SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 1354*

Short Title: Improve Torrens Law.

Sponsors: Representatives Brawley; Decker, Goodwin, Gulley, Weatherly, and Yongue.

Referred to: Judiciary II, if Favorable, Finance.

May 20, 1998

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO IMPROVE AND MODERNIZE THE TORRENS LAND TITLE
3	REGISTRATION PROCEDURES OF THE STATE.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. 43-5 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 43-5. Fees of officers.
7	The examiner hereinbefore provided for in G.S. 43-4 shall receive, as may be allowed
8	by the clerk, a minimum fee of five dollars (\$5.00) for such examination of each title of
9	property assessed upon the tax books at the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or
10	less; for each additional thousand dollars (\$1,000) of assessed value of property so
11	examined he shall receive fifty cents (50¢); for examination outside of the county he shall
12	receive a reasonable allowance. be compensated as provided in G.S. 1-408. All plats
13	required by this Chapter shall comply with G.S. 47-30 and shall be recorded in the office
14	of the register of deeds, and the recording fee shall be that specified in G.S. 161-10 for
15	recording plats. There shall be allowed to the register of deeds for copying the plot upon
16	registration of titles book two dollars (\$2.00) for the first page and one dollar (\$1.00) for
17	each succeeding page; The fee for copying or recording new certificates under this
18	Chapter, two dollars (\$2.00) for the first page and one dollar (\$1.00) for each succeeding
19	page; Chapter shall be that specified in G.S. 161-10 for recording instruments in general.
20	The fee for issuing the certificate and new certificates under this Chapter, fifty cents

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(50¢) for each; Chapter shall be that specified in G.S. 161-10 for issuing certified copies. 1 2 The fee for noting the entries or memorandum required and for the entries noting the 3 cancellation of mortgages and all other entries, if any, herein provided for, fifty cents 4 (50¢) for each entry. The county or other surveyor employed under the provisions of this 5 Chapter shall not be allowed to charge more than forty cents (40¢) per hour for his time 6 actually employed in making the survey and the map, except by agreement with the 7 petitioner, but he shall be allowed a minimum fee of two dollars (\$2.00). for shall be that 8 specified in G.S. 161-10 for recording instruments in general. 9 There shall be no other fees allowed of any nature except as herein provided, and the 10 bond bonds of the register, register and clerk and sheriff shall be liable in case of any mistake, malfeasance, or misfeasance as to the duties imposed upon them by this Chapter 11 12 in as full a manner as such bond is now liable by law." 13 Section 2. G.S. 43-13 reads as rewritten: 14 "§ 43-13. Manner of registration. 15 The county commissioners of each county shall provide for the register of (a) deeds in the county a book, to be called Registration of Titles, in which the register shall 16 17 enroll, register and index, as hereinafter provided, the decree of title before mentioned 18 and the copy of the plot contained in the petition, and all subsequent transfers of title, and note all voluntary and involuntary transactions in any wise affecting the title to the land, 19 20 authorized to be entered thereon. thereon in the real property records and indexes. The 21 certificate of title and the entries for voluntary and involuntary transactions shall be indexed on the grantor index in the name 'Registered estate no.' and on the grantee 22 index in the name of the registered owner. If the title be subject to trust, condition, 23 encumbrance or the like, the words 'in trust,' 'upon condition,' 'subject to encumbrance,' 24 'life estate,' or like appropriate insertion shall indicate the fact and fix any person dealing 25 with such certificate with notice of the particulars of such limitations upon the title as 26 27 appears upon the registry, registry, and no new or additional certificate number shall be issued in such circumstances. No erasure, alteration, or amendment shall be made upon 28 29 the registry after entry and issuance of a certificate of title except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. 30 31 When a voluntary or involuntary transaction is entered on a certificate of title, (b)the certificate with the new entry shall be copied and recorded and indexed in the real 32 property records and indexes. The copied certificate shall be indexed on the grantor 33 index in the name 'Registered estate no.' and on the grantee index in the name of the 34 35 registered owner." Section 3. Chapter 43 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new 36 37 section to read: 38 "§ 43-30.1. Correction of registered title by the register of deeds upon death of 39 spouse, life tenant, or joint tenant. Upon the death of a life tenant in registered property, the spouse of a registered 40 owner, or a joint tenant with right of survivorship, any surviving claimant under the 41 42 registered title may apply to the register of deeds for a correction to the certificate of title. Upon receipt of the applicable death certificate, the register of deeds may make 43

