## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995
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HOUSE BILL 195

Short Title: Superior Ct. Judges by District.

Sponsors: House Committee on Judiciary I.

Referred to: Calendar pursuant to Rule 36(a).

February 15, 1995

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

## AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ELECTION OF SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
Section 1. Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 7A-41.2. Nomination and election of regular superior court judges.

Candidates for the office of regular superior court judge shall be both nominated and elected by the qualified voters of the superior court district for which the election is sought."

Sec. 2. G.S. $163-1$ is amended in the table by deleting the word "State" in the column entitled "Jurisdiction" under the entry for "Judges of the superior courts", and substituting "Superior Court District".

Sec. 3. G.S. 163-140(a) reads as rewritten:
"(a) Kinds of General Election Ballots; Right to Combine. - For purposes of general elections, there shall be seven kinds of official ballots entitled:
(1) Ballot for presidential electors
(2) Ballot for United States Senator
(3) Ballot for member of the United States House of Representatives
(4) State ballot
(5) County ballot
(6) Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 793, s. 56.
(7) Ballot for constitutional amendments and other propositions submitted to the people.
Use of official ballots shall be limited to the purposes indicated by their titles. The printing on all ballots shall be plain and legible but, unless large type is specified by this section, type larger than 10-point shall not be used in printing ballots. All general election ballots shall be prepared in such a way as to leave sufficient blank space beneath each name printed thereon in which a voter may conveniently write the name of any person for whom he may desire to vote.

Unless prohibited by this section, the board of elections, State or county, charged by law with printing ballots may, in its discretion, combine any two or more official ballots. Whenever two or more ballots are combined, the voting instructions for the State ballot set out in subsection (b)(4) of this section shall be used, except that if the two ballots being combined do not contain a multi-seat race, then the second sentence of instruction b. shall not appear on the ballot.

Contests in the general election for seats in the State House of Representatives and State Senate shall be on ballots that are separate from ballots containing non-legislative contests, except where the voting system used makes separation of ballots impractical. State House and State Senate contests shall be on the same ballot, unless one is a singleseat contest and the other a multi-seat contest.

If the State Board of Elections divides the State ballot into two or more ballots, all-All candidates for superior court shall appear on the same ballot except that the State Board of Elections-appropriate board of elections may divide the election of superior court judges into two ballots either because of length of the ballot or-to provide a separate ballot for multi-seat races but only superior court judges shall be on those ballots, and all candidates for the Appellate Division shall appear on the same ballot."

Sec. 4. G.S. 163-140(b)(4) reads as rewritten:
"(4) State Ballot: Beneath the title and general instructions set out in this subsection, the ballot for single-seat contests for State officers, and for all State officers where mechanical voting machines are used (ineluding judges of the superior court)-shall be divided into parallel columns separated by distinct black lines. The State Board of Elections shall assign a separate column to each political party having candidates for State offices and one to unaffiliated candidates, if any. At the head of each party column the party's name shall be printed in large type, and at the head of the column for unaffiliated candidates shall be printed in large type the words 'Unaffiliated Candidates.' Below the party name in each column shall be printed a circle, one-half inch in diameter, around which shall be plainly printed the following instruction: 'For a straight ticket, mark within this circle.' With distinct black lines, the State Board of Elections shall divide the columns into horizontal sections and, in the customary order of office, assign a separate section to each office or
group of offices to be filled. On a single line at the top of each section shall be printed a direction as to the number of candidates for whom a vote may be cast. If candidates are to be chosen for different terms to the same office, the term in each instance shall be printed as part of the title of the office.

The name or names of each political party's candidate or candidates for each office listed on the ballot shall be printed in the appropriate office section of the proper party column, and the names of unaffiliated candidates shall be printed in the appropriate office section of the column headed 'Unaffiliated Candidates.' At the left of each name shall be printed a voting square, and in each column all voting squares shall be arranged in a perpendicular line.
On the face of the ballot, above the party and unaffiliated column division, the following instructions shall be printed in heavy black type, and the words 'you must also' in instruction c. shall be underlined:
'a. To vote for all candidates of one party (a straight ticket), make a cross (X) mark in the circle of the party for whose candidates you wish to vote.
b. You may vote a split ticket by not marking a cross (X) mark in the party circle, but by making a cross ( X ) mark in the square opposite the name of each candidate for whom you wish to vote.
c. You may also vote a split ticket by marking a cross (X) mark in the party circle and then making a cross ( X ) mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate you choose of a different party. In any multi-seat race where a party circle is marked and you vote for candidates of another party, you must also make a cross (X) mark opposite the name of any candidate you choose of the party for which you marked the party circle to assure your vote will count.
d. If you tear or deface or wrongly mark this ballot, return it and get another.'
On the bottom of the ballot shall be printed an identified facsimile of the signature of the Chairman of the State Board of Elections. If the State ballot contains no multi-seat race, then the second sentence of instruction $b$. shall not appear on the ballot."
Sec. 5. G.S. 163-140(b)(5) reads as rewritten:
"(5) County Ballot: Beneath the title and general instructions set out in this subsection, the ballot for single-seat contests for county officers (including district attorney for the prosecutorial district in which the county is situated, district judge for the district court district in which the county is situated, regular resident superior court judge for the
superior court district in which the county or part thereof is situated, and members of the General Assembly in the senatorial and representative districts in which the county is situated), and for all county offices where mechanical voting machines are used, shall be divided into parallel columns separated by distinct black lines. The county board of elections shall assign a separate column to each political party having candidates for the offices on the ballot and one to unaffiliated candidates, if any. At the head of each party column the party's name shall be printed in large type and at the head of the column for unaffiliated candidates shall be printed in large type the words 'Unaffiliated Candidates.' Below the party name in each column shall be printed a circle, one-half inch in diameter, around which shall be plainly printed the following instruction: 'For a straight ticket, mark within this circle.' With distinct black lines, the county board of elections shall divide the columns into horizontal sections and, in the customary order of office, assign a separate section to each office or group of offices to be filled. On a single line at the top of each section shall be printed the title of the office, and directly below the title shall be printed a direction as to the number of candidates for whom a vote may be cast. If candidates are to be chosen for different terms to the same office, the term in each instance shall be printed as part of the title of the office.

