SESSION 1997

Η

HOUSE BILL 434

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/97 Senate Pensions & Retirement and Insurance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/12/97 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/19/97

Short Title: Federal Health Insurance Changes/AB.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 10, 1997

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	
2	AN ACT TO CONFORM NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH INSURANCE LAWS TO
3	RECENTLY ENACTED FEDERAL LAWS CONCERNING HEALTH
4	INSURANCE UNDERWRITING AND PORTABILITY, MATERNITY
5	COVERAGE, AND COVERAGE FOR MENTAL ILLNESS.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. Article 68 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended as
8	follows:
9	(a) By repealing G.S. 58-68-1, 58-68-5, 58-68-10, 58-68-15, and 58-68-20.
10	(b) By rewriting the Article heading to read:
11	"NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST COMMISSION.
12	HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY."
13	(c) By adding the following Part A and Part B:
14	" <u>PART A. GROUP MARKET REFORMS.</u>
15	<u>"SUBPART 1. PORTABILITY, ACCESS, AND RENEWABILITY</u>
16	<u>REQUIREMENTS.</u>
17	"§ 58-68-25. Definitions; excepted benefits; employer size rule.

4

1	• •		itions. – In addition to other definitions throughout this Article, t	the
2	-		tions and their cognates apply in this Article:	
3	(<u>(1)</u>	'Bona fide association' With respect to health insurance covera	ige
4			offered in this State, an association that:	
5			a. <u>Has been actively in existence for at least five years.</u>	
6			b. Has been formed and maintained in good faith for purposes oth	ner
7			than obtaining insurance.	
8			c. Does not condition membership in the association on any hea	
9			status-related factor relating to an individual (including	an
10			employee of an employer or a dependent of an employee).	
11			d. Makes health insurance coverage offered through the association	
12			available to all members regardless of any health status-related	
13			factor relating to the members (or individuals eligible	for
14			<u>coverage through a member).</u>	
15			e. Does not make health insurance coverage offered through t	the
16			association available other than in connection with a member	of
17			the association.	
18			<u>f.</u> <u>Meets the additional requirements as may be imposed under St</u>	<u>ate</u>
19			<u>law.</u>	
20	((2)	<u>'COBRA continuation provision'. – Any of the following:</u>	
21			a. <u>Section 4980B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, other th</u>	<u>ıan</u>
22			subdivision (f)(1) of the section insofar as it relates to pediat	ric
23			vaccines.	
24			b. Part 6 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Incom	me
25			Security Act of 1974, other than section 609 of the Act.	
26			c. <u>Title XXII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.S.</u>	§.
27			300bb, et seq.,) as requirements for certain group health plans	-
28			certain State and local employees.	
29			d. Article 53 of this Chapter or the health insurance continuation	ion
30			law of another state.	
31	((3)	'Employee' The meaning given the term under section 3(6) of t	the
32			Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.	
33	(<u>(4)</u>	'Employer' The meaning given the term under section 3(5) of t	the
34			Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, except that the te	rm
35			shall include only employers of two or more employees.	
36	(<u>(5)</u>	'Health insurance coverage' or 'coverage' or 'health insurance plan'	or
37	-	<u> </u>	'plan' Benefits consisting of medical care, provided directly throu	
38			insurance or otherwise and including items and services paid for	
39			medical care, under any accident and health insurance policy	
40			certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract, or hea	
41			maintenance organization contract, written by a health insurer.	
42	((6)	'Health insurer'. – An insurance company subject to this Chapter.	.a
43	د	<u>, - /</u>	hospital or medical service corporation subject to Article 65 of t	
-				

1		Chapter, a health maintenance organization subject to Article 67 of this
2		Chapter, or a multiple employer welfare arrangement subject to Article
3		49 of this Chapter, that offers and issues health insurance coverage.
4	(7)	<u>'Health status-related factor'. – Any of the factors described in G.S. 58-</u>
4 5	<u>(7)</u>	$\frac{116}{68-35(a)(1)}$
6	<u>(8)</u>	<u>'Individual health insurance coverage'. – Health insurance coverage</u>
7	<u>(0)</u>	offered to individuals in the individual market, but not short-term
8		limited duration insurance.
9	<u>(9)</u>	<u>'Individual market'. – The market for health insurance coverage offered</u>
10	(\mathcal{I})	to individuals.
10	(10)	<u>'Large employer'. – An employer who employed an average of at least</u>
12	<u>(10)</u>	51 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and
12		who employs at least two employees on the first day of the health
13		insurance plan year.
14	(11)	
15	<u>(11)</u>	<u>'Large group market'</u> . – The health insurance market under which
16		individuals obtain health insurance coverage, directly or through any
		arrangement, on behalf of themselves and their dependents through a
18	(12)	group health insurance plan maintained by a large employer.
19	<u>(12)</u>	<u>'Medical care'. – Amounts paid for:</u>
20		<u>a.</u> <u>The diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of</u>
21		disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of affecting any
22		structure or function of the body.
23		b. <u>Amounts paid for transportation primarily for and essential to</u>
24		medical care referred to in sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision.
25		c. <u>Amounts paid for insurance covering medical care referred to in</u>
26	(12)	sub-subdivisions a. and b. of this subdivision.
27	<u>(13)</u>	<u>'Network plan'. – Health insurance coverage of a health insurer under</u>
28		which the financing and delivery of medical care (including items and
29		services paid for as medical care) are provided, in whole or in part,
30		through a defined set of health care providers under contract with the
31	(1.4)	health insurer.
32	<u>(14)</u>	<u>'Participant'. – The meaning given the term under section 3(7) of the</u>
33	$(1, \overline{c})$	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
34	<u>(15)</u>	<u>'Placed for adoption'</u> . – The assumption and retention by a person of a
35		legal obligation for total or partial support of a child in anticipation of
36		adoption of the child. The child's placement with the person terminates
37	(1.6)	upon the termination of the legal obligation.
38	<u>(16)</u>	<u>'Small employer'. – The meaning given to the term in G.S. 58-50-</u>
39	(1 -)	$\frac{110(22)}{2}$
40	<u>(17)</u>	<u>'Small group market'</u> . – The health insurance market under which
41		individuals obtain health insurance coverage, directly or through any
42		arrangement, on behalf of themselves and their dependents through a
43		group health insurance plan maintained by a small employer.

1	<u>(b)</u>	-	oted Benefits. – For the purposes of this Article, 'excepted benefits' means
2	benefits t		ne or more or any combination of the following:
3		<u>(1)</u>	Benefits not subject to requirements. –
4 5			a. <u>Coverage only for accident or disability income insurance or any</u> <u>combination of these.</u>
5 6			
7			
8			<u>c.</u> <u>Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and</u> <u>automobile liability insurance.</u>
9			<u>d.</u> <u>Workers' compensation or similar insurance.</u>
10			
11			e.Automobile medical payment insurance.f.Credit-only insurance.
12			
13			 <u>coverage for on-site medical clinics.</u> <u>Other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal</u>
14			regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary
15			or incidental to other insurance benefits.
16		<u>(2)</u>	Benefits not subject to requirements if offered separately
17		<u>+</u>	a. Limited scope dental or vision benefits.
18			b. Benefits for long-term care, nursing care, home health care,
19			community-based care, or any combination of these.
20			c. The other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal
21			regulations.
22		<u>(3)</u>	Benefits not subject to requirements if offered as independent,
23			noncoordinated benefits. –
24			<u>a.</u> <u>Coverage only for a specified disease or illness.</u>
25			b. <u>Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance.</u>
26		<u>(4)</u>	Benefits not subject to requirements if offered as separate insurance
27			policy Medicare supplemental health insurance (as defined under
28			section 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act), coverage supplemental to
29			the coverage provided under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code,
30			and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group
31			health insurance plan.
32	<u>(c)</u>		cation of certain rules in determination of employer size For the
33	purposes		
34		<u>(1)</u>	Application of aggregation rule for employers. – All persons treated as a
35			single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 of
36		(2)	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer.
37		<u>(2)</u>	Employers not in existence in preceding year. – In the case of an
38 39			employer that was not in existence throughout the preceding calendar
39 40			year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of employees that it is
40 41			employer shall be based on the average number of employees that it is reasonably expected the employer will employ on business days in the
41			current calendar year.
ד∠			<u>current carendar year.</u>

 include a reference to any predecessor of the employer. § 58-68-30. Increased portability through limitation on preexisting condition exclusions. (a) Limitation on Preexisting Condition Exclusion Period; Crediting for Periods of Previous Coverage. – Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a group health insurer may, with respect to a participant or beneficiary, impose a preexisting condition exclusion only if: (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the purposes of this Part: (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion for benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. (a) Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if carlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment. (3) Late enrollee, – With respect to coverage under a group health insurance 	1	<u>(3</u>)	
4 exclusions. 5 (a) Limitation on Preexisting Condition Exclusion Period; Crediting for Periods of 6 Previous Coverage. – Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a group health insurer 7 may, with respect to a participant or beneficiary, impose a preexisting condition 8 exclusion only if. 9 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion or benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 23 before the date of enrollment for the condition related to the information, all ono	2	"° 5 9 (9 3 0	include a reference to any predecessor of the employer.
5 (a) Limitation on Preexisting Condition Exclusion Period; Crediting for Periods of 6 Previous Coverage. – Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a group health insurer 7 may, with respect to a participant or beneficiary, impose a preexisting condition 8 exclusion only if: 9 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, 10 regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, 11 diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the 16 aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the 17 participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion of benefits relating 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with 21 respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating 22 to a condition based on			
6 Previous Coverage. – Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a group health insurer 7 may, with respect to a participant or beneficiary, impose a preexisting condition 8 exclusion only if. 9 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion ' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 23 before the date of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the informat			
7 may, with respect to a participant or beneficiary, impose a preexisting condition 8 exclusion only if: 9 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition exclusion or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 27 Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			
8 exclusion only if: 9 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 23 before the date of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 30 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			
9 (1) The exclusion relates to a condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 27 be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 28 subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condit		•	
10 regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion			
11 diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 27 Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.		<u> </u>	
12 six-month period ending on the enrollment date. 13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 30 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			
13 (2) The exclusion extends for a period of not more than 12 months, or 18 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 30 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			
14 months in the case of a late enrollee, after the enrollment date. 15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 30 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.		(2)	· · ·
15 (3) The period of any preexisting condition exclusion is reduced by the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 30 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.		<u> </u>	-
16 aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 17 participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion of benefits relating 21 respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating 22 to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present 23 before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not 24 any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was 25 recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not 27 be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this 28 subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related 29 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group 31 health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the 32 coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the 33 enrollment.	15	(3)	
17 participant or beneficiary as of the enrollment date. 18 (b) Definitions. – For the purposes of this Part: 19 (1) Preexisting condition exclusion. – 20 a. In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date. 26 b. Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. 30 (2) Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.	16		
19(1)Preexisting condition exclusion a.20a.In general 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.30(2)Enrollment date With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.	17		
20a.In general 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.30(2)Enrollment date With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.	18	<u>(b)</u> <u>De</u>	finitions. – For the purposes of this Part:
21respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating22to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present23before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not24any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was25recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not27be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this28subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related29to the information.30(2)Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group31health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.	19	<u>(1</u>)	Preexisting condition exclusion. –
22to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present23before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not24any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was25recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not27be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this28subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related29to the information.30(2)Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group31health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.	20		<u>a.</u> <u>In general. – 'Preexisting condition exclusion' means, with</u>
23before the date of enrollment for the coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.29Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating
24any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.29Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present
25recommended or received before the date.26b.Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.292030(2)31Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			
26b.Treatment of genetic information. – Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.28subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information.30(2)Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment.			
 be treated as a condition described in subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to the information. Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the enrollment. 			
28subsection in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related29to the information.30(2)Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group31health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the32coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the33enrollment.			
29to the information.30(2)31Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group31health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the32coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the33enrollment.			
30(2)Enrollment date. – With respect to an individual covered under a group31health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the32coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the33enrollment.			•
31health insurance plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the32coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the33enrollment.			
 32 coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for the 33 enrollment. 		<u>(2</u>	
33 <u>enrollment.</u>			<u> </u>
34 (5) Late enronee. – with respect to coverage under a group nearth insurance		(2)	
		(3)	
 35 plan, a participant or beneficiary who enrolls under the plan other than 36 during: 			
37a.The first period in which the individual is eligible to enroll under38the plan, or			· · ·
39 <u>b.</u> <u>A special enrollment period under subsection (f) of this section.</u>			
40 (4) <u>Waiting period. – With respect to a group health insurance plan and an</u>		<i>(Δ</i>)	
41 <u>individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the plan, the</u>			
42 period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual			
43 is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the plan.			