appropriate changes, deletions, or corrections to the certificate of title. Any interested 1 2 party may appeal the register of deeds' changes to the certificate of title under this section 3 by filing with the clerk of superior court a notice of appeal within 30 days of the register 4 of deeds' decision. If not appealed within 30 days, any changes by the register of deeds 5 to the certificate of title pursuant to this section shall become final." 6 Section 4. G.S. 43-31 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 43-31. When whole of land conveyed. Whenever the whole of any registered estate is transferred or conveyed the same shall 8 9 be done by a transfer or conveyance upon or attached to the certificate substantially as 10 follows: A.B. and wife The owners (giving the names of the parties owning land described in 11 12 the certificate-and their wives) hereby, in consideration of dollars, sell and convey to C.Bill-the purchaser (giving name of purchaser) the lot or tract of land, as the case may 13 14 be, described in the certificate of title hereto attached. The transfer shall be indexed on 15 the grantor and grantee indexes in the same manner as deeds are indexed. The same shall be signed and properly acknowledged by the parties and their wives 16 17 and shall have the full force and effect of a deed in fee simple: Provided, that if the sale 18 shall be in trust, upon condition, with power to sell or other unusual form of conveyance, the same shall be set out in the deed, and shall be entered upon the registration of titles 19 20 book as hereinafter provided; that upon presentation of the transfer, together with the 21 certificate of title, to the register of deeds, the transaction shall be duly noted and registered in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, and certificate of title so 22 23 presented shall be canceled and a new certificate with the same number issued to the 24 purchaser thereof, which new certificate shall fully refer by number and also by name of holder to former certificate just canceled." 25 26 Section 5. G.S. 43-32 reads as rewritten: 27 "§ 43-32. Conveyance of part of registered land. The transfer of any part of a registered estate, either of an undivided interest therein or 28 29 of a separate lot or parcel thereof, shall be made by an instrument of the transfer or conveyance similar in form to that herein provided for the transfer of the whole of any 30 registered estate, to which shall be attached the certificate of title of such registered 31 32 estate. In case of the transfer of an undivided interest in a registered estate, such 33 instrument or transfer or conveyance shall accurately specify and describe the extent and amount of the interest transferred and of the interest retained, respectively. In case of a 34 35 transfer of a separate lot or parcel of a registered estate, such instrument of transfer or conveyance shall describe the lot or parcel transferred either by metes and bounds or by 36 37 reference to the map or plat attached thereto, and shall in every case be accompanied by a 38 map or plat having clearly indicated thereon the boundaries of the whole of the registered

39 estate and of the lot or parcel to be transferred. transferred, but a new survey of the

- 40 original registered estate shall not be required. The transfer shall be indexed on the
- 41 grantor and grantee indexes in the same manner as deeds are indexed."
- 42 Section 6. G.S. 43-33 reads as rewritten:
- 43 "§ 43-33. Duty of register of deeds upon part conveyance.

Upon presentation to the register of deeds of an instrument of transfer or conveyance 1 2 of an undivided interest in a registered estate, in proper form as above prescribed, it shall 3 be his duty to cancel the certificate of title attached thereto and to issue to each owner a 4 new certificate of title, each bearing the same number as the original certificate of title 5 and accurately specifying and describing the extent and the amount of the interest 6 retained or of the interest transferred, as the case may be. Upon presentation to the 7 register of deeds of an instrument of transfer or conveyance of a separate lot or parcel of 8 a registered estate, in proper form as above prescribed, it shall be his duty to cancel the 9 certificate of the title attached thereto and to issue to each owner a new certificate of title 10 bearing a new number and describing the separate lot or parcel retained or transferred, as the case may be, either by metes and bounds or by reference to a map or plat thereto 11 12 attached. The register of deeds is responsible for determining that each new certificate of 13 title contains a description of the property transferred or retained but not for verifying the 14 accuracy of any description."

