GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

S 1 SENATE BILL 174 Short Title: Historic Properties Tax Credit. (Public) Sponsors: Senators Walker; Ballance, Barker, Basnight, Block, Carpenter, Chalk, Cochrane, Daniel, Daughtry, Ezzell, Guy, Hardin, Hunt of Moore, Johnson of Wake, Kincaid, Martin of Pitt, Martin of Guilford, Marvin, Murphy, Odom, Parnell, Plyler, Richardson, Shaw, Sherron, Simpson, Smith, Soles, Speed, Staton, Swain, Taft, Tally, Ward, and Winner. Referred to: Finance. February 15, 1989 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CREATE A STATE INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR PRESERVING OR RESTORING HISTORIC PROPERTIES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. Division II of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "§ G.S. 105-151.3. Credit against personal income tax for the preservation or restoration of historic properties. A person not a dependent of another individual as allowed as a credit against (a) the tax imposed by this Division, an amount, not exceeding a maximum aggregate of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), equal to ten percent (10%) of the actual cost paid by the taxpayer to restore or preserve a property listed in the North Carolina Register of Historic Places, provided that: The property is certified by the State Historic Preservation Officer to (1) be of individual historic, architectural, or cultural significance, or to be a contributing building in a historic district; and The taxpaver submitted a plan and specifications for such restoration (2) or preservation project to the State Historic Preservation Officer who

approved it prior to its commencement; and

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- The preservation or restoration project when completed is certified by the State Historic Preservation Officer to preserve and maintain those qualities that qualified it for listing in the North Carolina Register of Historic Places; and
 - Upon completion of the project, protective restrictions meeting the requirements of the North Carolina Historic Conservation and Preservation Agreements Act shall have been offered to and accepted by an organization or public instrumentality qualified as tax exempt under the requirements of the §501(c)(3) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code.
 - (b) A taxpayer may claim the credit provided in this section for each taxable year in which the project is carried out, but any unused credit remaining at the end of the year may be carried forward for an additional four years. The total credit for any single project shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
 - (c) Rules providing for the implementation of this section shall be promulgated within one year after the date of the ratification of this act by the Department of Revenue and the North Carolina Historical Commission, as appropriate, in accordance with the North Carolina Administrative Procedure Act."
 - Sec. 2. Division I of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ G.S. 105-131. Credit against corporate income tax for the preservation or restoration of historic properties.

- (a) Any corporation shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this Division, an amount, not exceeding a maximum aggregate of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), equal to ten percent (10%) of the actual cost paid by the taxpayer to restore or preserve a property listed in the North Carolina Register of Historic Places, provided that:
 - (1) The property is certified by the State Historic Preservation Officer to be of individual historic, architectural, or cultural significance, or to be a contributing building in a historic district; and
 - (2) The taxpayer submitted a plan and specifications for such restoration or preservation project to the State Historic Preservation Officer who approved it prior to its commencement; and
 - (3) The preservation or restoration project when completed is certified by the State Historic Preservation Officer to preserve and maintain those qualities that qualified it for listing in the North Carolina Register of Historic Places; and
 - (4) Upon completion of the project, protective restrictions meeting the requirements of the North Carolina Historic Conservation and Preservation Agreements Act shall have been offered to and accepted by an organization or public instrumentality qualified as tax exempt under the requirements of the §501(c)(3) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code.

(b)

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- year in which the project is carried out, but any unused credit remaining at the end of the year may be carried forward for an additional four years. The total credit for any single project shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- Rules providing for the implementation of this section shall be promulgated within one year after the date of the ratification of this act by the Department of Revenue and the North Carolina Historical Commission, as appropriate, in accordance with the North Carolina Administrative Procedure Act."

Any corporation may claim the credit provided in this section for each taxable

Sec. 3. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1989.