#### **SESSION 1995**

SENATE BILL 345

Pensions and Retirement/Insurance/State Personnel Committee Substitute Adopted 5/10/95 Third Edition Engrossed 5/11/95

House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/8/95 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/15/95 House Committee Substitute #3 Favorable 7/1/95 Corrected Copy 7/5/95 Corrected Copy 7/12/95 House Committee Substitute #4 Favorable 7/12/95 House Committee Substitute #5 Favorable 7/19/95 Eleventh Edition Engrossed 7/27/95

Short Title: Insurance Omnibus Changes/AB.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 9, 1995

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES TO THE INSURANCE LAWS.
3	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
4	Section 1. G.S. 58-2-131(f) reads as rewritten:
5	"(f) Instead of examining any foreign or alien insurer licensed in this State, the
-	

Commissioner may accept an examination report on that insurer prepared by the insurer's
 <u>domiciliary</u> insurance regulator until January 1, 1994. Thereafter, reports may only be
 accepted if regulator. In making a determination to accept the domiciliary insurance

9 regulator's report, the Commissioner may consider whether (i) the insurance regulator

(Public)

S

was at the time of the examination accredited under NAIC Financial Regulation 1 2 Standards and Accreditation Program, or (ii) the examination is performed under the 3 supervision of an NAIC-accredited insurance regulator or with the participation of one or 4 more examiners who are employed by the regulator and who, after a review of the 5 examination work papers and report, state under oath that the examination was performed 6 in a manner consistent with the standards and procedures required by the regulator." 7 Sec. 2. Article 2 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a 8 new section to read: 9 "§ 58-2-171. Oualifications of actuaries. 10 The Commissioner may adopt rules setting forth requisite qualifications of consulting actuaries for the sole purpose of qualifying them to certify financial statements filed and 11 rate filings made by entities under this Chapter as to the actuarial validity of those filings. 12 The qualifications shall be commensurate with the degree of complexity of the actuarial 13 14 principles applicable to the various statements filed or rate filings made. Nothing in this section affects the scope of practice or the professional qualifications of actuaries." 15 Sec. 3. G.S. 58-3-90 reads as rewritten: 16 17 "§ 58-3-90. Revocation-Revocation, suspension, or restriction of license of foreign 18 company; publication of notice. 19 (a) If the Commissioner is of the opinion, Commissioner, upon examination or other 20 evidence, makes a written finding of fact that a foreign insurance company is in an 21 unsound financial condition; or, if a life insurance company, that its actual funds, exclusive of its capital, are less than its liabilities; or that the company has failed to 22 23 comply with the statutes, rules, or orders applicable to it; or if the company, its officers, 24 employees, agents, or other representatives refuse to submit to examination or to perform any legal obligation in relation to an examination, he the Commissioner shall revoke or 25 suspend all licenses and authority to do business granted to the company or its agents, 26 and shall give written notification of the revocation or suspension to all of the company's 27 agents in this State; and no new business may thereafter be done by the company or its agents in 28 29 this State until the company's license and authority to do business is restored by the 30 Until the Commissioner restores the company's license and Commissioner. State. authority to do business in this State, neither the company nor its agents shall do any new 31 business in this State. 32 33 (b) The Commissioner may, after considering the standards under G.S. 58-30-34 60(b), restrict a foreign insurer's license by prohibiting or limiting the kind or amount of insurance written by that insurer in this State. The Commissioner shall remove any 35 restriction under this subsection once the Commissioner determines that the operations of 36 the insurer are no longer hazardous to the public or to the insurer's policyholders or 37 creditors." 38 39 Sec. 3.1. G.S. 58-3-170 reads as rewritten: "§ 58-3-170. Requirements for maternity coverage. 40 Every entity providing a health benefit plan that provides maternity coverage 41 (a) in this State shall provide benefits for the necessary care and treatment related to 42

43 maternity that are no less favorable than benefits for physical illness generally.

(b) A health benefit plan that provides maternity coverage shall provide coverage for
 inpatient care for a mother and her newly-born child for a minimum of forty-eight (48)
 hours after vaginal delivery and a minimum of ninety-six (96) hours after delivery by
 caesarean section.

5 (b) (c) As used in this section, 'health benefit plans' means accident and health 6 insurance policies or certificates; nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation 7 contracts; health, hospital, or medical service corporation plan contracts; health 8 maintenance organization (HMO) subscriber contracts; and plans provided by a MEWA 9 or plans provided by other benefit arrangements, to the extent permitted by ERISA."

10

Sec. 4. G.S. 58-7-30 reads as rewritten:

# 11 "§ 58-7-30. Insolvency of ceding insurer; exceptions. exceptions; written reinsurance 12 agreements.

13 (a) No credit shall be allowed, as an admitted asset or as a deduction from liability, 14 to any ceding insurer for reinsurance, unless the reinsurance is payable by the assuming 15 insurer, on the basis of claims allowed against the ceding insurer under the contract or contracts reinsured without diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding insurer, 16 17 directly to the ceding insurer or to its domiciliary receiver except (1) where the contract 18 specifically provides for another payee of the reinsurance in the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer or (2) where the assuming insurer, with the consent of the direct 19 20 insured or insureds, has assumed the policy obligations of the ceding insurer as direct 21 obligations of the assuming insurer to the payees under the policies and in substitution of 22 the obligations of the ceding insurer to the payees.

23 No credit shall be allowed, as an admitted asset or as a deduction from liability, (b) 24 to any ceding insurer for reinsurance, unless the reinsurance is documented by a policy. certificate, treaty, or other form of agreement that is properly executed by an authorized 25 officer of the assuming insurer. If the reinsurance is ceded through an underwriting 26 manager or agent, the manager or agent shall provide to the domestic ceding insurer 27 evidence of the manager or agent's authority to assume reinsurance for and on behalf of 28 the assuming insurer. The evidence shall consist of either an acceptable letter of 29 authority executed by an authorized officer of the assuming insurer or a copy of the 30 actual agency agreement between the underwriting manager or agent and the assuming 31 32 insurer; and the evidence shall be specific as to the classes of business within the authority and as to the term of the authority. If there is any conflict between this 33 34 subsection and Article 9 of this Chapter, the provisions of Article 9 govern."

35

Sec. 5. G. S. 58-12-30 reads as rewritten:

36 "**§ 58-12-30. Hearings.** 

Upon (i) notification to an insurer by the Commissioner of an adjusted risk-based capital report; or (ii) notification to an insurer by the Commissioner that the insurer's riskbased capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan is unsatisfactory, and the notification constitutes a regulatory action level event with respect to the insurer; or (iii) notification to any insurer by the Commissioner that the insurer has failed to adhere to its risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan and that the failure has a substantial adverse effect on the ability of the insurer to eliminate the company action level event with

1	respect to the insurer in accordance with its risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based
2	capital plan; or (iv) notification to an insurer by the Commissioner of a Corrective Order
3	<u>corrective order</u> with respect to the insurer, the insurer has a right to a <u>confidential</u>
4	hearing, at which the insurer may challenge any determination or action by the
5	Commissioner. The insurer shall notify the Commissioner of its request for a hearing
6	within five days after the notification by the Commissioner under this section. Upon
7	receipt of the insurer's request for a hearing, the Commissioner shall set a date for the
8	hearing, which hearing; the date shall be no less than 10 days nor more than 30 days after
9	the date of the insurer's request."
10	Sec. 6. G.S. 58-16-5(3) is repealed.
11	Sec. 7. Article 16 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
12	a new section to read:
13	" <u>§ 58-16-6. Conditions of continued licensure.</u>
14	In order for a foreign insurance company to continue to be licensed, it shall report any
15	changes in the documents filed under G.S. 58-16-5(1) or G.S. 58-16-5(5), maintain the
16	amounts of capital and surplus specified in G.S. 58-16-5(2), and remain in substantial
17	compliance with the statutes listed in G.S. 58-16-5(6) and G.S. 58-16-5(7)."
18	Sec. 8. G.S. 58-16-30 reads as rewritten:
19	"§ 58-16-30. Service of legal process upon Commissioner.
20	As an alternative to service of legal process under the provisions of Rule 4 of the Rules
21	of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4, the service of such process upon any insurance
22	company or any foreign or alien entity licensed or admitted and authorized to do business
23	in this State under the provisions of Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter may be made by
24	the sheriff or any other person delivering and leaving a copy of such the process in the
25	office of the Commissioner with a deputy or any other person duly appointed by the
26	Commissioner for such purpose that purpose; or acceptance of service of such the process
27	may be made by the Commissioner or such-a duly appointed deputydeputy or person.
28	Service may also be made by mailing a copy of the summons and of the complaint,
29	registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the Commissioner. As
30	a condition precedent to a valid service of process under this section, the party obtaining
31	such service shall pay to the Commissioner at the time of service or acceptance of service
32	the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00), which such the party shall recover as part of the taxable
33	costs if he the party prevails in his the action."
34	Sec. 9. G.S. 58-19-5(2) reads as rewritten:
35	"(2) 'Control', including the terms 'controlling', 'controlled by', and 'under
36	common control with', means the direct or indirect possession of the
37	power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of
38	a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by
39	contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement
40	services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position
41	with or corporate office held by the person. otherwise. Control is presumed
42	to exist if any person directly or indirectly owns, controls, holds with
43	the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, ten percent (10%) or

