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HOUSE BILL 644*

Short Title: Improve Sedimentation Control.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Colton; Hensley and Luebke.

Referred to: Environment.

March 29, 1993

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE SEDIMENTATION POLLUTION CONTROL ACT OF
- 3 1973 TO MAKE IT MORE EFFECTIVE.
- 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
 - Section 1. G.S. 113A-52 reads as rewritten:

6 "**§ 113A-52. Definitions.**

As used in this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 1417, s. 1.
- (1a) <u>'Affiliate' has the same meaning as set forth in 17 Code of Federal</u> Regulations § 240.12(b)-2 (1 April 1992 Edition).
 - (2) 'Commission' means the North Carolina Sedimentation Control Commission.
- (3) 'Department' means the North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources.
- (4) 'District' means any Soil and Water Conservation District created pursuant to Chapter 139, North Carolina General Statutes.
 - (5) 'Erosion' means the wearing away of land surface by the action of wind, water, gravity, or any combination thereof.
- 19(6)'Land-disturbing activity' means any use of the land by any person in20residential, industrial, educational, institutional or commercial21development, highway and road construction and maintenance that22results in a change in the natural cover or topography and that may23cause or contribute to sedimentation. This Article shall not apply to24the following land-disturbing activities:

1

1		a. Those undertaken on agricultural land for the production of
2		plants and animals useful to man, including but not limited to:
3		forages and sod crops, grains and feed crops, tobacco, cotton,
4		and peanuts; dairy animals and dairy products; poultry and
5		poultry products; livestock, including beef cattle, sheep, swine,
6		horses, ponies, mules or goats, including the breeding and
7		grazing of any or all such animals; bees and apiary products; fur
8		animals;
9		b. Those undertaken on forestland for the production and
10		harvesting of timber and timber products and which are
11		conducted in accordance with Forest Practice Guidelines
12		Related to Water Quality (best management practices) as
13		adopted by the Department; and
14		c. Activities undertaken by persons as defined in G.S. 113A-52(8)
15		who are otherwise regulated by the provisions of G.S. 74-46
16		through G.S. 74-68, the Mining Act of 1971.
17	(7)	'Local government' means any county, incorporated village, town, or
18		city, or any combination of counties, incorporated villages, towns, and
19		cities, acting through a joint program pursuant to the provisions of this
20		Article.
21	<u>(7a)</u>	'Parent' has the same meaning as set forth in 17 Code of Federal
22	<u>(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Regulations § 240.12(b)-2 (1 April 1992 Edition).
23	(8)	'Person' means any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint
24		venture, public or private corporation, trust, estate, commission, board,
25		public or private institution, utility, cooperative, interstate body, or
26		other legal entity.
27	(9)	'Secretary' means the Secretary of Environment, Health, and Natural
28		Resources.
29	(10)	'Sediment' means solid particulate matter, both mineral and organic,
30	()	that has been or is being transported by water, air, gravity, or ice from
31		its site of origin.
32	(10a)	'Subsidiary' has the same meaning as set forth in 17 Code of Federal
33	<u>(100)</u>	Regulations § 240.12(b)-2 (1 April 1992 Edition).
34	(10a)	(10b) 'Tract' means all contiguous land and bodies of water being
35	(100)	disturbed or to be disturbed as a unit, regardless of ownership.
36	(11)	
37	(11)	which weather conditions or soil conditions permit land-disturbing
38		activity to be undertaken."
39	Sec	2. G.S. 113A-54(d) reads as rewritten:
40		nplementing the erosion and sedimentation control program, the
41	Commission sh	
42	(1)	Assist and encourage local governments in developing erosion and
43	(*)	sediment control programs and as part of such assistance to develop a
44		model local erosion control ordinance, and ordinance. Local

