' means the governing board of the Authority, in
17	which the general legislative powers of the Authority are vested.



pursuant to Part 2 of Article 16 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes.

"§ 160A-603. Creation of Authority.

- (a) The Boards of Commissioners of all three counties within an area for which an authority may be created as defined in G.S. 160A-602 may by resolution signify their determination to organize an authority under the provisions of this Article. Each of such resolutions shall be adopted after a public hearing thereon, notice of which hearing shall be given by publication at least once, not less than 10 days prior to the date fixed for such hearing, in a newspaper having a general circulation in the county. Such notice shall contain a brief statement of the substance of the proposed resolution, shall set forth the proposed articles of incorporation of the Authority and shall state the time and place of the public hearing to be held thereof. No county shall be required to make any other publication of such resolution under the provisions of any other law.
- (b) Each such resolution shall include articles of incorporation which shall set forth:
 - (1) The name of the authority;
 - (2) A statement that such authority is organized under this Article; and
 - (3) The names of the three organizing counties.
- (c) A certified copy of each of such resolutions signifying the determination to organize an authority under the provisions of this Article shall be filed with the Secretary of State, together with proof of publication of the notice of hearing on each of such resolutions. If the Secretary of State finds that the resolutions, including the articles of incorporation, conform to the provisions of this Article and that the notices of hearing were properly published, he shall file such resolutions and proofs of publication in his office and shall issue a certificate of incorporation under the seal of the State and shall record the same in an appropriate book of record in his office. The issuance of such certificate of incorporation by the Secretary of State shall constitute the Authority a public body and body politic and corporate of the State of North Carolina. Said certificate of incorporation shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that such authority has been duly created and established under the provisions of this Article.
- (d) When the Authority has been duly organized and its officers elected as herein provided the secretary of the Authority shall certify to the Secretary of State the names and addresses of such officers as well as the address of the principal office of the Authority.
- (e) The Authority may become a Designated Recipient pursuant to the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended.

"§ 160A-604. Territorial jurisdiction of the Authority.

- (a) The territorial jurisdiction of any authority created pursuant to this Article shall be coterminous with the boundaries of the three counties that organized it.
- (b) Except as provided by this Article, the jurisdiction of the Authority may include all local public passenger transportation operating within the territorial jurisdiction of the Authority, but the Authority may not take over the operation of any existing public transportation without the consent of the owner.

1	(c) The Authority shall not have jurisdiction over public transportation
2	subject to the jurisdiction of and regulated by the Interstate Commerce Commission, nor
3	shall it have jurisdiction over intrastate public transportation classified as common
4	carriers of passengers by the North Carolina Utilities Commission.
5	"§ 160A-605. Membership; officers; compensation.
6	(a) The governing body of an authority is the Board of Trustees. The Board
7	of Trustees shall consist of 11 members, appointed as follows:
8	(1) The county with the greatest population shall be allocated five
9	members to be appointed as follows:
10	<u>a.</u> Two by the board of commissioners of that county;
11	b. Two by the city council of the city containing the largest
12	population within that county; and
13	c. One by the city council of the city containing the second largest
14	population within that county;
15	(2) The county with the next greatest population shall be allocated three
16	members to be appointed as follows:
17	a. One by the board of commissioners of that county;
18	b. One by the city council of the city containing the largest
19	population within that county; and
20	c. One jointly by that board of commissioners and city council, by
21	procedures agreed on between them;
22	(3) The county with the least population shall be allocated two members to
23	be appointed as follows:
24	<u>a.</u> One by the board of commissioners of that county; and
25	b. One by the city council of the city containing the largest
26	population within that county; and
27	(4) One member of the Board of Transportation appointed by the
28	Secretary of Transportation, to serve as an ex officio nonvoting
29	<u>member.</u>
30	(b) Voting members of the Board of Trustees shall serve for terms of four
31	years, provided that one-half of the initial appointments shall be for two-year terms, to
32	be determined by lot at the first meeting of the Board of Trustees. Initial terms of office
33	shall commence upon approval by the Secretary of State of the articles of incorporation.
34	The member appointed by the Secretary of Transportation shall serve at his pleasure.
35	(c) An appointing authority may appoint one of its members to the Board of
36	Trustees. Service on the Board of Trustees may be in addition to any other office which
37	a person is entitled to hold. Each voting member of the Board of Trustees may hold
38	elective public office as defined by G.S. 128-1.1(d).
39	(d) Members of the Board of Trustees shall reside within the territorial
40	jurisdiction of the Authority as defined by G.S. 160A-604.
41	(e) The Board of Trustees shall annually elect from its membership a
42	Chairperson, and a Vice-Chairperson, and shall annually elect a Secretary, and a
43	<u>Treasurer.</u>

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(f) Members of the Board of Trustees shall receive the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00) as compensation for attendance at each duly conducted meeting of the Authority.

