GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

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	SENATE BILL 954
	Short Title: Ins. Payment–Clin. Social Workers. (Public)
	Sponsors: Senators Marshall; Perdue, Basnight, and Odom.
	Referred to: Insurance.
	April 22, 1993
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PERMIT THE DIRECT PAYMENT OF CERTIFIED SOCIAL WORKERS UNDER HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 58-39-15 reads as rewritten: "§ 58-39-15. Definitions. As used in this Article:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	(1) 'Adverse underwriting decision' means: a. Any of the following actions with respect to insurance transactions involving insurance coverage that is individually underwritten: 1. A declination of insurance coverage; 2. A termination of insurance coverage; 3. Failure of an agent to apply for insurance coverage with a specific insurance institution that an agent represents and that is requested by an applicant;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	4. In the case of a property or casualty insurance coverage: I. Placement by an insurance institution or agent of a risk with a residual market mechanism or an unauthorized insurer, or II. The charging of a higher rate on the basis of information that differs from that which the applicant or policyholder furnished; or

1		5. In the case of a life or accident and health insurance
2		coverage, an offer to insure at higher than standard rates.
3		b. Notwithstanding subdivision (1)a of this section, the following
4		actions shall not be considered adverse underwriting decisions,
5		but the insurance institution or agent responsible for their
6		occurrence shall nevertheless provide the applicant or
7		policyholder with the specific reason or reasons for their
8		occurrence:
9		1. The termination of an individual policy form on a class
10		or statewide basis;
11		2. A declination of insurance coverage solely because such
12		coverage is not available on a class or statewide basis; or
13		3. The rescission of a policy.
14	(2)	'Affiliate' or 'affiliated' means a person that directly, or indirectly
15		through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is
16		under common control with another person.
17	(3)	'Agent' shall have the meaning as set forth in Article 33 of this Chapter
18		and shall include limited representatives, surplus lines licensees,
19		salesmen, or representatives of a medical, surgical, hospital, dental, or
20		optometric service plan, and salesmen or representatives of a health
21		maintenance organization.
22	(4)	'Applicant' means any person who seeks to contract for insurance
23	` /	coverage other than a person seeking group insurance that is not
24		individually underwritten.
25	(5)	'Consumer report' means any written, oral, or other communication of
26	. ,	information bearing on a natural person's credit worthiness, credit
27		standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal
28		characteristics, or mode of living that is used or expected to be used in
29		connection with an insurance transaction.
30	(6)	'Consumer reporting agency' means any person who:
31	()	a. Regularly engages, in whole or in part, in the practice of
32		assembling or preparing consumer reports for a monetary fee;
33		b. Obtains information primarily from sources other than
34		insurance institutions; and
35		c. Furnishes consumer reports to other persons.
36	(7)	'Control,' including the terms 'controlled by' or 'under common control
37	(,)	with,' means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or
38		cause the direction of the management and policies of a person,
39		whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other
40		than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or
41		otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or
42		corporate office held by the person.
43	(8)	'Declination of insurance coverage' means a denial, in whole or in part,
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by an insurance institution or agent of requested insurance coverage.

(9) 'Individual' means any natural person who: 1 2 In the case of property or casualty insurance, is a past, present, 3 or proposed named insured or certificate holder; In the case of life or accident and health insurance, is a past, 4 b. 5 present, or proposed principal insured or certificate holder; 6 Is a past, present or proposed policy owner: c. 7 d. Is a past or present applicant; 8 Is a past or present claimant; or e. 9 f. Derived, derives, or is proposed to derive insurance coverage 10 under an insurance policy or certificate subject to this Article. 'Institutional source' means any person or governmental entity that (10)11 12 provides information about an individual to an agent, insurance institution, or insurance-support organization, other than: 13 14 An agent; 15 b. The individual who is the subject of the information; or 16 A natural person acting in a personal capacity rather than in a C. 17 business or professional capacity. 18 (11)'Insurance institution' means any corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal exchange, inter-insurer, Lloyd's insurer, fraternal benefit 19 20 society, or other person engaged in the business of insurance, 21 including health maintenance organizations and medical, surgical, hospital, dental, and optometric service plans, governed by Articles 65 22 23 through 67 of this Chapter. 'Insurance institution' shall not include 24 agents or insurance-support organizations. 'Insurance-support organization' means any person who regularly 25 (12)engages, in whole or in part, in the practice of assembling or collecting 26 27 information about natural persons for the primary purpose of providing the information to an insurance institution or agent for insurance 28 29 transactions, including: (i) the furnishing of consumer reports or 30 investigative consumer reports to an insurance institution or agent for use in connection with an insurance transaction; or (ii) the collection of 31 32 personal information from insurance institutions, agents, or other 33 insurance-support organizations for the purpose of detecting or preventing fraud, material misrepresentation, or material nondisclosure 34 35 in connection with insurance underwriting or insurance claim activity; 36 provided, however, the following persons shall not be considered 'insurance-support organizations' for purposes of this Article: agents, 37 38 institutions, insurance institutions, medical-care governmental institutions, and medical professionals. 39 'Insurance transaction' means any transaction involving insurance 40 (13)41 primarily for personal, family, or household needs rather than business 42 or professional needs that entails: 43 The determination of an individual's eligibility for an insurance