1	<u>(c)</u>	Rules	Relati	ng to Crediting Previous Coverage. –
2	<u>(e)</u>	$\frac{1100}{(1)}$		table coverage defined. – For the purposes of this Article,
3		<u>(1)</u>		table coverage' means, with respect to an individual, coverage of
4				dividual under any of the following:
5				<u>A self-funded employer group health plan under the Employee</u>
6			<u>a.</u>	<u>A sen-funded employer group health plan under the Employee</u> Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
0 7			h	Group or individual health insurance coverage.
8			<u>b.</u>	· · ·
			<u>c.</u> <u>d.</u>	Part A or part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
9			<u>a.</u>	<u>Title XIX of the Social Security Act, other than coverage</u>
10				consisting solely of benefits under section 1928.
11			<u>e.</u>	Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code.
12			<u>f.</u>	A medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a
13				tribal organization.
14			<u>g.</u>	<u>A State health benefits risk pool.</u>
15			<u>h.</u>	A health plan offered under chapter 89 of title 5, United States
16				<u>Code.</u>
17			<u>i.</u> j.	A public health plan (as defined in federal regulations).
18			<u>].</u>	<u>A health benefit plan under section 5(e) of the Peace Corps Act</u>
19			(0 1	(<u>22 U.S.C. § 2504(e)).</u>
20				itable coverage' does not include coverage consisting solely of
21		$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$		age of excepted benefits.
22		<u>(2)</u>		ounting periods before significant breaks in coverage. –
23			<u>a.</u>	In general. – A period of creditable coverage shall not be
24				counted, with respect to enrollment of an individual under a
25				group health insurance plan, if, after the period and before the
26				enrollment date, there was a 63-day period during all of which
27				the individual was not covered under any creditable coverage.
28			<u>b.</u>	Waiting period not treated as a break in coverage For the
29				purposes of sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision and
30				subdivision (d)(4) of this subsection, any period that an
31				individual is in a waiting period for any coverage under a group
32				health insurance plan or is in an affiliation period shall not be
33				taken into account in determining the continuous period under
34				sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision.
35			<u>C.</u>	Time spent on short term limited duration health insurance not
36				treated as a break in coverage For the purposes of sub-
37				subdivision a. of this subdivision, any period that an individual
38				is enrolled on a short term limited duration health insurance
39				policy shall not be taken into account in determining the
40				continuous period under sub-subdivision. a. of this subdivision
41				so long as the period of time spent on the short term limited
42				duration health insurance policy or policies does not exceed 12
43				months.

1		(3)	Meth	od of crediting coverage. –
2			<u>a.</u>	Standard method Except as otherwise provided under sub-
3			_	subdivision b. of this subdivision for the purposes of applying
4				subdivision (a)(3) of this subsection, a group health insurer shall
5				count a period of creditable coverage without regard to the
6				specific benefits covered during the period.
7			<u>b.</u>	Election of alternative method A group health insurer may
8				elect to apply subdivision (a)(3) of this subsection based on
9				coverage of benefits within each of several classes or categories
10				of benefits specified in federal regulations rather than as provided
11				under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision. This election shall
12				be made on a uniform basis for all participants and beneficiaries.
13				Under this election a group health insurer shall count a period of
14				creditable coverage with respect to any class or category of
15				benefits if any level of benefits is covered within the class or
16				category.
17			<u>c.</u>	Health insurer notice. – In the case of an election under sub-
18			_	subdivision b. of this subdivision with respect to health insurance
19				coverage in the small or large group market, the health insurer:
20				(i) shall prominently state in any disclosure statements
21				concerning the coverage, and to each employer at the time of the
22				offer or sale of the coverage, that the health insurer has made the
23				election, and (ii) shall include in the statements a description of
24				the effect of the election.
25		<u>(4)</u>	Estab	lishment of period. – Periods of creditable coverage for an
26			indiv	idual shall be established through presentation of certifications
27				ibed in subsection (e) of this section or in another manner that is
28				fied in federal regulations.
29	<u>(d)</u>	Excep	otions.	
30		<u>(1)</u>	Exclu	usion not applicable to certain newborns Subject to subdivision
31				of this subsection, a group health insurer shall not impose any
32			preex	tisting condition exclusion in the case of an individual who, as of
33			-	ast day of the 30-day period beginning with the individual's date of
34			birth,	is covered under creditable coverage.
35		<u>(2)</u>	Exclu	usion not applicable to certain adopted children Subject to
36			<u>subdi</u>	vision (4) of this subsection, a group health insurer shall not
37			impo	se any preexisting condition exclusion in the case of a child who is
38			adopt	ted or placed for adoption before attaining 18 years of age and who,
39			as of	the last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date of the
40				tion or placement for adoption, is covered under creditable
41				rage. The previous sentence does not apply to coverage before the
42				of the adoption or placement for adoption.

1		<u>(3)</u>	Exclusion not applicable to pregnancy A group health insurer shall
2			not impose any preexisting condition exclusion relating to pregnancy as
3			a preexisting condition.
4		<u>(4)</u>	Loss if break in coverage Subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection
5			shall no longer apply to an individual after the end of the first 63-day
6			period during all of which the individual was not covered under any
7			creditable coverage.
8	<u>(e)</u>	Certi	fications and Disclosure of Coverage. –
9		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Requirement for certification of period of creditable coverage. –</u>
10			<u>a.</u> <u>In general. – A group health insurer shall provide the certification</u>
11			described in sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision: (i) at the time
12			an individual ceases to be covered under the plan or otherwise
13			becomes covered under a COBRA continuation provision, (ii) in
14			the case of an individual becoming covered under a COBRA
15			continuation provision, at the time the individual ceases to be
16			covered under the COBRA continuation provision, and (iii) on
17			the request on behalf of an individual made not later than 24
18			months after the date of cessation of the coverage described in
19			clause (i) or (ii) of this sub-subdivision, whichever is later.
20			The certification under clause (i) of this sub-subdivision may be
21			provided, to the extent practicable, at a time consistent with notices
22			required under any applicable COBRA continuation provision.
23			b. Certification The certification described in this sub-
24			subdivision is a written certification of: (i) the period of
25			creditable coverage of the individual under the plan and any
26			coverage under the COBRA continuation provision, and (ii) any
27			waiting period and affiliation period, if applicable, imposed with
28			respect to the individual for any coverage under the plan.
29		<u>(2)</u>	Disclosure of information on previous benefits In the case of an
30			election described in sub-subdivision (c)(3)b. of this subsection by a
31			group health insurer, if the health insurer enrolls an individual for
32			coverage under the plan and the individual provides a certification of
33			coverage of the individual under subdivision (1) of this subsection:
34			a. Upon request of the health insurer, the entity that issued the
35			certification provided by the individual shall promptly disclose
36			to the requesting plan or health insurer information on coverage
37			of classes and categories of health benefits available under the
38			entity's coverage.
39			b. The entity may charge the requesting plan or health insurer for
40			the reasonable cost of disclosing the information.
41	<u>(f)</u>	<u>Speci</u>	al Enrollment Periods. –
42		<u>(1)</u>	Individuals losing other coverage A group health insurer shall permit
43			an employee who is eligible, but not enrolled, for coverage under the

1		terms of the plan (or a dependent of the employee if the dependent is
2		eligible, but not enrolled, for coverage under the terms) to enroll for
3		coverage under the terms of the plan if each of the following conditions
4		is met:
5		<u>a.</u> The employee or dependent was covered under an ERISA group
6		health plan or had health insurance coverage at the time coverage
7		was previously offered to the employee or dependent.
8		b. The employee stated in writing at the time that coverage under
9		the group health plan or health insurance coverage was the
10		reason for declining enrollment, but only if the health insurer
11		required the statement at the time and provided the employee
12		with notice of the requirement and the consequences of the
13		requirement at the time.
14		c. The employee's or dependent's coverage described in sub-
15		subdivision a.: (i) was under a COBRA continuation provision
16		and the coverage under the provision was exhausted; (ii) was not
17		under that provision and either the coverage was terminated
18		because of loss of eligibility for the coverage, including legal
19		separation, divorce, death, termination of employment, or
20		reduction in the number of hours of employment; or (iii)
21		employer contributions toward the coverage were terminated.
22		<u>d.</u> <u>Under the terms of the plan, the employee requests the</u>
23		enrollment not later than 30 days after the date of exhaustion of
24		coverage described in sub-subdivision c.(i) of this subdivision or
25		termination of coverage or employer contribution described in
26		sub-subdivision c.(ii) of this subdivision.
27	<u>(2)</u>	<u>For dependent beneficiaries. –</u>
28		<u>a.</u> <u>In general. – If: (i) a group health insurance plan makes</u>
29		coverage available with respect to a dependent of an individual,
30		(ii) the individual is a participant under the plan (or has met any
31		waiting period applicable to becoming a participant under the
32		plan and is eligible to be enrolled under the plan but for a failure
33		to enroll during a previous enrollment period), and (iii) a person
34		becomes the dependent of the individual through marriage, birth,
35		or adoption or placement for adoption,
36		The plan shall provide for a dependent special enrollment period
37		described in sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision during which the
38		person (or, if not otherwise enrolled, the individual) may be enrolled
39		under the plan as a dependent of the individual, and in the case of the
40		birth or adoption of a child, the spouse of the individual may be enrolled
41		as a dependent of the individual if the spouse is otherwise eligible for
42		coverage.

1		<u>b.</u>	Dependent special enrollment period. – A dependent special
2			enrollment period under this sub-subdivision shall be a period of
3			not less than 30 days and shall begin on the later of: (i) the date
4			dependent coverage is made available, or (ii) the date of the
5			marriage, birth, or adoption or placement for adoption described
6			in sub-subdivision a.(iii) of this subdivision.
7		<u>c.</u>	No waiting period. – If an individual seeks to enroll a dependent
8			during the first 30 days of the dependent's special enrollment
9			period, the coverage of the dependent shall become effective: (i)
10			in the case of marriage, not later than the first day of the first
11			month beginning after the date the completed request for
12			enrollment is received; (ii) in the case of a dependent's birth, as
12			of the date of the birth; or (iii) in the case of a dependent's
13			adoption or placement for adoption, the date of the adoption or
14			placement for adoption.
	(\mathbf{z}) Use	of Aff	× · · · ·
16		OI AII	iliation Period by HMO as Alternative to Preexisting Condition
17	Exclusion. –	In a	ward A haalth maintananaa anaanization that does not immage
18	<u>(1)</u>	-	eneral. – A health maintenance organization that does not impose
19		• •	preexisting condition exclusion allowed under subsection (a) of this
20			on with respect to any particular coverage option may impose an
21			ation period for the coverage option, but only if:
22		<u>a.</u>	The period is applied uniformly without regard to any health
23			status-related factors.
24		<u>b.</u>	The period does not exceed two months (or three months in the
25			case of a late enrollee).
26	<u>(2)</u>		iation period. –
27		<u>a.</u>	Defined For the purposes of this Subpart, 'affiliation period'
28			means a period that, under the terms of the health insurance
29			coverage offered by the health maintenance organization, must
30			expire before the health insurance coverage becomes effective.
31			The health maintenance organization is not required to provide
32			health care services or benefits during the period and no premium
33			shall be charged to the participant or beneficiary for any
34			coverage during the period.
35		<u>b.</u>	Beginning. – The period shall begin on the enrollment date.
36		<u>c.</u>	Runs concurrently with waiting periods. – An affiliation period
37			under a plan shall run concurrently with any waiting period under
38			the plan.
39	<u>(3)</u>	Alter	native methods. – A health maintenance organization described in
40	<u> </u>		ivision (1) of this subsection may use alternative methods, as
41			by the Commissioner, from those described in that
42			ivision, to address adverse selection.
		2404	

" <u>§</u>	<u>58-6</u>	68-35.	Prohibiting discrimination against individual participants and
		bene	ficiaries based on health status.
	<u>(a)</u>	<u>In Eli</u>	igibility To Enroll. –
		<u>(1)</u>	In general Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, a group health
			insurer shall not establish rules for eligibility, including continued
			eligibility, of any individual to enroll under the terms of the health
			insurer's plan based on any of the following health status-related factors
			in relation to the individual or a dependent of the individual:
			<u>a.</u> <u>Health status.</u>
			b. <u>Medical condition (including both physical and mental illnesses).</u>
			<u>c.</u> <u>Claims experience.</u>
			d.Receipt of health care.e.Medical history.f.Genetic information.g.Evidence of insurability (including conditions arising out of acts)
			<u>e.</u> <u>Medical history.</u>
			<u>f.</u> <u>Genetic information.</u>
			of domestic violence).
		(\mathbf{a})	<u>h.</u> <u>Disability.</u>
		<u>(2)</u>	<u>No application to benefits or exclusions. – To the extent consistent with</u>
			G.S. 58-68-30, subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be construed:
			a. To require a group health insurance plan to provide particular
			benefits other than those provided under the terms of the plan, or To provent the plan from establishing limitations or restrictions
			b. To prevent the plan from establishing limitations or restrictions
			on the amount, level, extent, or nature of the benefits or coverage for similarly situated individuals enrolled in the plan.
		<u>(3)</u>	<u>Construction. – For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection,</u>
		<u>(5)</u>	rules for eligibility to enroll under a plan include rules defining any
			applicable waiting periods for the enrollment.
	<u>(b)</u>	In Pre	emium Contributions. –
	<u>(0)</u>	$\frac{1111}{(1)}$	In general. – A group health insurance plan shall not require any
		<u>(-)</u>	individual (as a condition of enrollment or continued enrollment under
			the plan) to pay a premium or contribution that is greater than the
			premium or contribution for a similarly situated individual enrolled in
			the plan on the basis of any health status-related factor in relation to the
			individual or to an individual enrolled under the plan as a dependent of
			individual.
		<u>(2)</u>	$\overline{\text{Construction.}}$ – Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be
		<u>., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	construed:
			<u>a.</u> To restrict the amount that an employer may be charged for
			coverage under a group health insurance plan; or
			b. To prevent a group health insurer from establishing premium
			discounts or modifying otherwise applicable copayments or
			deductibles in return for adherence to programs of health
			promotion and disease prevention.