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Section 7. G.S. 43-45 reads as rewritten:

"§ 43-45. Docketed judgments. 16

17 Whenever any judgment of the superior court of the county in which the registered 18 estate is situated shall be duly docketed in the office of the clerk of the superior court, or any lien or notice of lis pendens is filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court, it 19 20 shall be the duty of the elerk-clerk, upon the request of any interested party, to certify the same to the register of deeds. The register of deeds shall thereupon-enter upon the 21 certificate of title, the date, and the amount of the judgment, and the same shall be a lien 22 23 upon such land as fully as such docketed judgment would be a lien upon unregistered 24 lands of the judgment debtor, debtor, and the register of deeds is authorized to recover the certificate of title pursuant to G.S. 43-40. The register of deeds shall also enter notice of 25 the judgment, lien, or lis pendens on the record copy of the certificate of title, and the 26 encumbrance is valid against the registered estate from the time it is noted on the record 27 copy." 28

Section 8. G.S. 43-46 reads as rewritten:

"§ 43-46. Notice of delinquent taxes filed. 30

It shall be the duty of the sheriff or other collector of taxes or assessments of each county 31 32 and town, tax collector of each taxing unit, not later than the first day of March in each year, 33 June 30 following the date the taxes became delinquent, to file an exact memorandum of the delinquency, if any, of any registered land for the nonpayment of the taxes or 34 35 assessments thereon, including penalty therefor, interest, in the office of the register of deeds for registration; and if such officer fails to perform such duty, and there shall be 36 subsequent to such day a transfer of the land as hereinbefore provided, the grantee shall 37 38 acquire a good title free from any lien for such taxes and assessments, and such sheriff or other the collector of taxes and his sureties shall be liable for the payment of the taxes and 39 40 assessments with the penalty and interest thereon. The register of deeds shall enter the notice of delinquency on the record copy of the certificate of title, and the tax lien shall 41 42 be valid against the registered estate from the time it is noted on the record copy." 43

Section 9. G.S. 43-47 is repealed.

Section 10. G.S. 43-48 reads as rewritten: 1 2 "§ 43-48. Foreclosure of tax lien. Sale of unredeemed land; application of proceeds. 3 If there be no redemption of land under the preceding section [G.S. 43-47], in 4 accordance with the law, it shall be the duty of the sheriff or other collector of taxes in 5 the county or town in which the land lies to sell the same at public auction for cash, first 6 giving such notice of the time and place of sale as is prescribed for execution sales, and 7 the proceeds of sale shall be applied, first, to the payment of all taxes and assessments then due to the State, county and town, with interest, penalty and costs; second, to the 8 9 payment of all sums paid by any person who purchased at the former tax sale, with 10 interest and the additional sum of five dollars (\$5.00); third, to the payment of a commission to the officer making the sale of five per centum (5%) on the first three 11 12 hundred dollars (\$300.00) and two per centum (2%) on the residue of the proceeds: fourth, to the satisfaction of any liens other than the taxes and assessments registered 13 14 against the land in the order of their priorities; fifth, and the surplus, if any, to the person 15 in whose name the land was previous to sale for taxes, subject to redemption as provided herein, his heirs, personal representatives or assigns. The lien for ad valorem taxes may 16 17 be foreclosed and the property sold pursuant to G.S. 105-375. A note of the sale under 18 this section shall be duly registered, and a certificate shall be entered and an owner's certificate issued in favor of the purchaser in whom title shall be thereby vested as 19 20 registered owner, in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter. Nothing in this 21 section shall be so construed as to affect or divert the title of a tenant in reversion or remainder to any real estate which has been returned delinquent and sold on account of 22 23 the default of the tenant for life in paying the taxes or assessments thereon."

24 Section 11. This act becomes effective January 1, 1999.