GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995

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HOUSE BILL 232 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/9/95

Short Title: Victims' Rights Changes. (Public)	
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
	February 21, 1995
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
	MAKE VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENTS AND PLEA BARGAINING
	ATION FOR VICTIMS MANDATORY IN ALL FELONY CASES.
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
	tion 1. Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
section to read	
	Victim impact statement; plea bargaining information.
1 1	each victim of a felony crime within a district attorney's jurisdiction, the
district attorne	Prepare a victim impact statement for consideration by the court.
$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Provide information to the victim prior to trial about plea bargaining
<u>(2)</u>	procedures and inform the victim that the district attorney may
	recommend a plea bargain to the court.
<u>(3)</u>	Make a reasonable effort to notify the victim of the terms of a plea
(2)	bargain agreement between the State and the defendant before the plea
	is taken.

This section shall not apply if the victim requests not to receive the treatment and

information listed in this section.

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a cause of action for failure to comply with its requirements."

Sec. 2. G.S. 15A-825 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-825. Treatment due victims and witnesses.

To the extent reasonably possible and subject to available resources, the employees of law-enforcement agencies, the prosecutorial system, the judicial system, and the correctional system should make a reasonable effort to assure that each victim and witness within their jurisdiction:

- (1) Is provided information regarding immediate medical assistance when needed and is not detained for an unreasonable length of time before having such assistance administered.
- (2) Is provided information about available protection from harm and threats of harm arising out of cooperation with law-enforcement prosecution efforts, and receives such protection.
- (2a) Is provided information that testimony as to one's home address is not relevant in every case, and that the victim or witness may request the district attorney to raise an objection should he/she deem it appropriate to this line of questioning in the case at hand.
- (3) Has any stolen or other personal property expeditiously returned by law-enforcement agencies when it is no longer needed as evidence, and its return would not impede an investigation or prosecution of the case. When feasible, all such property, except weapons, currency, contraband, property subject to evidentiary analysis, and property whose ownership is disputed, should be photographed and returned to the owner within a reasonable period of time of being recovered by law-enforcement officials.
- (4) Is provided appropriate employer intercession services to seek the employer's cooperation with the criminal justice system and minimize the employee's loss of pay and other benefits resulting from such cooperation whenever possible.
- (5) Is provided, whenever practical, a secure waiting area during court proceedings that does not place the victim or witness in close proximity to defendants and families or friends of defendants.
- (6) Is informed of the procedures to be followed to apply for and receive any appropriate witness fees or victim compensation.
- (6a) Is informed of the right to be present throughout the entire trial of the defendant, subject to the right of the court to sequester witnesses.
- (7) Is given the opportunity to be present during the final disposition of the case or is informed of the final disposition of the case, if he has requested to be present or be informed.
- (8) Is notified, whenever possible, that a court proceeding to which he has been subpoenaed will not occur as scheduled.
- (9) Has a victim impact statement prepared for consideration by the court.

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- (9a) Prior to trial, is provided information about plea bargaining procedures and is told that the district attorney may recommend a plea bargain to the court.
 - (10) Is informed that civil remedies may be available and that statutes of limitation apply in civil cases.
 - (11) Upon the victim's written request, is notified before a proceeding is held at which the release of the offender from custody is considered, if the crime for which the offender was placed in custody is a Class G or more serious felony.
 - (12) Upon the victim's written request, is notified if the offender escapes from custody or is released from custody, if the crime for which the offender was placed in custody is a Class G or more serious felony.
 - (13) Has family members of a homicide victim offered all the guarantees in this section, except those in subdivision (1).

Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a cause of action for failure to comply with its requirements."

Sec. 3. G.S. 15-190 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15-190. Person or persons to be designated by warden to execute sentence; supervision of execution; who shall be present.

Some guard or guards or other reliable person or persons to be named and designated by the warden from time to time shall cause the person, convict or felon against whom the death sentence has been so pronounced to be executed as provided by this Article and all amendments thereto. The execution shall be under the general supervision and control of the warden of the penitentiary, who shall from time to time, in writing, name and designate the guard or guards or other reliable person or persons who shall cause the person, convict or felon against whom the death sentence has been pronounced to be executed as provided by this Article and all amendments thereto. At such execution there shall be present the warden or deputy warden or some person designated by the warden in his stead; stead, the surgeon or physician of the penitentiary penitentiary, and six respectable eitizens, citizens, the The counsel and any relatives of such person, convict or felon and a minister or ministers of the gospel may be present if they so desire, desire. Two relatives of the victim or victims for whose murder the person being executed was convicted may be present. If more than two relatives of the victim or victims wish to be present, the warden will select the relatives that will attend. and the The board of directors of the penitentiary may provide for and pay the fee for each execution not to exceed thirty-five dollars (\$35.00)."

Sec. 4. Sections 1 and 2 of this act become effective December 1, 1995. The remainder of this act is effective upon ratification and applies to executions carried out on or after the effective date.