"§ 160A-606. Voting; removal.

- (a) Six members of the Board of Trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Except as provided by G.S. 160A-605(a)(4), each member shall have one vote.
- (b) Each member of the Board of Trustees may be removed with or without cause by the appointer(s). If the appointment was made jointly by two boards, the removal must be concurred in by both.
- (c) Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made for the remainder of the unexpired term by the respective appointer(s) charged with the responsibility for making such appointments pursuant to G.S. 160A-605. All members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified, unless removed from office.

"§ 160A-607. Advisory committees.

The Board of Trustees may provide for the selection of such advisory committees as it may find appropriate, which may or may not include members of the Board of Trustees.

"<u>§ 160A-607.1. Special tax board.</u>

- The special tax board of an authority shall be composed of two representatives from each of the counties organizing the authority appointed annually by the board of commissioners of each of those counties' members at the first regular meeting thereof in January, except that the initial members shall serve a term beginning on the date that the initial terms of the board of trustees of that authority begin under G.S. 160A-605(b), and ending on the last day of December of that year. Each member of the special tax board must be a member of the board of commissioners of the county by which he was appointed. Membership on the special tax board may be held in addition to the offices authorized by G.S. 128-1 or G.S. 128-1.1. Said representatives shall hold office from their appointment until their successors are appointed and qualified, except that when any member of the special tax board ceases for any reason to be a member of the board of commissioners of the county by which he was appointed, he shall simultaneously cease to be a member of said special tax board. Upon the occurrence of any vacancy on said special tax board, the vacancy shall be filled within 30 days after notice thereof by the board of commissioners of the county having a vacancy in its representation. Each member of the special tax board, before entering upon his duties, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this State and to discharge faithfully the duties of his office; and a record of each such oath shall be filed in the minutes of the respective participating units of local government.
- (b) The special tax board shall meet regularly at such places and on such dates as are determined by the special tax board. The initial meeting shall be called jointly by the chairmen of the boards of commissioners of the counties organizing the authority. Special meetings may be called by the chairman of the special tax board on his own initiative and shall be called by him upon request of two or more members of the board.

- All members shall be notified in writing at least 24 hours in advance of such meeting.

 A majority of the members of the special tax board shall constitute a quorum. No vacancy in the membership of the special tax board shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the special tax board. No action, other than an action to recess or adjourn, shall be taken except upon a majority vote of the entire authorized membership of said special tax board. Each member, including the chairman, shall be entitled to vote on any question.
 - (c) The special tax board shall elect annually in January from among its members a chairman, vice-chairman, secretary and treasurer, except that initial officers shall be elected at the first meeting of the special tax board.

"§ 160A-608. Purpose of the Authority.

The purpose of the Authority shall be to finance, provide, operate, and maintain for a safe, clean, reliable, adequate, convenient, energy efficient, economically and environmentally sound public transportation system for the service area of the Authority through the granting of franchises, ownership and leasing of terminals, buses and other transportation facilities and equipment, and otherwise through the exercise of the powers and duties conferred upon it, in order to enhance mobility in the region and encourage sound growth patterns.

Such a service, facility, or function shall be financed, provided, operated, or maintained in the service area of the Authority either in addition to or to a greater or lesser extent than services, facilities, or functions are financed, provided, operated, or maintained for the entirety of the respective units of local government.

"§ 160A-609. Service area of the Authority.

The service area of the Authority shall be as determined by the Board of Trustees consistent with its purpose.

"§ 160A-610. General powers of the Authority.

