GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

S 1 SENATE BILL 519

Short Title: Continuing Care Centers. (Public) Sponsors: Senators Johnson of Wake; and Ballance. Referred to: Human Resources

March 20, 1989

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CONTINUE REGISTRATION AND DISCLOSURE BY AND TO 2 PROVIDE FOR FINANCIAL EVALUATION OF CONTINUING CARE 3 FACILITIES. 4 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 6

Section 1. Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read:

"ARTICLE 50.

"REGISTRATION, DISCLOSURE, CONTRACT, AND FINANCIAL MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUING CARE FACILITIES.

"§ 58-765. Definitions.

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As used in this Article, unless otherwise specified:

- 'Continuing care' means the furnishing to an individual other than an (1) individual related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the person furnishing the care, of lodging together with nursing services, medical services, or other health related services, pursuant to an agreement effective for the life of the individual or for a period in excess of one year.
 - 'Entrance fee' means a payment that assures a resident a place in a **(2)** facility for a term of years or for life.
- 'Facility' means the place or places in which a provider undertakes to 21 <u>(3)</u> 22 provide continuing care to an individual.

- 1 (4) 'Health related services' means, at a minimum, nursing home
 2 admission or assistance in the activities of daily living, exclusive of the
 3 provision of meals or cleaning services.
 - (5) 'Living unit' means a room, apartment, cottage, or other area within a facility set aside for the exclusive use or control of one or more identified residents.
 - (6) 'Provider' means the promoter, developer, or owner of a continuing care facility, whether a natural person, partnership, or other unincorporated association, however organized, trust, or corporation, of an institution, building, residence, or other place, whether operated for profit or not, or any other person, that solicits or undertakes to provide continuing care under a continuing care facility contract, or that represents himself or itself as providing continuing care of 'life care.'
 - (7) 'Resident' means a purchaser of, a nominee of, or a subscriber to, a continuing care contract.

"§ 58-766. License.

- (a) No provider shall engage in the business of providing continuing care in this State without a license to do so obtained from the Commissioner as provided in this Article.
- (b) The application for a license shall be filed with the Department by the provider on forms prescribed by the Department and within a period of time prescribed by the Department; and shall include all information required by the Department pursuant to rules adopted by it under this Article including, but not limited to, the disclosure statement meeting the requirements of this Article. The application for a license must be accompanied by an application fee of two hundred dollars (\$200.00).
- (c) Upon receipt of the complete application for a license in proper form, the Department shall, within 10 business days, issue a notice of filing to the applicant. Within 90 days of the notice of filing, the Department shall enter an order issuing the license or rejecting the application.
- (d) If the Commissioner determines that any of the requirements of this Article have not been met, the Commissioner shall notify the applicant that the application must be corrected within 30 days in such particulars as designated by the Commissioner. If the requirements are not met within the time allowed, the Commissioner may enter an order rejecting the application, which order shall include the findings of fact upon which the order is based and which shall not become effective until 20 days after the end of the 30-day period. During the 20-day period, the applicant may petition for reconsideration and is entitled to a hearing.
- (e) If a facility is accredited by a process approved by the Commissioner as substantially equivalent to the requirements of this section, then the facility shall be deemed to have met the requirements of this section and the Commissioner shall issue a license to the facility.
- "§ 58-767. Revocation of license.