1		more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption
2		may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by G.S. 58-
3		19-25(j) that control does not exist in fact. The Commissioner may
4		determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity
5		to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support such
6		determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of
7		a presumption to that effect."
8		Sec. 10. G.S. 58-19-5(5) reads as rewritten:
9		"(5) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, joint
10		stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, or any similar entity
11		or any combination of the foregoing acting in concert. 'Person' does not
12		include any joint venture partnership exclusively engaged in owning,
13		managing, leasing, or developing real or tangible personal property."
14		Sec. 11. G.S. 58-19-15(a) reads as rewritten:
15	"(a)	No person other than the issuer shall make a tender offer for or a request or
	• • • • • •	

16 invitation for tenders of, or enter into any agreement to exchange securities, or seek to acquire, or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a domestic 17 insurer, if, after the consummation thereof, such-the person would, directly or indirectly 18 19 (or by conversion or by exercise of any right to acquire), be in control of such-the insurer, 20 and no person shall enter into an agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control 21 of a domestic insurer or any person controlling a domestic insurer unless such-the offer, 22 request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition is conditioned upon the approval of the Commissioner <del>pursuant to</del>-under this section. No such merger or other acquisition of 23 24 control shall be is effective until a statement containing the information required by this 25 section has been filed with the Commissioner and all other provisions of this section have been complied with and the merger or acquisition of control has been approved by the 26 27 Commissioner <del>pursuant to</del>-under this section. The statement containing the information required by this section shall also be filed with the domestic insurer at the time-when it is 28 29 filed with the Commissioner.

30 (a1) For the purposes of this section a 'domestic insurer' includes any person 31 controlling a domestic insurer. Further, for the purposes of this section, 'person' does not 32 include any securities broker holding, in the usual and customary broker's function, less 33 than twenty percent (20%) of the voting securities of an insurance company or of any 34 person that controls an insurance company."

- Sec. 12. G.S. 58-19-15 is further amended by adding two new subsections to read:
- 37 "(a2) Any acquisition of control of a domestic insurer must be completed not later 38 than 90 days after the date of the Commissioner's order approving the acquisition under 39 this section, unless the Commissioner grants an extension in writing on a showing of 40 good cause for the delay. Any increase in a company's capital and surplus required under 41 this Article as a result of the change of control of a domestic insurer must be completed 42 not later than 90 days after the date of the Commissioner's order approving the change of 43 control and before the company writes any new insurance business.

1	(a3) If the	e deadlines for completion in subsection (a2) of this section are not met,
2		ing to acquire control of the domestic insurer must resubmit the statement
3	required by sub	section (b) of this section, and the Commissioner may reconsider approval
4	of acquisition of	f control under this section."
5	Sec. 1	13. G.S. 58-30-180(b)(1) reads as rewritten:
6	"(1)	Reserving amounts for the payment of expenses of administration and
7		the payment of claims of secured creditors, to the extent of the value of
8		the security held, and claims falling within the priorities established in
9		G.S. 58-30-220(1) and <del>(2); (4);</del> ".
10	Sec. 1	14. G.S. 58-30-220 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 58-30-220. 1	Priority of distribution.
12	The priority	of distribution of claims from the insurer's estate shall be in accordance
13	with the order i	in which each class of claims is set forth in this section. Every claim in
14	each class shall	be paid in full or adequate funds shall be retained for payment before the
15	members of the	e next class receive any payment. No subcategories shall be established
16	within the categ	ories in a class. The order of distribution of claims shall be:
17	(1)	Claims for cost of The receiver's expenses for the administration and
18		conservation of assets of the insurer.
19	(2)	Compensation actually owing to employees other than officers of the
20		insurer for services rendered within three months prior to the
21		commencement of a delinquency proceeding against the insurer under
22		this Article, but not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each
23		employee. In the discretion of the Commissioner, this compensation
24		may be paid as soon as practicable after the proceeding has been
25		commenced. This priority is in lieu of any other similar priority that
26		may be authorized by law as to wages or compensation of those
27		employees.
28	<del>(3)</del> -	Claims or portions of claims for benefits under policies and for losses
29		incurred, including claims of third parties under liability policies; <u>claims</u>
30		for unearned premiums; claims for funds or consideration held under
31		funding agreements, as defined in G.S. 58-7-16; claims under life
32		insurance and annuity policies, whether for death proceeds, annuity
33		proceeds, or investment values; and claims of domestic and foreign
34		guaranty associations; associations, including claims for the reasonable
35		administrative expenses of domestic and foreign guaranty associations;
36		but excluding claims of insurance pools, underwriting associations, or
37		those arising out of reinsurance agreements, claims of other insurers for
38		subrogation, and claims of insurers for payments and settlements under
39		uninsured and underinsured motorist coverages.
40	<u>(3)</u>	Claims of the federal or any state or local government or taxing
41		authority, including claims for taxes.
42	(4)	Claims for unearned premiums. Compensation actually owing to
43		employees other than officers of the insurer for services rendered within

1	three months before the commencement of a delinguancy proceeding
1 2	three months before the commencement of a delinquency proceeding against the insurer under this Article, but not exceeding one thousand
3	dollars (\$1,000) for each employee. In the discretion of the
4	<u>Commissioner, this compensation may be paid as soon as practicable</u>
5	after the proceeding has been commenced. This priority is in lieu of any
6	other similar priority that may be authorized by law as to wages or
7	compensation of those employees.
8	(5) Claims of general creditors, including claims of insurance pools,
9	underwriting associations, or those arising out of reinsurance
10	agreements; claims of other insurers for subrogation; and claims of
11	insurers for payments and settlements under uninsured and underinsured
12	motorist coverages."
13	Sec. 15. Article 31 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
14	adding a new section to read:
15	"§ 58-31-52. State motor vehicle safety program.
16	(a) <u>Findings, Policy, and Purpose. – Motor vehicle accidents exact a terrible toll of</u>
17	human tragedy and suffering as well as national resources within the United States. The
18	same is true, on a smaller scale, within North Carolina State government. Every year
19	State employees or members of the general public are killed or injured, and a significant
20	portion of the State's financial resources is expended as a direct result of accidents
21	involving State-owned vehicles. Accordingly, it is North Carolina policy that the State-
22	owned motor vehicle fleet and vehicles used on behalf of the State be operated and
23	maintained in such a manner as to minimize deaths, injuries, and costs. The purpose of
24	this section is to direct the Commissioner of Insurance to develop a program to provide
25 26	policy, requirements, procedures, technical information, and standards for administering
26 27	a State vehicle safety program which will apply to all State personnel involved in the
27 28	administration and operation of vehicles on behalf of the State.
28 29	(b) <u>The Commissioner shall develop and adopt a State motor vehicle safety</u> program to assure that State-owned motor vehicles are operated and maintained in a safe
29 30	manner.
31	(c) In developing the program, the Commissioner shall include the following:
32	(1) Basic criteria concerning qualifications, screening, and education of
33	drivers.
34	(2) Required and prohibited driving practices.
35	(3) Safety maintenance requirements.
36	(4) Accident reporting and review procedures.
37	(d) The requirements and procedures established under the program apply to all
38	agencies and persons operating vehicles on behalf of the State, unless specifically
39	exempted by the Commissioner. Agencies may adopt more stringent requirements and
40	procedures than those adopted by the Commissioner under this section. The
41	administration of the program in each agency is the responsibility of each agency head or
42	that person's designee.

