

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995

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HOUSE BILL 307*

Short Title: Expand Homestead Exemption.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives McAllister; Adams, Buchanan, and Wainwright.

Referred to: Finance.

February 23, 1995

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO EXPAND THE PROPERTY TAX HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR
LOW-INCOME ELDERLY AND DISABLED INDIVIDUALS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 105-277.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-277.1. Property classified for taxation at reduced valuation.

(a) Exclusion. – The following class of property is designated a special class of property under Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North Carolina Constitution and shall be assessed for taxation in accordance with this section. The first ~~fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)~~ twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in appraised value of a permanent residence owned and occupied by a qualifying owner is excluded from taxation. A qualifying owner is an owner who meets all of the following requirements as of January 1 preceding the taxable year for which the benefit is claimed:

(1) Is at least 65 years of age or totally and permanently disabled.

(2) Has an income for the preceding calendar year of not more than ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000)~~ fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).

(3) Is a North Carolina resident.

An otherwise qualifying owner does not lose the benefit of this exclusion because of a temporary absence from his or her permanent residence for reasons of health, or because

1 of an extended absence while confined to a rest home or nursing home, so long as the
2 residence is unoccupied or occupied by the owner's spouse or other dependent.

3 (b) Definitions. – When used in this section, the following definitions shall apply:

4 (1) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code, as defined in G.S. 105-228.90.

5 (1a) Income. – Adjusted gross income, as defined in section 62 of the Code,
6 plus all other moneys received from every source other than gifts or
7 inheritances received from a spouse, lineal ancestor, or lineal
8 descendant. For married applicants residing with their spouses, the
9 income of both spouses must be included, whether or not the property is
10 in both names.

11 (1b) Owner. – A person who holds legal or equitable title, whether
12 individually, as a tenant by the entirety, a joint tenant, or a tenant in
13 common, or as the holder of a life estate or an estate for the life of
14 another. A manufactured home jointly owned by husband and wife is
15 considered property held by the entirety.

16 (2) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 360, s. 1.

17 (2a) Repealed by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 982, s. 20.

18 (3) Permanent residence. – A person's legal residence. It includes the
19 dwelling, the dwelling site, not to exceed one acre, and related
20 improvements. The dwelling may be a single family residence, a unit in
21 a multi-family residential complex, or a manufactured home.

22 (4) Totally and permanently disabled. – A person is totally and permanently
23 disabled if the person has a physical or mental impairment that
24 substantially precludes him or her from obtaining gainful employment
25 and appears reasonably certain to continue without substantial
26 improvement throughout his or her life.

27 (c) Application. – An application for the exclusion provided by this section should
28 be filed during the regular listing period, but may be filed and must be accepted at any
29 time up to and through April 15 preceding the tax year for which the exclusion is
30 claimed. When property is owned by two or more persons other than husband and wife
31 and one or more of them qualifies for this exclusion, each owner shall apply separately
32 for his or her proportionate share of the exclusion.

33 (1) Elderly Applicants. – Persons 65 years of age or older may apply for
34 this exclusion by entering the appropriate information on a form made
35 available by the assessor under G.S. 105-282.1.

36 (2) Disabled Applicants. – Persons who are totally and permanently
37 disabled may apply for this exclusion by (i) entering the appropriate
38 information on a form made available by the assessor under G.S. 105-
39 282.1 and (ii) furnishing acceptable proof of their disability. The proof
40 shall be in the form of a certificate from a physician licensed to practice
41 medicine in North Carolina or from a governmental agency authorized
42 to determine qualification for disability benefits. After a disabled
43 applicant has qualified for this classification, he or she shall not be

1 required to furnish an additional certificate unless the applicant's
2 disability is reduced to the extent that the applicant could no longer be
3 certified for the taxation at reduced valuation.

4 (d) Multiple Ownership. – A permanent residence owned and occupied by
5 husband and wife as tenants by the entirety is entitled to the full benefit of this exclusion
6 notwithstanding that only one of them meets the age or disability requirements of this
7 section. When a permanent residence is owned and occupied by two or more persons
8 other than husband and wife and one or more of the owners qualifies for this exclusion,
9 each qualifying owner is entitled to the full amount of the exclusion not to exceed his or
10 her proportionate share of the valuation of the property. No part of an exclusion available
11 to one co-owner may be claimed by any other co-owner and in no event may the total
12 exclusion allowed for a permanent residence exceed ~~fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)~~ the
13 exclusion amount provided in this section."

14 Sec. 2. G.S. 105-309(f) reads as rewritten:

15 "(f) The following information shall appear on each abstract or on an information
16 sheet distributed with the abstract. The abstract or sheet must include the address and
17 telephone number of the assessor below the notice required by this subsection. The
18 notice shall read as follows:

19
20 **'PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR ELDERLY AND**
21 **PERMANENTLY DISABLED PERSONS.**
22

23 North Carolina excludes from property taxes the first ~~fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)~~
24 twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in appraised value of a permanent residence owned
25 and occupied by North Carolina residents aged 65 or older or totally and permanently
26 disabled whose income does not exceed ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000)~~ fifteen thousand
27 dollars (\$15,000). Income means the owner's adjusted gross income as determined for
28 federal income tax purposes, plus all moneys received other than gifts or inheritances
29 received from a spouse, lineal ancestor or lineal descendant.

30 If you received this exclusion in (assessor insert previous year), you do not need to
31 apply again unless you have changed your permanent residence. If you received the
32 exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) and your income in (assessor insert previous
33 year) was above ~~eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000)~~ fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), you
34 must notify the assessor. If you received the exclusion in (assessor insert previous year)
35 because you were totally and permanently disabled and you are no longer totally and
36 permanently disabled, you must notify the assessor. If the person receiving the exclusion
37 in (assessor insert previous year) has died, the person required by law to list the property
38 must notify the assessor. Failure to make any of the notices required by this paragraph
39 before April 15 will result in penalties and interest.

40 If you did not receive the exclusion in (assessor insert previous year) but are now
41 eligible, you may obtain a copy of an application from the assessor. It must be filed by
42 April 15."

1 Sec. 3. This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on
2 or after July 1, 1996.