		. HEALTH INSURANCE AVAILABILITY AND RENEWABILITY. Guaranteed availability of coverage for employers in the small group
8 30-	<u>00-40. (</u> marl	
<u>(a)</u>		nce of Coverage in the Small Group Market. –
<u>(u)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	In general. – Subject to subsections (c) through (f) of this section, each
	<u>(1)</u>	health insurer that offers health insurance coverage in the small group
		market in this State:
		a. <u>Must accept every small employer that applies for the coverage;</u> and
		b. Must accept for enrollment under the coverage every eligible
		individual who applies for enrollment during the period in which
		the individual first becomes eligible to enroll under the terms of
		•
		the group health insurance plan and shall not place any restriction
		that is inconsistent with G.S. 58-68-35 on an eligible individual
	(2)	being a participant or beneficiary.
	<u>(2)</u>	Eligible individual defined. – For the purposes of this section, 'eligible
		individual' means, with respect to a health insurer that offers health
		insurance coverage to a small employer in the small group market, such
		an individual in relation to the employer as shall be determined:
		a. <u>In accordance with the terms of the plan</u> ,
		b. As provided by the health insurer under rules of the health
		insurer that are uniformly applicable in this State to small
		employers in the small group market, and
		c. In accordance with all applicable State laws governing the health
(1)	a	insurer and the market.
<u>(b)</u>	-	ial Rules for Network Plans. –
	<u>(1)</u>	In general. – In the case of a health insurer that offers health insurance
		coverage in the small group market through a network plan, the health
		insurer may:
		a. Limit the employers that may apply for coverage to those with
		eligible individuals who live, work, or reside in the service area
		for the network plan; and
		b. Within the service area of the network plan, deny coverage to the
		employers if the health insurer has demonstrated to the
		Commissioner that: (i) it will not have the capacity to deliver
		services adequately to enrollees of any additional groups because
		of its obligations to existing group contract holders and enrollees,
		and (ii) it is applying this subdivision uniformly to all employers
		without regard to the claims experience of those employers and
		their employees (and their dependents) or any health status-
		related factor relating to the employees and dependents.
	<u>(2)</u>	180-day suspension upon denial of coverage A health insurer, upon
		denying health insurance coverage in any service area in accordance

1			with sub-subdivision (1)b. of this subsection, shall not offer coverage in
2			the small group market within the service area for a period of 180 days
3			after the date the coverage is denied.
4	<u>(c)</u>	Appli	cation of Financial Capacity Limits. –
5		$(1)^{(1)}$	In general. – A health insurer may deny health insurance coverage in the
6			small group market if the health insurer has demonstrated to the
7			Commissioner that:
8			a. It does not have the financial reserves necessary to underwrite
9			additional coverage; and
10			b. It is applying this subdivision uniformly to all employers in the
11			small group market in the State consistent with this Chapter and
12			without regard to the claims experience of those employers and
13			their employees (and their dependents) or any health status-
14			related factor relating to the employees and dependents.
15		<u>(2)</u>	180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer upon
16			denying health insurance coverage in accordance with subdivision (1) of
17			this subsection shall not offer coverage in the small group market in the
18			State for a period of 180 days after the date the coverage is denied or
19			until the health insurer has demonstrated to the Commissioner that the
20			health insurer has sufficient financial reserves to underwrite additional
21			coverage, whichever is later. The Commissioner may apply this
22			subsection on a service-area-specific basis.
23	<u>(d)</u>	Excep	ption to Requirement for Failure to Meet Certain Minimum Participation
24	or Contril	bution	<u>Rules. –</u>
25		<u>(1)</u>	In general Subsection (a) of this section does not preclude a health
26			insurer from establishing employer contribution rules or group
27			participation rules for the offering of health insurance coverage in
28			connection with a group health insurance plan in the small group
29			market, as allowed under this Chapter.
30		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Rules defined. – For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection:</u>
31			<u>a.</u> <u>'Employer contribution rule' means a requirement relating to the</u>
32			minimum level or amount of employer contribution toward the
33			premium for enrollment of participants and beneficiaries; and
34			b. 'Group participation rule' means a requirement relating to the
35			minimum number of participants or beneficiaries that must be
36			enrolled in relation to a specified percentage or number of
37			eligible individuals or employees of an employer.
38	<u>(e)</u>	-	ption for Coverage Offered Only to Bona Fide Association Members
39	<u>Subsectio</u>		of this section does not apply to:
40		<u>(1)</u>	Health insurance coverage offered by a health insurer if the coverage is
41			made available in the small group market only through one or more
42			bona fide associations.
43		<u>(2)</u>	<u>A self-employed individual as defined in G.S. 58-50-110(21a).</u>

1	" <u>§</u> 58-68	-45.	Guaranteed renewability of coverage for employers in the group
2		<u>mark</u>	et.
3	<u>(a)</u>	In Ge	neral. – Except as provided in this section, if a health insurer offers health
4	insurance	cover	age in the small or large group market, the health insurer must renew or
5	continue	in forc	e the coverage at the option of the employer.
6	<u>(b)</u>	Gener	ral Exceptions A health insurer may nonrenew or discontinue health
7	insurance	cover	age in the small or large group market based only on one or more of the
8	following	<u>.</u>	
9		<u>(1)</u>	Nonpayment of premiums The policyholder has failed to pay
10			premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the health
11			insurance coverage or the health insurer has not received timely
12			premium payments.
13		<u>(2)</u>	Fraud The policyholder has performed an act or practice that
14			constitutes fraud or made an intentional misrepresentation of material
15			fact under the terms of the coverage.
16		<u>(3)</u>	Violation of participation or contribution rules The policyholder has
17			failed to comply with a material plan provision relating to employer
18			contribution or group participation rules, as permitted under G.S. 58-68-
19			40(e) in the case of the small group market or pursuant to this Chapter
20			in the case of the large group market.
21		<u>(4)</u>	Termination of coverage The health insurer is ceasing to offer
22			coverage in the market in accordance with subsection (c) of this section
23			and this Chapter.
24		<u>(5)</u>	Movement outside service area In the case of a health insurer that
25			offers health insurance coverage in the market through a network plan,
26			there is no longer any enrollee in connection with the network plan who
27			lives, resides, or works in the service area of the health insurer or in the
28			area for which the health insurer is authorized to do business and, in the
29			case of the small group market, the health insurer would deny
30			enrollment with respect to the network plan under G.S. 58-68-40(c)(1)a.
31		<u>(6)</u>	Association membership ceases In the case of health insurance
32			coverage that is made available in the small or large group market only
33			through one or more bona fide associations, the membership of an
34			employer in the association, on the basis of which the coverage is
35			provided, ceases but only if the coverage is terminated under this
36			subdivision uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor
37		D	relating to any covered individual.
38	<u>(c)</u>		irements for Uniform Termination of Coverage. –
39		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Particular type of coverage not offered. – In any case in which a health</u>
40			insurer decides to discontinue offering a particular type of group health
41			insurance coverage offered in the small or large group market, coverage
42			of the type may be discontinued by the health insurer in accordance with this Chapter in the market only if:
43			this Chapter in the market only if:

1			0	The health insurer provides notice to each policyholder provided
2			<u>a.</u>	coverage of this type in the market and to the participants and
3				beneficiaries covered under the coverage of the discontinuation
4				at least 90 days before the date of the discontinuation of the
5				<u>coverage;</u>
6			<u>b.</u>	<u>The health insurer offers to each policyholder provided coverage</u>
7			<u>0.</u>	of this type in the market the option to purchase all, or in the case
8				of the large group market, any other health insurance coverage
9				currently being offered by the health insurer to a group health
10				insurance plan in the market; and
11			<u>c.</u>	In exercising the option to discontinue coverage of this type and
12			<u>v.</u>	in offering the option of coverage under sub-subdivision b. of
12				this subdivision, the health insurer acts uniformly without regard
14				to the claims experience of those sponsors or any health status-
15				related factor relating to any participants or beneficiaries covered
16				or new participants or beneficiaries who may become eligible for
17				the coverage.
18		<u>(2)</u>	Disco	ontinuance of all coverage. –
19		$\chi = \chi$	<u>a.</u>	In general. – In any case in which a health insurer elects to
20			<u></u>	discontinue offering all health insurance coverage in the small
21				group market or the large group market, or both markets, in this
22				State, health insurance coverage may be discontinued by the
23				health insurer only in accordance with this Chapter and if: (i) the
24				health insurer provides notice to the Commissioner and to each
25				policyholder and to the participants and beneficiaries covered
26				under the coverage of the discontinuation at least 180 days before
27				the date of the discontinuation of the coverage; and (ii) all health
28				insurance issued or delivered for issuance in this State in the
29				market or markets are discontinued and coverage under the
30				health insurance coverage in the market or markets is not
31				renewed.
32			<u>b.</u>	Prohibition on market reentry. – In the case of a discontinuation
33				under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision in a market, the
34				health insurer shall not provide for the issuance of any health
35				insurance coverage in that market in this State during the five-
36				year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation of the
37				last health insurance coverage not so renewed.
38	<u>(d)</u>	Exce	ption fo	or Uniform Modification of Coverage At the time of coverage
39	renewal,	a healt	h insur	er may modify the health insurance coverage for a product offered
40	<u>to a grou</u>	p healt		ance plan:
41		<u>(1)</u>		e large group market; or
42		<u>(2)</u>		e small group market if, for coverage that is available in the market
43			other	than only through one or more bona fide associations, the

1			modification is consistent with this Chapter and effective on a uniform		
2	basis among group health insurance plans with that product.				
3	<u>(e)</u>	Appl	ication to Coverage Offered Only Through Associations. – In applying		
4	~		the case of health insurance coverage that is made available by a health		
5			small or large group market to employers only through one or more		
6			reference to 'policyholder' is deemed, with respect to coverage provided to		
7			ember of the association, to include a reference to the employer.		
8	-	-	isclosure of information.		
9	(a)		osure of Information by Health Insurers. – In connection with the offering		
10		-	surance coverage to a small employer, a health insurer:		
11		(1)	Shall make a reasonable disclosure to the employer, as part of its		
12			solicitation and sales materials, of the availability of information		
13			described in subsection (b) of this section, and		
14		(2)	Shall upon request of the small employer, provide the information.		
15	<u>(b)</u>		mation Described. –		
16	<u>.</u>	(1)	In general. – Subject to subdivision (3) of this subsection, with respect		
17			to a health insurer offering health insurance coverage to a small		
18			employer, information described in this subsection is information		
19			concerning:		
20			a. <u>The provisions of the coverage concerning the health insurer's</u>		
21			right to change premium rates and the factors that may affect		
22			changes in premium rates;		
23			b. The provisions of the coverage relating to renewability of		
24			coverage;		
25			c. The provisions of the coverage relating to any preexisting		
26			condition exclusion; and		
27			<u>d.</u> <u>The benefits and premiums available under all health insurance</u>		
28			coverage for which the employer is qualified.		
29		<u>(2)</u>	Form of information Information under this subsection shall be		
30			provided to small employers in a manner determined to be		
31			understandable by the average small employer, and shall be sufficient to		
32			reasonably inform small employers of their rights and obligations under		
33			the health insurance coverage.		
34		<u>(3)</u>	Exception A health insurer is not required under this section to		
35			disclose any information that is proprietary and trade secret information		
36			under applicable law.		
37			"SUBPART 3. EXCLUSION OF PLANS.		
38	" <u>§ 58-68</u>	<u>в-55. Е</u>	<u>xclusion of certain plans.</u>		
39	<u>(a)</u>	-	ption for Certain Benefits. – The requirements of Subparts 1 and 2 of this		
40			ly to any group health insurance coverage in relation to its provision of		
41			<u>ts described in G.S. 58-68-25(b)(1).</u>		
42	<u>(b)</u>	Exce	ption for Certain Benefits if Certain Conditions Met. –		

	(1)	
1	<u>(1)</u>	Limited, excepted benefits The requirements of Subparts 1 and 2 of
2		this Part do not apply to any group health insurance plan in relation to
3		its provision of excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-25(b)(2) if the
4		benefits:
5		a. <u>Are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of</u>
6		insurance; or
7	(2)	b. <u>Are otherwise not an integral part of the plan.</u>
8	<u>(2)</u>	Noncoordinated, excepted benefits. – The requirements of Subparts 1
9		and 2 of this Part do not apply to any group health insurance plan in
10		relation to its provision of excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-
11		25(b)(3) if all of the following conditions are met:
12		a. <u>The benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or</u>
13		<u>contract of insurance.</u>
14		b. There is no coordination between the provision of the benefits
15		and any exclusion of benefits under any group health insurance
16 17		plan maintained by the same policyholder.
17 18		c. The benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to
18 19		whether benefits are provided with respect to that event under any group health insurance plan maintained by the same
19 20		policyholder.
20 21	(3)	<u>Supplemental, excepted benefits. – The requirements of this Part do not</u>
21	<u>(5)</u>	apply to any group health insurance plan in relation to its provision of
22		excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-68-25(b)(4) if the benefits are
23 24		provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance.
24 25		<u>"PART B – INDIVIDUAL MARKET REFORMS.</u>
2 <i>5</i> 26	" <u>§</u> 58-68-60.	Guaranteed availability of individual health insurance coverage to
20 27		in individuals with prior group coverage.
28		anteed Availability. –
29	$(\underline{u}) \underline{c}$	In general. – Subject to the succeeding subsections of this section, each
30	<u> </u>	health insurer that offers health insurance coverage in the individual
31		market in this State shall not, with respect to an eligible individual
32		desiring to enroll in individual health insurance coverage:
33		<u>a.</u> Decline to offer the coverage to, or deny enrollment of, the
34		individual; or
35		b. Impose any preexisting condition exclusion with respect to the
36		coverage.
37	(b) Eligi	ble Individual Defined. – In this Part, 'eligible individual' means an
38	individual:	
39	(1)(i)	For whom, as of the date on which the individual seeks coverage under
40		this section, the aggregate of the periods of creditable coverage is 18 or
41		more months and (ii) whose most recent prior creditable coverage was
42		under an ERISA group health plan, governmental plan, or church plan
43		(or health insurance coverage offered in connection with any such plan);