1	(e) <u>The provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes do not apply to the</u>
2	program developed and adopted under this section."
3	Sec. 16. G.S. 58-33-25(e) reads as rewritten:
4	"(e) A limited representative may receive qualification for one or more licenses
5	without examination for the following kinds of insurance:
6	(1), (2) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 485, s. 19.
7	(3) Credit Life, Accident and <u>Health-Health.</u>
8	(4) Credit, as specified in $G.S. 58-7-15(17)$ - $G.S. 58-7-15(17)$ .
9	(5) Travel Accident and Baggage Baggage.
10	(6) Motor <u>Club</u> .
11	(7) Dental <u>Services-Services.</u>
12	(8) Credit Property Insurance and Single Interest Automobile Physical
13	Damage Insurance when either is made in connection with a loan-loan.
14	(9) Bail bonds executed or countersigned by surety bondsmen under Article
15	71 of this Chapter-Chapter.
16	(10) Credit unemployment.
17	(11) Vehicle service agreements and mechanical breakdown insurance.
18	(12) Prearrangement insurance, as defined in G.S. 58-60-35(a)(2), when
19	offered or sold by a preneed sales licensee licensed under Article 13D of
20	Chapter 90 of the General Statutes."
21	Sec. 17. Article 33 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
22	adding a new section to read:
23	"§ 58-33-132. Qualifications of instructors.
24	(a) The Commissioner may adopt rules to establish requisite qualifications for and
25	issuance, renewal, summary suspension, and termination of provider, presenter, and
26	
20	instructor authority for prelicensing and continuing insurance education courses. During
	instructor authority for prelicensing and continuing insurance education courses. During any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or
27	any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or
27 28	any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person
27 28 29	any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and
27 28 29 30	any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.
27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation:</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation:         <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation:         <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation:         <ol> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sec. 18. G.S. 58-36-1(5) reads as rewritten:</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> <li>Sec. 18. G.S. 58-36-1(5) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(5) a. It is the duty of every insurer that writes workers' compensation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> <li>Sec. 18. G.S. 58-36-1(5) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(5) a. It is the duty of every insurer that writes workers' compensation insurance in this State and is a member of the Bureau, as defined in this</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> <li>Sec. 18. G.S. 58-36-1(5) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(5) a. It is the duty of every insurer that writes workers' compensation insurance in this State and is a member of the Bureau, as defined in this section and G.S. 58-36-5 to insure and accept any workers'</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> <li>Sec. 18. G.S. 58-36-1(5) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(5) a. It is the duty of every insurer that writes workers' compensation insurance in this State and is a member of the Bureau, as defined in this section and G.S. 58-36-5 to insure and accept any workers' compensation insurance risk that has been certified to be 'difficult to</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<ul> <li>any suspension, the instructor shall not engage in any instruction of prelicensing or continuing insurance education courses prior to an administrative review. No person shall provide, present, or instruct any course unless that person has been qualified and possesses a certificate of authority from the Commissioner.</li> <li>(b) The Commissioner may summarily suspend or terminate the authority of an instructor, course provider, or presenter if the course presentation: <ul> <li>(1) Is determined to be inaccurate; or</li> <li>(2) Receives an evaluation of poor from any Department monitor and a majority of attendees responding to Department questionnaires about the presentation."</li> <li>Sec. 18. G.S. 58-36-1(5) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(5) a. It is the duty of every insurer that writes workers' compensation insurance in this State and is a member of the Bureau, as defined in this section and G.S. 58-36-5 to insure and accept any workers'</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

receipt of an application with an estimated or deposit premium payment 1 2 and it appears that the risk is in good faith entitled to such coverage, the 3 Bureau will bind coverage for 30 days and will designate a member who 4 must issue a standard workers' compensation policy of insurance that contains the usual and customary provisions found in those policies. 5 6 Multiple coordinated policies, as defined by the Bureau and approved 7 by the Commissioner, may be used for the issuance of coverage under 8 this subdivision for risks involved in employee leasing agreements. 9 Coverage will be bound at 12:01 A.M. on the first day following the 10 postmark time and date on the envelope in which the application is mailed including the estimated annual or deposit premium, or the 11 12 expiration of existing coverage, whichever is later. If there should be no postmark, coverage will be effective 12:01 A.M. on the date of receipt 13 14 by the Bureau unless a later date is requested. Those applications hand 15 delivered to the Bureau will be effective as of 12:01 A.M. of the date 16 following receipt by the Bureau unless a later date is requested. The designated carrier may request of the Bureau certification of the State 17 Department of Labor that the insured is complying with the laws, rules, and 18 19 regulations of that Department. The certification must be finished within 30 20 days by the State Department of Labor unless extension of time is granted by agreement between the Bureau and the State Department of Labor. The 21 22 Bureau will make and adopt such rules as are necessary to carry this section into effect, subject to final approval of the Commissioner. As a 23 prerequisite to the transaction of workers' compensation insurance in 24 this State, every member of the Bureau that writes such insurance must 25 file with the Bureau written authority permitting the Bureau to act in its 26 27 behalf, as provided in this section, and an agreement to accept risks that are assigned to the member by the Bureau, as provided in this section. 28 Upon notice of cancellation or the decision to decline to write or 29 b renew a policy of workers' compensation insurance for an 30 31 employer, the carrier or its agents shall supply the employer with 32 a form, supplied by the Bureau, by which the employer may request the Bureau to list the employer and pertinent information 33 about it among a compendium of such information on The 34 Bureau shall maintain a compendium of employers refused 35 voluntary coverage, which shall be made available by the Bureau 36 to all insurers insurers, licensed agents, and self-insureds' 37 administrators doing business in this State. It shall be stored and 38 39 indexed to allow access to information by industry, primary classifications 40 of employees, geography, experience

modification, and in any other manner the Bureau determines is

commercially useful to facilitate voluntary coverage of listed employers. The Bureau shall be immune from civil liability for

SENATE BILL 345 version 11

41 42

43

erroneous information released by the Bureau pursuant to this 1 2 section, provided that the Bureau acted in good faith and without 3 malicious or willful intent to harm in releasing the erroneous 4 information." 5 Sec. 19. G.S. 58-36-25 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 58-36-25. Appeal of Commissioner's order. 7 Any order or decision of the Commissioner shall be subject to judicial review (a) 8 as provided in Article 2 of this Chapter. 9 (b)Whenever a Bureau rate is held to be unfairly discriminatory or excessive and 10 no longer effective by order of the Commissioner issued under G.S. 58-36-20, the members of the Bureau, in accordance with rules and regulations established and adopted 11 12 by the governing committee, shall have the option to continue to use such rate for the interim period pending judicial review of such order, provided each such member shall 13 14 place in escrow account the purportedly unfairly discriminatory or excessive portion of 15 the premium collected during such interim period. Upon a final determination by the 16 Court, or upon a consent agreement or consent order between the Bureau and the 17 Commissioner, the Commissioner shall order the escrowed funds to be distributed 18 appropriately, appropriately. except that individual refunds that are five dollars (\$5.00) or less shall not be required. If refunds are to be made to policyholders, the Commissioner shall 19 20 order that the members of the Bureau refund the difference between the total premium 21 per policy using the rate levels finally determined and the total premium per policy collected during the interim period pending judicial review, except that refund amounts 22 23 that are five dollars (\$5.00) or less per policy shall not be required. The court may also 24 require that purportedly excess premiums resulting from an adjustment of premiums ordered pursuant to G.S. 58-36-20(b) be placed in such escrow account pending judicial 25 review. If refunds made to policyholders are ordered under this subsection, the amounts 26 refunded shall bear interest at the rate determined under this subsection. That rate shall be 27 the average of the prime rates of the four largest banking institutions domiciled in this State, plus 28 three percent (3%), as of the effective date of the filing, to be computed by the Commissioner. 29 30 That rate, to be computed by the Bureau, shall be the average of the prime rates on the effective date of the filing and each anniversary of that date occurring prior to the date of 31 32 the Commissioner's order requiring refunds, with the prime rate on each of the dates 33 being the average of the prime rates of the four largest banking institutions domiciled in 34 this State as of that date, plus three percent (3%)." 35 Sec. 20. G.S. 58-36-30(b) reads as rewritten: 36 "(b) A rate in excess of that promulgated by the Bureau may be charged on any 37 specific risk provided such higher rate is charged with the approval of the Commissioner 38 and with the knowledge and written consent of the insured. This subsection may be used 39 to provide motor vehicle liability coverage limits above those required under Article 9A of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes and above those cedable to the Facility under 40 41 Article 37 of this Chapter to persons whose personal excess liability insurance policies require that they maintain specific higher liability coverage limits. All data filed with the 42