- 1 (a) The license of a provider shall remain in effect until revoked after notice and 2 hearing, upon written findings of fact by the Commissioner, that the provider has:
 - (1) Willfully violated any provision of this Article or of any rule or order of the Commissioner;
 - (2) Failed to file an annual disclosure statement or standard form of contract as required by this Article;
 - (3) Failed to deliver to prospective residents the disclosure statements required by this Article;
 - (4) Delivered to prospective residents a disclosure statement that makes an untrue statement or omits a material fact and the provider, at the time of the delivery of the disclosure statement, had actual knowledge of the misstatement or omission;
 - (5) Failed to comply with the terms of a cease and desist order; or
 - (6) Has been determined by the Commissioner to be in a hazardous financial condition.
 - (b) Findings of fact in support of revocation shall be accompanied by an explicit statement of the underlying facts supporting the findings.
 - (c) If the Commissioner has good cause to believe that the provider is guilty of a violation for which revocation could be ordered, the Commissioner may first issue a cease and desist order. If the cease and desist order is not or cannot be effective in remedying the violation, the Commissioner may, after notice and hearing, order that the license be revoked and surrendered. Such a cease and desist order may be appealed to the Superior Court of Wake County in the manner provided by G.S. 58-54.8.

"§ 58-768. Sale or transfer of ownership.

No license is transferable, and no license issued pursuant to this Article has value for sale or exchange as property. No provider shall sell or transfer ownership of the facility, or enter into a contract with a third-party provider for management of the facility, unless the Commissioner approves such transfer or contract.

"§ 58-769. Disclosure statement.

- (a) At the time of, or prior to, the execution of a contract to provide continuing care, or at the time of, or prior to, the transfer of any money or other property to a provider by or on behalf of a prospective resident, whichever occurs first, the provider shall deliver a current disclosure statement to the person with whom the contract is to be entered into, the text of which shall contain at least:
 - (1) The name and business address of the provider and a statement of whether the provider is a partnership, corporation, or other type of legal entity.
 - The names and business addresses of the officers, directors, trustees, managing or general partners, any person having a ten percent (10%) or greater equity or beneficial interest in the provider, and any person who will be managing the facility on a day-to-day basis, and a description of these persons' interests in or occupations with the provider.

The following information on all persons named in response to 1 (3) 2 subdivision (2) of this section: 3 A description of the business experience of this person, if any, in the operation or management of similar facilities; 4 5 The name and address of any professional service firm. <u>b.</u> 6 association, trust, partnership, or corporation in which this 7 person has, or which has in this person, a ten percent (10%) or 8 greater interest and which it is presently intended shall currently 9 or in the future provide goods, leases, or services to the facility, 10 or to residents of the facility, of an aggregate value of five 11 hundred dollars (\$500.00) or more within any year, including a 12 description of the goods, leases, or services and the probable or anticipated cost thereof to the facility, provider, or residents or a 13 14 statement that this cost cannot presently be estimated; and 15 A description of any matter in which the person (i) has been <u>c.</u> convicted of a felony or pleaded **nolo contendere** to a felony 16 17 charge, or been held liable or enjoined in a civil action by final 18 judgment, if the felony or civil action involved fraud, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, or misappropriation of 19 20 property; or (ii) is subject to a currently effective injunctive or 21 restrictive court order, or within the past five years, had any 22 State or federal license or permit suspended or revoked as a 23 result of an action brought by a governmental agency or 24 department, if the order or action arose out of or related to business activity of health care, including actions affecting a 25 26 license to operate a foster care facility, nursing home, retirement home, home for aged, or facility subject to this 27 Article or a similar law in another state. 28 29 A statement as to whether the provider is, or is not affiliated with, a (4) religious, charitable, or other nonprofit organization, the extent of the 30 31 affiliation, if any, the extent to which the affiliate organization will be 32 responsible for the financial and contract obligations of the provider, 33 and the provision of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, if any, under which the provider or affiliate is exempt from the payment of income 34 35 tax. 36 The location and description of the physical property or properties of <u>(5)</u> 37 the facility, existing or proposed, and to the extent proposed, the 38 estimated completion date or dates, whether construction has begun, and the contingencies subject to which construction may be deferred. 39 40 The services provided or proposed to be provided pursuant to contracts (6) 41 for continuing care at the facility, including the extent to which 42 medical care is furnished, and a clear statement of which services are

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included for specified basic fees for continuing care and which

services are made available at or by the facility at extra charge.