1		(2)	Who is not aligible for accuracy under (i) or EDICA group health right
1 2		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Who is not eligible for coverage under (i) an ERISA group health plan,</u> (ii) part A or part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act, or (iii) a
2			State plan under title XIX of the Act (or any successor program), and
4		(2)	does not have other health insurance coverage;
5		<u>(3)</u>	With respect to whom the most recent coverage within the coverage
6 7			period described in subdivision (1)(i) was not terminated based on a factor described in G.S. 58-68-45(b)(1) or (b)(2);
8		(A)	
8 9		<u>(4)</u>	If the individual had been offered the option of continuation coverage
			under a COBRA continuation provision or under Article 53 of this Chapter who elected the severage and
10		(5)	<u>Chapter, who elected the coverage; and</u> Who, if the individual elected the continuation severage, has exhausted
11		<u>(5)</u>	Who, if the individual elected the continuation coverage, has exhausted
12	(a)	A 14 am	the continuation coverage under the provision or program.
13	<u>(c)</u>		<u>native Coverage Permitted. –</u>
14		<u>(1)</u>	In general. – In the case of health insurance coverage offered in this
15			State, a health insurer may elect to limit the coverage offered under
16 17			subsection (a) of this section as long as it offers at least two different
17 18			policy forms of health insurance coverage both of which:
18 19			a. <u>Are designed for, made generally available to, and actively</u>
19 20			marketed to, and enroll both eligible and other individuals by the
20 21			health insurer; and Most the requirement of subdivision (2) or (2) of this subsection
21 22			b. <u>Meet the requirement of subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection</u> ,
22 23	For	ha nur	as elected by the health insurer.
23 24		-	poses of this subsection, policy forms that have different cost-sharing r different riders shall be considered to be different policy forms.
24 25	arranger	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Choice of most popular policy forms. – The requirement of this</u>
23 26		<u>(2)</u>	subdivision is met, for health insurance coverage policy forms offered
20 27			by a health insurer in the individual market, if the health insurer offers
28			the policy forms for individual health insurance coverage with the
28 29			largest, and next to largest, premium volume of all the policy forms
30			offered by the health insurer in this State or applicable marketing or
31			service area (as may be prescribed by rules or regulations) by the health
32			insurer in the individual market in the period involved.
33		(3)	Choice of two policy forms with representative coverage. –
34		<u>(5)</u>	<u>a.</u> In general. – The requirement of this subdivision is met, for
35			health insurance coverage policy forms offered by a health
36			insurer in the individual market, if the health insurer offers a
37			lower-level coverage policy form (as described in sub-
38			subdivision b. of this subdivision) and a higher-level coverage
39			policy form (as described in sub-subdivision c. of this
40			subdivision) each of which includes benefits substantially similar
40 41			to other individual health insurance coverage offered by the
42			health insurer in this State.
14			nouter moutor in this state.

1			1	
1			<u>b.</u>	Lower-level of coverage described. – A policy form is described
2				in this sub-subdivision if the actuarial value of the benefits under
3				the coverage is at least eighty-five percent (85%) but not greater
4				than one hundred percent (100%) of a weighted average
5				(described in sub-subdivision d. of this subdivision).
6			<u>c.</u>	<u>Higher-level of coverage described. – A policy form is described</u>
7				in this sub-subdivision if: (i) the actuarial value of the benefits
8				under the coverage is at least fifteen percent (15%) greater than
9				the actuarial value of the coverage described in sub-subdivision
10				b. of this subdivision offered by the health insurer in the area
11				involved; and (ii) the actuarial value of the benefits under the
12				coverage is at least one hundred percent (100%) but not greater
13				than one hundred twenty percent (120%) of a weighted average
14				(described in sub-subdivision d. of this subdivision).
15			<u>d.</u>	Weighted average For the purposes of this subdivision, the
16				weighted average described in this sub-subdivision is the average
17				actuarial value of the benefits provided by all the health
18				insurance coverage issued, as elected by the health insurer, either
19				by that health insurer or by all health insurers in this State in the
20				individual market during the previous year, not including
21				coverage issued under this section, weighted by enrollment for
22				the different coverage.
23		<u>(4)</u>	-	on. – The health insurer elections under this subsection shall apply
24			unifor	rmly to all eligible individuals in this State for that health insurer.
25			The e	lection shall be effective for policies offered during a period of not
26			-	nan two years.
27		<u>(5)</u>		nptions For the purposes of subdivision (3) of this subsection,
28			the a	nctuarial value of benefits provided under individual health
29			<u>insura</u>	ance coverage shall be calculated based on a standardized
30			popul	ation and a set of standardized utilization and cost factors.
31	<u>(d)</u>	<u>Speci</u>	al Rule	<u>es for Network Plans. –</u>
32		<u>(1)</u>	In gei	neral. – In the case of a health insurer that offers health insurance
33			cover	age in the individual market through a network plan, the health
34			insure	er may:
35			<u>a.</u>	Limit the individuals who may be enrolled under the coverage to
36				those who live, reside, or work within the service area for the
37				network plan; and
38			<u>b.</u>	Within the service area of the plan, deny the coverage to the
39				individuals if the health insurer has demonstrated to the
40				Commissioner that: (i) it will not have the capacity to deliver
41				services adequately to additional individual enrollees because of
42				its obligations to existing group contract holders and enrollees
43				and individual enrollees, and (ii) it is applying this subdivision

1		uniformly to individuals without regard to any health status-
2		related factor of the individuals and without regard to whether
23		the individuals are eligible individuals.
3 4		
		(2) <u>180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer, upon</u>
5		denying health insurance coverage in any service area in accordance with sub-sub-division (1)b. of this sub-division, shall not offer asymptotic
6		with sub-subdivision (1)b. of this subdivision, shall not offer coverage
7		in the individual market within the service area for a period of 180 days
8	(-)	after the coverage is denied.
9	<u>(e)</u>	<u>Application of Financial Capacity Limits. –</u>
10		(1) <u>In general. – A health insurer may deny health insurance coverage in the</u>
11		individual market to an eligible individual if the health insurer has
12		demonstrated to the Commissioner that:
13		a. <u>It does not have the financial reserves necessary to underwrite</u>
14		additional coverage; and
15		b. It is applying this subdivision uniformly to all individuals in the
16		individual market in this State consistent with this Chapter and
17		without regard to any health status-related factor of the
18		individuals and without regard to whether the individuals are
19		eligible individuals.
20		(2) <u>180-day suspension upon denial of coverage. – A health insurer, upon</u>
21		denying individual health insurance coverage in any service area in
22		accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection, shall not offer the
23		coverage in the individual market within the service area for a period of
24		180 days after the date the coverage is denied or until the health insurer
25		has demonstrated to the Commissioner that the health insurer has
26		sufficient financial reserves to underwrite additional coverage,
27		whichever is later.
28	<u>(f)</u>	Market Requirements. –
29		(1) In general. – Subsection (a) of this section does not require that a health
30		insurer offering health insurance coverage only in connection with
31		ERISA group health plans or through one or more bona fide
32		associations, or both, offer the health insurance coverage in the
33		individual market.
34		(2) <u>Conversion policies. – A health insurer offering health insurance</u>
35		coverage in connection with group health plans under title XXVII of the
36		federal Public Health Service Act shall not be deemed to be a health
37		insurer offering individual health insurance coverage solely because the
38		health insurer offers a conversion policy.
39	<u>(g)</u>	Construction. – Nothing in this section shall be construed:
40		(1) To restrict the amount of the premium rates that a health insurer may
41		charge an individual for health insurance coverage provided in the
42		individual market under this Chapter; or

1		(2)	To prevent a health insurer offering health insurance coverage in the
2		<u>(2)</u>	individual market from establishing premium discounts or rebates or
3			modifying otherwise applicable copayments or deductibles in return for
4			adherence to programs of health promotion and disease prevention.
5	<u>(h)</u>	Other	Definitions. – As used in this section:
6	<u>(11)</u>	(1)	<u>'Church plan'. – The meaning given the term under section 3(33) of the</u>
7		<u>(1)</u>	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
8		<u>(2)</u>	<u>'Governmental plan'. –</u>
9		<u>(2)</u>	<u>a.</u> The meaning given the term under section 3(32) of the Employee
10			<u>Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and any federal</u>
11			governmental plan.
12			<u>b.</u> <u>Federal governmental plan. – A governmental plan established or</u>
12			<u>maintained for its employees by the government of the United</u>
14			States or by any agency or instrumentality of the government.
15			<u>c.</u> Nonfederal governmental plan. – A governmental plan that is not
16			<u>a federal governmental plan.</u> <u>A governmental plan</u>
17	"§ 58-68	65. G	uaranteed renewability of individual health insurance coverage.
18	(a)		eneral. – Except as provided in this section, a health insurer that provides
19	、		h insurance coverage to an individual shall renew or continue in force the
20			option of the individual.
21	(b)		ral Exceptions. – A health insurer may nonrenew or discontinue health
22	insuranc		age of an individual in the individual market based only on one or more
23	of the fo		•
24		(1)	Nonpayment of premiums. – The individual has failed to pay premiums
25			or contributions in accordance with the terms of the health insurance
26			coverage or the health insurer has not received timely premium
27			payments.
28		<u>(2)</u>	Fraud. – The individual has performed an act or practice that constitutes
29			fraud or made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the
30			terms of the coverage.
31		<u>(3)</u>	<u>Termination of plan. – The health insurer is ceasing to offer coverage in</u>
32			the individual market in accordance with subsection (c) of this section
33			and this Chapter.
34		<u>(4)</u>	Movement outside service area In the case of a health insurer that
35			offers health insurance coverage in the market through a network plan,
36			the individual no longer resides, lives, or works in the service area (or in
37			an area for which the health insurer is authorized to do business) but
38			only if the coverage is terminated under this subdivision uniformly
39			without regard to any health status-related factor of covered individuals.
40		<u>(5)</u>	Association membership ceases In the case of health insurance
41			coverage that is made available in the individual market only through
42			one or more bona fide associations, the membership of the individual in
43			the association (on the basis of which the coverage is provided) ceases

1			but o	nly if the coverage is terminated under this subdivision uniformly
2				but regard to any health status-related factor of covered individuals.
3	<u>(c)</u>	Requ	-	ts for Uniform Termination of Coverage. –
4	~~/	(1)		<u>cular type of coverage not offered. – In any case in which a health</u>
5				er decides to discontinue offering a particular type of health
6				ance coverage offered in the individual market, coverage of the
7				may be discontinued by the health insurer only if:
8			<u>a.</u>	The health insurer provides notice, notwithstanding G.S. 58-51-
9				20 or G.S. 58-65-60(c)(3)b., to each covered individual provided
10				coverage of this type in the market of the discontinuation at least
11				90 days before the date of the discontinuation of the coverage;
12			<u>b.</u>	The health insurer offers to each individual in the individual
13				market provided coverage of this type, the option to purchase any
14				other individual health insurance coverage currently being
15				offered by the health insurer for individuals in the market; and
16			<u>c.</u>	In exercising the option to discontinue coverage of this type and
17				in offering the option of coverage under sub-subdivision b. of
18				this subdivision, the health insurer acts uniformly without regard
19				to any health status-related factor of enrolled individuals or
20				individuals who may become eligible for the coverage.
21		<u>(2)</u>		ontinuance of all coverage. –
22			<u>a.</u>	In general. – Subject to sub-subdivision c. of this subdivision, in
23				any case in which a health insurer elects to discontinue offering
24				all health insurance coverage in the individual market in this
25				State, health insurance coverage may be discontinued by the
26				health insurer only if: (i) the health insurer provides notice to the
27				Commissioner and to each individual of the discontinuation at
28				least 180 days before the date of the expiration of the coverage,
29 20				and (ii) all health insurance coverage issued or delivered for
30				issuance in this State in the market is discontinued and the health
31 32			h	insurance coverage in the market is not renewed.
32 33			<u>b.</u>	<u>Prohibition on market reentry. – In the case of a discontinuation</u> under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision in the individual
33 34				market, the health insurer shall not provide for the issuance of
34 35				any health insurance coverage in the market and this State during
36				the five-year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation
37				of the last health insurance coverage not so renewed.
38	(d)	Exce	ntion f	or Uniform Modification of Coverage. – At the time of coverage
39				arer may modify the health insurance coverage for a policy form
40				in the individual market as long as the modification is consistent
41				fective on a uniform basis among all individuals with that policy
42	form.			<u> </u>

