GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SECOND EXTRA SESSION 1996

SENATE BILL 8

Short Title: 1996 Tax Relief Act. (Public)

Sponsors: Senators Kerr, Sherron, Hoyle; Perdue and Rand.

Referred to: Finance.

July 8, 1996

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REDUCE TAXES FOR THE CITIZENS OF NORTH CAROLINA AND TO REFUND TO FEDERAL RETIREES THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL TAXES THEY PAID ON THEIR PENSIONS FOR TAX YEARS 1985 THROUGH 1988.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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Section 1. G.S. 105-164.4(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(5) The rate of three percent (3%) applies to the sales price of food that is not otherwise exempt pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13 but would be exempt pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13 if it were purchased with coupons issued under the Food Stamp Program, 7 U.S.C. § 51."

Sec. 2. G.S. 105-465 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-465. County election as to adoption of local sales and use tax.

The board of elections of any county, upon the written request of the board of county commissioners thereof, or upon receipt of a petition signed by qualified voters of the county equal in number to at least fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of votes cast in the county, at the last preceding election for the office of Governor, shall call a special election for the purpose of submitting to the voters of the county the question of whether a one percent (1%) sales and use tax as hereinafter provided will be levied.

The special election shall be held under the same rules and regulations applicable to the election of members of the General Assembly. No new registration of voters shall be

required. All qualified voters in the county who are properly registered not later than 21 days (excluding Saturdays and Sundays) prior to the election shall be entitled to vote at said election. The county board of elections shall give at least 20 days' public notice prior to the closing of the registration books for the special election.

The county board of election shall prepare ballots for the special election which shall contain the words, election. The question presented on the ballot shall be 'FOR the one percent (1%) local sales and use tax only on those items presently covered by the four percent (4%) sales and use tax,' and the words, on items subject to State sales and use tax at the general State rate and on food' or 'AGAINST the one percent (1%) local sales and use tax only on those items presently covered by the four percent (4%) sales and use tax,' with appropriate squares so that each voter may designate his vote by his cross (X) mark. on items subject to State sales and use tax at the general State rate and on food'.

The county board of elections shall fix the date of the special election; provided, however, that the special election shall not be held on the date of any biennial election for county officers, nor within 60 days thereof, nor within one year from the date of the last preceding special election under this section."

Sec. 3. G.S. 105-467 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-467. Scope of sales tax.

The sales tax which that may be imposed under this Article is limited to a tax at the rate of one percent (1%) of: of the following:

- (1) The sales price of those articles of tangible personal property now subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(1) and (4b); (a)(4b).
- (2) The gross receipts derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property when the lease or rental of the property is subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(2); 105-164.4(a)(2).
- (3) The gross receipts derived from the rental of any room or lodging furnished by any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp or other similar accommodations now subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3); and 105-164.4(a)(3).
- (4) The gross receipts derived from services rendered by laundries, dry cleaners, and other businesses now—subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4).
- (5) The sales price of food subject to three percent (3%) sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(5).

The sales tax authorized by this Article does not apply to sales that are taxable by the State under G.S. 105-164.4 but are not specifically included in subdivisions (1) through (4)-(5) of this section.

The <u>State</u> exemptions and exclusions contained in G.S. 105-164.13 and the <u>State</u> refund provisions contained in G.S. 105-164.14 shall apply with equal force and in like manner—to the local sales and use tax authorized to be levied and imposed under this Article. A taxing county shall have no authority, with respect to the local sales and use

tax imposed under this Article to change, alter, add to or delete any refund provisions contained in G.S. 105-164.14, or any exemptions or exclusions contained in G.S. 105-164.13 or which are elsewhere provided for. may not allow an exemption, exclusion, or refund that is not allowed under the State sales and use tax.

The local sales tax authorized to be imposed and levied under the provisions of this Article shall apply to such retail sales, leases, rentals, the rendering of services, furnishing of rooms, lodgings or accommodations and other applies to taxable transactions which are made, furnished or rendered by retailers whose place of business is located within the taxing county. The tax imposed shall apply to the furnishing of rooms, lodging or other accommodations within the county which are rented to transients. For the purpose of this Article, the situs of a transaction is the location of the retailer's place of business."

Sec. 4. G.S. 105-468 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-468. Scope of use tax.

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The use tax which may be imposed under authorized by this Article shall be is a tax at the rate of one percent (1%) of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property when it that is not sold in the taxing county but is used, consumed consumed, or stored for use or consumption in the taxing county, except that no tax shall be imposed upon tangible personal property when the property would be taxed by the State at a rate other than the general rate of tax set in G.S. 105-164.4 if it were taxable under G.S. 105-164.6. county. The tax applies to the same items that are subject to tax under G.S. 105-467.