A description of all fees required of residents, including the entrance 1 (7) fee and periodic charges, if any. The description shall include: 2 3 A statement of the fees that will be charged if the resident a. marries while at the facility, and a statement of the terms 4 5 concerning the entry of a spouse to the facility and the 6 consequences if the spouse does not meet the requirements for 7 entry; 8 The circumstances under which the resident will be permitted to <u>b.</u> 9 remain in the facility in the event of possible financial 10 difficulties of the resident; The terms and conditions under which a contract for continuing 11 <u>c.</u> 12 care at the facility may be canceled by the provider or by the resident, and the conditions, if any, under which all or any 13 14 portion of the entrance fee will be refunded in the event of 15 cancellation of the contract by the provider or by the resident or in the event of the death of the resident prior to or following 16 17 occupancy of a living unit; 18 <u>d.</u> The conditions under which a living unit occupied by a resident may be made available by the facility to a different or new 19 20 resident other than on the death of the prior resident; and 21 The manner by which the provider may adjust periodic charges <u>e.</u> 22 or other recurring fees and the limitations on these adjustments. 23 if any; and, if the facility is already in operation, or if the 24 provider or manager operates one or more similar continuing care locations within this State, tables shall be included 25 26 showing the frequency and average dollar amount of each 27 increase in periodic charges, or other recurring fees at each facility or location for the previous five years, or such shorter 28 29 period as the facility or location may have been operated by the 30 provider or manager. 31 The health and financial conditions required for an individual to be (8) 32 accepted as a resident and to continue as a resident once accepted, 33 including the effect of any change in the health or financial condition of a person between the date of entering into a contract for continuing 34 35 care and the date of initial occupancy of a living unit by that person. The provisions that have been made or will be made, if any, to provide 36 <u>(9)</u> 37 reserve funding or security to enable the provider to perform its 38 obligations fully under contracts to provide continuing care at the facility, including the establishment of escrow accounts, trusts, or 39 reserve funds, together with the manner in which these funds will be 40 41 invested, and the names and experience of any individuals in the direct 42 employment of the provider who will make the investment decisions. 43 Certified financial statements of the provider, including (i) a balance (10)44 sheet as of the end of the most recent fiscal year and (ii) income

1		stater	ments for the three most recent fiscal years of the provider or such
2		short	er period of time as the provider shall have been in existence. If
3		the p	provider's fiscal year ended more than 120 days prior to the date
4		the d	isclosure statement is recorded, interim financial statements as of
5		a dat	te not more than 90 days prior to the date of recording the
6			ment shall also be included, but need not be certified to by an
7			pendent certified public accountant.
8	<u>(11)</u>	_	mmary of a report of an actuary, updated every five years, that
9			nates the capacity of the provider to meet its contractual obligation
10			e residents. Disclosure statements of continuing care facilities
11			lished prior to January 1, 1988, do not need an actuarial report or
12			nary until January 1, 1993.
13	<u>(12)</u>		eration of the facility has not yet commenced, a statement of the
14		_	ipated source and application of the funds used or to be used in
15			purchase or construction of the facility, including but not limited
16		to:	
17		<u>a.</u>	An estimate of the cost of purchasing or constructing and
18		<u></u>	equipping the facility including such related costs as financing
19			expense, legal expense, land costs, occupancy development
20			costs, and all other similar costs the provider expects to incur or
			become obligated for prior to the commencement of operations;
22		<u>b.</u>	A description of any mortgage loan or other long-term
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		<u> </u>	financing intended to be used for the financing of the facility,
24			including the anticipated terms and costs of this financing;
25		<u>c.</u>	An estimate of the total entrance fees to be received from, or on
26		<u> </u>	behalf of, residents at, or prior to, commencement of operation
27			of the facility; and
28		<u>d.</u>	An estimate of the funds, if any, that are anticipated to be
29		<u></u>	necessary to fund start-up losses and provide reserve funds to
30			assure full performance of the obligations of the provider under
31			contracts for the provision of continuing care.
32	(13)	Pro f	forma annual income statements for the facility for a period of not
	(15)		han five fiscal years, including:
33 34		<u>a.</u>	A beginning cash balance consistent with the certified income
35		<u>u.</u>	statement required by subdivision (10) of this section or, if
36			operation of the facility has not commenced, consistent with the
37			statement of anticipated source and application of funds
38			required by subdivision (12);
39		<u>b.</u>	Anticipated earnings on cash reserves, if any;
40		<u>c.</u>	Estimates of net receipts from entrance fees, other than entrance
41		<u></u>	fees included in the statement of source and application of
12			funds required by subdivision (12) less estimated entrance fee
43			refunds, if any, and including a description of the actuarial basis