1	(e) Applie	cation to Coverage Offered Only Through Associations In applying			
2		he case of health insurance coverage that is made available by a health			
3	insurer in the individual market to individuals only through one or more associations, a				
4		'individual' is deemed to include a reference to the association of which			
5	the individual is				
6		ertification of coverage.			
7		0(e) applies to health insurance coverage offered by a health insurer in			
8 9		narket in the same manner that it applies to health insurance coverage Ith insurer in the small or large group market.			
10	-	eneral exceptions.			
11		tion for Certain Benefits. – This Part does not apply to any health			
12		age in relation to its provision of excepted benefits described in G.S. 58-			
13	68-25(b)(1).				
14		tion for Certain Benefits if Certain Conditions Met This Part does not			
15		alth insurance coverage in relation to its provision of excepted benefits			
16		5. 58-68-25(b)(2), (3), or (4) if the benefits are provided under a separate			
17		e, or contract of insurance."			
18	1	on 2. G.S. 58-50-110 reads as rewritten:			
19	"§ 58-50-110. E	Definitions.			
20	As used in th	is Act:			
21	(1)	'Accountable health carrier' means that as defined in G.S. 143-622(1).			
22	(1a)	'Actuarial certification' means a written statement by a member of the			
23		American Academy of Actuaries or other individual acceptable to the			
24		Commissioner that a small employer carrier is in compliance with the			
25		provisions of G.S. 58-50-130, and to the extent applicable, the			
26		provisions of Article 68 of this Chapter, based upon the person's			
27		examination, including a review of the appropriate records and of the			
28		actuarial assumptions and methods used by the small employer carrier			
29		in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.			
30	(1b)	'Adjusted community rating' means a method used to develop carrier			
31		premiums which spreads financial risk across a large population and			
32		allows adjustments for the following demographic factors: age, gender,			
33		family composition, and geographic areas, as determined pursuant to			
34		G.S. 58-50-130(b).			
35	(2)	Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.			
36	(3)	'Basic health care plan' means a health care plan for small employers			
37		that is lower in cost than a standard health care plan and is required to			
38		be offered by all small employer carriers pursuant to G.S. 58-50-125			
39		and approved by the Commissioner in accordance with G.S. 58-50-125.			
40	(4)	'Board' means the board of directors of the Pool.			
41	(5)	'Carrier' means any person that provides one or more health benefit			
42		plans in this State, including a licensed insurance company, a prepaid			

1		hospital or medical service plan, a health maintenance organization
2		(HMO), and a multiple employer welfare arrangement.
3	(5a)	'Case characteristics' means the demographic factors age, gender,
4		family size, and geographic location.
5	(6),	(7) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.
6	(8)	'Committee' means the Small Employer Carrier Committee as created
7		by G.S. 58-50-120.
8	(9)	'Dependent' means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject
9		to applicable terms of the health care plan covering the employee.
10	(10)	'Eligible employee' means an employee who works for a small
11		employer on a full-time basis, with a normal work week of 30 or more
12		hours, including a sole proprietor, a partner or a partnership, or an
13		independent contractor, if included as an employee under a health care
14		plan of a small employer; but does not include employees who work on
15		a part-time, temporary, or substitute basis.
16	(11)	'Health benefit plan' means any accident and health insurance policy or
17		certificate; nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract;
18		health, hospital, or medical service corporation plan contract; HMO
19		subscriber contract; plan provided by a MEWA or plan provided by
20		another benefit arrangement, to the extent permitted by ERISA, subject
21		to G.S. 58-50-115. Health benefit plan does not mean accident only,
22		specified disease only, fixed indemnity, credit, or disability insurance;
23		coverage of Medicare services pursuant to contracts with the United
24		States government; Medicare supplement or long-term care insurance;
25		dental only or vision only insurance; coverage issued as a supplement to
26		liability insurance; insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or
27		similar law; automobile medical payment insurance; or insurance under
28		which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and that is
29		statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or
30		equivalent self-insurance. include benefits described in G.S. 58-68-
31		<u>25(b).</u>
32	(12)	'Impaired insurer' has the same meaning as prescribed in G.S. 58-62-
33		20(6) or G.S. 58-62-16(8).
34	(13)	Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.
35	(14)	'Late enrollee' means an eligible employee or dependent who requests
36		enrollment in a health benefit plan of a small employer after the end of
37		the initial enrollment period provided under the terms of the health
38		benefit plan in effect at the time the employee first became eligible;
39		provided that the initial enrollment period shall be a period of at least 30
40		consecutive calendar days. However, an eligible employee or dependent
41		shall not be considered a late enrollee if:
42		a. The individual was covered under a public or private health
43		benefit plan that provided, at the time the individual was eligible

1		to enroll, benefits equal to or exceeding the same required level
2		of benefits in the basic and or standard health care plans adopted
3		pursuant to G.S. 58-50-120 and either the individual:
4		1. Lost coverage under another health plan as a result of
5		termination of employment, termination of a spouse's
6		health plan coverage, or the death of a spouse or divorce
7		and requests enrollment in a basic or standard health care
8		plan health benefit plan within 30 days after termination
9		of coverage provided under another health plan; or
10		2. Stated, in writing, during the enrollment period that
11		coverage under another employer health benefit plan was
12		the reason for declining coverage;
13		3, 4. Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.
14		b. The individual elects a different health plan offered through the
15		Alliance during an open enrollment period;
16		c. An eligible employee requests enrollment within 30 days of
17		becoming an employee of a member small employer;
18		d. A court has ordered coverage be provided for a spouse or minor
19		child under a covered employee's health benefit plan and the
20		request for enrollment for a spouse is made within 30 days after
21		issuance of the court order; order. A minor child shall be
22		enrolled in accordance with the requirements of G.S. 58-51-120;
23		or
24		e. The individual or employee enrollee makes a request for
25		enrollment of the spouse or child within 30 days of after the
26		individual individual's or employee's marriage or the birth or
27		adoption birth, adoption, or placement for adoption of a child.
28	(15)	Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.3.
29	(16)	'Pool' means the North Carolina Small Employer Health Reinsurance
30		Pool created in G.S. 58-50-150.
31	(17)	'Preexisting-conditions provision' means a policy provision that limits
32		or excludes coverage for charges or expenses incurred during a
33		specified period following the insured's effective date of coverage, for a
34		condition that, during a specified period immediately preceding the
35		effective date of coverage, had manifested itself in a manner that would
36		cause an ordinary prudent person to seek diagnosis, care, or treatment,
37		or for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was
38		recommended or received as to that condition or as to pregnancy
39		existing on the effective date of coverage. preexisting-condition
40		provision as defined in G.S. 58-68-30.
41	(18)	'Premium' includes insurance premiums or other fees charged for a
42		health benefit plan, including the costs of benefits paid or
43		reimbursements made to or on behalf of persons covered by the plan.

'Rating period' means the calendar period for which premium rates (19)1 2 established by a small employer carrier are assumed to be in effect, as 3 determined by the small employer carrier. 4 'Risk-assuming carrier' means a small employer carrier electing to (20)comply with the requirements set forth in G.S. 58-50-140. 5 6 (21)'Reinsuring carrier' means a small employer carrier electing to comply 7 with the requirements set forth in G.S. 58-50-145. 8 'Self-employed individual' means an individual or sole proprietor who (21a)9 derives a majority of his or her income from a trade or business carried 10 on by the individual or sole proprietor which results in taxable income as indicated on IRS form 1040, Schedule C or F and which generated 11 12 taxable income in one of the two previous years. 'Small employer' means any individual actively engaged in business 13 (22)14 that, on at least fifty percent (50%) of its working days during the 15 preceding calendar quarter, employed no more than 49-50 eligible employees, the majority of whom are employed within this State, and is 16 17 not formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in 18 which a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the number of eligible employees, companies that are 19 20 affiliated companies, or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for 21 purposes of taxation by this State, shall be considered one employer. Subsequent to the issuance of a health benefit plan to a small employer 22 and for the purpose of determining eligibility, the size of a small 23 24 employer shall be determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, the provisions of this Act that apply to a small employer shall 25 continue to apply until the plan anniversary following the date the small 26 27 employer no longer meets the requirements of this definition. For purposes of this Act, the term small employer includes self-employed 28 29 individuals. 30 'Small employer carrier' means any carrier that offers health benefit (23)plans covering eligible employees of one or more small employers. 31 'Standard health care plan' means a health care plan for small employers 32 (24)33 required to be offered by all small employer carriers under G.S. 58-50-125 and approved by the Commissioner in accordance with G.S. 58-50-34 125." 35 36 Section 3. G.S. 58-50-125(c) reads as rewritten: The Except as provided under Article 68 of this Chapter, the plans developed 37 "(c) 38 under this section are not required to provide coverage that meets the requirements of 39 other provisions of this Chapter that mandate either coverage or the offer of coverage by 40 the type or level of health care services or health care provider." Section 4. G.S. 58-50-125(g) reads as rewritten: 41

 required to offer coverage or accept applications under subsection (d) of this section the case of any of the following: (1) To a group that is not physically located in the HMO's approved serv areas; (2) To an employee who does not reside within the HMO's approved service areas; (3) Within an area, where the HMO can reasonably anticipate, a demonstrate, to the Commissioner's satisfaction, that it will not have
 4 (1) To a group that is not physically located in the HMO's approved serve areas; 6 (2) To an employee who does not reside within the HMO's approved service areas; 8 (3) Within an area, where the HMO can reasonably anticipate, and a service areas a
 areas; areas; (2) To an employee who does not reside within the HMO's approvent service areas; (3) Within an area, where the HMO can reasonably anticipate, and anticipate, anticipate, anticipate, and anticipate, and anticipate, and anticipate, and anticipate, and anticipate, and anticipate, anticipate, anticipate, and anticipate, antici
 6 (2) To an employee who does not reside within the HMO's approx 7 service areas; 8 (3) Within an area, where the HMO can reasonably anticipate, a
 7 service areas; 8 (3) Within an area, where the HMO can reasonably anticipate, a
9 demonstrate, to the Commissioner's satisfaction, that it will not have
10 capacity within that area and its network of providers to deliver servi
adequately to the enrollees of those groups because of its obligations
12 existing group contract holders and enrollees.
13 An HMO that does not offer coverage pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsect
14 may not offer coverage in the applicable area to new employer groups with more than
15 eligible employees until the later of 90 days after that closure or the date on which
16 carrier notifies the Commissioner that it has regained capacity to deliver services to sm
17 employers."
18 Section 5. G.S. 58-50-130(a) reads as rewritten:
19 "(a) Health benefit plans covering small employers are subject to the follow
20 provisions:
21 (1) Except in the case of a late enrollee, any preexisting-condition
22 provision may not limit or exclude coverage for a period beyond
23 months following the insured's initial effective date of coverage a
24 must define preexisting conditions as "those conditions for wh
25 medical advice or treatment was received or recommended or that co
26 be medically documented within the 12-month period immediat
27 preceding the effective date of the person's coverage".
28 (2) In determining whether a preexisting conditions provision applies to
29 eligible employee or to a dependent, all health benefit plans shall cre
30 the time the person was covered under a previous health benefit plan
31 the previous coverage was continuous to a date not more than 60 da
32 before the effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of a
33 applicable waiting period under the plan. As used in this subdivis
34 with respect to previous coverage, the meaning of "health bend
35 plan"is not limited to the definition in G.S. 58-50-115, but includes a
36 health benefit plan provided by a health insurer, as that term is defined a second
37 in G.S. 58-51-115(a), or any government plan or program provid
38 health benefits or health care.
39 (3) The health benefit plan is renewable with respect to all eligi
40 employees or dependents at the option of the policyholder or contr
41 holder except:
42 a. For nonpayment of the required premiums by the policyholder
43 contract holder;

1		b.	For fraud or misrepresentation of the policyholder or contract
2			holder or, with respect to coverage of individual enrollees, the
3			enrollees, or their representatives;
4		e.	For noncompliance with plan provisions that have been approved
5			by the Commissioner;
6		d.	When the number of enrollees covered under the plan is less than
7			the number of insureds or percentage of enrollees required by
8			participation requirements under the plan; or
9		e.	When the policyholder or contract holder is no longer actively
10			engaged in the business in which it was engaged on the effective
11			date of the plan.
12		f.	When the small employer carrier stops writing new business in
13			the small employer market, if:
14			1. It provides notice to the Department and either to the
15			policyholder, contract holder, or employer, of its decision
16			to stop writing new business in the small employer
17			market; and
18			2. It does not cancel health benefit plans subject to this Act
19			for 180 days after the date of the notice required under
20			paragraph 1; and for that business of the carrier that
21			remains in force, the carrier shall continue to be governed
22			by this Act with respect to business conducted under this
23			Act.
24		A sm	all employer carrier that stops writing new business in the small
25			yer market in this State after January 1, 1992, shall be prohibited
26			writing new business in the small employer market in this State for
27			od of five years from the date of notice to the Commissioner. In
28			se of an HMO doing business in the small employer market in one
29			e area of this State, the rules set forth in this subdivision shall
30			to the HMO's operations in the service area, unless the provisions
31			5. 58-50-125(g) apply.
32	(4)		enrollees may be excluded from coverage for the greater of 18
33	(-)		is or an 18-month preexisting-condition exclusion; however, if
34			reperiod of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting-condition
35			sion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period shall not
36			d 18 months. If a period of exclusion from coverage is applied, a
37			nrollee shall be enrolled at the end of such period in the health
38			t plan currently held by the small employer.
39	(4a)		Fier may continue to enforce reasonable employer participation and
40	(14)		bution requirements on small employers applying for coverage;
40			ver, participation and contribution requirements may vary among
42			employers only by the size of the small employer group and shall
43			iffer because of the health benefit plan involved. In applying
J		not u	men occause of the nearth benefit plan involved. In applying