Every retailer who is engaged in business in this State and in the taxing county and is required to collect the use tax levied by G.S. 105-164.6 shall also-collect the one percent (1%) use tax when such the property is to be used, consumed consumed, or stored in the taxing county, one percent (1%) use tax to be collected concurrently with the State's use tax; but no retailer not required to collect the use tax levied by G.S. 105-164.6 shall be required to collect the one percent (1%) use tax. county. The use tax contemplated by this section shall be levied against the purchaser, and the purchaser's liability for the use tax shall be extinguished only upon payment of the use tax to the retailer, where the retailer is required to collect the tax, or to the Secretary of Revenue, or to the taxing county, as appropriate, Secretary, where the retailer is not required to collect the tax.

Where a local sales or use tax has been paid with respect to tangible personal property by the purchaser, either in another taxing county within the State, or in a taxing jurisdiction outside the State where the purpose of the tax is similar in purpose and intent to the tax which may be imposed pursuant to this Article, the tax paid may be credited against the tax imposed under this section by a taxing county upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use tax so paid is less than the amount of the use tax due the taxing county under this section, the purchaser shall pay to the Secretary of Revenue or to the taxing county, as appropriate, an amount equal to the difference between the amount so paid in the other taxing county or jurisdiction and the amount due in the taxing county. The Secretary of Revenue or the taxing county, as appropriate, may require such proof of payment in another taxing county or jurisdiction as is deemed to be necessary. The use

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 tax levied under this Article is not subject to credit for payment of any State sales or use tax not imposed for the benefit and use of counties and municipalities. No credit shall be given under this section for sales or use taxes paid in a taxing jurisdiction outside this State if that taxing jurisdiction does not grant similar credit for sales taxes paid under this Article."

- Sec. 5. The first paragraph of Section 4 of Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws, as amended, is amended as follows:
 - (1) By deleting the word "and" before subdivision (4).
 - (2) By changing the period at the end of subdivision (4) to a semicolon and adding the word "and".
 - (3) By adding a new subdivision to read:
 - "(5) The sales price of food subject to three percent (3%) sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(5)."

Sec. 6. The first sentence of Section 5 of Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws is amended by deleting the first sentence of that section and substituting the following sentences to read:

"The use tax that Mecklenburg County may impose under this division is a tax at the rate of one percent (1%) of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property that is not sold but is used, consumed, or stored for use or consumption in Mecklenburg County. The tax applies to the same items that are subject to tax under Section 4 of this act."

Sec. 7. Approval under Article 39, 40, or 42 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, or under the Mecklenburg County Sales and Use Tax Act, Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws, as amended, of local sales and use taxes on items subject to State sales and use tax at the general State rate constitutes approval of local sales and use taxes on food.

Sec. 8. G.S. 105-130.3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-130.3. Corporations.

A tax is imposed on the State net income of every C Corporation doing business in this State at seven and seventy-five one-hundredths percent (7.75%) seven and one-half percent (7.5%) of the corporation's State net income. An S Corporation is not subject to the tax levied in this section."

Sec. 9. G.S. 115C-546.1(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Each calendar quarter, the Secretary of Revenue shall remit to the State Treasurer for credit to the Public School Building Capital Fund an amount equal to two thirty-firsts (2/31) one-fifteenth (1/15) of the net collections received during the previous quarter by the Department of Revenue under G.S. 105-130.3 minus two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000). All funds deposited in the Public School Building Capital Fund shall be invested as provided in G.S. 147-69.2 and G.S. 147-69.3."

Sec. 10. Effective July 1, 1997, G.S. 105-113.45, as amended by Chapter 646 of the 1995 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.45. Excise taxes on soft drinks and base products.

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- Bottled Soft Drinks. An excise tax of three-fourths cent $(3/4\cancel{e})$ -one-half cent (a) $(1/2\phi)$ is levied on each bottled soft drink.

retirement benefits.

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- (b) (c)
- Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 689, s. 276. Liquid Base Products. – An excise tax at the rate of seventy-five cents (75¢)

it is used to make a soft drink.

Sec. 11. G.S. 105-151.20 reads as rewritten:

applicable calendar year.

refund reduces the amount of the credit allowed under this section.

before it is used to make a soft drink. Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 689, s. 276."

more federal government retirement plans.