1	Commissioner under this subsection are preprietary and confidential and are not public.				
1 2	Commissioner under this subsection are proprietary and confidential and are not public records under G.S. 132-1 or G.S. 58-2-100."				
2	Sec. 21. G.S. 58-36-30(c) reads as rewritten:				
4	"(c) Any deviation with respect to workers' compensation and employers' liability				
5					
6	insurance written in connection therewith as filed under subsection (a) of this section shall apply uniformly to all classifications. <u>Any approved rate under subsection (b) of</u>				
7	this section with respect to workers' compensation and employers' liability insurance				
8	written in connection therewith shall be furnished to the Bureau."				
9	Sec. 22. G.S. 58-36-85(e) reads as rewritten:				
10	"(e) Administrative Review. – When the Department receives a written request to				
11	review a termination, it must investigate and determine the reason for the termination.				
12	The Department shall enter an order for issue a letter requiring one of the following upon				
13	completing its review:				
14	(1) Approval of the termination, if it finds the termination complies with the				
15	law.				
16	(2) Renewal or reinstatement of the policy, if it finds the termination does				
17	not comply with the law.				
18	(3) Renewal or reinstatement of the policy and payment by the insurer of				
19	the costs of the Department's review, not to exceed one thousand dollars				
20	(\$1,000), if it finds the termination does not comply with the law and				
21	the insurer willfully violated this section.				
22	The Department shall mail a copy of the order-the letter to the insured and the insurer.				
23	An insured or an insurer who disagrees with the determination of the Department in the				
24 25	<u>letter</u> may file a petition for a contested case under Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the				
25 26	General Statutes and the rules adopted by the Commissioner to implement that Article. The petition must be filed within 30 days after receiving the copy of the order. letter."				
20 27	Sec. 23. G.S. 58-37-30(b) reads as rewritten:				
28	"(b) It shall be the responsibility of the agent to write the coverage applied for at				
29	what he believes to be the appropriate rate level. If coverage is written at the Facility rate				
30	level and the company elects not to cede, the policy shall be rated at the voluntary rate				
31	level. a rate under Article 36 of this Chapter. Coverage written at the voluntary rate level				
32	which a rate under Article 36 of this Chapter that is not acceptable to the company must				
33	either be placed with another company or rated at the Facility rate level by the agent."				
34	Sec. 24. G.S. 58-37-40(e) reads as rewritten:				
35	"(e) Upon approval of the Commissioner of the plan so submitted or promulgation				
36	of a plan deemed approved by the Commissioner, all insurance companies licensed to				
37	write motor vehicle insurance in this State or any component thereof as a prerequisite to				
38	further engaging in writing such the insurance shall formally subscribe to and participate				
39	in the plan so approved.				
40	The plan of operation shall provide for, among other matters, (i) the establishment of				
41	necessary facilities, facilities; (ii) the management of the Facility, Facility; (iii) the				
42	preliminary assessment of all members for initial expenses necessary to commence				
43	operations, operations; (iv) the assessment of members if necessary to defray losses and				

1	average (x) the distribution of going to defrow larger incommed since the				
1	expenses, expenses; (v) the distribution of gains to defray losses incurred since the				
2	effective date hereof and then to persons reinsured by the Facility, the recoupment of losses				
3	sustained by the Facility, September 1, 1977; (vi) the distribution of gains by credit or				
4	reduction of recoupment or allocation surcharges to policies subject to recoupment or				
5	allocation surcharges pursuant to this Article (the Facility may apportion the distribution				
6	of gains among the coverages eligible for cession pursuant to this Article); (vii) the				
7	recoupment or allocation of losses sustained by the Facility since September 1, 1977,				
8	pursuant to this Article, which losses may be recouped by equitable pro rata assessment				
9	of member companies, companies; (viii) the standard amount (one hundred percent				
10	(100%) or any equitable lesser amount) of coverage afforded on eligible risks which a				
11	member company may cede to the Facility, Facility; and (ix) the procedure by which				
12	reinsurance shall be accepted by the Facility; and Facility. The plan shall further provide				
13	that:				
14	(1) Members of the Board of Governors shall receive reimbursement from				
15	the Facility for their actual and necessary expenses incurred on Facility				
16	business, en route to perform Facility business, and while returning				
17	from Facility business plus a per diem allowance of twenty-five dollars				
18	(\$25.00) a day which may be waived.				
19	(2) In order to obtain a transfer of business to the Facility effective when				
20	the binder or policy or renewal thereof first becomes effective, the				
21	company must within 30 days of the binding or policy effective date				
22	notify the Facility of the identification of the insured, the coverage and				
23	limits afforded, classification data, and premium. The Facility shall				
24	accept risks at other times on receipt of necessary information, but such				
25	acceptance shall not be retroactive. The Facility shall accept renewal				
26	business after the member on underwriting review elects to again cede				
27	the business." $25 - 65 - 50 - 10(2) = 1$				
28	Sec. 25. G.S. 58-40-10(2) reads as rewritten:				
29	"(2) 'Nonfleet' motor vehicle means a motor vehicle not eligible for				
30	classification as a fleet vehicle for the reason that the motor vehicle is is:				
31	<u>a.</u> <u>one One of four or less fewer motor vehicles owned or hired</u>				
32	under a long-term contract by the <u>a</u> policy named insured. insured:				
33	$\frac{\text{Or}}{\text{O}}$				
34	b. <u>One of five or more private passenger motor vehicles owned or</u>				
35	hired under a long-term contract:				
36	<ol> <li>By an individual who is a policy named insured;</li> <li>Jointly by two or more individuals who are policy named</li> </ol>				
37					
38	insureds and are residents in the same household; or				
39 40	3. Jointly by two or more individuals who are policy named				
40	insureds and are related by blood, marriage, or adoption."				
41	Sec. 26. G.S. 58-42-55 reads as rewritten:				
42	"§ 58-42-55. Expiration. This Article shall expire on laber 1, 1005, July 1, 1007."				
43	This Article shall expire on July 1, 1995. July 1, 1997."				

1	See $27 \times 59 \times 44$ 10 is repealed
1 2	Sec. 27. G.S. 58-44-10 is repealed. Sec. 28. G.S. 58-45-35(b) reads as rewritten:
2 3	"(b) If the Association determines that the property is insurable and that there is no
4	unpaid premium due from the applicant for prior insurance on the property, the
4 5	Association, upon receipt of the premium, or part of the premium, as is prescribed in the
6	plan of operation, shall cause to be issued a policy of essential property insurance and
7	shall offer additional extended coverage, optional perils endorsements, crime insurance,
8	separate policies of windstorm and hail insurance, or their successor forms of coverage,
9	for a term of one year. year or three years. Any policy issued under the provisions of this
10	section shall be renewed annually, renewed, upon application, so as long as the property
11	meets the definition of "insurable property" set forth in G.S. 58-45-5(5). is insurable property."
12	Sec. 29. Article 50 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
13	adding a new section to read:
14	"§ 58-50-149. Limit on cessions to the Reinsurance Pool.
15	In addition to any individual or group previously reinsured in accordance with G.S.
16	58-50-150(g)(1), the Pool shall only reinsure a health benefit plan issued or delivered for
17	original issue by a reinsuring carrier on or after October 1, 1995, if the health benefit plan
18	provides coverage to a small employer with no more than 25 eligible employees,
19	including self-employed individuals."
20	Sec. 30. G.S. 58-53-60 reads as rewritten:
21	"§ 58-53-60. Premium.
22	(a) The premium for the converted policy policy or group conversion trust
23	certificate shall be determined in accordance with the insurer's table of premium rates
24	applicable to the age and class of risk to be covered under that policy and to the type and
25	amount of insurance provided.
26	(b) All insurers licensed to do business in this State, who issue conversion policies
27	policies or group conversion trust certificates under this Part, shall have the right to
28	increase that element of the premium that applies to hospital room and board benefit increase manifold for in $C = 52,52,05(5)$ has an applied to the increase that the increase the second se
29 20	increases provided for in G.S. 58-53-95(5) by an amount proportionate to the increase
30	promulgated by the Commissioner. Such premium increases shall be filed with the Commissioner.
31	
32 33	(c) All premium rates and adjustments to premium rates for converted <del>policies</del>
33 34	policies or group conversion trust certificates shall be reasonable and must be filed with and approved by the Commissioner prior to use. A premium rate shall be deemed to be
34 35	reasonable if it can be demonstrated by the insurer <u>demonstrates</u> that the premium charged
35 36	is expected to produce an incurred loss ratio to earned premiums of not less than sixty
30 37	percent (60%) for all individual-policies or group conversion trust certificates providing
38	similar benefits offered and issued by the insurer. If an insurer experiences an incurred
39	loss ratio of greater than eighty percent (80%) for all such policies, it shall be deemed
40	reasonable for that insurer to increase premium rates to a level that will produce a
41	prospective incurred loss ratio of no greater than eighty percent (80%), and the insurer
42	shall file such new rates with the Commissioner not more often than once a year."