1		minimum participation requirements to a small employer, a small
2		employer carrier shall not consider employees or dependents who have
3		qualifying existing coverage in determining whether an applicable
4		participation level is met. 'Qualifying existing coverage' means benefits
5		or coverage provided under: (i) Medicare, Medicaid, and other
6		government funded programs; or (ii) an employer-based health
7		insurance or health benefit arrangement, including a self-insured plan,
8		that provides benefits similar to or in excess of benefits provided under
9		the basic health care plan. An accountable health carrier shall not
10		enforce participation or contribution requirements on member small
11		employers, as defined in G.S. 143-622(18), unless those requirements
12		meet with the standards adopted by the State Health Plan Purchasing
13		Alliance Board.
14	(5)	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, no small employer
15		carrier, insurer, subsidiary or of an insurer, or controlled individual of
16		an insurance holding company shall act as an administrator or claims

- 15 16 insurance holding company shall act as an administrator or claims 17 paying agent, as opposed to an insurer, on behalf of small groups which, 18 if they purchased insurance, would be subject to this section. No small 19 employer carrier, insurer, subsidiary of an insurer, or controlled individual of an insurance holding company shall provide stop loss, 20 21 catastrophic, or reinsurance coverage to small employers that does not 22 comply with the underwriting, rating, and other applicable standards in this Act. 23
 - If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the (6) small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier shall not offer coverage to only certain individuals in a small employer group except in the case of late enrollees as provided in G.S. 58-50-130(a)(4).
 - A small employer carrier shall not modify any health benefit plan with (7)respect to a small employer, any eligible employee, or dependent through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, in order to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- 34 In the case of an eligible employee or dependent of an eligible employee (8) 35 who was excluded from or denied coverage by a small employer carrier on or before August 14, 1992, the small employer carrier shall provide 36 an opportunity for such eligible employee or dependent to enroll in the 37 health benefit plan currently held by the small employer not later than 38 39 the next plan anniversary on or after August 14, 1992.
- The health benefit plan must meet the applicable requirements of Article 40 (9) 68 of this Chapter." 41 42
 - Section 6. G.S. 58-50-130(d) reads as written:

24

25

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33

1	"(d) In connection with the offering for sale of any health benefit plan to a small
2	employer, each small employer carrier shall make a reasonable disclosure, as part of its
3	solicitation and sales materials, of: materials, of the following and shall provide this
4	information to the small employer upon request:
5	(1) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 529, s. 3.7.
6	(2) Provisions concerning the small employer carrier's right to change
7	premium rates and the factors other than claims experience that affect
8	changes in premium rates.
9	(3) Provisions relating to renewability of policies and contracts.
10	(4) Provisions affecting any preexisting conditions provision.
11	(5) The benefits available and premiums charged under all health benefit
12	plans for which the small employer is eligible."
13	Section 7. G.S. 58-51-15(a)(2)b. reads as rewritten:
14	"b. This policy contains a provision limiting coverage for preexisting
15	conditions. Preexisting conditions must be covered no later than
16	one year after the effective date of coverage. are covered under
17	this policy(insert number of months or days, not to
18	exceed one year) after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting
19	conditions are defined as mean 'those conditions for which
20	medical advice advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was received
21	or recommended or that could be medically documented within
22	the one-year period immediately preceding the effective date of
23	the person's coverage.' Preexisting conditions exclusions may
24	not be implemented by any successor plan as to any covered
25	persons who have already met all or part of the waiting period
26	requirements under any previous plan. Credit must be given for
27	that portion of the waiting period that was met under the previous
28	plan. As used in this policy, the term "previous plan" includes
29	any health benefit plan provided by a health insurer, as those
30	terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any government plan or
31	program providing health benefits or health care. In determining
32	whether a preexisting condition provision applies to an insured
33	person, all health benefit plans must credit the time the person
34	was covered under a previous plan if the previous plan's coverage
35	was continuous to a date not more than 60 days before the
36	effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of any applicable
37	waiting period under the new coverage. Credit for having
38	satisfied some or all of the preexisting condition waiting periods
39	under previous health benefits coverage shall be given in
40	accordance with G. S. 58-68-30."
41	Section 7.1. G.S. 58-51-15 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
42	"(h) Preexisting Condition Exclusion Clarification. – Sub-subdivision (a)(2)b. of
43	this section does not apply to:

1	(1) D ₋ 1	$\frac{1}{1}$
1		icies issued to eligible individuals under G.S. 58-68-60.
2		$\frac{\text{cepted benefits as described in G.S. 58-68-25(b)}{\text{CS} 58-51, 80(b)}$
3		G.S. 58-51-80(b) reads as rewritten:
4	· / ·	or contract of group accident, group health or group accident and
5		ll be delivered or issued for delivery in this State unless the group of
6	- ·	red conforms to the requirements of the following subdivisions:
7		der a policy issued to an employer, principal, or to the trustee of a
8		d established by an employer or two or more employers in the same
9		ustry or kind of business, or by a principal or two or more principals
10		the same industry or kind of business, which employer, principal, or
11		stee shall be deemed the policyholder, covering, except as hereinafter
12	-	vided, only employees, or agents, of any class or classes thereof
13		ermined by conditions pertaining to employment, or agency, for
14		ounts of insurance based upon some plan which will preclude
15		ividual selection. The premium may be paid by the employer, by the
16		ployer and the employees jointly, or by the employee; and where the
17		ationship of principal and agent exists, the premium may be paid by
18		principal, by the principal and agents, jointly, or by the agents. If the
19 20		mium is paid by the employer and the employees jointly, or by the
20	_	ncipal and agents jointly, or by the employees, or by the agents, the
21		up shall be structured on an actuarially sound basis.
22		der a policy issued to an association or to a trust or to the trustee or
23		stees of a fund established, created, or maintained for the benefit of
24		mbers of one or more associations. The association or associations
25 26		Il have at the outset a minimum of 500 persons and shall have been anized and maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of
26 27		aining insurance; shall have been in active existence for at least five
27		urs; and shall have a constitution and bylaws that provide that (i) the
28 29	•	ociation or associations hold regular meetings not less than annually
30		further purposes of the members; (ii) except for credit unions, the
31		ociation or associations collect dues or solicit contributions from
32		mbers; and (iii) the members members, other than associate
33		<u>mbers</u> , have voting privileges and representation on the governing
33 34		and committees. The policy is subject to the following
34 35		uirements:
36	a.	The policy may insure members of the association or
30 37	a.	associations, employees of the association or associations, or
38		employees of members, or one or more of the preceding or all of
39		any class or classes for the benefit of persons other than the
40		employee's employer.
40 41	b.	The premium for the policy shall be paid from funds contributed
41	0.	by the association or associations, or by employer members, or
43		by both, or from funds contributed by the covered persons or
15		e, eeu, er nem rande contributed by the covered persons of

1		from both the covered persons and the association, associations,
2		or employer members.
3		e. A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from
4		funds contributed by the covered persons specifically for their
5		insurance must insure all eligible persons, except those who
6		reject the coverage, in writing.
7	(2)	For employer groups of 50 or more persons no evidence of individual
8		insurability may be required at the time the person first becomes eligible
9		for insurance or within 31 days thereafter except for any insurance
10		supplemental to the basic coverage for which evidence of individual
11		insurability may be required. With respect to trusteed groups the phrase
12		"groups of 50" must be applied on a participating unit basis for the
13		purpose of requiring individual evidence of insurability.
14	(3)	Policies may contain a provision limiting coverage for preexisting
15		conditions. Preexisting conditions must be covered no later than 12
16		months after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting conditions are
17		defined as "those conditions for which medical advice or treatment was
18		received or recommended or which could be medically documented
19		within the 12-month period immediately preceding the effective date of
20		the person's coverage."Preexisting conditions exclusions may not be
21		implemented by any successor plan as to any covered persons who have
22		already met all or part of the waiting period requirements under any
23		previous plan. Credit must be given for that portion of the waiting
24		period which was met under the previous plan. As used in this
25		subdivision, a "previous plan" includes any health benefit plan provided
26		by a health insurer, as those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any
27		government plan or program providing health benefits or health care.
28		For employer groups of 50 or more persons and for groups under
29		subdivision (1a) of this subsection and under G.S. 58-51-81: In
30		determining whether a preexisting condition provision applies to an
31		eligible employee, association member, student, or to a dependent, all
32		health benefit plans shall credit the time the person was covered under a
33		previous plan if the previous plan's coverage was continuous to a date
34		not more than 60 days before the effective date of the new coverage,
35		exclusive of any applicable waiting period under the new coverage."
36	Section	on 9. G.S. 58-51-80(h) reads as rewritten:
37		ng contained in this section applies to any contract issued by any
38		ined in Article 65 of this Chapter. Subdivision (b)(3) of this section
39		'As, as defined in G.S. 58-49-30(a)."
40		on 10. G.S. 58-53-1 reads as rewritten:
41	"§ 58-53-1. Det	finitions.
40	A a wood in th	his Article, the following terms have the meanings specified:

42 As used in this Article, the following terms have the meanings specified:

1 2 3	(1)	'Group policy' means a group accident and health insurance policy issued by an insurance company and a group contract issued by a health service corporation or health maintenance organization or similar
4		corporation or organization.
5	(2)	'Individual policy' or 'converted policy' means an individual health
6		insurance policy issued by an insurance company or an individual health
7		services contract issued by a health service corporation or health
8	(2)	maintenance organization or similar corporation or organization.
9	(3)	'Insurance' and 'insured' refer to coverage under a group policy,
10		individual policy or converted policy on a premium-paying basis, and
11 12	(A)	do not include coverage provided by reason of a disability extension.
12	(4)	" Insurer" means the entity issuing a group policy or an individual or converted policy.
13	(5)	" Medicare" means Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act
14	(\mathbf{J})	as added by the Social Security Amendments of 1965 or as later
16		amended or superseded.
17	<u>(5a)</u>	<u>'Member' or 'employee' includes an insured spouse or dependent of a</u>
18	<u>(5u)</u>	member or of an employee.
19	(6)	'Premium' includes any premium or other consideration payable for
20	(-)	coverage under a group or individual policy.
21	(7)	'Reasonable and customary' means the most frequently used level of
22		charge made for the supplies or for a specific service in the geographic
23		subarea in which such supplies or services are received, of like kind or
24		by physicians, or other practitioners, with similar qualifications."
25	Section	on 11. G.S. 58-53-5 reads as rewritten:
26	"§ 58-53-5. Co	ontinuation of group hospital, surgical, and major medical coverage
27	after	termination of employment or membership.
28		licy delivered or issued for delivery in this State which that insures
29		members, other than the members and their dependents, if they have
30		de them, whose eligibility under the group policy does not extend to any
31		e insured may have members for hospital, surgical or major medical
32		n expense incurred or service basis under Articles 1 through 67 of this
33	-	han for specific diseases or for accidental injuries only, shall provide that
34		nembers whose insurance for these types of coverage under the group
35		otherwise terminate because of termination of active employment or
36	· ·	termination of membership in the eligible class or classes under the
37	· · ·	entitled to continue their hospital, surgical, and medical insurance under
38	• • •	ey, for themselves and their eligible <u>spouses and</u> dependents with respect
39 40	•	vere insured on the date of termination, subject to all of the group policy's difference applicable to those forms of insurance and to the conditions
40 41		ditions applicable to those forms of insurance and to the conditions Part. Provided, the terms and conditions set forth in this Part are intended
41	-	quirements and shall not be construed to impose additional or different
42 43		oon those group hospital, surgical, or major medical plans already in force,
15	requirements up	in alose group hospital, surgioul, or major moulour plans aready millionee,

1	or hereafte	- placed into effect, that provide continuation benefits equal to or better than
2		red in this Part."
3	-	ection 12. G.S. 58-53-35 reads as rewritten:
4		5. Termination of continuation.
5		Continuation of insurance under the group policy for any person shall
6		n the earliest of the following dates:
7		1) The date <u>one year 18 months</u> after the date the employee's or member's
8	(insurance under the policy would otherwise have terminated because of
9		termination of employment or members;
10	(2) The date ending the period for which the employee or member last
11	(makes his required contribution, if he discontinues his contributions;
11	(
12	(3) The date the employee or member becomes or is eligible to become
		covered for similar benefits under any arrangement of coverage for
14	(individuals in a group, whether insured or uninsured;
15	(4) The date on which the group policy is terminated or, in the case of a multiple ampleuer plan, the date his ampleuer terminates participation
16		multiple employer plan, the date his employer terminates participation
17		under the group master policy. When this occurs the employee or
18		member shall have the privilege described in G.S. 58-53-45 if the date
19		of termination precedes that on which his actual continuation of
20		insurance under that policy would have terminated. The insurer that
21		insured the group prior to before the date of termination shall make a
22		converted policy available to the employee or member.
23	• •	lotwithstanding subdivision (a)(4) of this section, if the employer replaces the
24		y with another group policy, the employee is entitled to continue under the
25	-	roup policy for any unexpired period of continuation to which the employee is
26	entitled."	
27		ection 13. G.S. 58-53-50 reads as rewritten:
28	"§ 58-53-50). Restrictions.
29	A conve	erted policy shall not be available to an employee or member if termination of
30	his insuran	e under the group policy occurred because:
31	(1) Of termination of employment or membership and either he was not
32		entitled to continuation of group coverage under Part 1 of this Article or
33		failed to elect such continuation;
34	(2) He failed to make timely payment of any required contribution for the
35		cost of continuation of insurance;
36	(3) He had not been continuously covered under the group policy or for
37		similar benefits under any other group policy that it replaced during the
38		period of three consecutive months immediately prior to termination of
39		active employment ending with such termination;
40	(4) The group policy terminated or an employer's participation terminated,
41	(and the insurance is replaced by similar coverage under another group
42		policy within 31 days of date of termination; or
. –		

