GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

H HOUSE BILL 724*

Short Title: Comprehensive Strategic Ec. Dev. Plan. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Rogers; Alphin, Arnold, Baddour, Bowen, Bowman, D. Brown, Cummings, DeVane, Edwards, Hightower, Hill, H. Hunter, James, Kinney, McAllister, McLawhorn, Mercer, Moore, Nichols, J. Preston, Redwine, Russell, Smith, Spears, Stewart, Sutton, R. Thompson, Wainwright, Warner, and Wilkins.

Referred to: Business and Labor.

	April 5, 1993
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO PREPARE AND
3	UPDATE ANNUALLY A COMPREHENSIVE STRATEGIC ECONOMIC
4	DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by
7	adding a new Part after Part 1A to read:
8	"Part 1B. Comprehensive Strategic Economic Development Plan.
9	"§ 143B-433.20. Definitions.
10	The following definitions apply in this Part:
11	(1) Committee. – The Strategic Planning Committee created pursuant to
12	G.S. 143B-433.24.
13	(2) Department. – The Department of Commerce.
14	Economic distress. – The presence of at least one trend indicator or at
15	least one status indicator:
16	<u>a.</u> <u>Trend indicators:</u>
17	1. Loss of population over the most recent three- to five-
18	year period.
19	2. Below average job growth over the most recent three- to
20	<u>five-year period.</u>

1			3. Outmigration over the most recent three- to five-year
2			<u>period.</u>
3			4. <u>Decline in real wages over the most recent three- to five-</u>
4			<u>year period.</u>
5			5. Above average rate of business failures over the most
6			recent three- to five-year period.
7		<u>b.</u>	Status indicators:
8			1. <u>Per capita income below the State average.</u>
9			2. <u>Earnings or wages per job below the State average.</u>
10			3. <u>Unemployment above the State average.</u>
11			4. <u>Poverty rate above the State average.</u>
12			5. <u>Below average fiscal capacity.</u>
13	<u>(4)</u>	<u>Plan.</u>	 The Comprehensive Strategic Economic Development Plan.
14	<u>(5)</u>	Regio	on One of the four major geographic regions of the State
15		define	ed as follows:
16		<u>a.</u>	<u>Tidewater Region The counties of Beaufort, Brunswick,</u>
17			Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Craven, Currituck, Dare, Hyde,
18			Jones, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender,
19			Perquimans, Tyrrell, and Washington.
20		<u>b.</u>	Coastal Plain Region The counties of Bertie, Bladen,
21			Columbus, Cumberland, Duplin, Edgecombe, Gates, Greene,
22			Halifax, Harnett, Hertford, Hoke, Johnston, Lenoir, Martin,
23			Nash, Northampton, Pitt, Robeson, Sampson, Scotland, Wayne,
24			and Wilson.
25		<u>c.</u>	<u>Piedmont Region The counties of Alamance, Alexander,</u>
26			Anson, Cabarrus, Caswell, Catawba, Chatham, Cleveland,
27			Davidson, Davie, Durham, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston,
28			Granville, Guilford, Iredell, Lee, Lincoln, Mecklenburg,
29			Montgomery, Moore, Orange, Person, Randolph, Richmond,
30			Rockingham, Rowan, Stanly, Stokes, Union, Vance, Wake, and
31			Warren.
32		<u>d.</u>	Mountain Region The counties of Alleghany, Ashe, Avery,
33			Buncombe, Burke, Caldwell, Cherokee, Clay, Graham,
34			Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Madison, McDowell,
35			Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Surry, Swain, Transylvania,
36			Watauga, Wilkes, Yadkin, and Yancey.
37	" <u>§ 143B-433.21</u>	. Purp	oose.
38	The purpose	of thi	is Part is to require the Department to apply strategic planning
39	principles to its	econo	mic development efforts. This requirement is expected to result
40	<u>in:</u>		
41	<u>(1)</u>		selection of a set of priority development objectives that
42		_	nizes the increasingly competitive economic environment and
43		addre	sses the changing needs of the State in a more comprehensive

manner.

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- (2) The effective utilization of available and limited resources.
 - (3) A commitment to achieve priority objectives and to sustain the process.

"§ 143B-433.22. Implementation and annual update of Plan.

The Department shall deliver a Comprehensive Strategic Economic Development Plan six months after the effective date of this Part. The Department shall review and update this Plan by June 30 of each year.

"§ 143B-433.23. Time frame of Plan.

The original Plan shall encompass a time frame of four years. Each annual update shall extend the time frame by one year so that a four-year Plan is always in effect.

"§ 143B-433.24. Strategic Planning Committee.