coverage, benefit, or payment; or

1 2		b. The servicing of an insurance application, policy, contract, or certificate.
3	(14)	'Investigative consumer report' means a consumer report or portion
4	(17)	thereof in which information about a natural person's character,
5		general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living is
6		obtained through personal interviews with the person's neighbors,
7		friends, associates, acquaintances, or others who may have knowledge
8		concerning such items of information.
9	(15)	'Life insurance' includes annuities.
10	(16)	'Medical-care institution' means any facility or institution that is
11	(10)	licensed to provide health care services to natural persons, including
12		but not limited to, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, home-health
13		agencies, medical clinics, rehabilitation agencies, public health
14		agencies, or health-maintenance organizations.
15		(17) 'Medical professional' means any person licensed or
16		certified to provide health care services to natural persons, including
17		but not limited to, a physician, dentist, nurse, chiropractor,
18		optometrist, physical or occupational therapist, psychiatric certified
19		clinical social worker, clinical dietitian, clinical psychologist,
20		pharmacist, or speech therapist.
21	(18)	'Medical-record information' means personal information that:
22	(10)	a. Relates to an individual's physical or mental condition, medical
23		history, or medical treatment; and
24		b. Is obtained from a medical professional or medical-care
25		institution, from the individual, or from the individual's spouse,
26		parent, or legal guardian.
27	(19)	'Personal information' means any individually identifiable information
28	(-)	gathered in connection with an insurance transaction from which
29		judgments can be made about an individual's character, habits,
30		avocations, finances, occupation, general reputation, credit, health, or
31		any other personal characteristics. 'Personal information' includes an
32		individual's name and address and medical-record information, but
33		does not include privileged information.
34	(20)	'Policyholder' means any person who:
35	(-)	a. In the case of individual property or casualty insurance, is a
36		present named insured;
37		b. In the case of individual life or accident and health insurance, is
38		a present policy owner; or
39		c. In the case of group insurance that is individually underwritten,
40		is a present group certificate holder.
41	(21)	'Pretext interview' means an interview whereby a person, in an attempt
42	\ /	to obtain information about a natural person, performs one or more of
43		the following acts:
44		a. Pretends to be someone he is not;
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Pretends to represent a person he is not in fact representing: 1 b. 2 Misrepresents the true purpose of the interview; or c. 3 d. Refuses to identify himself upon request. information' individually 4 (22)'Privileged means any identifiable 5 information that (i) relates to a claim for insurance benefits or a civil or 6 criminal proceeding involving an individual, and (ii) is collected in 7 connection with or in reasonable anticipation of a claim for insurance 8 benefits or civil or criminal proceeding involving an individual: 9 Provided, however, information otherwise meeting the requirements of 10 this subsection shall nevertheless be considered personal information under this Article if it is disclosed in violation of G.S. 58-39-75. 11 12 (23)'Residual market mechanism' means any reinsurance facility, joint 13 underwriting association, assigned risk plan, or other similar plan 14 established under the laws of this State. 15 (24)'Termination of insurance coverage' or 'termination of an insurance 16 policy' means either a cancellation or nonrenewal of an insurance 17 policy, in whole or in part, for any reason other than the failure to pay 18 a premium as required by the policy. 19 (25)'Unauthorized insurer' means an insurance institution that has not been granted a license by the Commissioner to transact the business of 20 21 insurance in this State." 22 Sec. 2. G.S. 58-50-30 reads as rewritten: 23 "§ 58-50-30. Discrimination forbidden; right to choose services of optometrist, 24 podiatrist, dentist-dentist, certified clinical social worker, or chiropractor. Discrimination between individuals of the same class in the amount of premiums or 25 rates charged for any policy of insurance covered by Articles 50 through 55 of this 26 27 Chapter, or in the benefits payable thereon, or in any of the terms or conditions of such policy, or in any other manner whatsoever, is prohibited. 28 29 Whenever any policy of insurance governed by Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter 30 provides for payment of or reimbursement for any service which is within the scope of 31 practice of of: a duly licensed optometrist, or optometrist; 32 (1) 33 a duly licensed podiatrist, or podiatrist; (2) 34 (3) a duly licensed dentist, or-dentist; 35 (4) a duly certified clinical social worker; or 36 (5) a duly licensed chiropractor, or chiropractor; or 37 a duly licensed practicing psychologist, (6) the insured or other persons entitled to benefits under such policy shall be entitled to 38 39 payment of or reimbursement for such services, whether such services be performed by 40 by: a duly licensed physician or physician; 41 (1)

a duly licensed optometrist, or optometrist; a duly licensed podiatrist, or podiatrist;

a duly licensed dentist or-dentist;