1	(5) He failed to continue his insurance for the entire maximum period of
2	one year 18 months following termination of active employment as
3	provided for in Part 1 of this Article, unless that failure to continue was
4	because of change of insurer by the employer and the change of insurer
5	was consummated during the one year continuation period. In that event
6	the employee or member shall be entitled to be issued a converted
7	policy by the insurer that provided the group policy to the employer
8	before the change of insurer."
9	Section 14. G.S. 58-53-55 reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 58-53-55. Time limit.
11	In order to be eligible for conversion, written application and the first premium
12	payment for the converted policy must be made to the insurer not later than 31 days after
13	the date of termination of insurance provided under Part 1 of this Article. The effective
14	date of the converted policy shall be the day following the later of:
15	(1) The termination of insurance under the group policy when it is not
16	replaced by one providing similar coverage within 31 days of the
17	termination date of the immediately prior group plan; or
18	(2) The termination of the <u>one year period</u> of continued coverage under the
19	group policy or policies."
20	Section 15. Article 55 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
21	adding a new section to read:
22	" <u>§ 58-55-31. Additional requirements.</u>
23	(a) No policy shall be used in this State unless it provides for an offer of
24	nonforfeiture, which shall not be less than an offer of reduced paid-up insurance benefits,
25	extended term insurance benefits, or a shortened benefit period. No policy shall pay a
26	cash surrender value unless the dividends or refunds are applied as a reduction of future
27	premiums or an increase in future benefits.
28	(b) The Commissioner shall adopt rules to provide for annual reports by insurers
29	of the number of claims denied, number of rescissions, and the percentage of sales
30	involving the replacement of policies.
31	(c) No policy shall be used in this State unless the insurer has developed a
32	financial or personal asset suitability test to determine whether or not issuing long-term
33	care insurance to an applicant is appropriate. For purposes of this section:
34	(1) All insurers except those issuing life insurance that accelerates the death
35	benefit for long-term care shall use the financial or suitability form and
36	format standards as developed and adopted by the NAIC. A personal
37	long-term care worksheet and disclosure notice of issues an applicant
40	(2) Each applicant that does not meet the recommended financial or
41	personal asset suitability test criteria shall receive a letter of notification
42	and shall be given an option to waive the results of the financial
43	suitability test and proceed with the purchase of the policy.
38 39 40	 <u>should know before buying long-term care insurance shall be completed and provided before an application is taken.</u> (2) Each applicant that does not meet the recommended financial

- 1 (d) <u>The Commissioner shall adopt standards to handle consumer complaints about</u> 2 <u>noncompliance with State requirements.</u>"
 - Section 16. G.S. 58-65-25 reads as rewritten:
- 4 "§ 58-65-25. Hospital, physician and dentist contracts.

5 Any corporation organized under the provisions of this Article and Article 66 (a) 6 of this Chapter-may enter into contracts for the rendering of hospital service to any of its 7 subscribers by hospitals approved by the American Medical Association and/or the North 8 Carolina Hospital Association, and may enter into contracts for the furnishing of, or the 9 payment in whole or in part for, medical and/or dental services rendered to any of its 10 subscribers by duly licensed physicians and/or dentists. All obligations arising under contracts issued by such corporations to its subscribers shall be satisfied by payments 11 12 made directly to the hospitals or hospitals and/or physicians and/or dentists rendering such service, or direct to the subscriber or his, her, or their legal representatives upon the 13 14 receipt by the corporation from the subscriber of a statement marked paid by the 15 hospital(s) and/or physician(s) and/or dentist(s) or both rendering such service, and all such payments heretofore made are hereby ratified. Nothing herein in this section shall 16 17 be construed to discriminate against hospitals conducted by other schools of medical 18 practice.

19 (b)On and after January 1, 1956, all All certificates, plans or contracts issued to 20 subscribers or other persons by hospital and medical and/or dental service corporations operating under this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter shall contain in substance a 21 provision as follows: 'After two years from the date of issue of this certificate, contract or 22 23 plan no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements made by the applicant in the 24 application for such certificate, contract or plan, shall be used to void said certificate, contract or plan, or to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as therein defined) 25 commencing after the expiration of such two-year period. No claim for loss incurred or 26 27 disability (as defined in the certificate, contract or plan) commencing after two years from the date of issue of this certificate, contract or plan shall be reduced or denied on the 28 ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or 29 specifically described, effective on the date of loss, had existed prior to the effective date 30 of coverage of this certificate, contract or plan."" 31

32

3

Section 17. G.S. 58-65-60(e) reads as rewritten:

A hospital-service corporation may issue a master group contract with the 33 "(e) approval of the Commissioner of Insurance provided such if the contract and the 34 individual certificates issued to members of the group, shall comply group comply in 35 substance to the other provisions of this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter. Any such 36 37 The contract may provide for the adjustment of the rate of the premium or benefits 38 conferred as provided in said the contract, and in accordance with an adjustment schedule 39 filed with and approved by the Commissioner of Insurance. Commissioner. If such 40 master group the contract is issued, altered or modified, the subscribers' contracts issued in pursuance thereof-under that contract are altered or modified accordingly, all laws and 41 42 clauses in subscribers' contracts to the contrary notwithstanding. Nothing in this Article

and Article 66 of this Chapter shall be construed to prohibit or prevent the same. Forms
 of such contract shall at all times be furnished upon request of subscribers thereto.

3 For employer groups of 50 or more persons no evidence of individual (1)4 insurability may be required at the time the person first becomes eligible 5 for coverage or within 31 days thereafter except for any insurance 6 supplemental to the basic coverage for which evidence of individual 7 insurability may be required. With respect to trusteed groups the phrase 8 "groups of 50" must be applied on a participating unit basis for the 9 purpose of requiring individual evidence of insurability. 10 (2)Employer master group contracts may contain a provision limiting coverage for preexisting conditions. Preexisting conditions must be 11 12 covered no later than 12 months after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting conditions are defined as "those conditions for which 13 14 medical advice or treatment was received or recommended or which 15 could be medically documented within the 12-month period 16 immediately preceding the effective date of the person's 17 coverage."Preexisting conditions exclusions may not be implemented 18 by any successor plan as to any covered persons who have already met all or part of the waiting period requirements under any previous plan. 19 20 Credit must be given for that portion of the waiting period which was 21 met under the previous plan. As used in this subdivision, a "previous plan"includes any health benefit plan provided by a health insurer, as 22 23 those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any government plan or 24 program providing health benefits or health care, except that nothing in this section shall apply to a guaranteed issue product designed for 25 uninsurables. For employer groups of 50 or more persons: In 26 27 determining whether a preexisting condition provision applies to an eligible employee or to a dependent, all health benefit plans shall credit 28 29 the time the person was covered under a previous plan if the previous 30 plan's coverage was continuous to a date not more than 60 days before the effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of any applicable 31 32 waiting period under the new coverage.

33 (3) (e1) Employees shall be added to the master group coverage no later than 90 days 34 after their first day of employment. Employment shall be considered continuous and not 35 be considered broken except for unexcused absences from work for reasons other than 36 illness or injury. The term 'employee' is defined as a nonseasonal person who works on a 37 full-time basis, with a normal work week of 30 or more hours and who is otherwise 38 eligible for coverage, but does not include a person who works on a part-time, temporary, 39 or substitute basis.

40 (4) (e2) Whenever an employer master group contract replaces another group 41 contract, whether this contract was issued by a corporation under Articles 1 through 67 of 42 this Chapter, the liability of the succeeding corporation for insuring persons covered 43 under the previous group contract is (i) each person is eligible for coverage in accordance

with the succeeding corporation's plan of benefits with respect to classes eligible and 1 2 activity at work and nonconfinement rules must be covered by the succeeding 3 corporation's plan of benefits; and (ii) each person not covered under the succeeding corporation's plan of benefits in accordance with (i) above must nevertheless be covered 4 5 by the succeeding corporation if that person was validly covered, including benefit 6 extension, under the prior plan on the date of discontinuance and if the person is a 7 member of the class of persons eligible for coverage under the succeeding corporation's 8 plan."

9

Section 18. G.S. 58-67-85 reads as rewritten:

10 "§ 58-67-85. Master group contracts, filing requirement; required and prohibited provisions.

12 (a) A health maintenance organization may issue a master group contract with the approval of the Commissioner of Insurance provided the contract and the individual 13 14 certificates issued to members of the group, shall comply in substance to the other 15 provisions of this Article. Any such contract may provide for the adjustment of the rate of the premium or benefits conferred as provided in the contract, and in accordance with an 16 17 adjustment schedule filed with and approved by the Commissioner of Insurance. If the 18 master group contract is issued, altered or modified, the enrollees' contracts issued in pursuance thereof are altered or modified accordingly, all laws and clauses in the 19 20 enrollees' contracts to the contrary notwithstanding. Nothing in this Article shall be 21 construed to prohibit or prevent the same. Forms of such contract shall at all times be furnished upon request of enrollees thereto. 22

(b) For employer groups of 50 or more persons no evidence of individual insurability may be required at the time the person first becomes eligible for insurance or within 31 days thereafter except for any insurance supplemental to the basic coverage for which evidence of individual insurability may be required. With respect to trusteed groups the phrase "groups of 50" must be applied on a participating unit basis for the purpose of requiring individual evidence of insurability.

Employer master group contracts may contain a provision limiting coverage 29 (c)30 for preexisting conditions. Preexisting conditions must be covered no later than 12 months after the effective date of coverage. Preexisting conditions are defined as "those 31 conditions for which medical advice or treatment was received or recommended or which 32 33 could be medically documented within the 12-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the person's coverage." Preexisting conditions exclusions may not be 34 35 implemented by any successor plan as to any covered persons who have already met all or part of the waiting period requirements under any previous plan. Credit must be given 36 for that portion of the waiting period which was met under the previous plan. As used in 37 38 this subsection, a "previous plan" includes any health benefit plan provided by a health 39 insurer, as those terms are defined in G.S. 58-51-115, or any government plan or program providing health benefits or health care. In determining whether a preexisting condition 40 provision applies to an eligible employee or to a dependent, all health benefit plans shall 41 42 credit the time the person was covered under a previous plan if the previous plan's

1	•	ontinuous to a date not more than 60 days before the effective date of the
2	-	xclusive of any applicable waiting period under the new coverage.
3		nployees shall be added to the master group coverage no later than 90
4		first day of employment. Employment shall be considered continuous and
5		ed broken except for unexcused absences from work for reasons other
6		ijury. The term 'employee' is defined as a nonseasonal person who works
7		asis, with a normal work week of 30 or more hours and who is otherwise
8	•	rage, but does not include a person who works on a part-time, temporary,
9	or substitute bas	
10		ever an employer master group contract replaces another group contract,
11		ntract was issued by a corporation under Articles 1 through 67 of this
12	-	bility of the succeeding corporation for insuring persons covered under
13	the previous gro	*
14	(1)	Each person who is eligible for coverage in accordance with the
15		succeeding corporation's plan of benefits with respect to classes eligible and activity at work and percentinement rules must be covered by the
16 17		and activity at work and nonconfinement rules must be covered by the succeeding corporation's plan of benefits; and
17	(2)	Each person not covered under the succeeding corporation's plan of
18	(2)	benefits in accordance with $(e)(1)$ must nevertheless be covered by the
20		succeeding corporation if that person was validly covered, including
20		benefit extension, under the prior plan on the date of discontinuance and
22		if the person is a member of the class of persons eligible for coverage
23		under the succeeding corporation's plan."
24	Sectio	on 19. Article 3 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
25	adding a new se	· · ·
26	•	equired coverage for minimum hospital stay following birth.
27		itions. – As used in this section:
28	$\overline{(1)}$	'Attending providers' includes:
29		a. The obstetrician-gynecologists, pediatricians, family physicians,
30		and other physicians primarily responsible for the care of a
31		mother and newborn; and
32		b. The nurse midwives and nurse practitioners primarily responsible
33		for the care of a mother and her newborn child in accordance
34		with State licensure and certification laws.
35	<u>(2)</u>	'Health benefit plan' means an accident and health insurance policy or
36		certificate; a nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract;
37		a health maintenance organization subscriber contract; a plan provided
38		by a multiple employer welfare arrangement; or a plan provided by
39		another benefit arrangement, to the extent permitted by the Employee
40		Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or by any waiver
41		of or other exception to that Act provided under federal law or
42		regulation. 'Health benefit plan' does not mean any of the following
43		kinds of insurance:

