## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## SESSION 1999

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#### **HOUSE BILL 1021**

Short Title: Revise UCC Filings Procedures.	(Public)
Sponsors: Representative Hill.	_
Referred to: Judiciary II.	

# April 14, 1999

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE WITH REGARD TO THE PROCEDURE FOR FILING OF FINANCING STATEMENTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 25-9-402 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 25-9-402. Formal requisites of financing statement; amendments; mortgage as financing statement.

(1) A financing statement is sufficient if it gives the names of the debtor and the secured party, is signed by the debtor, gives an address of the secured party from which information concerning the security interest may be obtained, gives a mailing address of the debtor and contains a statement indicating the types, or describing the items, of collateral. A financing statement may be filed before a security agreement is made or a security interest otherwise attaches. When the financing statement covers crops growing or to be grown, the statement must indicate that the collateral is or includes crops, must contain a description of the real estate concerned, and must contain the county of the debtor's residence, or where the debtor is not a resident of this State the county where the crops are growing or to be grown. When the financing statement covers timber to be cut or covers minerals or the like (including oil and gas) or accounts subject to subsection (5) of G.S. 25-9-103, or when the financing statement is filed as a fixture filing (G.S. 25-9-313) and the collateral is goods which are or are to become fixtures, the statement must

owner is .....

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4. (If products of collateral are claimed) Products of the collateral are also covered.

Signature of Debtor (or Assignor)

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- (4) A financing statement may be amended by filing a writing signed by both the debtor and the secured party. An amendment does not extend the period of effectiveness of a financing statement. If any amendment adds collateral, it is effective as to the added collateral only from the filing date of the amendment. In this Article, unless the context otherwise requires, the term "financing statement" means the original financing statement and any amendments. Amendments shall be accompanied by a copy of the original financing statement when filed to be effective.
- (5) A financing statement covering timber to be cut or covering minerals or the like (including oil and gas) or accounts subject to subsection (5) of G.S. 25-9-103, or a financing statement filed as a fixture filing (G.S. 25-9-313) must contain a description of the real estate. If the debtor does not have an interest of record in the real estate, the financing statement must show the name of a record owner. A financing statement filed as a fixture filing (G.S. 25-9-313) on a form shall have the appropriate box checked to indicate that the collateral is, or includes, fixtures. If (a) a copy of a security agreement is filed as a financing statement, as authorized by G.S. 25-9-402, or (b) a nonstandard form is filed, to perfect security interests in fixtures, the secured party or other filer shall attach thereto a form financing statement with the appropriate block checked to indicate that the collateral is, or includes, fixtures. If a financing statement is not marked as required by this subsection, it shall not be required to be indexed pursuant to G.S. 25-9-403(7).
- (6) A mortgage or deed of trust is effective as a financing statement filed as a fixture filing from the date of its recording if
  - (a) The goods are described in the mortgage or deed of trust by item or type; and
  - (b) The goods are or are to become fixtures related to the real estate described in the mortgage or deed of trust; and
  - (c) The mortgage or deed of trust complies with the requirements for a financing statement in this section; and
  - (d) The mortgage or deed of trust is duly recorded in the real estate records. Such a mortgage or deed of trust shall not be indexed or filed in the Uniform Commercial Code files. No fee with reference to such a mortgage or deed of trust is required other than the regular recording and satisfaction fees with respect to the mortgage or deed of trust.
- (7) A financing statement sufficiently shows the name of the debtor if it gives the individual, partnership or corporate name of the debtor, whether or not it adds other trade names or names of partners. Where the debtor so changes his name or in the case of an organization its name, identity or corporate structure that a filed financing statement becomes seriously misleading, the filing is not effective to perfect a security interest in collateral acquired by the debtor more than four months after the change, unless a new appropriate financing statement is filed before the expiration of that time. A filed financing statement remains effective with respect to collateral transferred by the debtor even though the secured party knows of or consents to the transfer.

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- misleading.

  (9) The Secretary of State shall have the authority to promulgate, issue and
- prescribe such financing statement forms and such other forms as he deems necessary to be used as standard forms for any filing contemplated by any section of this Article."

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Section 2. G.S. 25-9-403(3) reads as rewritten:

A continuation statement may be filed by the secured party within six months prior to the expiration of the five-year period specified in subsection (2). Any such continuation statement must be signed by the secured party, be accompanied by a copy of the original financing statement, identify the original statement by file number and also by the most current file number if any continuation was filed and state that the original statement is still effective. A continuation statement signed by a person other than the secured party of record must be accompanied by a separate written statement of assignment signed by the secured party of record and complying with subsection (2) of G.S. 25-9-405, including payment of the required fee. Upon timely filing of the continuation statement, the effectiveness of the original statement is continued for five years after the last date to which the filing was effective whereupon it lapses in the same manner as provided in subsection (2) unless another continuation statement is filed prior to such lapse. Succeeding continuation statements may be filed in the same manner to continue the effectiveness of the original statement. Unless a statute on disposition of public records provides otherwise, the filing officer may remove a lapsed statement from the files and destroy it immediately if he has retained a microfilm or other photographic record, or in other cases after one year after the lapse. record. In any event, one year after a financing or continuation statement has lapsed, the filing officer may remove the lapsed statement from any files, including computer files, and destroy it immediately. The filing officer shall so arrange matters by physical annexation of financing statements to continuation statements or other related filings, or by other means, that if he physically destroys the financing statements of a period more than five years past, those which have been continued by a continuation statement or which are still effective under subsection (6) shall be retained. Any continuation statement which is not filed in accordance with the requirements set forth herein and during the stated time periods set forth above shall be invalid."

A financing statement substantially complying with the requirements of this

section is effective even though it contains minor errors which are not seriously

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Section 3. Any register of deeds office in this State that has had computer files for a period of at least five years is not required to cancel financing statements manually. Section 4. This act becomes effective October 1, 1999.