#### **SESSION 1999**

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SENATE BILL 1266 Information Technology Committee Substitute Adopted 6/19/00

Short Title: Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 17, 2000

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AI	DOPT THE UNIFORM ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS ACT.
3	The General Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
4	Sectio	n 1. Chapter 66 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
5	Article to read:	
6		'' <u>ARTICLE 40.</u>
7	-	<b>'UNIFORM ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS ACT.</b>
8	" <u>§ 66-308. Sho</u> i	<u>rt title.</u>
9	This Article	may be cited as the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.
10	" <u>§ 66-308.1. De</u>	<u>finitions.</u>
11	As used in th	is Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:
12	<u>(1)</u>	'Agreement' means the bargain of the parties in fact, as found in their
13		language or inferred from other circumstances and from rules,
14		regulations, and procedures given the effect of agreements under laws
15		otherwise applicable to a particular transaction.
16	<u>(2)</u>	'Automated transaction' means a transaction conducted or performed, in
17		whole or in part, by electronic means or electronic records, in which the
18		acts or records of one or both parties are not reviewed by an individual

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1		in the ordinary course in forming a contract, performing under an
2	$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$	existing contract, or fulfilling an obligation required by the transaction.
3	<u>(3)</u>	<u>'Computer program' means a set of statements or instructions to be used</u>
4		directly or indirectly in an information processing system in order to
5		bring about a certain result.
6	<u>(4)</u>	'Consumer transaction' means a transaction involving a natural person
7		with respect to or affecting primarily personal, household, or family
8		purposes.
9	<u>(5)</u>	'Contract' means the total legal obligation resulting from the parties'
10		agreement as affected by this Article and other applicable law.
11	<u>(6)</u>	'Electronic' means relating to technology having electrical, digital,
12		magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
13	<u>(7)</u>	'Electronic agent' means a computer program or an electronic or other
14		automated means used independently to initiate an action or respond to
15		electronic records or performances in whole or in part, without review
16		or action by an individual.
17	<u>(8)</u>	'Electronic record' means a record created, generated, sent,
18		communicated, received, or stored by electronic means. In a consumer
19		transaction, an oral communication or a recording of an oral
20		communication shall not qualify as an electronic record for purposes of
21		this subsection except as otherwise provided under applicable law.
22	(9)	'Electronic signature' means any identifier or authentication technique
23	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	attached to or logically associated with an electronic record which is
24		intended by the party using it to have the same force and effect as the
25		party's manual signature.
26	(10)	<u>'Governmental agency' means an executive, legislative, or judicial</u>
27	<u>(10)</u>	agency, department, board, commission, authority, institution, or
28		instrumentality of the federal government or of a state or of a county,
29		municipality, or other political subdivision of a state.
30	(11)	
31	<u>(11)</u>	programs, software, databases, or the like.
32	(12)	<u>'Information processing system' means an electronic system for creating,</u>
33	<u>(12)</u>	generating, sending, receiving, storing, displaying, or processing
34		information.
34	(12)	
	<u>(13)</u>	'Person' means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust,
36		partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture,
37		governmental agency, public corporation, or any other legal or
38	(1 4)	commercial entity.
39	<u>(14)</u>	<u>'Record' means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or</u>
40		that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in
41	(1 = )	perceivable form.
42	<u>(15)</u>	'Security procedure' means a procedure employed for the purpose of
43		verifying that an electronic signature, record, or performance is that of a

