GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

EXTRA SESSION 1994

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SENATE BILL 110*

Short Title: CBA Law Change/Funds.

Sponsors: Senators Tally, Walker; Edwards, Ward, Gulley, and Harris.

Referred to: Juveniles/Prevention.

February 15, 1994

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE FOUNDATION OF

AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE FOUNDATION OF THE JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM THROUGH AN OUTCOME-BASED ENHANCEMENT OF THE COMMUNITY-BASED ALTERNATIVES PROGRAM AND TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 7A-289.13 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-289.13. Legislative intent.

The General Assembly hereby declares its intent to reduce the number of children committed by the courts for delinquency to institutions operated by the Division of Youth Development, Department of Human Resources or other State agencies. The primary intent of this Article is to provide a comprehensive plan for the development of community-based alternatives to training school commitment so that 'status offenders' (defined by this Article to include 'those juveniles guilty of offenses which would not be violations of the law if committed by an adult') may be eliminated from the youth development institutions of this State. Additionally it is the intent of this legislation to provide noninstitutional disposition options in any case before the juvenile court where such this disposition is deemed to be considered in the best interest of the child and the community.

The policy and intent of the General Assembly in delinquency prevention and community-based services can be summarized as follows:

(1) <u>Such—These programs should—shall</u> be planned and organized at the community level within the State, and <u>such—these planning efforts should-shall</u> include appropriate representation from local government,

1 local public and private agencies serving families and ehildren (both 2 public and private), children, local business leaders, citizens with an 3 interest in youth problems, youth representatives, and others as may be appropriate in a particular community. The role of the State should 4 5 shall be to provide technical assistance, access to funding, and 6 program information, and to assist local leadership in appropriate 7 planning. 8 As a prerequisite for receiving funding for Community-Based (1a) 9 Alternatives, each county shall appoint a Community-Based 10 Alternatives Youth Services Advisory Committee and shall update and revise the Committee's membership to ensure appropriate 11 12 representation. 13 (1b) The Community-Based Alternatives Youth Services Advisory 14 Committee required by subdivision (1a) of this section shall annually review the needs of troubled juveniles within its county, develop and 15 advertise a Request for Proposal process, and submit a written Plan of 16 Action for the expenditure of Community-Based Alternatives funds to 17 18 the county for its approval. Upon the county's authorization, the Plan shall be submitted to the Division of Youth Services for final approval 19 20 and subsequent implementation. The Division of Youth Services shall develop and implement uniform 21 (1c) standards for each county's Community-Based Alternatives Youth 22 23 Services Advisory Committee's annual certification and written 24 requirements for program planning including a standard format for the Request for Proposal. 25 When a child is adjudicated to be within the juvenile jurisdiction of the 26 (2) 27 district court court, such this child should be carefully evaluated through the available community-level resources (including resources, 28 29 including mental health, social services, public health and other 30 available medical services, public schools, and others as appropriate) other appropriate services, prior to the juvenile hearing dealing with 31 32 disposition so that the disposition of the court may be made with an 33 understanding of the needs of the child and after consideration of the resources available to meet these needs. 34 35 (3) It is contrary to the policy of the State for a court to separate a child 36 from his the child's own family or commit a child to an institution or 37 training school without a careful evaluation of the needs of the child. 38 **(4)** The General Assembly finds that State and local government should 39 shall be responsive to the need for community-based services which that would provide a viable alternative to commitment to an institution 40 41 or training school. The General Assembly intends that State 42 government should be responsive to this need through the Department

43 44 of Human Resources by helping public and private local groups to

plan, develop—develop, and fund community-based programs, both

- residential and nonresidential. It is recognized The General Assembly
 recognizes that such these efforts will require the cooperation of
 several major State departments in addition to Human Resources, such
 as the Department of Public Instruction, the Administrative Office of
 the Courts, and the Governor's Crime Commission. Commission of the
 Department of Crime Control and Public Safety.

 It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Secretary of the
 - (5) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Secretary of the Department of Human Resources develop a funding mechanism that will provide State support for programs that meet the standards as developed under the provisions of this Article."
 - Sec. 2. (a) There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Human Resources, Division of Youth Services, the sum of six million dollars (\$6,000,000) for the 1994-95 fiscal year to expand Community-Based Alternatives services.
 - (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that each county receiving these funds use the funds so as to maximize the needed local services for those juveniles identified by the county to be most at risk for commitment to training school. The Division of Youth Services shall allocate these funds as follows:
 - (1) \$1,000,000, considered as automatic expansion funds, divided equally among the 100 counties, at the rate of \$10,000 per county; and
 - \$5,000,000, considered as "merit" expansion, allocated among the counties based on their population of 10 to 17 year olds and on their willingness to submit to the Division of Youth Services a localized, strategic plan of action for enhancing interagency coordination and using Community-Based Alternatives more effectively.
 - The Division of Youth Services shall require that all counties that, in 1993, committed juveniles to training schools at rates that exceeded the overall State average submit to it a goal-specific plan to reduce their dependency of incarceration as a dispositional alternative.
 - (c) These funds shall be matched by each county as currently required by the Division of Youth Services.
 - Sec. 3. This act is effective upon ratification.