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1		government ordinances shall at least meet and may exceed the		
2		minimum requirements of this Article and rules adopted pursuant to		
3		this Article. The Commission shall approve, approve as modified, or		
4		disapprove local plans programs submitted to it pursuant to G.S. 113A-		
5		60;		
6	(2)	Assist and encourage other State agencies in developing erosion and		
7		sedimentation control programs to be administered in their		
8		jurisdictions, and to approve, approve as modified, or disapprove such		
9		programs submitted pursuant to G.S. 113A-56 and from time to time		
10		review such programs for compliance with regulations issued by the		
11		Commission and for adequate enforcement;		
12	(3)	Develop recommended methods of control of sedimentation and		
13		prepare and make available for distribution publications and other		
14 15		materials dealing with sedimentation control techniques appropriate		
15 16		for use by persons engaged in land-disturbing activities, general educational materials on erosion and sedimentation control, and		
17		instructional materials for persons involved in the enforcement of		
18		erosion control regulations, ordinances, and plans;		
19	(4)	Require submission of erosion control plans by those responsible for		
20	(')	initiating land-disturbing activities for approval prior to		
21		commencement of the activities."		
22	Sec.	3. G.S. 113A-54.1 reads as rewritten:		
23	"§ 113A-54.1.	Approval of erosion control plans.		
24	(a) A dr	aft erosion control plan must contain the applicant's address and, if the		
25		t a resident of North Carolina, designate a North Carolina agent for the		
26		eiving notice from the Commission or the Secretary of compliance or		
27		noncompliance with the plan, this Article, or any rules adopted pursuant to this Article.		
28	The Commission must-shall either approve or approve, approve with modifications, or			
29	disapprove a draft erosion control plan for those land-disturbing activities for which			
30 31	prior plan approval is required within 30 days of receipt. Failure to approve approve,			
31 32	<u>approve with modifications</u> , or disapprove a completed draft erosion control plan within 20 days of reasint shall be deemed approval of the plan. If the Commission disapproves			
33	30 days of receipt shall be deemed approval of the plan. If the Commission disapproves			
34	a draft erosion control plan, it must state in writing the specific reasons that the plan was disapproved. Failure to approve approve, approve with modifications, or disapprove a			
35		control plan within 15 days of receipt shall be deemed approved of the		
36	plan. The Commission may establish an expiration date for erosion control plans			
37	approved under	•		
38		ollowing commencement of a land-disturbing activity pursuant to an		
39	approved erosion control plan, the Commission determines that the plan is inadequate to			
40	meet the requirements of this Article, the Commission may require such revisions of the			
41	plan as are necessary to comply with this Article. Failure to approve approve, approve			
42		with modifications, or disapprove a revised erosion control plan within 15 days of		
43	receipt shall be	deemed approval of the plan.		

1	(c) The Director of the Division of Land Resources may disapprove an erosion		
2	control plan upon finding that an applicant, or any parent or subsidiary parent, subsidiary,		
3	or other affiliate of the applicant corporation if the applicant is a corporation:		
4	(1) Is conducting or has conducted land-disturbing activity without an		
5	approved plan, or has received notice of violation of a plan previously		
6	approved by the Commission or a local government pursuant to this		
7	Article and has not complied with the notice within the time specified		
8	in the notice;		
9	(2) Has failed to pay a civil penalty assessed pursuant to this Article or a		
10	local ordinance adopted pursuant to this Article which is due and for		
11	which no appeal is pending;		
12	(3) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor pursuant to G.S. 113A-64(b) or		
13	any criminal provision of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to this		
14	Article; or		
15	(4) Has failed to substantially comply with State rules or local ordinances		
16	and regulations adopted pursuant to this Article.		
17	(d) In the event that an erosion control plan is disapproved by the Director		
18	pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the Director shall state in writing the specific		
19	reasons that the plan was disapproved. The applicant may appeal the Director's		
20	disapproval of the plan to the Commission. For purposes of this subsection and		
21	subsection (c) of this section, an applicant's record may be considered for only the two		
22	years prior to the application date."		
23	Sec. 4. G.S. 113A-54.2(b) reads as rewritten:		
24	"(b) <u>The Sedimentation Account is established</u> . The Sedimentation Account shall		
25	be a nonreverting account within the Department and shall be administered by the State		
26	Treasurer. The Sedimentation Account shall be treated as a special trust fund and shal		
27	be credited with interest by the State Treasurer pursuant to G.S. 147-69.2 and G.S. 147-		
28	<u>69.3.</u> Fees collected under this section shall be <u>credited to the Account and shall be</u>		
29	applied to the costs of administering this Article."		
30	Sec. 5. G.S. 113A-55 reads as rewritten:		
31	"§ 113A-55. Authority of the Secretary.		
32	The sedimentation control program developed by the Commission shall be administered by the Secretary under the direction of the Commission. To this and the		
33	administered by the Secretary under the direction of the Commission. To this end the		
34 35	Secretary is authorized and directed to employ, with the approval of the Commission, shal		
35 36	employ the necessary clerical, technical, and administrative personnel, and to assign tasks to the various divisions of the Department for the purpose of implementing this		
37	tasks to the various divisions of the Department for the purpose of implementing this Article. The Secretary is authorized to may bring enforcement actions pursuant to C.S.		
38	Article. The Secretary is authorized to may bring enforcement actions pursuant to G.S. 113A-64 and 113A-65. The Secretary shall make final agency decisions in contested		
39	cases that arise from civil penalty assessments pursuant to G.S. 113A-64."		
40	Sec. 6. G.S. 113A-60(b) reads as rewritten:		
41	"(b) The Commission shall review each program submitted and within 90 days of		
42	receipt thereof shall notify the local government submitting the program that it has been		