1	A 11 /
1	<u>a.</u> <u>Accident,</u> <u>b.</u> <u>Credit,</u>
2	<u>b.</u> <u>Credit</u> ,
3	<u>c.</u> <u>Disability income</u> , <u>d.</u> <u>Long-term or nursing home care</u> ,
4	<u>d.</u> <u>Long-term or nursing home care</u> ,
5	<u>e.</u> <u>Medicare supplement,</u> <u>f.</u> <u>Specified disease,</u>
6	<u>f.</u> <u>Specified disease</u> ,
7	g. Dental or vision,
8	h. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance,
9	i. Workers' compensation,
10	j. <u>Medical payments under automobile or homeowners, and</u>
11	k. Insurance under which benefits are payable with or without
12	regard to fault and that is statutorily required to be contained in
13	any liability policy or equivalent self-insurance.
14	<u>1.</u> Hospital income or indemnity.
15	(3) 'Insurer' means an insurance company subject to this Chapter, a service
16	corporation organized under Article 65 of this Chapter, a health
17	maintenance organization organized under Article 67 of this Chapter,
18	and a multiple employer welfare arrangement subject to Article 49 of
19	this Chapter.
20	(b) In General. – Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, an insurer
21	that provides a health benefit plan that contains maternity benefits, including benefits for
22	childbirth, shall ensure that coverage is provided with respect to a mother who is a
23	participant, beneficiary, or policyholder under the plan and her newborn child for a
24	minimum of 48 hours of inpatient length of stay following a normal vaginal delivery, and
25	a minimum of 96 hours of inpatient length of stay following a cesarean section, without
26	requiring the attending provider to obtain authorization from the insurer or its
27	representative.
28	(c) Exception. – Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, an insurer is not
29	required to provide coverage for postdelivery inpatient length of stay for a mother who is
30	a participant, beneficiary, or policyholder under the insurer's health benefit plan and her
31	newborn child for the period referred to in subsection (b) of this section if:
32	(1) <u>A decision to discharge the mother and her newborn child before the</u>
33	expiration of the period is made by the attending provider in
34	consultation with the mother; and
35	(2) The health benefit plan provides coverage for postdelivery follow-up
36	care as described in subsections(d) and (e) of this section.
37	(d) Postdelivery Follow-Up Care. – In the case of a decision to discharge a mother
38	and her newborn child from the inpatient setting before the expiration of 48 hours
39	following a normal vaginal delivery or 96 hours following a cesarean section, the health
40	benefit plan shall provide coverage for timely postdelivery care. This health care shall be
40 41	provided to a mother and her newborn child by a registered nurse, physician, nurse
41 42	practitioner, nurse midwife, or physician assistant experienced in maternal and child
42 43	health in:
υ	

1		<u>(1)</u>	The home, a provider's office, a hospital, a birthing center, an
2			intermediate care facility, a federally qualified health center, a federally
3			qualified rural health clinic, or a State health department maternity
4			<u>clinic; or</u>
5		<u>(2)</u>	Another setting determined appropriate under federal regulations
6			promulgated under Title VI of Public Law 104-204.
7			provider in consultation with the mother shall decide the most appropriate
8	location		ow-up care.
9	<u>(e)</u>	Time	ly Care As used in subsection (d) of this section, 'timely postdelivery
10	<u>care' mea</u>	ans hea	<u>lth care that is provided:</u>
11		<u>(1)</u>	Following the discharge of a mother and her newborn child from the
12			inpatient setting; and
13		<u>(2)</u>	In a manner that meets the health care needs of the mother and her
14			newborn child, that provides for the appropriate monitoring of the
15			conditions of the mother and child, and that occurs not later than the 72-
16			hour period immediately following discharge.
17	<u>(f)</u>	Prohi	bitions. – An insurer shall not:
18		(1)	Deny enrollment, renewal, or continued coverage with respect to its
19		<u> </u>	health benefit plan to a mother and her newborn child who are
20			participants, beneficiaries, or policyholders, based on compliance with
21			this section;
22		<u>(2)</u>	Provide monetary payments or rebates to mothers to encourage the
23		<u>.,</u>	mothers to request less than the minimum coverage required under this
24			section;
25		<u>(3)</u>	Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending
26		\/	provider because the provider provided treatment to an individual
27			policyholder, participant, or beneficiary in accordance with this section;
28			or
29		(4)	Provide monetary or other incentives to an attending provider to induce
30		<u> </u>	the provider to provide treatment to an individual policyholder,
31			participant, or beneficiary in a manner inconsistent with this section.
32	(g)	Effec	et on Mother. – Nothing in this section requires that a mother who is a
33			eficiary, or policyholder covered under this section:
34	<u>p</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>Give birth in a hospital; or</u>
35		(2)	Stay in the hospital for a fixed period of time following the birth of her
36		<u> </u>	child.
37	(h)	Leve	and Type of Reimbursements. – Nothing in this section prevents an
38			gotiating the level and type of reimbursement with an attending provider
39			ed in accordance with this section."
40			on 20. G.S. 58-3-170 reads as rewritten:
41	"§ 58-3-1		equirements for maternity coverage.

1	(-) E
1	(a) Every entity providing a health benefit plan that provides maternity coverage
2	in this State shall provide benefits for the necessary care and treatment related to
3	maternity that are no less favorable than benefits for physical illness generally.
4	(a1) A health benefit plan that provides maternity coverage shall provide coverage
5	for inpatient care for a mother and her newly-born child for a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours after vaginal delivery and a minimum of ninety six (06) hours after delivery
6 7	(48) hours after vaginal delivery and a minimum of ninety-six (96) hours after delivery
	by caesarean section.
8	(b) As used in this section, 'health benefit plans' means accident and health
9	insurance policies or certificates; nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation
10	contracts; health, hospital, or medical service corporation plan contracts; health
11	maintenance organization (HMO) subscriber contracts; and plans provided by a MEWA
12	or plans provided by other benefit arrangements, to the extent permitted by ERISA."
13	Section 21. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten:
14	"§ 58-51-55. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.
15	(a) <u>Definitions. – As used in this section, the term:</u> (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2)
16	(1) 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21);
17	and (2) (C) $(1, 1, 2)$ (1) $(1, 2)$ (2) $(2, 2)$ (2)
18	(2) 'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-51-
19	
20	with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
21	DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
22	those manuals.
23	(b) <u>Coverage of Physical Illness.</u> – No insurance company licensed in this State
24	under the provisions of Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter shall, solely because an
25	individual to be insured has or had a mental illness or chemical dependency:
26	(1) Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any policy that affords
27	benefits or coverages for any medical treatment or service for physical
28	illness or injury;
29	(2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
30	coverages or benefits for that individual; or
31	(3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
32	individual.
33	(b1) Coverage of Mental Illness. – A policy that covers both physical illness or
34	injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar limitation on
35	the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits, subject to the
36	following:
37	(1) <u>A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits</u>
38	under the policy, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
39	(2) If the policy contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness
40	and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all
41	of the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer
42	may impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based
43	on a weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected

1		physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
2		calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
3	<u>(3)</u>	If the policy contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and
4		injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
5		the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer may
6		impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
7		weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected
8		physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
9		calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
10	<u>(4)</u>	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the policy may distinguish
11		between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits
12		with respect to other terms of the policy, including coinsurance, limits
13		on provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to
14		medical necessity.
15	<u>(5)</u>	If the insurer offers two or more benefit package options under a policy,
16		each package must comply with this subsection.
17	<u>(6)</u>	This subsection does not apply to a policy if the insurer can demonstrate
18		to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost of the policy
19		by one percent (1%) or more.
20	<u>(7)</u>	This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
21		affect services rendered before that date.
22	(c) <u>Ment</u>	al Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing in
23		vents any insurance company from excluding from coverage any physical
24		vor mental illness or chemical dependency which has existed previous to
25		individual by the insurance company or from refusing to issue or deliver
26	-	ual any policy because of the underwriting of any physical condition
27		related to requires an insurer to offer coverage for mental illness or
28		dency. dependency, except as provided in G.S. 58-51-50.
29		icability. <u>This Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to group</u>
30		e contracts covering more than 50 employees. The remainder of this
31		only to group health insurance contracts covering 20 or more employees.
32		of this section, 'group health insurance contracts' include MEWAs, as
33	defined in G.S.	
34		on 22. G.S. 58-65-90 reads as rewritten:
35		o discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.
36		<u>nitions. – As used in this section, the term:</u>
37	(1)	'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21);
38		and
39	(2)	'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-65-
40		75
41	with a diagnos	is found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
42	-	e International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
43	those manuals.	

1	(b)	Cove	<u>rage of Physical Illness. – No hospital, medical, dental or health service</u>
2	corporatio	on gov	rerned by this Chapter shall, solely because an individual to be insured has
3	or had a r	nental	illness or chemical dependency:
4		(1)	Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any individual or group
5			hospital, dental, medical or health service subscriber contract in this
6			State that affords benefits or coverage for medical treatment or service
7			for physical illness or injury;
8		(2)	Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
9			coverages or benefits for that individual; or
10		(3)	Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
11			individual.
12	<u>(b1)</u>	Cove	rage of Mental Illness A subscriber contract that covers both physical
13	illness or		y and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar
14			e mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits,
15	subject to		
16		(1)	A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
17			under the subscriber contract, without distinguishing the mental health
18			benefits.
19		<u>(2)</u>	If the subscriber contract contains lifetime limits only on selected
20			physical illness or injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent
21			substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the
22			subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose a lifetime limit
23			on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the
24			respective lifetime limits on the selected physical illness and injury
25			benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with
26			rules adopted by the Commissioner.
27		<u>(3)</u>	If the subscriber contract contains annual limits only on selected
28			physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent
29			substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the
30			subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose an annual limit
31			on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the
32			respective annual limits on the selected physical illness and injury
33			benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with
34			rules adopted by the Commissioner.
35		<u>(4)</u>	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the subscriber contract
36			may distinguish between mental illness benefits and physical injury or
37			illness benefits with respect to other terms of the subscriber contract,
38			including coinsurance, limits on provider visits or days of coverage, and
39			requirements relating to medical necessity.
40		(5)	If the service corporation offers two or more benefit package options
41		~ /	under a subscriber contract, each package must comply with this
42			subsection.

1	<u>(6)</u>	This subsection does not apply to a subscriber contract if the service
2	<u>(0)</u>	corporation can demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will
3		increase the cost of the subscriber contract by one percent (1%) or more.
4	(7)	This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
4 5	(1)	affect services rendered before that date.
6	(c) Menta	al Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing in
7		vents any hospital or medical plan from excluding from coverage any
8	1	or injury or mental illness or chemical dependency which has existed
9		erage of the individual by the hospital or medical plan or from refusing to
10		to that individual any policy because of the underwriting of any physical
11		her or not related to requires a service corporation to offer coverage for
12		r chemical dependency. dependency, except as provided in G.S. 58-65-75.
13		pplicability. <u>This</u> Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to
14		racts covering more than 50 employees. The remainder of this section
15		group contracts covering 20 or more employees."
16	Sectio	on 23. G.S. 58-67-75 reads as rewritten:
17	"§ 58-67-75. N	o discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.
18	(a) <u>Defin</u>	<u>itions. – As used in this section, the term:</u>
19	(1)	'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21);
20		and
21	(2)	'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-67-
22		70
23		is found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
24	DSM-3-R or the	e International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
25	those manuals.	
26		rage of Physical Illness. – No health maintenance organization governed
27		shall, solely because an individual has or had a mental illness or chemical
28	dependency:	
29	(1)	Refuse to enroll that individual in any health care plan covering physical
30	<i>(</i> -)	illness or injury;
31	(2)	Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
32		coverages or benefits for that individual; or
33	(3)	Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
34		individual.
35		rage of Mental Illness. – A health care plan that covers both physical
36		and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar
37		e mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits,
38	subject to the fo	
39 40	<u>(1)</u>	A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
40	(2)	under the plan, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
41	<u>(2)</u>	If the plan contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
42 43		injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may
43		the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may

1			in a second state of the second state of the	
1			impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a	
2			weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected	
3			physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be	
4		$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$	calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.	
5		<u>(3)</u>	If the plan contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and	
6			injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of	
7			the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may	
8			impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a	
9			weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected	
10			physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be	
11			calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.	
12		<u>(4)</u>	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the plan may distinguish	
13			between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits	
14			with respect to other terms of the plan, including coinsurance, limits on	
15			provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to medical	
16		(-)	necessity.	
17		<u>(5)</u>	If the HMO offers two or more benefit package options under a plan,	
18			each package must comply with this subsection.	
19		<u>(6)</u>	This subsection does not apply to a health benefit plan if the HMO can	
20			demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost	
21			of the plan by one percent (1%) or more.	
22		<u>(7)</u>	This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not	
23		N /	affect services rendered before that date.	
24	(c)		al Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing in	
25			vents any health maintenance organization from excluding from coverage	
26			ness or injury or mental illness or chemical dependency which has existed	
27			erage of the individual by the health maintenance organization or from	
28	-		e or deliver to that individual any policy because of the underwriting of	
29			ndition whether or not related to requires an HMO to offer coverage for	
30			r chemical dependency. dependency, except as provided in G.S. 58-67-70.	
31	(d)		<u>cability.</u> <u>This Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to group</u>	
32			ing more than 50 employees. The remainder of this section applies only	
33	to group c		ets covering 20 or more employees."	
34			on 24. G. S. 58-3-173 is repealed.	
35	ana dalina		on 25. Sections 1 through 18 of this act apply to all affected contracts that	
36			sued for delivery, or renewed on and after July 1, 1997. Sections 19, 20,	
37			of this act apply to all affected contracts that are delivered, issued for	
38	-	delivery, or renewed on and after January 1, 1998. For the purposes of this act, renewal		
39 40		-	presumed to occur on each anniversary of the date on which coverage was	
40	mst enec		the person or persons covered by the contract.	
41		Secul	on 26. This act is effective when it becomes law.	

Page 46