1	• •	Article 58 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is further amended
2 3		ollowing new sections to read: Individual policy standard provisions.
3 4		f individual life insurance shall be delivered in this State unless it contains
5	1 0	e following provisions, or provisions that in the Commissioner's opinion
6		ble to the person insured:
7	(1)	<u>Grace period. – A provision that the insured is entitled to a grace period</u>
8	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	of 31 days for the payment of any premium due except the first, during
9		which grace period the death benefit coverage shall continue in force.
10		The policy may provide that if a claim arises under the policy during the
11		grace period, the amount of any premium due or overdue may be
12		deducted from any amount payable under the policy in settlement.
13	<u>(2)</u>	Incontestability A provision that the validity of the policy shall not be
14		contested, except for nonpayment of premium, once it has been in force
15		for two years after its date of issue; and that no statement made by any
16		person insured under the policy about that person's insurability shall be
17		used during the person's lifetime to contest the validity of the policy
18		after the insurance has been in force for two years.
19	<u>(3)</u>	Misstatement of age or gender. – A provision specifying an equitable
20		adjustment of premiums or benefits, or both, to be made if the age or
21		gender of the person insured has been misstated; the provision to
22	$(\mathbf{A})$	contain a clear statement of the method of adjustment to be used.
23	<u>(4)</u>	<u>Suicide. – A provision that may not limit payment of benefits for a</u>
24 25		period more than two years after the date of issue of the policy because
25 26		of suicide and that provides for at least the return of premiums paid on the policy if there is quicide during the two year period
26 27	(5)	<u>the policy if there is suicide during the two-year period.</u> Reinstatement. – A provision that, unless the policy has been
27	<u>(5)</u>	surrendered for its cash surrender value, or its cash surrender value has
28 29		been exhausted, the policy will be reinstated at any time within five
30		years after the date of premium default upon written application
31		therefor, the production of evidence of insurability satisfactory to the
32		insurer, the payment of all overdue premiums, and the payment of
33		reinstatement of any other indebtedness to the insurer upon the policy,
34		all with interest at the rate specified.
35	"§ 58-58-23. St	tandard provisions for annuity and pure endowment contracts.
36		or pure endowment contract, except a reversionary or survivorship annuity
37	and except a gro	oup annuity contract, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this State
38	unless it contain	ns in substance the following provisions or provisions that in the opinion
39	of the Commiss	ioner are more favorable to the holders of the contracts:
40	<u>(1)</u>	Grace period A provision for a grace period of not less than 31 days
41		within which any stipulated payment to the insurer falling due after the
42		first payment may be made. During the grace period, the contract shall
43		continue in full force. If a claim arises under the contract because of

1			death before the expiration of the grace period and before the overdue
2			payment to the insurer is made, the amount of the payments, with
3			interest on any overdue payments, may be deducted from any amount
4			payable under the contract.
5		(2)	<u>Incontestability. – If any statements are required as a condition of issue,</u>
		<u>(2)</u>	there shall be a provision that the contract shall be incontestable during
6 7			· · · ·
8			the lifetime of the person or of each of the persons as to whom the
8 9			statements are required after it has been in force for a period of two years after its date of issue, except for nonpayment of stipulated
9 10			payments to the insurer.
11		<u>(3)</u>	<u>Misstatements of age or gender. – A provision that if the age or gender</u>
11		<u>(J)</u>	of any person upon whose life the contract is made has been misstated,
12			the amount payable or benefits accruing under the contract shall be such
13			as the stipulated payment or payments to the insurer would have been
14			according to the correct age or gender; and if the insurer makes an
15			
10			overpayment because of the misstatement, that amount with interest at the rate specified in the contract may be charged against any current or
17			subsequent payment by the insurer under the contract.
18		(A)	
20		<u>(4)</u>	<u>Reinstatement. – A provision that the contract may be reinstated at any</u> time within one year after a default in making stipulated payments to the
20 21			insurer, unless the cash surrender value has been paid; but all overdue
21			stipulated payments and any indebtedness to the insurer on the contract
22			shall be paid or reinstated with interest at a rate specified in the contract.
23 24			
24 25			When applicable, the insurer may also require evidence of insurability satisfactory to the insurer."
23 26	(b)	Artic	le 58 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is further amended by adding a
20 27	new sect		
27			iatical settlements.
28 29	<u>a 30-30</u> (a)		itions. – As used in this section:
29 30	<u>(a)</u>		<u>'Broker' means a person who, for consideration and on behalf of</u>
31		<u>(1)</u>	another, offers or advertises the availability of viatical settlements,
32			introduces viators to providers, or offers or attempts to negotiate viatical
33			settlement contracts between a viator and one or more providers; it does
34			not mean an attorney, accountant, or financial planner retained to
35			represent a viator and whose compensation is not paid by a provider.
36		<u>(2)</u>	'Policy' means an individual life insurance policy or a certificate under a
37		<u>(2)</u>	group life insurance policy.
38		<u>(3)</u>	<u>'Provider' means a person who enters into a viatical settlement contract</u>
39		<u>())</u>	with a viator. 'Provider' does not mean:
40			<u>a.</u> <u>A licensed lending institution that takes an assignment of a</u>
40 41			<u>a.</u> <u>A necessed lending institution that takes an assignment of a</u> policy as collateral for a loan.
42			b. The issuer of a policy providing accelerated benefits under 11
43			NCAC 12.1200.
15			<u>110/10 12.1200.</u>

1		A natural parson who enters into no more than one agreement in
2		c. <u>A natural person who enters into no more than one agreement in</u> a calendar year for the transfer of a policy for any value less than
3		the expected death benefit.
4	(4)	'Viatical settlement contract' or 'contract' means a written agreement
5	<u>(+)</u>	entered into between a provider and a viator that establishes the terms
6		under which the provider will pay consideration that is less than the
7		expected death benefit of the viator's policy in return for the viator's
8		assignment, transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or
9		ownership of the policy to the provider.
10	<u>(5)</u>	'Viator' means the owner or holder of a policy who has a catastrophic or
11	<u>(9)</u>	life-threatening illness or condition and who enters into a viatical
12		settlement contract.
12	(b) Regi	stration. – No person may act as a provider or enter into or solicit a
14		it first registering with the Commissioner. The applicant shall register on
15		ed by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may require the applicant to
16		the identity of all stockholders, partners, officers, and employees. The
17	•	may refuse registration of any partnership, corporation, or other business
18		atisfied that any officer, employee, stockholder, or partner who may
19	•	uence the applicant's conduct meets the standards of this section.
20	•	f a partnership, corporation, or other business entity authorizes all
21		ers, and designated employees to act as providers under the registration;
22		ersons must be named in the application and any supplements to the
23	-	efore any registration is complete, the Commissioner shall investigate each
24	applicant and m	nay register the applicant if the Commissioner finds that the applicant:
25	<u>(1)</u>	Has provided a detailed plan of operation.
26	<u>(2)</u>	Is competent and trustworthy and intends to act in good faith in the
27		capacity involved by the license applied for.
28	<u>(3)</u>	Has a good business reputation and has had experience, training, or
29		education so as to be qualified in the business for which the license is
30		applied.
31	<u>(4)</u>	If a corporation, is incorporated under the laws of this State or is a
32		foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this State.
33	No registration	is complete for any nonresident applicant unless a written designation of
34		ervice of process is filed and maintained with the Commissioner or the
35		led with the Commissioner the applicant's written irrevocable consent that
36		inst the applicant may be commenced against the applicant by service of
37	process on the	
38		rcement The Commissioner may issue a cease and desist order upon
39		the Commissioner finds that:
40	(1)	There was any misrepresentation in the application for registration;
41	<u>(2)</u>	The provider has been guilty of fraudulent or dishonest practices, is
42		subject to a final administrative action, or is otherwise shown to be
43		untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a provider;

