## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **SESSION 1999**

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HOUSE BILL 136\* Committee Substitute Favorable 7/8/99

Short Title: Exempt Child Care Property.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 24, 1999

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO E	XEMPT NONPROFIT CHILD CARE CENTERS FROM PROPERTY
3	TAX.	
4	The General As	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Sectio	on 1. G.S. 105-278.4 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 105-278.4. Real and personal property <u>Property</u> used for educational purposes.	
7	(a) <u>Build</u>	ings Buildings, the land they actually occupy, and additional land
8	reasonably nece	ssary for the convenient use of any such the building shall be exempted are
9	exempt from taxation if: if all of the following conditions are met:	
10	(1)	Owned The property is owned by an educational institution (including a
11		university, college, school, seminary, academy, industrial school, public
12		library, museum, and similar institution); institution.
13	(2)	The owner is not organized or operated for profit and no officer,
14		shareholder, member, or employee of the owner or any other person is
15		entitled to receive pecuniary profit from the owner's operations except
16		reasonable compensation for services; services.
17	(3)	Of <u>The property is of a kind commonly employed in the performance of</u>
18		those activities naturally and properly incident to the operation of an
19		educational institution such as the owner; and owner.

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1	(4) Wholly The property is used wholly and exclusively used for educational
2	(4) Wholly The property is used wholly and exclusively used for educational purposes by the owner owner, or is occupied gratuitously by another
23	nonprofit educational institution (as defined herein) and wholly and
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4	exclusively and used by the occupant wholly and exclusively for
5	nonprofit educational purposes.
6	(b) <u>Land.</u> – Land (exclusive of improvements); and improvements other than heildings the land estimates and additional land
7	buildings, the land actually occupied by such the improvements, and additional land
8	reasonably necessary for the convenient use of any such improvement shall be exempted
9	from taxation if: the improvements is exempt from taxation if all of the following
10	<u>conditions are met:</u>
11	(1) Owned The property is owned by an educational institution that owns
12	real property entitled to exemption under the provisions of subsection (a),
13	above; subsection (a) of this section.
14	(2) Of <u>The property is of a kind commonly employed in the performance of</u>
15	those activities naturally and properly incident to the operation of an
16	educational institution such as the <del>owner; and <u>owner</u>.</del>
17	(3) Wholly and exclusively used The property is used wholly and exclusively
18	for educational purposes by the <u>owner owner</u> or <u>is</u> occupied gratuitously
19	by another nonprofit educational institution (as defined herein) and wholly
20	and exclusively and used by the occupant wholly and exclusively for
21	nonprofit educational purposes.
22	(c) <u>Partial Exemption.</u> Notwithstanding the exclusive-use requirements of
23	subsections (a) and (b), above, (b) of this section, if part of a property that otherwise meets
24	the requirements of one of those subsections is used for a purpose that would require
25	exemption if the entire property were so used, the valuation of the part so used shall be
26	exempted is exempt from taxation.
27	(d) <u>Incidental Public Use. – The fact that a building or facility is incidentally</u>
28	available to and patronized by the general public, so long as there is no material amount
29	of business or patronage with the general public, shall-does not defeat the exemption
30	granted by this section.
31	(e) <u>Personal Property. – Personal property owned by a church, a religious body, or</u>
32	an educational institution (including a university, college, school, seminary, academy,
33	industrial school, public library, museum, and similar institution) shall be exempted from
34	taxation if: is exempt from taxation if both of the following conditions are met:
35	(1) The owner is not organized or operated for profit, and no officer,
36	shareholder, member, or employee of the owner, or any other person is
37	entitled to receive pecuniary profit from the owner's operations except
38	reasonable compensation for services; and services.
39	(2) Used The property is used wholly and exclusively for educational
40	purposes by the owner owner, or is held gratuitously by a church,
41	religious body, or nonprofit educational institution (as defined herein)
42	other than the owner, and owner and used wholly and exclusively used
43	for nonprofit educational purposes by the possessor.

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1	(f)	Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
2		(1) Child care center. – Defined in G.S. 110-86.
3		(2) Educational institution. – A university, a college, a school, a seminary,
4		an academy, an industrial school, a public library, a museum, a licensed
5		child care center, or a similar institution.
6		(3) Educational purpose. – A purpose An educational purpose within the
7		meaning of this section is one-that has as its objective the education or
8		instruction of human beings; it comprehends the transmission of
9		information and the training or development of the knowledge or skills
10		of individual persons. The operation of a child care center is an
11		educational purpose. The operation of a golf course, a tennis court, a
12		sports arena, a similar sport property, or a similar recreational sport
13		property for the use of students or faculty is also an educational purpose,
14		regardless of the extent to which the property is also available to and
15		patronized by the general public.
16		$(4) \qquad License Defined in G.S. 110-86."$
17		Section 2. This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning
18	on or afte	r July 1, 2000.