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- and method of calculation for the projection of entrance fees 1 2 receipts: 3 An estimate of gifts or bequests, if any, that are to be relied on <u>d.</u> to meet operating expenses; 4 5 A projection of estimated income from fees and charges other <u>e.</u> 6 than entrance fees, showing individual rates presently 7 anticipated to be charged and including a description of the 8 assumptions used for calculating the estimated occupancy rate 9 of the facility and the effect on the income of the facility of 10 government subsidies for health care services, if any, to be provided pursuant to the contracts for continuing care: 11 12 f. A projection of estimated operating expenses of the facility. including a description of the assumptions used in calculating 13 14 the expenses, and separate allowances, if any, for the 15 replacement of equipment and furnishings and anticipated major structural repairs or additions; and 16 17 An estimate of annual payments of principal and interest g. 18 required by any mortgage loan or other long-term financing arrangement relating to the facility. 19 The estimated number of residents of the facility to be provided 20 (14)21 services by the provider pursuant to the contract for continuing care. 22 Any other material information concerning the facility or the provider (15)23 which, if omitted, would lead a reasonable person not to enter into this 24 contract.
 - (b) The cover page of the disclosure statement shall state, in a prominent location and in boldface type, the date of the disclosure statement, the last date through which that disclosure statement may be delivered if not earlier revised, and that the delivery of the disclosure statement to a contracting party before the execution of a contract for the provision of continuing care is required by this Article but that the disclosure statement has not been reviewed or approved by any government agency or representative to ensure accuracy or completeness of the information set out.
 - (c) A copy of the standard form of contract for continuing care used by the provider shall be attached to each disclosure statement.

"§ 58-770. Contract for continuing care; specifications.

- (a) Each contract for continuing care shall provide that:
 - The party contracting with the provider may rescind the contract within 30 days following the later of the execution of the contract or the receipt of a disclosure statement that meets the requirements of this section, in which event any money or property transferred to the provider, other than periodic charges specified in the contract and applicable only to the period a living unit was actually occupied by the resident, shall be returned in full, and the resident to whom the contract pertains is not required to move into the facility before the expiration of the 30-day period; and

- If a resident dies before occupying a living unit in the facility, or if, on account of illness, injury, or incapacity, a resident would be precluded from occupying a living unit in the facility under the terms of the contract for continuing care, the contract is automatically canceled and the resident or legal representative of the resident shall receive a refund of all money or property transferred to the provider, less (i) those nonstandard costs specifically incurred by the provider or facility at the request of the resident and described in the contract or an addendum thereto signed by the resident, and (ii) a reasonable service charge, if set out in the contract, not to exceed the greater of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or two percent (2%) of the entrance fee.
- (b) Each contract shall include provisions that specify the following:
 - (1) The total consideration to be paid;
 - (2) Services to be provided;
 - (3) The procedures the provider shall follow to change the resident's accommodation if necessary for the protection of the health or safety of the resident or the general and economic welfare of the residents;
 - (4) The policies to be implemented if the resident cannot pay the periodic fees;
 - (5) The terms governing the refund of any portion of the entrance fee in the event of discharge by the provider or cancellation by the resident;
 - (6) The policy regarding increasing the periodic fees;
 - (7) The description of the living quarters;
 - (8) Any religious or charitable affiliations of the provider and the extent, if any, to which the affiliate organization will be responsible for the financial and contractual obligations of the provider;
 - (9) Any property rights of the resident;
 - (10) The policy, if any, regarding fee adjustments if the resident is voluntarily absent from the facility; and
 - (11) Any requirement, if any, that the resident apply for Medicaid, public assistance, or any public benefit program.