1	( <b>2</b> )	The manifold demonstrates a method of formation with the method of the second states and the second states and the second states and the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are stated as a second state of the second states are states are states are stated as a second state of the second states are
1	<u>(3)</u>	The provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to policy
2	(A)	<u>owners;</u> The provider has been convicted of a follow, or any misdomeoner of
3	<u>(4)</u>	The provider has been convicted of a felony or any misdemeanor of which ariminal fraud is an alamanti or
4	(5)	which criminal fraud is an element; or
5	(1) $(5)$	The provider has violated a provision of this section.
6		oval of Contracts. – No provider may use any viatical settlement contract
7		nless it has been filed with and approved by the Commissioner. Any
8		iled with the Commissioner is deemed to be approved if it has not been
9		ithin 90 days after the filing. The Commissioner shall disapprove a if in the Commissionar's animien any provision of the contract is
10		if, in the Commissioner's opinion, any provision of the contract is
11		contrary to the public interest, or otherwise misleading or unfair to the
12	policy owner.	rting Dequirements Each provider shall file with the Commissioner on
13		rting Requirements. – Each provider shall file with the Commissioner on
14		h 1 of each year a statement containing the information required by the
15		y the Commissioner.
16 17		<u>nination. – The Commissioner may, when the Commissioner deems it to</u> <u>ecessary to protect the public interest, examine the business and affairs of</u>
17	•	applicant for registration. The Commissioner may order any provider or
18 19	• •	oduce records, books, files, or other information that is necessary to
19 20		er or not the provider or applicant is acting or has acted in violation of this
20 21		wise contrary to the public interest. The provider or applicant shall pay
21		curred in conducting an examination. Names and individual identification
22	*	ors are confidential and shall not be disclosed by the Commissioner. The
23		maintain records of all transactions of contracts and make the records
25	*	Commissioner for inspection during reasonable business hours.
26		osure. – A provider shall disclose the following information to the viator
27		e date the contract is signed by all parties:
28	(1)	Options other than the contract for a person with a catastrophic or life-
29	<u>, - /</u>	threatening illness, including, but not limited to, accelerated benefits
30		offered by the issuer of the policy.
31	<u>(2)</u>	The fact that some or all of the contract consideration may be taxable,
32	<u>1</u>	and that assistance should be sought from a personal tax advisor.
33	<u>(3)</u>	The fact that the contract consideration could be subject to the claims of
34	<del>\/</del>	creditors.
35	<u>(4)</u>	The fact that receipt of the contract consideration may adversely affect
36		the viator's eligibility for Medicaid or other government benefits or
37		entitlements; and that advice should be obtained from the appropriate
38		government agencies.
39	<u>(5)</u>	The viator's right to rescind a contract within 30 days after the date it is
40		executed by all parties or within 15 days after the receipt of the contract
41		consideration by the viator, whichever is less, as provided in subsection
42		(h) of this section.

1		(6) The date by which the contract consideration will be available to the
2		viator and the source of the consideration.
3	(h)	General Rules A provider entering into a contract with a viator shall first
4	obtain:	
5		(1) <u>A written statement from a licensed attending physician that the viator is</u>
6		of sound mind and under no constraint or undue influence.
7		(2) A witnessed document in which the viator (i) consents to the contract,
8		(ii) acknowledges the catastrophic or life-threatening illness, (iii)
9		represents that the viator has a full and complete understanding of the
10		contract, (iv) represents that the viator has a full and complete
11		understanding of the benefits of the policy, and (v) releases the medical
12		records and acknowledges that the contract has been entered into freely
13		and voluntarily.
14	All medi	cal information solicited or obtained by any provider is subject to all State laws
15		to confidentiality of medical information. All contracts entered into in this State
16	-	tain an unconditional refund provision for at least 30 days after the date of the
17		or 15 days after the receipt of the viatical settlement proceeds, whichever is less.
18	(i)	<u>Contract Consideration. – Immediately upon receipt from the viator of</u>
19	<del>~ /</del>	its to effect the transfer of the policy, the provider shall direct the contract
20		ation to an escrow or trust account managed by a trustee or escrow agent in a
21		proved by the Commissioner, pending acknowledgment of the transfer by the
22		the policy. The trustee or escrow agent shall transfer the proceeds that are due
23		iator immediately upon receipt of acknowledgment of the transfer from the
24		Failure to tender the contract consideration by the date disclosed to the viator
25		he contract null and void.
26	<u>(j)</u>	Authority to Adopt Standards. – The Commissioner may:
27	•	(1) Adopt rules to implement this section.
28		(2) Establish standards for evaluating reasonableness of payments under
29		contracts. This authority includes regulation of discount rates used to
30		determine the amount paid in exchange for assignment, transfer, sale,
31		devise, or bequest of a benefit under a policy.
32		(3) Establish appropriate registration and other regulatory requirements for
33		brokers.
34		(4) <u>Require a bond.</u>
35	<u>(k)</u>	<u>Unfair Trade Practices. – A violation of this section is considered an unfair</u>
36	trade pra	ctice under Article 63 of this Chapter."
37	-	Sec. 32. G.S. 58-60-35 reads as rewritten:
38	"§ 58-60-	-35. Disclosure of prearrangement insurance policy provisions.
39	(a)	As used in this section:
40		(1) 'Prearrangement' means any contract, agreement, or mutual
41		understanding, or any series or combination of contracts, agreements or
42		mutual understandings, whether funded by trust deposits or
43		prearrangement insurance policies, or any combination thereof, which

1		has for a purpose the furnishing or performance of specific funeral
2		services, or the furnishing or delivery of specific personal property,
3		merchandise, or services of any nature in connection with the final
4		disposition of a dead human body, to be furnished or delivered at a time
5		determinable by the death of the person whose body is to be disposed
6		of, but does not mean the furnishing of a cemetery lot, crypt, niche,
7		mausoleum, grave marker or monument.
8	(2)	'Prearrangement insurance policy' means a life insurance policy, annuity
9		contract, or other insurance contract, or any series of contracts or
10		agreements in any form or manner, issued on a group or individual basis
11		by an insurance company authorized by law to do business in this State,
12		which, whether by assignment or otherwise, has for a-its sole purpose
13		the funding of a specific preneed funeral contract or a specific
14		insurance-funded funeral or burial prearrangement, the insured being the
15		person for whose service the funds were paid.
16	(b) The	following information shall be adequately disclosed by the insurance agent
17		resentative at the time an application is made, prior to accepting the
18	-	al premium, for a prearrangement insurance policy:
19	(1)	The fact that a prearrangement insurance policy is involved or being
20	(1)	used to fund a prearrangement;
20	(2)	The nature of the relationship among the insurance agent or agents,
22	(2)	<u>limited representative</u> , the provider of the funeral or cemetery
22		merchandise or services, the administrator, and any other person;
23 24	(3)	The relationship of the prearrangement insurance policy to the funding
24 25	(3)	of the prearrangement and the nature and existence of any guarantees
23 26		relating to the prearrangement;
20 27	(A)	The effect on the prearrangement of (i) any changes in the
27	(4)	prearrangement insurance policy, including but not limited to, changes
28 29		in the assignment, beneficiary designation, or use of the policy
		proceeds; (ii) any penalties to be incurred by the insured as a result of
30		
31		failure to make premium payments; and (iii) any penalties to be incurred
32		or monies to be received as a result of cancellation or surrender of the
33	(5)	prearrangement insurance policy;
34	(5)	All relevant information concerning what occurs and whether any
35		entitlements or obligations arise if there is a difference between the
36		policy proceeds and the amount actually needed to fund the
37		prearrangement; and
38	(6)	Any penalties or restrictions, including geographic restrictions or the
39		inability of the provider to perform, on the delivery of merchandise,
40	0	services, or the prearrangement guarantee."
41		33. G.S. 58-81-1 is repealed.
42		33.1. G.S. 20-109.1(a), as rewritten by Chapter 50 of the Session Laws of
43	1995, reads as 1	rewritten:

1 "(a) Option to Keep Title. – When a vehicle is damaged to the extent that it 2 becomes a salvage vehicle and the owner submits a claim for the damages to the insurer of 3 the vehicle, an insurer, the insurer must determine whether the owner wants to keep the 4 vehicle after payment of the claim. If the owner does not want to keep the vehicle after 5 payment of the claim, the procedures in subsection (b) of this section apply. If the owner 6 wants to keep the vehicle after payment of the claim, the procedures in subsection (c) of 7 this section apply."

8

Sec. 34. G.S. 95-111.12(a) reads as rewritten:

9 "(a) No owner shall operate a device subject to the provisions of this Article, unless 10 at the time, there is in existence a contract of insurance providing coverage of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence against liability for injury to persons 11 12 or property arising out of the operation or use of such device or there is in existence a contract of insurance providing coverage of not less than five hundred thousand dollars 13 14 (\$500,000) per occurrence against liability for injury to persons or property arising out of 15 the operation or use of the amusement devices if the annual gross volume of the devices does not exceed two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$275,000); 16 provided 17 waterslides shall not be required to be insured as herein provided in this subsection for an 18 amount in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per occurrence. The insurance contract to be provided must be by any insurer or surety that is acceptable to 19 20 the North Carolina Insurance Commissioner and authorized to transact business in this 21 State; provided, however, that insurance for waterslides may be purchased under Article 21 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes or under G.S. 58-28-5(b). 22

23 In lieu of a contract for insurance or surety, a waterslide owner may alternately 24 comply with this subsection by furnishing to the Commissioner satisfactory proof of financial ability to directly pay one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per occurrence 25 in liability for injury to persons or property arising out of the operation or use of the 26 waterslide. The Commissioner may require the deposit of a security, indemnity, bond, or 27 irrevocable letter of credit to secure the payment of any liability incurred. The 28 Commissioner may consult with the Commissioner of Insurance, the Commissioner of 29 Banks, the Secretary of Commerce, or the State Treasurer in order to determine if any 30 security, indemnity, bond, or irrevocable letter of credit filed under this subsection is 31 32 acceptable proof of financial responsibility."