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a duly certified clinical social worker; 1 (5) 2 (6) a duly licensed chiropractor, or chiropractor; or 3 **(7)** a duly licensed practicing psychologist, notwithstanding any provision contained in such policy. 4 5 Whenever any policy of insurance governed by Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter 6 provides for certification of disability which is within the scope of practice of of: 7 a duly licensed physician, or physician; (1) 8 **(2)** a duly licensed optometrist, or-optometrist; 9 (3) a duly licensed podiatrist, or podiatrist; 10 (4) a duly licensed dentist, or dentist; (5) a duly certified social worker: 11 12 (6) a duly licensed chiropractor, or chiropractor; or a duly licensed practicing psychologist, 13 **(7)** 14 the insured or other persons entitled to benefits under such policy shall be entitled to 15 payment of or reimbursement for such disability whether such disability be certified by 16 by: 17 (1) a duly licensed physician, or physician; 18 <u>(2)</u> a duly licensed optometrist, or optometrist; a duly licensed podiatrist, or podiatrist; 19 (3) 20 a duly licensed dentist, or-dentist; (4) 21 (5) a duly certified social worker; a duly licensed chiropractor, or chiropractor; or 22 (6) 23 a duly licensed practicing psychologist. **(7)** 24 notwithstanding any provisions contained in such policy. The policyholder, insured, or beneficiary shall have the right to choose the provider 25 of such services notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any other statute. 26 27 For the purposes of this section, a 'duly licensed practicing psychologist' shall be defined to only include a psychologist who is duly licensed or certified in the State of 28 29 North Carolina and has a doctorate degree in psychology and at least two years clinical 30 experience in a recognized health setting, or has met the standards of the National Register of Health Providers in Psychology. 31 32 For the purposes of this section, a 'duly certified clinical social worker' is a 'certified and certified by the North clinical social worker' as defined in G.S. 90B-3(2) 33 Carolina Certification Board for Social Work pursuant to Chapter 90B of the General 34 35 Statutes." 36 Sec. 3. G.S. 135-40.7B(c) reads as rewritten: 37 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Part, the following providers are 38 authorized to provide necessary care and treatment for mental illness under this section: 39 licensed psychiatrists and doctors psychiatrists; (1) licensed or certified doctors of psychology; 40 (2) licensed or certified in their states of practice, certified clinical social 41 (3) 42 workers; psychiatric nurses ornurses; 43 (4) 44 (5) other social workers; or

1	<u>(6)</u>	psychological associates with a master's degree in psychology under
2		the direct employment and supervision of a licensed psychiatrist or
3		licensed or certified doctor of psychology, psychology;
4	<u>(7)</u>	licensed psychiatric hospitals and licensed general hospitals providing
5		psychiatric treatment programs programs; and
6	<u>(8)</u>	certified residential treatment facilities, community mental health
7		centers, and partial hospitalization facilities."
8		4. G.S. 135-40.7A(c) reads as rewritten:
9	* *	vithstanding any other provision of this Part, provisions for benefits for
10	-	and treatment of chemical dependency under this Part shall provide for
11		nts for the following providers of necessary care and treatment of
12	chemical deper	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13	(1)	The following units of a general hospital licensed under Article 5 of
14		General Statutes Chapter 131E:
15		a. Chemical dependency units in facilities licensed after October
16		1, 1984;
17		b. Medical units;
18	(2)	c. Psychiatric units; and
19	(2)	The following facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of
20		General Statutes Chapter 122C:
21		a. Chemical dependency units in psychiatric hospitals;
22		b. Chemical dependency hospitals;
23		c. Residential chemical dependency treatment facilities;
24		d. Social setting detoxification facilities or programs;
25	(2)	e. Medical detoxification facilities or programs; and
2627	(3)	Duly licensed physicians and duly licensed practicing psychologists
28		<u>psychologists</u> , <u>certified clinical social workers</u> , and certified professionals working under the direct supervision of such physicians
28 29		or psychologists in facilities described in (1) and (2) above and in
30		day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July
31		1, 1984, under Article 2 of General Statutes Chapter 122C.
32	Provided how	ever, that nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the Plan from requiring
33		effective treatment setting to be utilized by the person undergoing
34		and treatment for chemical dependency."
35		5. This act becomes effective October 1, 1993.
22	550.	5. IIII WOLDOWNIO SILOWITO COLUMN 1, 1775.