The general powers of the Authority shall include any or all of the following:

- (1) To sue and be sued;
- (2) To have a seal;
- (3) To make rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this Chapter, for its organization and internal management;
- (4) To employ persons deemed necessary to carry out the functions and duties assigned to them by the Authority and to fix their compensation, within the limit of available funds:
- With the approval of the unit of local government's chief administrative official, to use officers, employees, agents and facilities of the unit of local government for such purposes and upon such terms as may be mutually agreeable;
- (6) To retain and employ counsel, auditors, engineers and private consultants on an annual salary, contract basis, or otherwise for rendering professional or technical services and advice;
- (7) To acquire, lease as lessee with or without option to purchase, hold, own, and use any franchise, property, real or personal, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein and to sell, lease as lessor with or

without option to purchase, transfer (or dispose thereof) whenever the 1 2 same is no longer required for purposes of the Authority, or exchange 3 same for other property or rights which are useful for the Authority's purposes, including but not necessarily limited to parking facilities; 4 5 To acquire by gift, purchase, lease as lessee with or without option to **(8)** 6 purchase or otherwise to construct, improve, maintain, repair, operate 7 or administer any component parts of a public transportation system or 8 to contract for the maintenance, operation or administration thereof or 9 to lease as lessor the same for maintenance, operation, or 10 administration by private parties, including but not necessarily limited to parking facilities; 11 12 (9) To make or enter into contracts, agreements, deeds, leases with or without option to purchase, conveyances or other instruments, 13 14 including contracts and agreements with the United States, the State of 15 North Carolina, and units of local government; To surrender to the State of North Carolina any property no longer 16 (10)17 required by the Authority; 18 (11)To develop and make data, plans, information, surveys and studies of public transportation facilities within the territorial jurisdiction of the 19 Authority, to prepare and make recommendations in regard thereto: 20 21 (12)To enter in a reasonable manner lands, waters or premises for the purpose of making surveys, soundings, drillings, and examinations 22 23 whereby such entry shall not be deemed a trespass except that the 24 Authority shall be liable for any actual and consequential damages resulting from such entries; 25 26 To develop and carry out demonstration projects: (13)27 (14)To make, enter into, and perform contracts with private parties, and public transportation companies with respect to the management and 28 29 operation of public passenger transportation; 30 To make, enter into, and perform contracts with any public utility, (15)31 railroad or transportation company for the joint use of property or 32 rights, for the establishment of through routes, joint fares or transfer of 33 passengers: 34 To make, enter into, and perform agreements with governmental (16)35 entities for payments to the Authority for the transportation of persons 36 for whom the governmental entities desire transportation; With the consent of the unit of local government which would 37 (17)38 otherwise have jurisdiction to exercise the powers enumerated in this subdivision: to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity; 39 and to grant franchises and enter into franchise agreements and in all 40 41 respects to regulate the operation of buses, taxicabs and other methods 42 of public passenger transportation which originate and terminate 43 within the territorial jurisdiction of the Authority as fully as the unit of

local government is now or hereafter empowered to do within the 1 2 territorial jurisdiction of the unit of local government; 3 (18)To operate public transportation systems and to enter into and perform contracts to operate public transportation services and facilities and to 4 5 own or lease property, facilities and equipment necessary or 6 convenient therefor, and to rent, lease or otherwise sell the right to do 7 so to any person, public or private; further, to obtain grants, loans and 8 assistance from the United States, the State of North Carolina, any 9 public body, or any private source whatsoever; To enter into and perform contracts and agreements with other public 10 (19)11 transportation authorities, regional public transportation authorities or 12 units of local government pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 160A-460 through 160A-464 (Part 1 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the 13 14 General Statutes); further to enter into contracts and agreements with 15 private transportation companies; To operate public transportation systems extending service into any 16 (20)17 political subdivision of the State of North Carolina unless a particular 18 unit of local government operating its own public transportation system or franchising the operation of a public transportation system 19 20 by majority vote of its governing board, shall deny consent: 21 <u>(21)</u> Except as restricted by covenants in bonds, notes, or equipment trust 22 certificates, to set in its sole discretion rates, fees and charges for use 23 of its public transportation system; 24 To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purpose and to (22)exercise the powers granted to the Authority; 25 26 To collect or contract for the collection of taxes which it is authorized (23)27 by law to levy: To issue bonds or other obligations of the Authority as provided by 28 (24) 29 law and apply the proceeds thereof to the financing of any public 30 transportation system or any part thereof and to refund, whether or not 31 in advance of maturity or the earliest redemption date, any such bonds 32 or other obligations; and 33 To contract for, or to provide and maintain, with respect to the <u>(25)</u> facilities and property owned, leased with or without option to 34 35 purchase, operated or under the control of the Authority, and within the territory thereof, a security force to protect persons and property, 36 37 dispense unlawful or dangerous assemblages and assemblages which 38 obstruct full and free passage, control pedestrian and vehicular traffic. 39 and otherwise preserve and protect the public peace, health, and safety; for these purposes a member of such force shall be a peace officer and. 40 41 as such, shall have authority equivalent to the authority of a police 42 officer of the city or county in which said member of such force is 43 discharging such duties.