33

Sec. 35. G.S. 97-2(2) reads as rewritten:

Employee. - The term 'employee' means every person engaged in an 34 "(2) employment under any appointment or contract of hire or 35 apprenticeship, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens, and 36 also minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, but excluding 37 38 persons whose employment is both casual and not in the course of the trade, business, profession or occupation of his employer, and as 39 relating to those so employed by the State, the term 'employee' shall 40 include all officers and employees of the State, including such as are 41 42 elected by the people, or by the General Assembly, or appointed by the Governor to serve on a per diem, part-time or fee basis, either with or 43

without the confirmation of the Senate; as relating to municipal 1 2 corporations and political subdivisions of the State, the term 'employee' 3 shall include all officers and employees thereof, including such as are 4 elected by the people. The term 'employee' shall include members of the 5 North Carolina national guard, except when called into the service of 6 the United States, and members of the North Carolina State guard, and 7 members of these organizations shall be entitled to compensation for 8 injuries arising out of and in the course of the performance of their 9 duties at drill, in camp, or on special duty under orders of the Governor. 10 The term 'employee' shall include deputy sheriffs and all persons acting in the capacity of deputy sheriffs, whether appointed by the sheriff or by 11 12 the governing body of the county and whether serving on a fee basis or on a salary basis, or whether deputy sheriffs serving upon a full-time 13 14 basis or a part-time basis, and including deputy sheriffs appointed to 15 serve in an emergency, but as to those so appointed, only during the continuation of the emergency. The sheriff shall furnish to the board of 16 17 county commissioners a complete list of all deputy sheriffs named or 18 appointed by him immediately after their appointment, and notify the board of commissioners of any changes made therein promptly after 19 20 such changes are made. Any reference to an employee who has been 21 injured shall, when the employee is dead, include also his legal representative, dependents, and other persons to whom compensation 22 may be payable: Provided, further, that any employee as herein defined 23 24 of a municipality, county, or of the State of North Carolina while engaged in the discharge of his official duty outside the jurisdictional or 25 territorial limits of the municipality, county, or the State of North 26 27 Carolina and while acting pursuant to authorization or instruction from any superior officer, shall have the same rights under this Article as if 28 29 such duty or activity were performed within the territorial boundary limits of his employer. 30

Every executive officer elected or appointed and empowered in accordance with the charter and bylaws of a corporation shall be considered as an employee of such corporation under this Article.

Any such executive officer of a corporation may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, be exempt from the coverage of the corporation's insurance contract by such corporation specifically excluding such executive officer in such contract of insurance and the exclusion to remove such executive officer from the coverage shall continue for the period such contract of insurance is in effect, and during such period such executive officers thus exempted from the coverage of the insurance contract shall not be employees of such corporation under this Article.

1995

31

32

33

34 35

36

37 38

39

40

41 42 1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

All county agricultural extension service employees who do not receive official federal appointments as employees of the United States Department of Agriculture and who are field faculty members with professional rank as designated in the memorandum of understanding between the North Carolina Agricultural Extension Service, North Carolina State University, A & T State University and the boards of county commissioners shall be deemed to be employees of the State of North Carolina. All other county agricultural extension service employees paid from State or county funds shall be deemed to be employees of the county board of commissioners in the county in which the employee is employed for purposes of workers' compensation.

The term employee shall also include members of the Civil Air Patrol currently certified pursuant to G.S. 143B-491(a) when performing duties in the course and scope of a State approved mission pursuant to Article 11 of Chapter 143B.

Employee shall not include any person performing voluntary service as a ski patrolman who receives no compensation for such services other than meals or lodging or the use of ski tow or ski lift facilities or any combination thereof.

Any sole proprietor or partner of a business <u>or any member of a</u> <u>limited liability company whose employees are eligible for benefits under</u> this Article-may elect to be included as an employee under the workers' compensation coverage of such business if he is actively engaged in the operation of the business and if the insurer is notified of his election to be so included. Any such sole proprietor or partner <u>or member of a</u> <u>limited liability company</u> shall, upon such election, be entitled to employee benefits and be subject to employee responsibilities prescribed in this Article."

- Sec. 36. G.S. 97-19 reads as rewritten:
- 30 "§ 97-19. Liability of principal contractors; certificate that subcontractor has
   31 complied with law; right to recover compensation of those who would
   32 have been liable; order of liability.

33 Any principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor who shall sublet any contract for the performance of any work without requiring from such subcontractor 34 35 or obtaining from the Industrial Commission a certificate, issued by a workers' compensation insurance carrier, or a certificate of compliance issued by the Department 36 of Insurance to a self-insured subcontractor, stating that such subcontractor has complied 37 38 with G.S. 97-93 hereof, shall be liable, irrespective of whether such subcontractor has 39 regularly in service fewer than three employees in the same business within this State, to the same extent as such subcontractor would be if he were subject to the provisions of 40 this Article for the payment of compensation and other benefits under this Article on 41 42 account of the injury or death of any such subcontractor, any principal or partner of such subcontractor or any employee of such subcontractor due to an accident arising out of and 43

in the course of the performance of the work covered by such subcontract. If the principal 1 2 contractor, intermediate contractor or subcontractor shall obtain such certificate at the 3 time of subletting such contract to subcontractor, he shall not thereafter be held liable to 4 any such subcontractor, any principal or partner of such subcontractor, or any employee 5 of such subcontractor for compensation or other benefits under this Article. If the 6 subcontractor has no employees and waives in writing his right to coverage under this section, 7 the principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor subletting the contract shall not 8 thereafter be held liable for compensation or other benefits under this Article to said 9 subcontractor. Subcontractors who have no employees are not required to comply with G.S. 97-10 <del>93.</del> 11 Any principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor paying compensation or other benefits under this Article, under the foregoing provisions of this 12 13 section, may recover the amount so paid from any person, persons, or corporation who independently of such provision, would have been liable for the payment thereof. 14 Every claim filed with the Industrial Commission under this section shall be instituted 15 against all parties liable for payment, and said Commission, in its award, shall fix the 16 order in which said parties shall be exhausted, beginning with the immediate employer. 17 18 The principal or owner may insure any or all of his contractors and their employees in a blanket policy, and when so insured such contractor's employees will be entitled to 19 compensation benefits regardless of whether the relationship of employer and employee 20 exists between the principal and the contractor." 21 Sec. 37. Reserved. 22 23 Sec. 38. Section 208(d) of Chapter 757 of the 1985 Session Laws, as amended 24 by Section 1 of Chapter 480 of the 1991 Session Laws, is repealed. 25 Sec. 39. (a) Article 11 of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes (G.S. 131E-210 through G.S. 131E-213) is repealed. 26 Chapter 131E of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new 27 (b) Article to read: 28 29 "ARTICLE 11A. "MEDICAL CARE DATA. 30 31 "§ 131E-214. Title and purpose. 32 This Article is the Medical Care Data Act. (a) 33 The General Assembly finds that, as a result of rising medical care costs and (b) 34 the concern expressed by medical care providers, medical care consumers, third-party payors, and health care planners involved with planning for the provision of medical care, 35 there is an urgent and continuing need to understand patterns and trends in the use and 36 cost of medical care services in this State. The purposes of this Article are as follows: 37 38 To ensure that there is an information base containing medical care data (1)from throughout the State that can be used to improve the appropriate 39 40 and efficient use of medical care services and maintain an acceptable 41 quality of health care services in this State. 42 (2)To ensure that the necessary medical care data is available to university 43 researchers, State public policymakers, and all other interested persons

1		to improve the decision-making process regarding access, identified
2		needs, patterns of medical care, charges, and use of appropriate medical
3		care services.
4	(3)	<u>To ensure that a data processor receiving data under this Article protects</u>
5	<u>(5)</u>	patient confidentiality.
6	These nurno	bees are to be accomplished by requiring that all hospitals and freestanding
7		gical facilities submit information necessary for a review and comparison
8		ization patterns, and quality of medical services to a data processor that
9		tewide database of medical care data and that makes medical care data
10		terested persons, including medical care providers, third-party payors,
11		nsumers, and health care planners.
12	" <u>§ 131E-214.1.</u>	-
12	As used in the	
14	<u>(1)</u>	'Division' means the Division of Facility Services of the Department of
15	<u>(1)</u>	Human Resources.
16	<u>(2)</u>	'Freestanding ambulatory surgical facility' means a facility licensed
17		under Part D of Article 6 of this Chapter.
18	<u>(3)</u>	'Hospital' means a facility licensed under Article 5 of this Chapter or
19	<u>(5)</u>	Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes, but does not include
20		the following:
21		<u>a.</u> <u>A facility with all of its beds designated for medical type 'LTC'</u>
22		(long-term care).
23		b. A facility with the majority of its beds designated for medical
24		type 'PSY-3' (mental retardation).
25		c. <u>A facility operated by the North Carolina Department of</u>
26		Correction.
27	(4)	'Patient data' means data that includes a patient's age, sex, zip code,
28	<del>,</del>	third-party coverage, principal and other diagnosis, date of admission,
29		procedure and discharge date, principal and other procedures, total
30		charges and components of the total charges, attending physician
31		identification number, and hospital or freestanding ambulatory surgical
32		facility identification number.
33	<u>(5)</u>	'Patient identifying information' means the name, address, social
34		security number, or similar information by which the identity of a
35		patient can be determined with reasonable accuracy and speed either
36		directly or by reference to other publicly available information. The
37		term does not include a number assigned to a patient by a health care
38		provider if that number does not consist of or contain numbers,
39		including social security or drivers license numbers, that could be used
40		to identify a patient with reasonable accuracy and speed from sources
41		external to the health care provider.
42	<u>(6)</u>	'Statewide data processor' means a data processor certified by the
43		Division as capable of complying with the requirements of G.S. 131E-