1		specific person or for detecting changes or errors in the information in
2		specific person or for detecting changes or errors in the information in an electronic record. The term includes a procedure that requires the
23		use of algorithms or other codes, identifying words or numbers,
3 4		encryption, or callback or other acknowledgment procedures.
4 5	(16)	
5 6	<u>(16)</u>	<u>'State' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia,</u> <u>Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular</u>
7		possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term
8		includes an Indian tribe or band, or Alaskan native village, which is
8 9		recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state.
10	(17)	<u>'Transaction' means an action or set of actions occurring between two or</u>
11	(17)	more persons relating to the conduct of business, commercial, or
12		governmental affairs.
12	"§ 66-308.2. S	•
14		ept as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, this
15		to electronic records and electronic signatures relating to a transaction.
16	~ ~	Article does not apply to a transaction to the extent it is governed by:
17	(1)	A law governing the creation and execution of wills, codicils, or
18	<del>\/</del>	testamentary trusts.
19	(2)	Chapter 25 of the General Statutes other than G.S. 25-1-107 and G.S.
20	<del>\/</del>	25-1-206, Article 2, and Article 2A.
21	(3)	Article 11A of Chapter 66 of the General Statutes.
22	This Article	e applies to an electronic record or electronic signature otherwise excluded
23		eation of this Article under this subsection to the extent it is governed by a
24	law other than	those specified in this subsection.
25	<u>(c)</u> <u>This</u>	Article does not apply to specific transactions that are subject to any of
26	the following s	
27	<u>(1)</u>	G.S. 14-401.13 (Right to Cancel in Off-Premises Sales).
28	<u>(2)</u>	G.S. 20-71.4 (Vehicle Damage Disclosure).
29	<u>(3)</u>	G.S. 20-340 (Vehicle Mileage Act).
30	<u>(4)</u>	G.S. 42-25.9 (Ejection of Residential Tenants).
31	<u>(5)</u>	G.S. 44A-4 (Possessory Liens on Personal Property).
32	<u>(6)</u>	G.S. 53-165 (Consumer Finance Act).
33	<u>(7)</u>	<u>G.S. 53-275 (Check Cashing).</u>
34	<u>(8)</u>	<u>G.S. 66-106 (Loan Brokers).</u>
35	<u>(9)</u>	<u>G.S. 66-118 (Prepaid Entertainment Contracts).</u>
36	<u>(10)</u>	<u>G.S. 66-131 (Discount Buying Clubs).</u>
37	$(\underline{11})$	G.S. 66-209 (Invention Development Services).
38	$\frac{(12)}{(12)}$	<u>G.S. 66-220 (Credit Repair Services).</u>
39	$\frac{(13)}{(14)}$	<u>G.S. 66-250 (Membership Camping Act).</u>
40	$(d) \qquad \frac{(14)}{\text{This}}$	<u>G.S. 93A-45 (Time Shares).</u>
41 42		Article does not apply to any notice of: The cancellation or termination of utility services, including water, heat
42 43	<u>(1)</u>	The cancellation or termination of utility services, including water, heat, and nower
43		and power.

1	(2) Default, acceleration, repossession, foreclosure or eviction, or the right
2	to cure, under a credit agreement secured by, or a rental agreement for, a
3	primary residence of an individual.
4	(3) The cancellation or termination of automobile insurance, health
5	insurance or benefits, or life insurance or benefits (excluding annuities).
6	(4) <u>Recall of a product, or material failure of a product that risks</u>
7 8	endangering health or safety.
8 9	(e) <u>This Article does not apply to any document required to accompany the</u> transportation or handling of hazardous materials, pesticides, or other toxic or dangerous
9 10	materials.
10	(f) A transaction subject to this Article is also subject to other applicable
11	substantive law.
12	" <u>§ 66-308.3. Prospective application.</u>
13	This Article applies to any electronic record or electronic signature created, generated,
15	sent, communicated, received, or stored on or after the effective date of this Article.
16	" <u>§ 66-308.4.</u> Use of electronic records and electronic signatures; variation by
17	agreement.
18	(a) This Article does not require a record or signature to be created, generated,
19	sent, communicated, received, stored, or otherwise processed or used by electronic means
20	or in electronic form.
21	(b) This Article applies only to transactions between parties each of which has
22	agreed to conduct transactions by electronic means. Whether the parties agree to conduct
23	a transaction by electronic means is determined from the context and surrounding
24	circumstances, including the parties' conduct.
25	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, in a consumer transaction
26	where the consumer conducts the transaction on electronic equipment provided by or
27	through the seller, the consumer shall be given a written copy of the contract which is not
28	in electronic form. A consumer's consent to receive future notices regarding the
29	transaction in an electronic form is valid only if the consumer confirms electronically,
30	using equipment other than that provided by the seller, that (i) the consumer has the
31	software specified by the seller as necessary to read future notices, and (ii) the consumer
32	agrees to receive the notices in an electronic form.
33	(d) A party that agrees to conduct a transaction by electronic means may refuse to
34	conduct other transactions by electronic means. The right granted by this subsection may
35	not be waived by agreement.
36	(e) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, the effect of any of its provisions
37	may be varied by agreement. The presence in certain provisions of this Article of the
38	words 'unless otherwise agreed', or words of similar import, does not imply that the effect
39	of other provisions may not be varied by agreement.
40	(f) Whether an electronic record or electronic signature has legal consequences is
41	determined by this Article and other applicable law.
42	" <u>§ 66-308.5. Construction and application.</u> This Article must be construed and applied:
43	This Article must be construed and applied:

<ul> <li>(1) To facilitate electronic transactions consistent with other applicable</li> <li>(2) To be consistent with reasonable practices concerning electric transactions and with the continued expansion of those practices; an</li> <li>(3) To effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with rest to the subject of this act among states enacting it.</li> <li>"§ 66-308.6. Legal recognition of electronic records, electronic signatures, electronic contracts.</li> <li>(a) A record or signature may not be denied legal effect or enforceability series because it is in electronic form.</li> <li>(b) A contract may not be denied legal effect or enforceability solely because it complies with the provisions of this Article.</li> <li>(c) If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law provided it complies with the provisions of this Article.</li> <li>(d) If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law provide it complies with the provisions of this Article.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3 transactions and with the continued expansion of those practices; an</li> <li>4 (3) To effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with rest to the subject of this act among states enacting it.</li> <li>6 "§ 66-308.6. Legal recognition of electronic records, electronic signatures, electronic contracts.</li> <li>8 (a) A record or signature may not be denied legal effect or enforceability so because it is in electronic form.</li> <li>10 (b) A contract may not be denied legal effect or enforceability solely because electronic record was used in its formation.</li> <li>12 (c) If a law requires a record to be in writing, an electronic record satisfies the provided it complies with the provisions of this Article.</li> <li>14 (d) If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law provide it complies with the provisions of this Article.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4 (3) To effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with rest to the subject of this act among states enacting it.</li> <li>6 "§ 66-308.6. Legal recognition of electronic records, electronic signatures, electronic contracts.</li> <li>8 (a) A record or signature may not be denied legal effect or enforceability subscription because it is in electronic form.</li> <li>10 (b) A contract may not be denied legal effect or enforceability subscription is formation.</li> <li>11 electronic record was used in its formation.</li> <li>12 (c) If a law requires a record to be in writing, an electronic record satisfies the provided it complies with the provisions of this Article.</li> <li>14 (d) If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law provisions of this Article.</li> </ul>
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15 it complies with the provisions of this Article.
16 "S 66 2007 Dravision of information in milling progentation of manual
16 "§ 66-308.7. Provision of information in writing; presentation of records.
17 (a) If parties have agreed to conduct a transaction by electronic means and a
18 requires a person to provide, send, or deliver information in writing to another person
19 requirement is satisfied if the information is provided, sent, or delivered, as the case
20 be, in an electronic record capable of retention by the recipient at the time of receipt.
21 electronic record is not capable of retention by the recipient if the sender of
22 information processing system inhibits the ability of the recipient to print or store
23 <u>electronic record.</u>
24 (b) If a law other than this Article requires a record (i) to be posted or display
25 <u>a certain manner, (ii) to be sent, communicated, or transmitted by a specified metho</u>
26 (iii) to contain information that is formatted in a certain manner, the following
27 <u>apply:</u> 28 (1) The record must be posted or displayed in the menner specified is
28 (1) The record must be posted or displayed in the manner specified in other law.
30 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (d)(2) of this section 31 record must be sent, communicated, or transmitted by the me
32 specified in the other law.
33 (3) <u>The record must contain the information formatted in the ma</u>
34 <u>specified in the other law.</u>
35 (c) If a sender inhibits the ability of a recipient to store or print an electric
36 record, the electronic record is not enforceable against the recipient.
37 (d) The requirements of this section may not be varied by agreement, but:
38 (1) To the extent a law other than this act requires information t
39 provided, sent, or delivered in writing, but permits that requireme
40 be varied by agreement, the requirement under subsection (a) of
41 section that the information be in the form of an electronic re
42 capable of retention may also be varied by agreement; and