"§ 58-771. Annual disclosure statement revision.

(a) Within 150 days following the end of each fiscal year, the provider shall file with the Commissioner a revised disclosure statement setting forth current information required pursuant to G.S. 58-769. The provider shall also make this revised disclosure statement available to all the residents of the facility. This revised disclosure statement shall include a narrative describing any material differences between (i) the prospective financial statements or projected financial data filed in response to G.S. 58-769 as a part of the disclosure statement recorded most immediately subsequent to the start of the provider's most recently completed fiscal year, together with the revised prospective financial statements being filed as a part of the revised disclosure statement. A provider may also revise its disclosure statement and have the revised disclosure statement recorded at any other time if, in the opinion of the provider, revision is necessary to prevent an otherwise current disclosure statement from containing a material

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misstatement of fact or omitting a material fact required to be stated therein. Only the most recently recorded disclosure statement, with respect to a facility, and in any event, only a disclosure statement dated within one year plus 150 days prior to the date of delivery, shall be considered current for purposes of this Article or delivered pursuant to G.S. 58-769.

(b) The annual disclosure statement required to be filed with the Commissioner under this section shall be accompanied by an annual filing fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

"§ 58-772. Escrow, collection of deposits.

- (a) A provider shall establish an escrow account with (i) a bank, (ii) a trust company, or (iii) another person or entity agreed upon by the provider and the resident. The terms of this escrow account shall provide that the total amount of any entrance fee received by the provider prior to the date the resident is permitted to occupy a living unit in the facility be placed in this escrow account. These funds may be released only as follows:
 - (1) If the entrance fee applies to a living unit that has been previously occupied in the facility, the entrance fee shall be released to the provider when the living unit becomes available for occupancy by the new resident:
 - If the entrance fee applies to a living unit which has not previously **(2)** been occupied by any resident, the entrance fee shall be released to the provider when the escrow agent is satisfied that:
 - Construction or purchase of the living unit has been completed a. and an occupancy permit, if applicable, covering the living unit has been issued by the local government having authority to issue such permits;
 - A commitment has been received by the provider for any b. permanent mortgage loan or other long-term financing, and any conditions of the commitment prior to disbursement of funds thereunder have been substantially satisfied; and
 - Aggregate entrance fees received or receivable by the provider c. pursuant to binding continuing care retirement community contracts, plus the anticipated proceeds of any first mortgage loan or other long-term financing commitment are equal to not less than ninety percent (90%) of the funds estimated in the statement of anticipated source and application of funds submitted by the provider as that part of the disclosure statement required by G.S. 58-769, to be necessary to fund start-up losses and assure full performance of the obligations of the provider pursuant to continuing care retirement community contracts.
- Upon receipt by the escrow agent of a request by the provider for the release of these escrow funds, the escrow agent shall approve release of the funds within five working days unless the escrow agent finds that the requirements of subsection (a) of
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this section have not been met and notifies the provider of the basis for this finding. The request for release of the escrow funds shall be accompanied by any documentation the fiduciary requires.

- (c) If the provider fails to meet the requirements for release of funds held in this escrow account within a time period the escrow agent considers reasonable, these funds shall be released to the provider. The escrow agent shall notify the provider of the length of this time period when the provider requests release of the funds.
- (d) An entrance fee held in escrow may be returned by the escrow agent to the person who made payment to the provider at any time upon receipt by the escrow agent of notice from the provider that this person is entitled to a refund of the entrance fee.

"§ 58-773. Right to organization.