1			214.4. The Division may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate, in
2			accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, if the statewide
3			data processor does not comply with or is not capable of complying
4			with the requirements of G.S. 131E-214.4. The Division is authorized
5			to promulgate rules concerning the receipt, consideration, and limitation
6			of a certificate applied for or issued under this Article.
7	" <u>§ 131E-</u>	<u>214.2.</u>	Data submission required.
8	Excep	ot as p	prohibited by federal law or regulation, each hospital and freestanding
9	<u>ambulato</u>	ry surg	gical facility shall submit patient data to a statewide data processor within
10	60 calenc	<u>lar day</u>	s after the close of each calendar quarter for patients that were discharged
11	or died du	uring t	hat quarter.
12	" <u>§ 131E-</u>	214.3.	Patient data not public records.
13	<u>(a)</u>	The	following are not public records under Chapter 132 of the General
14	Statutes:		
15		<u>(1)</u>	Patient data furnished to and maintained by a statewide data processor
16			pursuant to this Article.
17		<u>(2)</u>	Compilations of patient data prepared for release or dissemination by a
18			statewide data processor pursuant to this Article.
19		(3)	Patient data furnished by a statewide data processor to the State.
20	<u>(b)</u>	Com	pilations of data under subdivision (a)(3) of this section, prepared for
21	release of	-	mination by the State, are public records.
22	(c)		State shall not allow proprietary information, including patient data, that it
23	receives t	from a	statewide data processor to be used by a person for commercial purposes.
24	The State	shall	require the person requesting this information to certify that it will not use
25			for commercial purposes.
26	<u>(d)</u>	<u>A</u> pe	erson is immune from liability for actions arising from the required
27	submissio	on of d	ata under this Article.
28	" <u>§</u> 131E-	214.4.	Statewide data processor.
29	<u>(a)</u>	A sta	tewide data processor shall perform the following duties:
30		<u>(1)</u>	Make available annually to the Division, at no charge, a report that
31			includes a comparison of the 35 most frequently reported charges of
32			hospitals and freestanding ambulatory surgical facilities. The report is a
33			public record and shall be made available to the public in accordance
34			with Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. Publication or broadcast by
35			the news media shall not constitute a resale or use of the data for
36			commercial purposes.
37		<u>(2)</u>	Receive patient data from hospitals and freestanding ambulatory
38		<del>~~~</del>	surgical facilities throughout this State.
39		<u>(3)</u>	Compile and maintain a uniform set of data from the patient data
40		<u>,                                  </u>	submitted.
41		<u>(4)</u>	Analyze the patient data.
		· · /	

1	(5) Compile reports from the nations data and make the reports evolution
2	(5) <u>Compile reports from the patient data and make the reports available</u> upon request to interested persons at a reasonable charge determined by
23	the data processor.
4	(6) Ensure that adequate measures are taken to provide system security for
5	all data and information received from hospitals and freestanding
6	ambulatory surgical facilities pursuant to this Article.
7	(7) Protect the confidentiality of patient records and comply with applicable
8	laws and regulations concerning patient confidentiality, including the
9	confidentiality of patient-identifying information. The data processor
10	shall not disclose patient-identifying information unless (i) the
11	information was originally submitted by the party requesting disclosure
12	or (ii) the State Health Director requests specific individual records for
13	the purpose of protecting and promoting the public health under Chapter
14	130A of the General Statutes, and the disclosure is not otherwise
15	prohibited by federal law or regulation. Such records shall be made
16	available to the State Health Director at a reasonable charge. Such
17	records made available to the State Health Director are not public
18	records; the State Health Director shall maintain their confidentiality
19	and shall not make the records available notwithstanding G.S. 130A-
20	<u>374(a)(2).</u>
21	(b) The Department of Human Resources may take adverse action against a
22	hospital under G.S. 131E-78 or G.S. 122C-24 or against a freestanding ambulatory
23	surgical center under G.S. 131E-148 for a violation of this Article."
24	(c) G.S. $58-68A-10(5)i$ . reads as rewritten:
25	"i. Jointly with the Commission and the North Carolina Medical
26	Database Commission, a statewide data processor certified under
27	Article 11A of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes, collect data
28	from all community health plans and sponsor research into health
29 20	outcomes and practice guidelines."
30	(d) G.S. 120-123(45) is repealed.
31	(e) This section does not require a person, corporation, or other entity not
32 33	previously required to report data to the Medical Database Commission to report data under this section. This section does not require a person, corporation, or other entity to
33 34	be a statewide data processor.
34 35	(f) G.S. 58-6-25(a), as amended by Section 3 of Chapter 360 of the 1995
36	Session Laws, reads as rewritten:
37	"(a) Charge Levied. – There is levied on each insurance company an annual charge
38	to defray the cost of regulating the insurance industry. for the purposes stated in subsection
39	(d) of this section. As used in this section, the term 'insurance company' means a
40	company that pays the gross premiums tax levied in G.S. 105-228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8,
41	except that the term does not include a hospital, medical, or dental service corporation
42	regulated under Articles 65 and 66 of this Chapter. The term 'insurance company' does
43	not include a company regulated under Article 67 of this Chapter. The charge levied in

this section is in addition to all other fees and taxes. The charge shall be at a percentage rate of the company's premium tax liability for the taxable year. In determining an insurance company's premium tax liability for a taxable year, additional taxes imposed by G.S. 105-228.8 shall be disregarded.

5 (g) G.S. 58-6-25(d), as amended by Section 3 of Chapter 360 of the 1995 6 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:

7 Use of Proceeds. - The Insurance Regulatory Fund is created in the State "(d) 8 treasury, under the control of the Office of State Budget and Management. The proceeds 9 of the charge levied in this section and all fees collected under Articles 69 through 71 of this Chapter and under Articles 9 and 9C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes shall be 10 credited to the Fund. The Fund shall be placed in an interest-bearing account and any 11 12 interest or other income derived from the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. Moneys in 13 the Fund may be spent only pursuant to appropriation by the General Assembly and in 14 accordance with the line item budget enacted by the General Assembly. The Fund is 15 subject to the provisions of the Executive Budget Act, except that no unexpended surplus 16 of the Fund shall revert to the General Fund. All money credited to the Fund shall be 17 used to reimburse the General Fund for money appropriated to State agencies to pay the 18 expenses incurred in regulating the insurance industry, in certifying statewide data processors under Article 11A of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes, and in 19 20 purchasing reports of patient data from statewide data processors certified under that 21 Article."

22 (h) Of the amount appropriated in Chapter 324 of the 1995 Session Laws to 23 the Department of Insurance for the Medical Database Commission, the sum of one 24 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) is transferred for fiscal year 1995-96 from the Department of Insurance to the Department of Human Resources, Division of Facility 25 Services, to be used to certify statewide data processors under Article 11A of Chapter 26 27 131E of the General Statutes and to purchase reports from statewide data processors certified under that Article. The remainder of the amount appropriated for the Medical 28 29 Database Commission for that fiscal year that has neither been expended nor encumbered 30 as of September 30, 1995, shall revert to the General Fund.

(i) The provisions of this section are severable. If the court declares a portionof this section unconstitutional or invalid, the remainder of the section is valid.

33 Sec. 40. Reserved.

Sec. 41. If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of the act as a whole or any part other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

Sec. 42. Sections 4, 7, 13, 14, 20, 23, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 36 and all of Section 39 except subsections (f) and (g) of that section become effective October 1, 1995. Section 33.1 is effective July 1, 1995. Section 3.1 becomes effective October 1, 1995, and applies to health benefit plans issued, renewed, or amended on or after that date. Section 26 is effective June 30, 1995. The remainder of this act is effective upon ratification. Section 34 expires December 31, 1997.