The name or names of each political party's candidate or candidates for each office listed on the ballot shall be printed in the appropriate office section of the proper party column, and the names of unaffiliated candidates shall be printed in the appropriate office section of the column headed 'Unaffiliated Candidates.' At the left of each name shall be printed a voting square, and in each column all voting squares shall be arranged in a perpendicular line.
On the face of the ballot, above the party and unaffiliated column division, the following instructions shall be printed in heavy black type, and the words 'you must also' in instruction c. shall be underlined:
'a. To vote for all candidates of one party (a straight ticket), make a cross (X) mark in the circle of the party for whose candidates you wish to vote.
b. You may vote a split ticket by not marking a cross (X) mark in the party circle, but by making a cross (X) mark in the square opposite the name of each candidate for whom you wish to vote.
c. You may also vote a split ticket by marking a cross (X) mark in the party circle and then making a cross ( X ) mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate you choose of a different party. In any multi-seat race where a party circle is marked and
you vote for candidates of another party, you must also make a cross (X) mark opposite the name of any candidate you choose of the party for which you marked the party circle to assure your vote will count.
d. If you tear or deface or wrongly mark this ballot, return it and get another.'
On the bottom of the ballot shall be printed an identified facsimile of the signature of the chairman of the county board of elections. If the county ballot contains no multi-seat race, then the second sentence of instruction $b$. shall not appear on the ballot."
Sec. 6. G.S. 163-192 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 163-192. State Board of Elections to prepare abstracts and declare results of primaries and elections.

(a) After Primary. - At the conclusion of its canvass of the primary election, the State Board of Elections shall prepare separate abstracts of the votes cast:
(1) For Governor and all State officers, justices of the Supreme Court, judges of the Court of Appeals, judges of the superior court, and United States Senators.
(2) For members of the United States House of Representatives for the several congressional districts in the State.
(3) For district court judges for the several district court districts in the State.
(3a) For superior court judges for the several superior court districts in the State.
(4) For district attorney in the several prosecutorial districts in the State.
(5) For State Senators in the several senatorial districts in the State composed of more than one county.
(6) For members of the State House of Representatives in the several representative districts in the State composed of more than one county.
Abstracts prepared by the State Board of Elections under this subsection shall state the total number of votes cast for each candidate of each political party for each of the various offices canvassed by the State Board of Elections. They shall also state the name or names of the person or persons whom the State Board of Elections shall ascertain and judicially determine by the count to be nominated for each office.

Abstracts prepared under this subsection shall be signed by the members of the State Board of Elections in their official capacity and shall have the great seal of the State affixed thereto.
(b) After General Election. - At the conclusion of its canvass of the general election, the State Board of Elections shall prepare abstracts of the votes cast:
(1) For President and Vice-President of the United States, when an election is held for those offices.
(2) For Governor and all State officers, justices of the Supreme Court, judges of the Court of Appeals, judges of the superior court, and United States Senators.
(3) For members of the United States House of Representatives for the several congressional districts in the State.
(4) For district court judges for the several district court districts as defined in G.S. 7A-133 in the State.
(4a) For superior court judges for the several superior court districts in the State.
(5) For district attorney in the several prosecutorial districts in the State.
(6) For State Senators in the several senatorial districts in the State composed of more than one county.
(7) For members of the State House of Representatives in the several representative districts in the State composed of more than one county.
(8) For and against any constitutional amendments or propositions submitted to the people.
Abstracts prepared by the State Board of Elections under this subsection shall state the names of all persons voted for, the office for which each received votes, and the number of legal ballots cast for each candidate for each office canvassed by the State Board of Elections. They shall also state the name or names of the person or persons whom the State Board of Elections shall ascertain and judicially determine by the count to be elected to each office.

Abstracts prepared under this subsection shall be signed by the members of the State Board of Elections in their official capacity and shall have the great seal of the State affixed thereto.
(c) Disposition of Abstracts of Returns. - The State Board of Elections shall file with the Secretary of State the original abstracts of returns prepared by it under the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, and also the duplicate county abstracts transmitted to the State Board of Elections under the provisions of G.S. 163177. Upon the request of the Legislative Services Office, the Secretary of State shall submit a copy of the original abstracts to that Office."

Sec. 7. This act is effective upon ratification.