"§ 105-151.20. Credit or partial refund for tax paid on certain government federal

federal government workers on account of their public service. The following definitions

part of the tax refunded to the taxpayer before 1998.

during the 1985, 1986, 1987, or 1988 tax year may claim a credit against the tax imposed by this Division equal to the net pension tax on those benefits. The amount by which the

tax under this Division paid by the taxpayer for the 1988 tax year would have been

reduced if none of the taxpayer's government retirement benefits had been included in the

taxpayer's taxable income. If a taxpayer received a refund of any tax paid under this

Division on government retirement benefits for the 1988 tax year, the amount of the

benefits received from one or more state, local, or federal government retirement plans.

As used in this section, the term "1988 tax year" means the taxpayer's taxable year

As used in this section, the term "government retirement benefits" means retirement

Purpose; Definitions. – The purpose of this section is to benefit certain retired

Federal retirement benefits. - Retirement benefits received from one or

Net pension tax. – The amount of tax a taxpayer paid under this

Division for the 1985, 1986, 1987, and 1988 tax years on federal

retirement benefits, without interest, less any part of the tax for which the taxpayer received a credit under this section before 1998 and any

Tax year. – The taxpayer's taxable year beginning on a day in the

Credit. – A taxpayer who received government federal retirement benefits

Of three-fourths cent $(3/4\phi)$ one-half cent $(1/2\phi)$ an ounce if the dry base product is not converted into a syrup or other liquid base product before

That would apply under subsection (c) to the resulting liquid base

product if the dry base product is converted into a liquid base product

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 - fifty cents (50¢) a gallon is levied on each individual container of a liquid base product. The tax applies regardless whether the liquid base product is diverted to and used for a purpose other than making a soft drink. Dry Base Products. - An excise tax is levied on each individual container of a

dry base product at the rate:

(1)

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apply in this section:

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beginning on a day in 1988.

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credit allowed under this section shall be taken in equal installments over the taxpayer's first three taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1990. 1997. The credit allowed under this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by this Division reduced by the sum of all credits allowed against the tax, except payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer.

- Partial Refund Alternative. If the amount of tax imposed by this Division on the taxpayer for the taxpayer's 1997 tax year, reduced by the sum of all credits allowed against the tax except payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer, is less than five percent (5%) of the taxpayer's net pension tax for which credit is allowed, the taxpayer is eligible to elect a partial refund under this subsection in lieu of claiming the credit. The partial refund allowed under this subsection is equal to the lesser of eightyfive percent (85%) of the taxpayer's net pension tax or the reduced amount determined by the Secretary as provided in this subsection. To elect the partial refund, an eligible taxpayer must file with the Secretary on or before April 15, 1998, a written request for a partial refund of the taxpayer's net pension. The Secretary shall calculate from these requests eighty-five percent (85%) of the total amount of net pension tax for which partial refunds have been claimed and, if this sum exceeds the amount in the Federal Retiree Refund Account created in this section, shall allocate the amount in the Account among the eligible taxpavers claiming partial refunds by reducing each taxpaver's claimed refund in proportion to the size of the claimed refund. The Secretary shall remit these partial refunds before January 1, 1999.
- (d) Substantiation. In order to claim a refund or credit under this section, a taxpayer must provide any information required by the Secretary to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for tax benefit and the amount of the tax benefit.
- (e) Federal Retiree Accounts. There are created in the Department of Revenue two special accounts to be known as the Federal Retiree Refund Account and the Federal Retiree Administration Account. Funds in the Federal Retiree Refund Account shall be spent only for partial refunds pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. The Department of Revenue may use funds in the Federal Retiree Administration Account only for the costs of administering this section. Funds in the Federal Retiree Refund Account and the Federal Retiree Administration Account shall not revert to the General Fund until the Director of the Budget certifies that the Department of Revenue has completed all duties necessary to implement this section, including processing the escheat of refund checks that have not been cashed."
 - Sec. 12. Effective January 1, 2004, G.S. 105-151.20 is repealed.
- Sec. 13. It is the intent of the General Assembly to appropriate from the General Fund to the Department of Revenue the sum of twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) for the 1997-98 fiscal year to the credit of the Federal Retiree Refund Account created in this Part. It is the intent that these funds be used to make refunds to federal retirees as provided in this Part.
- Sec. 14. It is the intent of the General Assembly to appropriate from the General Fund to the Department of Revenue a sum of money sufficient to cover the

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Department's cost of administering this Part for the 1997-98 fiscal year. The money would be credited to the Federal Retiree Administration Account.

Sec. 15. Sections 1 through 7 of this act become effective January 1, 1997, and apply to sales made on or after that date. Section 8 of this act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997. Section 9 of this act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to remittances made on or after that date. Section 10 of this act becomes effective July 1, 1997. Sections 11 through 14 of this act become effective July 1, 1997. The remainder of this act is effective upon ratification.