1	<u>(2)</u>	A requirement under a law other than this Article to send, communicate,
2		or transmit a record by regular United States mail may be varied by
3		agreement to the extent permitted by the other law.
4		ttribution and effect of electronic record and electronic signature.
5		lectronic record or electronic signature is attributable to a person if it was
6	-	erson. The act of the person may be shown in any manner, including a
7	-	efficacy of any security procedure applied to determine the person to
8		onic record or electronic signature was attributable.
9		effect of an electronic record or electronic signature attributed to a person
10	under subsection	on (a) of this section is determined from the context and surrounding
11	circumstances a	at the time of its creation, execution, or adoption, including the parties'
12	agreement, if ar	ny, and otherwise as provided by law.
13	" <u>§ 66-308.9. E</u>	ffect of change or error.
14	If a change of	or error in an electronic record occurs in a transmission between parties to
15	a transaction, th	e following rules apply:
16	<u>(1)</u>	If the parties have agreed to use a security procedure to detect changes
17		or errors and one party has conformed to the procedure, but the other
18		party has not, and the nonconforming party would have detected the
19		change or error had that party also conformed, the conforming party
20		may avoid the effect of the changed or erroneous electronic record.
21	<u>(2)</u>	In an automated transaction involving an individual, the individual may
22		avoid the effect of an electronic record that resulted from an error made
23		by the individual in dealing with the electronic agent of another person
24		if, at the time the individual learns of the error, the individual:
25		a. <u>Promptly notifies the other person of the error and that the</u>
26		individual did not intend to be bound by the electronic record
27		received by the other person;
28		b. <u>Takes reasonable steps, including steps that conform to the other</u>
29		person's reasonable instructions, to return to the other person or,
30		if instructed by the other person, to destroy the consideration
31		received, if any, as a result of the erroneous electronic record;
32		and
33		c. Has not used or received any benefit or value from the
34		consideration, if any, received from the other person.
35	<u>(3)</u>	If neither subdivision (1) nor subdivision (2) of this section applies, the
36		change or error has the effect provided by other law, including the law
37		of mistake, and the parties' contract, if any.
38	<u>(4)</u>	Subdivisions (2) and (3) of this section may not be varied by agreement.
39	" <u>§ 66-308.10.</u> N	Notarization and acknowledgment.
40	If a law re-	quires a signature or record relating to a transaction to be notarized,
41		verified, or made under oath, the requirement is satisfied if the electronic
42	signature of th	ne person authorized to perform those acts, together with all other

1	information rec	uired to be included by other applicable law, is attached to or logically
2	associated with	the signature or record.
3	" <u>§ 66-308.11.</u> ]	Retention of electronic records; originals.
4	<u>(a)</u> If a	law requires that a record be retained, the requirement is satisfied by
5	retaining an ele	ctronic record of the information in the record which:
6	<u>(1)</u>	Accurately reflects the information set forth in the record at the time it
7		was first generated in its final form as an electronic record or otherwise;
8		and
9	<u>(2)</u>	Remains accessible for later reference.
10		quirement to retain a record in accordance with subsection (a) of this
11		ot apply to any information the sole purpose of which is to enable the
12	record to be ser	t, communicated, or received.
13	<u>(c)</u> <u>A pe</u>	rson may satisfy subsection (a) of this section by using the services of
14	another person	if the requirements of that subsection are satisfied.
15	<u>(d)</u> If a 1	aw requires a record to be presented or retained in its original form, or
16	provides conse	quences if the record is not presented or retained in its original form, that
17	law is satisfied	by an electronic record retained in accordance with subsection (a) of this
18	section.	
19	<u>(e)</u> <u>If a l</u>	aw requires retention of a check, that requirement is satisfied by retention
20	of an electron	ic record of the information on the front and back of the check in
21	accordance with	n subsection (a) of this section.
22	<u>(f)</u> <u>A rec</u>	cord retained as an electronic record in accordance with subsection (a) of
23	this section sati	sfies a law requiring a person to retain a record for evidentiary, audit, or
24	like purposes,	unless a law enacted after the effective date of this Article specifically
25	prohibits the us	e of an electronic record for the specified purpose.
26	<u>(g)</u> <u>This</u>	section does not preclude a governmental agency of this State from
27	specifying addi	tional requirements for the retention of a record subject to the agency's
28	jurisdiction.	
29	" <u>§ 66-308.12.</u> .	Admissibility in evidence.
30	In a proceed	ling, evidence of a record or signature may not be excluded solely because
31	it is in electroni	<u>c form.</u>
32	" <u>§ 66-308.13.</u>	Automated transaction.
33	<u>In an autom</u>	ated transaction, the following rules apply:
34	<u>(1)</u>	A contract may be formed by the interaction of electronic agents of the
35		parties, even if no individual was aware of or reviewed the electronic
36		agents' actions or the resulting terms and agreements.
37	<u>(2)</u>	A contract may be formed by the interaction of an electronic agent and
38		an individual, acting on the individual's own behalf or for another
39		person, including by an interaction in which the individual performs
40		actions that the individual is free to refuse to perform and which the
41		individual knows or has reason to know will cause the electronic agent
42		to complete the transaction or performance.