42 receipt thereof shall notify the local government submitting the program that it has been 43 approved, approved with modifications, or disapproved. The Commission shall only 44 approve a program upon determining that its standards equal or exceed those of the

1	model local erosion control ordinance developed in accordance with G.S. 113A-54(d)(1). this		
2	Article and rules adopted pursuant to this Article."		
3	Sec. 7. G.S. 113A-61(a) reads as rewritten:		
4	"(a) Each local government's erosion and sediment control program shall require that		
5	The Commission may require, for those land-disturbing activities requiring prior		
6	approval of an erosion control plan, such plan shall be submitted-that a local government's		
7	erosion and sediment control program require the submittal of, to the appropriate soil		
8	and water conservation district district, a copy of each plan at the same time it is		
9	submitted to the local government for approval. The soil and water conservation district		
10	or districts, within 20 days after receipt of the proposed plan, or within such additional-time		
11	as may be prescribed agreed upon, but not to exceed 20 days, by the local government,		
12	shall review the plan and submit its comments and recommendations to the local		
13	government. Failure of the soil and water conservation district to submit its comments		
14	and recommendations within 20 days or within the prescribed additional-time shall not		
15	delay final action on the proposed plan by the local government."		
16	Sec. 8. G.S. 113A-61(b1) reads as rewritten:		
17	"(b1) A local government may disapprove an erosion control plan upon finding that		
18 19	an applicant, or any parent or subsidiary parent, subsidiary, or other affiliate of the		
20	<u>applicant corporation if the applicant is a corporation:</u> (1) Is conducting or has conducted land-disturbing activity without an		
20	approved plan, or has received notice of violation of a plan previously		
21	approved by the Commission or a local government pursuant to this		
22	Article and has not complied with the notice within the time specified		
24	in the notice;		
25	(2) Has failed to pay a civil penalty assessed pursuant to this Article or a		
26	local ordinance adopted pursuant to this Article which is due and for		
27	which no appeal is pending;		
28	(3) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor pursuant to G.S. 113A-64(b) or		
29	any criminal provision of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to this		
30	Article; or		
31	(4) Has failed to substantially comply with State rules or local ordinances		
32	and regulations adopted pursuant to this Article."		
33	Sec. 9. G.S. 113A-61.1 reads as rewritten:		
34	"§ 113A-61.1. Periodic inspection of land-disturbing activity.		
35	With respect to approved plans for erosion control in connection with land-		
36	disturbing activities, the approving authority, either the Commission or a local		
37	government, shall provide for periodic inspection of the land-disturbing activity to		
38	ensure compliance with the approved plan, and to determine whether the measures		
39	required in the plan are effective in controlling erosion and sediment resulting from the		
40	land-disturbing activities. Notice of such right of inspection shall be included in the		
41	certificate of approval for the plan. If the approving authority determines that the		
42	person engaged in the land-disturbing activities has failed to comply with the plan, the		
43	authority shall immediately serve upon that person by registered mail-or certified mail, or by any means authorized by $G S_1 A_1$. Bule 4, a notice to comply of violation. The		
44	or by any means authorized by G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4, a notice to comply. of violation. The		

notice shall set forth the measures needed to come into compliance with the plan and 1 2 shall state the time within which such measures must be completed. If the person 3 engaged in the land-disturbing activities fails to comply within the time specified, he shall be deemed in violation of this Article." 4 5 Sec. 10. G.S. 113A-64(a) reads as rewritten: 6 "(a) Civil Penalties. -7 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Article or any (1)8 ordinance, rule, or order adopted or issued pursuant to this Article by 9 the Commission or by a local government, or who initiates or 10 continues a land-disturbing activity for which an erosion control plan is required except in accordance with the terms, conditions, and 11 12 provisions of an approved plan, or who obstructs, hampers, or interferes with an authorized representative of the Commission or local 13 government while in the process of carrying out official duties, shall 14 15 be subject to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars 16 (\$500.00), except that the penalty for failure to submit an erosion control 17 plan shall be as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection and the 18 penalty for violating a stop-work order shall be as provided in 19 subdivision (5) of this subsection. No penalty shall be assessed until 20 the person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation. 21 The civil penalty may be assessed from the date of receipt of the notice of violation. Each day of a continuing violation shall constitute a 22 23 separate violation. 24 The Secretary, for violations under the Commission's jurisdiction, or (2)25 the governing body of any local government having jurisdiction, shall determine the amount of the civil penalty to be assessed under this 26 27 subsection and shall make written demand for payment upon the person responsible for the violation, and shall set forth in detail the 28 29 violation for which the penalty has been invoked. shall notify any 30 person assessed a civil penalty of the assessment and the specific reasons for the assessment by registered or certified mail, or by any 31 32 means authorized by G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4. The notice of assessment 33 shall direct the violator to pay the assessment or contest the assessment. If payment is not received or equitable settlement reached 34 35 within 30 days after demand for payment is made, the Secretary shall 36 refer the matter to the Attorney General for the institution of a civil 37 action in the name of the State in the superior court of the county in 38 which the violation is alleged to have occurred to recover the amount 39 of the penalty. If the violator does not pay the assessment within 30 days after receipt of the notice of assessment or within 30 days after 40 41 receipt of the final agency decision, where the assessment has been 42 contested, the Department shall request the Attorney General to 43 institute a civil action to recover the amount of the assessment in the superior court of any county in which the violator resides or has its 44