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- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, nothing in this Article shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect the power or authority of the North Carolina Utilities Commission or the right of appeal to the North Carolina Utilities Commission as provided by law.
- (b) The North Carolina Utilities Commission shall not have jurisdiction over rates, fees, charges, routes, and schedules of an Authority for service within its territorial jurisdiction.

"§ 160A-612. Fiscal accountability.

An Authority is a public authority subject to the provisions of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes.

"<u>§ 160A-613. Funds.</u>

- (a) The establishment and operation of an Authority are governmental functions and constitute a public purpose, and the State of North Carolina and any unit of local government may appropriate funds to support the establishment and operation of the Authority. The State of North Carolina and any unit of local government may also dedicate, sell, convey, donate or lease any of their interests in any property to the Authority.
- (b) The Authority may levy an annual vehicle registration tax not to exceed five dollars (\$5.00) per vehicle in accordance with G.S. 20-97.1.

"§ 160A-614. Effect on existing franchises and operations.

Creation of the Authority shall not have an effect on any existing franchises granted by any unit of local government; such existing franchises shall continue in full force and effect until legally terminated; further, all ordinances and resolutions of the unit of local government regulating local public transportation systems, bus operations, and taxicabs shall continue in full force and effect now and in the future, unless superseded by regulations of the Authority; such superseding, if any, may occur only on the basis of prior mutual agreement between the Authority and the respective unit of local government.

"§ 160A-615. Termination.

The Board of Trustees may terminate the existence of the Authority at any time when it has no outstanding indebtedness. In the event of such termination, all property and assets of the Authority not otherwise encumbered shall automatically become the property of the State of North Carolina, and the State of North Carolina shall succeed to all rights, obligations, and liabilities of the Authority.

"§ 160A-616. Controlling provisions.

Insofar as the provisions of this Article are not consistent with the provisions of any other law, public or private, the provisions of this Article shall be controlling.

"§ 160A-617. Bonds and notes authorized.

In addition of the powers granted by this Article, the Authority may issue bonds and notes pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Bond Act and the Local Government Revenue Bond Act for the purpose of financing public transportation systems or any part thereof and to refund such bonds and notes, whether or not in advance of their maturity or earliest redemption date. Any bond order must be approved by resolution adopted by the special tax board of the Authority. To pay any

bond or note issued under the Local Government Bond Act, the Authority may not pledge the levy of any ad valorem tax, but only a tax or taxes it is authorized to levy.

"§ 160A-618. Equipment trust certificates.

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In addition to the powers here and before granted, the Authority shall have continuing power to purchase equipment, and in connection therewith execute agreements, leases with or without option to purchase, or equipment trust certificates. All money required to be paid by the Authority under the provisions of such agreements, leases with or without option to purchase, and equipment trust certificates shall be payable solely from the fares, fees, rentals, charges, revenues, and earnings of the Authority, monies derived from the sale of any surplus property of the Authority and gifts, grants, and contributions from any source whatever. Payment for such equipment or rentals therefore, may be made in installments; the deferred installments may be evidenced by equipment trust certificates payable solely from the aforesaid revenues or receipts and title to such equipment may or may not vest in the Authority until the equipment trust certificates are paid.

"§ 160A-619. Power of eminent domain.

- (a) The Authority shall have continuing power to acquire, by gift, grant, devise, bequest, exchange, purchase, lease with or without option to purchase, or any other lawful method, including but not limited to the power of eminent domain, the fee or any lesser interest in real or personal property for use by the Authority.
- (b) Exercise of the power of eminent domain by the Authority shall be in accordance with Chapter 40A of the General Statutes.

"§ 160A-620. Tax exemption.

The property of the Authority, both real and personal, its acts, activities and income shall be exempt from any tax or tax obligation; in the event of any lease of Authority property, or other arrangement which amounts to a leasehold interest, to a private party, this exemption shall not apply to the value of such leasehold interest nor shall it apply to the income of the lessee. Otherwise, however, for the purpose of taxation, when property of the Authority is leased to private parties solely for the purpose of the Authority, the acts and activities of the lessee shall be considered as the acts and activities of the Authority and the exemption. The interest on bonds or obligations issued by the Authority shall be exempt from State taxes.

"§ 160A-621. Removal and relocation of utility structures.