The strategic planning of the Department shall be supervised by a Strategic Planning Committee appointed by the Secretary of Commerce. The members of the Committee shall be individuals with broad experience in economic development with strong representation from the private economy and special emphasis on rural, minority, and small business interests. The Department shall include among the membership of the Committee:

- (1) At least two county economic development representatives selected by the Secretary of Commerce.
- (2) Four representatives from the Department, including the Secretary of Commerce who shall chair the Committee.
- (3) Twelve representatives to be selected from the private sector in the areas of finance, energy and communication utilities, manufacturing, business services, agriculture, and travel and tourism appointed by the Secretary of Commerce. Appointments in this group should include representatives of rural, minority, and small businesses.
- (4) Two representatives from private nonprofit institutions involved in designing and testing economic development strategies and evaluating alternative policies, to be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce.
- (5) One representative from the North Carolina Economic Development Board, to be selected by its Chair.

"§ 143B-433.25. Public input.

The Committee shall hold at least one public hearing in each of the field office districts to solicit public input on economic development before the initial Plan is completed. The purposes of the public hearings are to:

- (1) Assess the strengths and weaknesses of recent regional economic performance.
- (2) Examine the status and competitive position of the regional resource base.
- (3) <u>Identify issues that are key to improving the economic well-being of the region.</u>
- The Committee shall hold additional public hearings in these districts from time to time to gather information and solicit public input.

"§ 143B-433.26. Plan structure.

1	<u>(a)</u>	The F	<u>lan sh</u>	all consist of an environmental scan and a needs assessment, as
2	provided in this section.			
3	<u>(b)</u>	(b) Environmental Scan.		
4		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Com</u> p	pilation of the latest economic and demographic data on North
5			Carol	ina by State, region, and county including population, population
6			projec	ctions, employment, and employment projections, income and
7			earnii	ngs status and outlook, migration and commuting patterns,
8			unem	ployment, poverty, and other similar data.
9		<u>(2)</u>	Comp	pilation of the latest data on the strength of the business
10			enviro	onment by State, region, and county with emphasis on the
11			dynar	nics of job creation: start-ups, expansions, locations,
12			contra	actions, and failures. Special assessments are to be made of rural,
13			small	, and minority business components of overall activity.
14		<u>(3)</u>	Comp	pilation of the latest data on labor compensation, construction
15			costs,	utility rates, payroll costs, taxes, and other cost data normally
16				dered by manufacturing firms and new businesses and shall be
17				ated by State, region, and county.
18		<u>(4)</u>	Comp	pilation of data on assets within the State and by region and
19			count	y to include the following:
20			<u>a.</u>	Available buildings, bona fide industrial parks, and sites.
			<u>b.</u>	Characteristics of the available labor force (number,
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28				demographic attributes, skill levels, etc.).
23			<u>c.</u>	Special labor situations, such as military base discharges and
24			<u> </u>	large plant closings.
25			<u>d.</u>	Available infrastructure capacities by county and region
26				including water, sewer, electrical, natural gas,
27				telecommunication, highway access, and other pertinent
28				services.
29			<u>e.</u>	The fiscal capacity of counties and localities within counties to
30				support the infrastructure development necessary to participate
31				in the development process.
32			<u>f.</u>	Analyses of assimilative capacity of riverine, estaurine, or
33			_	ocean outfalls, or other environmental cost considerations.
34			<u>g.</u>	Proximity analyses of counties in close alignment with major
35			<u> </u>	urban areas in bordering states.
36			h.	Special educational and research capabilities.
37			<u>h.</u> <u>i.</u>	Special transportation situations such as major airports, ports,
38			<u> </u>	and railyards.
39			<u>j.</u>	Available data on the performance, contribution, and impact
40			_	each economic sector (including but not limited to agriculture,
41				finance, manufacturing, public utilities, trade, services, tourism,
12				and government) is having on individual counties, regions, and
43				the State.
14			<u>k.</u>	Available tourist and service assets.
			_	

- 1 <u>Analyses of seasonal population and absentee ownership in</u> 2 <u>resort and tourism areas and their impact on the delivery of</u> 3 <u>public services.</u>
 - (5) Compilation and analyses of data on economic and industrial changes in competitor states by region, as applicable. This data shall be entered into a database and kept current. It shall include, specifically, all new plant location information such as origin of the plant, Standard Industrial Classification Code, employment, and investment.
 - (6) Compilation of cost data, policies, and strategies in competitive Southeastern states as well as other United States regions and foreign countries.
 - (7) Compilation of incentives and special programs being offered by other states.
 - (8) Compilation and analyses of other data relating to economic development such as regulatory or legal matters, structural problems, and social considerations, e.g., unemployment, underemployment, poverty, support services, equity concerns, etc.
 - (c) Needs Assessment. The Committee, using data from the public input sessions and the environmental scan, shall prepare an assessment of economic development strengths, weaknesses, threats, and opportunities within the State by region and by county. The assessment will include the identification of key development issues within each geographic area and options available to address each issue.

"§ 143B-433.27. Establishment of goals and objectives.