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1		principal place of business. A civil action under this section shall be
2		filed within three years of the date the final agency decision was
3		served on the violator. The governing body of any local government
4		having jurisdiction shall notify any person assessed a civil penalty in
5		the manner prescribed by local ordinance. Local governments shall
6		refer such matters to their respective attorneys for the institution of a
7		civil action in the name of the local government in the appropriate
8		division of the General Court of Justice of the any county in which the
9		violation is alleged to have occurred for recovery of the penalty.
10		violator resides or has its principal place of business to recover the
11		amount of the assessment. Such civil actions must be filed within
12		three years of the date the final agency decision was served on the
13		violator. Any sums recovered shall be used to carry out the purposes
14		and requirements of this Article.
15	(3)	In determining the amount of the penalty, the Secretary shall consider
16		the degree and extent of harm caused by the violation, the cost of
17		rectifying the damage, the amount of money the violator saved by his
18		noncompliance, whether the violation was committed willfully and the
19 20		prior record of the violator in complying or failing to comply with this Article.
20	(4)	Any person who fails to submit an erosion control plan for approval by
22		the Commission pursuant to G.S. 113A-54(d)(4) or by a local
23		government pursuant to G.S. 113A-61 shall be subject to a single,
24		noncontinuing civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars
25		(\$1,000). Any penalty which is recovered pursuant to this subdivision
26		shall be deposited in the General Fund. Any person who is subject to a
27		civil penalty under this subdivision may be subject to additional civil
28		penalties for violation of any other provision of this Article or any
29		ordinance, rule, or order adopted or issued pursuant to this Article by
30		the Commission or a local government.
31	(5)	Any person who violates a stop-work order issued pursuant to G.S.
32		113A-65.1 shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than five
33		thousand dollars (\$5,000). No penalty shall be assessed until the
34		person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation.
35	Saa	Each day of a continuing violation shall be a separate violation."
36 37		11. G.S. 113A-65 reads as rewritten: junctive relief.
38	-	ation of State Program. – Whenever the Secretary has reasonable cause to
	. ,	y person is violating or is threatening to violate the requirements of this
		e, or has obstructed, hampered, or interfered with an authorized
		of the Commission while in the process of carrying out official duties, he
		fore or after the institution of any other action or proceeding authorized
	•	e, institute a civil action for injunctive relief to restrain the violation or
44		atened violationviolation, or obstruction, hampering, or interference with

44 violation, threatened violation, or obstruction, hampering, or interference with

a representative of the Commission while in the process of carrying out official duties. 1 2 The action shall be brought in the superior court of the county in which the violation or 3 violation, threatened violation violation, or obstruction, hampering, or interference is occurring or about to occur, and shall be in the name of the State upon the relation of 4 5 the Secretary. 6 (b) Violation of Local Program. – Whenever the governing body of a local 7 government having jurisdiction has reasonable cause to believe that any person is 8 violating or is threatening to violate any ordinance, rule, regulation, or order adopted or 9 issued by the local government pursuant to this Article, or any term, condition or 10 provision of an erosion control plan over which it has jurisdiction, or has obstructed, hampered, or interfered with an authorized representative of the local government while 11 12 in the process of carrying out official duties, it may, either before or after the institution of any other action or proceeding authorized by this Article, institute a civil action in the 13 14 name of the local government for injunctive relief to restrain the violation, 15 threatened violation. violation, or obstruction, hampering, or interference. The action 16 shall be brought in the superior court of the county in which the violation or 17 obstruction, hampering, or interference is occurring or is threatened. 18 (c)Abatement, etc., of Violation. – Upon determination by a court that an alleged 19 violation is occurring or is threatened, it shall enter such orders or judgments as are 20 necessary to abate the violation or to prevent the threatened violation. The institution of 21 an action for injunctive relief under subsections (a) or (b) of this section shall not relieve

any party to such proceeding from any civil or criminal penalty prescribed for violationsof this Article."

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Sec. 12. This act is effective upon ratification.