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- (a) A resident living in a facility registered under this Article has the right of selforganization, the right to be represented by an individual of his own choosing, and the right to engage in concerted activities to keep informed on the operation of the facility in which he is a resident or for other mutual aid or protection.
- (b) The board of directors or other governing body of a continuing care facility or its designated representative shall hold annual meetings with the residents of the continuing care facility for free discussions of subjects including, but not limited to, income, expenditures, and financial trends and problems as they apply to the facility and discussions of proposed changes in policies, programs, and services. Residents shall be entitled to at least seven days advance notice of each meeting. An agenda and any materials that will be distributed by the governing body at the meetings shall remain available upon request to residents.

"§ 58-774. Rehabilitation or liquidation.

- (a) If, at any time, the Commissioner determines, after notice and an opportunity for the provider to be heard, that:
 - (1) A portion of an entrance fee escrow account required to be maintained under this Article has been or is proposed to be released in violation of this Article;
 - (2) A provider has been or will be unable, in such a manner as may endanger the ability of the provider, to fully perform its obligations pursuant to contracts for continuing care, to meet the projected financial data previously filed by the provider;
 - (3) A provider has failed to maintain the escrow account required under this Article; or
 - (4) A facility is bankrupt or insolvent, or in imminent danger of becoming bankrupt or insolvent;
- the Commissioner may apply to the Superior Court of Wake County or to the federal bankruptcy court that may have previously taken jurisdiction over the provider or facility for an order directing the Commissioner or authorizing the Commissioner to appoint a trustee to rehabilitate or to liquidate a facility.
- (b) An order to rehabilitate a facility shall direct the Commissioner or trustee to take possession of the property of the provider and to conduct the business thereof, including the employment of such managers or agents as the Commissioner or trustee

 may deem necessary and to take such steps as the Court may direct toward removal of the causes and conditions which have made rehabilitation necessary.

- (c) If, at any time, the Court finds, upon petition of the Commissioner, trustee or provider, or on its own motion, that the objectives of an order to rehabilitate a facility have been accomplished and that the facility can be returned to the provider's management without further jeopardy to the residents of the facility, the Court may, upon a full report and accounting of the conduct of the facility's affairs during the rehabilitation and of the facility's current financial condition, terminate the rehabilitation and, by order, return the facility and its assets and affairs to the provider's management.
- (d) If, at any time, the Commissioner determines that further efforts to rehabilitate the provider would be useless, the Commissioner may apply to the Court for an order of liquidation.
 - (e) An order to liquidate a facility:
 - (1) May be issued upon application of the Commissioner whether or not there has been issued a prior order to rehabilitate the facility.
 - (2) Shall act as a revocation of the license of the facility under this Article.
 - (3) Shall include an order directing the Commissioner or a trustee to marshal and liquidate all of the provider's assets located within this State.
- (f) In applying for an order to rehabilitate or liquidate a facility, the Commissioner shall give due consideration in the application to the manner in which the welfare of persons who have previously contracted with the provider for continuing care may be best served.
- (g) An order for rehabilitation under this section shall be refused or vacated if the provider posts a bond, by a recognized surety authorized to do business in this State and executed in favor of the Commissioner on behalf of persons who may be found entitled to a refund of entrance fees from the provider or other damages in the event the provider is unable to fulfill its contracts to provide continuing care at the facility, in an amount determined by the Court to be equal to the reserve funding that would otherwise need to be available to fulfill such obligations.

"§ 58-775. Investigations and subpoenas.

- (a) The Commissioner may make such public or private investigations within or outside of this State as necessary (i) to determine whether any person has violated or is about to violate any provision of this Article, (ii) to aid in the enforcement of this Article, or (iii) to verify statements contained in any disclosure statement filed or delivered under this Article.
- (b) For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under this Article, the Commissioner may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as to any of the facts and circumstances concerning the matter to be investigated.
- (c) For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under this Article, the Commissioner or his designee has all the powers given to him for insurance companies. He may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers,

correspondence, memoranda, agreements, or other documents or records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, all of which may be enforced in the Superior Court of Wake County.