The Committee, using data from the public input and the environmental scan, shall formulate a list of goals and objectives. Goals shall be long-range, four years or more, and shall address both needs of economically distressed regions and counties as well as opportunities for regions and counties not distressed. The goals shall be developed with realism but should also be selected so as to encourage every region and county within the State to develop to its maximum potential. Objectives shall be one year or less in scope and shall, if achieved, lead to the realization of the goals formulated by the Committee as provided in this section.

Both goals and objectives should be stated largely in economic terms, that is, they should be related to specific population, employment, demographic targets, or economic sector targets. Both efficiency and equity considerations are to be addressed and balanced with special emphasis placed on the needs of disadvantaged or economically distressed populations and communities. The goals and objectives should not state how the economic targets are to be reached, but rather what the economic conditions will be if they are obtained.

"§ 143B-433.28. Formulation of economic development strategy.

The Plan shall have as its action component a strategy, a blueprint for directing resources of time and dollars toward the satisfaction of the goals and objectives stated in G.S. 143B-433.27. As a practical consequence of the economic environment, a focus on the competitiveness of indigenous industries and entrepreneurial development is required. A balance of opportunity between rural and urban regions and between

majority and minority populations should be an overriding consideration. Equity of opportunity for counties and communities across the State will involve the explicit consideration of local fiscal capacity and the fiscal ability to support development activities.

The concept of differentiation should be employed. The Plan should recognize the various strengths and weaknesses of the State and its component regions, subregions, and, in some cases, individual counties. The concept of market segmentation should be employed. Different regions and subregions of the State should be promoted to different markets.

"§ 143B-433.29. Economic Report Card.

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 The Plan shall contain a section devoted to measuring results, to be called 'An Economic Report Card for the State of North Carolina.' The Report Card shall contain a comparison of actual results with stated goals and objectives and significant and meaningful statistics to allow policy-makers to adjust strategy and tactics as necessary to achieve the formulated goals.

The Report Card shall break down data by regions and counties including:

- (1) The net job change (expansions minus contractions) by the various economic sectors of the county, region, and State.
- (2) Realized capital investment in plants and equipment by new and expanding industry in each county, region, and State.
- (3) Manufacturing changes by county, region, and State that affect the value of firms, total payrolls, average wages, value of shipments, contribution to gross State product, and value added.
- (4) The net change in the number of firms by county, region, and State with statistics on the dynamics of change: relocations in versus relocations out; births versus deaths; and expansions versus contractions.
- A measure of the status and performance of all sectors of the county, region, and State economy including, but not limited to, manufacturing, agriculture, trade, finance, communications, transportation, utilities, services, and travel and tourism.
- (6) An assessment of the relative status and performance of rural business development as opposed to that in urban areas.
- (7) An analysis of the status of minority-owned businesses throughout the State.
- (8) An index that measures poverty and other social variables that address standard of living.
- (9) An assessment of the development capability of the various regions of the State in terms of their environmental, fiscal, and administrative capacity. Those areas that are handicapped by barriers to development should be highlighted.
- (10) A comparison of the State's economic performance as indicated by the above statistics with the same or similar indicators from other states.

"§ 143B-433.30. Accountability.

1	The Departi	ment shall make all data, plans, and reports available to the General					
2	Assembly and the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations at						
3	appropriate times and upon request. The Department shall prepare and make available						
4	on an annual basis public reports on each of the major sections of the Comprehensive						
5	Strategic Economic Development Plan and the Economic Report Card indicating the						
6	degree of success in attaining each development objective."						
7	Sec. 2	2. G.S. 143B-433(a) reads as rewritten:					
8	"(a)	(1) The North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control					
9		Commission,					
10	(2)	The North Carolina Utilities Commission,					
11	(3)	The Employment Security Commission,					
12	(4)	The North Carolina Industrial Commission,					
13	(5)	State Banking Commission,					
14	(6)	Savings and Loan Association Division,					
15	(7)	The State Savings Institutions Commission,					
16	(8)	Credit Union Commission,					
17	(9)	The North Carolina Milk Commission,					
18	(10)	The North Carolina Mutual Burial Association Commission,					
19	(11)	North Carolina Cemetery Commission,					
20	(12)	The North Carolina Rural Electrification Authority,					
21	(13)	Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 757, s. 179(d),					
22	(14)	North Carolina Science and Technology Research Center,					
23	(15)	The North Carolina State Ports Authority,					
24	(16)	North Carolina National Park, Parkway and Forests Development					
25	(.	Council,					
26	(17)	Economic Development Board,					
27	(18)	Labor Force Development Council,					
28	(19)	Energy Policy Council,					
29	(20)	Energy Division,					
30	(21)	Navigation and Pilotage Commissions established by Chapter 76 of					
31	(2.2)	the General Statutes,					
32	(22)	The North Carolina Technological Development Authority.					
33	$\frac{(23)}{3}$	Strategic Planning Committee."					
34	Sec. 3	3. This act is effective upon ratification.					