- (a) The Authority shall have the power to require any public utility, railroad, or other public service corporation owning or operating any installations, structures, equipment, apparatus, appliances or facilities in, upon, under, over, across or along any ways on which the Authority has the right to own, construct, operate or maintain its public transportation system, to relocate such installation, structures, equipment, apparatus, appliances or facilities from their locations, or, in the sole discretion of the affected public utility, railroad, or other public service corporation, to remove such installations, structures, equipment, apparatus, appliances or facilities from their locations.
- (b) If the owner or operator thereof fails or refuses to relocate them, the Authority may proceed to do so.

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- The Authority shall provide any necessary new locations and necessary real estate interests for such relocation, and for that purpose the power of eminent domain as provided in G.S. 160A-619 may be exercised provided the new locations shall not be in, on or above, a public highway; the Authority may also acquire the necessary new locations by purchase or otherwise.
- (b2) Any affected public utility, railroad or other public service corporation shall be compensated for any real estate interest taken in a manner consistent with G.S. 160A-619, subject to the right of the Authority to reduce the compensation due by the value of any property exchanged under this section.
- <u>(b3)</u> The method and procedures of a particular adjustment to the facilities of a public utility, railroad or other public service corporation shall be covered by an agreement between the Authority and the affected party or parties.
- The Authority shall reimburse the public utility, railroad or other public (c) service corporation, for the cost of relocations or removals which shall be the entire amount paid or incurred by the utility properly attributable thereto after deducting the cost of any increase in the service capacity of the new installations, structures, equipment, apparatus, appliances or facilities and any salvage value derived from the old installations, structures, equipment, apparatus or appliances."
 - Sec. 1.1. G.S. 40A-3(c) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
 - "(13) A regional transportation authority established under Article 26 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes for the purposes of that Article."
 - Sec. 2. G.S. 159-81(1) reads as rewritten:
 - 'Municipality' means a county, city, town, incorporated "(1)village, sanitary district, metropolitan sewerage district, metropolitan water district, county water and sewer district, water and sewer authority, hospital authority, hospital district, parking authority, special airport district, regional public transportation authority, and airport authority, a joint agency created pursuant to Part 1 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes, but not any other forms of local government."
 - Sec. 3. G.S. 159-44(4) reads as rewritten:
 - 'Unit,' 'unit of local government,' or 'local government' means counties; cities, towns, and incorporated villages; sanitary districts; mosquito control districts; hospital districts; metropolitan sewerage districts; metropolitan water districts; county water and regional public transportation authorities; and sewer districts: special airport districts."
 - Sec. 4. G.S. 159-48(e) reads as rewritten:
- "(e) Each sanitary district, mosquito control district, hospital district, metropolitan sewerage district, metropolitan water district, county water and sewer district, regional public transportation authority and special airport district is authorized to borrow money and issue its bonds under this Article in evidence thereof for the purpose of paying any capital costs of any one or more of the purposes for which it is authorized, by general

 laws uniformly applicable throughout the State, to raise or appropriate money, except for current expenses."

Sec. 5. G.S. 159-51 reads as rewritten:

"§ 159-51. Application to Commission for approval of bond issue; preliminary conference; acceptance of application.

No bonds may be issued under this Article unless the issue is approved by the Local Government Commission. The governing board of the issuing unit shall file an application for Commission approval of the issue with the secretary of the Commission. If the issuing unit is a regional public transportation authority, the application must be accompanied by a resolution of the special tax board of that authority approving of the application. The application shall state such facts and have attached to it such documents concerning the proposed bonds and the financial condition of the issuing unit as the secretary may require. The Commission may prescribe the form of the application.

Before he accepts the application, the secretary may require the governing board or its representatives to attend a preliminary conference to consider the proposed bond issue.

After an application in proper form has been filed, and after a preliminary conference if one is required, the secretary shall notify the unit in writing that the application has been filed and accepted for submission to the Commission. The secretary's statement shall be conclusive evidence that the unit has complied with this section."

Sec. 6. G.S. 159-85(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Neither the State nor a municipality may issue revenue bonds under this Article unless the issue is approved by the Commission. The State Treasurer or the governing board of the issuing municipality or its duly authorized agent, as the case may be, shall file an application for Commission approval of the issue with the secretary of the Commission. If the issuing municipality is a regional public transportation authority, the application must be accompanied by a resolution of the special tax board of that authority approving of the application. The application shall state such facts and have attached to it such documents concerning the proposed revenue bonds and the financial condition of the State or the issuing municipality, as the case may be, and its utilities and enterprises as the secretary may require. The Commission may prescribe the form of the application."
- Sec. 7. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-97.1. Regional Transportation Authority Registration Tax.