"§ 58-776. Examinations; financial statements.

The Commissioner or his designee may, in the Commissioner's discretion, visit a facility offering continuing care in this State to examine its books and records. Expenses incurred by the Commissioner in conducting examinations under this section shall be paid by the facility examined. The provisions of G.S. 58-16, 58-16.1, 58-16.2, 58-18, 58-21, 58-22, 58-25, 58-25.1, and 58-63 apply to this Article and are hereby incorporated by reference.

"§ 58-777. Agreements as preferred claims on liquidation.

In the event of liquidation of a provider, all continuing care agreements executed by the provider shall be deemed preferred claims against all assets owned by the provider; provided, however, such claims shall be subordinate to any secured claim.

"§ 58-778. Rule making authority; reasonable time to comply with rules.

- (a) The Commissioner is authorized to promulgate rules to carry out and enforce the provisions of this Article.
- (b) Any provider who is offering continuing care may be given a reasonable time, not to exceed one year from the date of publication of any applicable rules promulgated pursuant to this Article, within which to comply with the rules and to obtain a license.

"§ 58-779. Civil liability.

- (a) A provider who enters into a contract for continuing care at a facility without having first delivered a disclosure statement meeting the requirements of G.S. 58-769 to the person contracting for this continuing care, or enters into a contract for continuing care at a facility with a person who has relied on a disclosure statement that omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading, shall be liable to the person contracting for this continuing care for actual damages and repayment of all fees paid to the provider, facility, or person violating this Article, less the reasonable value of care and lodging provided to the resident by or on whose behalf the contract for continuing care was entered into prior to discovery of the violation, misstatement, or omission or the time the violation, misstatement, or omission should reasonably have been discovered, together with interest thereon at the legal rate for judgments, and court costs and reasonable attorney fees.
- (b) Liability under this section exists regardless of whether the provider or person liable had actual knowledge of the misstatement or omission.
- (c) A person may not file or maintain an action under this section if the person, before filing the action, received a written offer of a refund of all amounts paid the provider, facility, or person violating this Article together with interest at the rate established monthly by the Commissioner of Banks pursuant to G.S. 24-1.1(3), less the current contractual value of care and lodging provided prior to receipt of the offer, and if the offer recited the provisions of this section and the recipient of the offer failed to accept it within 30 days of actual receipt.

(d) An action may not be maintained to enforce a liability created under this Article unless brought before the expiration of three years after the execution of the contract for continuing care that gave rise to the violation.

"§ 58-780. Criminal penalties.

Any person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of this Article is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. The Commissioner may refer such evidence as is available concerning violation of the Article or of any rule or order hereunder to the Attorney General or a district attorney who may, with or without such reference institute the appropriate criminal proceedings under this Article. Nothing in this Article limits the power of the State to punish any person for any conduct that constitutes a crime under any other statute.

"§ 58-781. Advisory Committee.

There shall be a nine member Continuing Care Advisory Committee appointed by the Commissioner. The Committee shall comprise at least two residents of continuing care communities, two representatives of the North Carolina Association of Nonprofit Homes for the Aging, one individual who is a certified public accountant and is licensed to practice in this State, one individual skilled in the field of architecture or engineering, and one individual who is a health care professional."

- Sec. 2. Article 12 of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes is repealed.
- Sec. 3. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Insurance for fiscal year 1989-90 the sum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) for the purpose of employing or retaining persons to administer the provisions of this act. This act shall not become effective unless such monies are appropriated.
- Sec. 4. In the event any provision of this act is held to be invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, the court's holding as to that provision shall not affect the validity or operation of other provisions of this act; and to that end the provisions of this act are severable.
- Sec. 5. The remaining sections of this act shall become effective January 1, 1990. Section 3 of this act and this section are effective upon ratification.