- (a) <u>In accordance with this section, a Regional Transportation Authority organized under Article 26 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes may levy an annual license tax upon any motor vehicle with a tax situs within its territorial jurisdiction as defined by G.S. 160A-602.</u>
- (b) The purpose of the tax levied under this section is to raise revenue for capital and operating expenses of a Regional Transportation Authority in providing a public transportation system.

- (c) The annual levy under this section must be a full dollar amount, but may not exceed five dollars (\$5.00) per year.
- (d) The Board of Trustees of a Regional Transportation Authority may levy the tax provided by this section by passage of a resolution, after not less than 10 days' public notice and after a public hearing. Collection of the tax, and liability therefor, shall begin and continue only on and after the first day of a calendar month set by the Board of Trustees in the resolution levying the tax, which shall in no case be earlier than the first day of the third calendar month after the adoption of the resolution.
- (e) The Board of Trustees, upon adoption of the resolution, shall cause a certified copy of the resolution to be delivered immediately to the Division of Motor Vehicles. Upon receipt of the certified copy, the Division of Motor Vehicles shall proceed to collect and administer the tax at the same time and in the same manner as in G.S. 20-87 (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7), and G.S. 20-88.
- (f) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may adopt such rules as are necessary and proper to implement this section.
- (g) The Board of Trustees may, by resolution, proceed to terminate the levy and the imposition of the tax under this section under the same procedures as subsections (d) and (e) of this section, and may likewise increase or decrease the amount of the tax under such procedures, subject to the limitations of subsections (c) or (h) of this section.
- (h) No liability for any tax levied under this section which shall have attached prior to the effective date on which a levy is terminated or reduced shall be discharged as a result of such termination or reduction, and no right to a refund of tax or otherwise, which shall have accrued prior to the effective date on which a levy is terminated or reduced shall be denied as a result of such termination. Collection of the increased or decreased tax, and liability therefor, shall begin and continue only on and after the first day of a calendar month set by the Board of Trustees in the resolution increasing or reducing the tax, which shall in no case be earlier than the first day of the third calendar month after the adoption of the resolution. The effective date of the termination of the tax shall be only on and after the first day of a calendar month set by the Board of Trustees in the resolution terminating the tax, which shall in no case be earlier than the first day of the third calendar month after the adoption of the resolution.
- (i) Only vehicles required to pay a tax under G.S. 20-87(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7) and G.S. 20-88 shall be subject to the tax provided by this section. Taxes shall be prorated in accordance with G.S. 20-66 or G.S. 20-95, as applicable.
- (j) The fact that the county listed by the owner under G.S. 105-314 as the county where the vehicle is subject to ad valorem taxation is within the territorial jurisdiction of the Authority shall be **prima facie** evidence that the vehicle has a tax situs within the territorial jurisdiction of the Authority.
- (k) Taxes paid under this section shall be credited to a special fund, and the net proceeds disbursed quarterly to the appropriate Regional Transportation Authority. Interest credited to the fund shall be disbursed quarterly to the Highway Fund to reimburse the Division of Motor Vehicles for the cost of collecting and administering the tax.

Sec. 8. G.S. 105-314(a) reads as rewritten:

application as to the information required to be supplied by this section."

recommendations to the 1991 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

Sec. 10. This act is effective upon ratification.

(1) No regional transportation authority may adopt any resolution to levy any tax

Every motor vehicle owner applying to the State Division of Motor Vehicles

Sec. 9. The Legislative Research Commission shall make a comprehensive

for motor vehicle license tags, or for renewal of such, shall specify in the application the

county in which each such motor vehicle is subject to ad valorem taxation. If any such

vehicle is not subject to ad valorem taxation in this State, that fact, with the reason therefor, shall be stated in the application. No State license tags shall be issued to any

applicant, or renewed for such applicant until the requirements of this subsection have been met. It shall be a misdemeanor to knowingly make a false statement in the

study of financing of public transportation in North Carolina, and report its

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under this section, or increase the amount of the levy, unless the special tax board of that authority has passed a resolution approving of the levy or increase in amount, unless such levy or increase in tax is necessary for debt service on bonds or notes that special tax board had previously approved under G.S. 159-51 or G.S. 159-85."

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