1	<u>(3)</u>	The terms of the contract are determined by the substantive law
2		applicable to it.
3	" <u>§ 66-308.14.</u>	Time and place of sending and receipt.
4	<u>(a)</u> <u>Unle</u>	ss the sender and recipient agree to a different method of sending that is
5	reasonable und	er the circumstances, an electronic record is sent when it:
6	<u>(1)</u>	Is addressed properly or otherwise directed properly to an information
7		processing system that the recipient has designated or uses for the
8		purpose of receiving electronic records or information of the type sent
9		and from which the recipient is able to retrieve the electronic record;
10	<u>(2)</u>	Is in a form capable of being processed by that system; and
11	<u>(3)</u>	Enters an information processing system outside the control of the
12		sender or of a person that sent the electronic record on behalf of the
13		sender or enters a region of the information processing system
14		designated or used by the recipient which is under the control of the
15		recipient.
16	. ,	ss the sender and recipient agree to a different method of receipt that is
17		er the circumstances, an electronic record is received when:
18	<u>(1)</u>	It enters an information processing system that the recipient has
19		designated or uses for the purpose of receiving electronic records or
20		information of the type sent and from which the recipient is able to
21		retrieve the electronic record; and
22	(2)	It is in a form capable of being processed by that system.
23	• •	ection (b) of this section applies even if the place the information
24		em is located is different from the place the electronic record is deemed to
25		der subsection (d) of this section.
26		ss otherwise expressly provided in the electronic record or agreed between
27		the recipient, an electronic record is deemed to be sent from the sender's
28 29	-	ess and to be received at the recipient's place of business. For purposes of the following rules apply:
29 30		<u>If the sender or recipient has more than one place of business, the place</u>
31	(1)	of business of that person is the place having the closest relationship to
32		the underlying transaction.
33	<u>(2)</u>	If the sender or the recipient does not have a place of business, the place
34	$(\underline{2})$	of business is the sender's or recipient's residence, as the case may be.
35	(e) An e	electronic record is received under subsection (b) of this section even if no
36		vare of its receipt.
37		bipt of an electronic acknowledgment from an information processing
38		ed in subsection (b) of this section establishes that a record was received
39		oes not establish that the content sent corresponds to the content received.
40		person is aware that an electronic record purportedly sent under subsection
41		ion, or purportedly received under subsection (b) of this section, was not
42		received, the legal effect of the sending or receipt is determined by other

1			Except to the extent permitted by the other law, the requirements of this
2	-		not be varied by agreement.
3			ithstanding any other provision of this Article, if an individual enters into
4			nsaction that is created or documented by an electronic record, the
5			l be deemed to have been made or to have occurred at the individual's
6			subsection may not be varied by agreement.
7			<u>Transferable records.</u>
8			s section, 'transferable record' means an electronic record that:
9		<u>(1)</u>	Would be a note under Article 3 of Chapter 25 of the General Statutes
10			or a document under Article 7 of Chapter 25 of the General Statutes if
11			the electronic record were in writing; and
12		<u>(2)</u>	The issuer of the electronic record expressly has agreed is a transferable
13			record.
14		-	rson has control of a transferable record if a system employed for
15			transfer of interests in the transferable record reliably establishes that
16	-	-	rson to which the transferable record was issued or transferred.
17	• •	-	tem satisfies subsection (b) of this section, and a person is deemed to
18			a transferable record, if the transferable record is created, stored, and
19	•		a manner that:
20		<u>(1)</u>	A single authoritative copy of the transferable record exists which is
21			unique, identifiable, and, except as otherwise provided in subdivisions
22			(4), (5), and (6) of this subsection, unalterable;
23		<u>(2)</u>	The authoritative copy identifies the person asserting control as:
24			a. The person to which the transferable record was issued; or
25			b. If the authoritative copy indicates that the transferable record has
26			been transferred, the person to which the transferable record was
27		( <b>-</b> )	most recently transferred;
28		<u>(3)</u>	The authoritative copy is communicated to and maintained by the
29			person asserting control or its designated custodian;
30		<u>(4)</u>	Copies or revisions that add or change an identified assignee of the
31			authoritative copy can be made only with the consent of the person
32		<i></i>	asserting control;
33		<u>(5)</u>	Each copy of the authoritative copy and any copy of a copy is readily
34		( -	identifiable as a copy that is not the authoritative copy; and
35		<u>(6)</u>	Any revision of the authoritative copy is readily identifiable as
36		_	authorized or unauthorized.
37	• •	-	at as otherwise agreed, a person having control of a transferable record is
38			efined in G.S. 25-1-201(20), of the transferable record and has the same
39			ses as a holder of an equivalent record or writing under Chapter 25 of the
40			s, including, if the applicable statutory requirements under G.S. 25-3-
41			1, or 25-9-308 are satisfied, the rights and defenses of a holder in due
42	course, a	holder	to which a negotiable document of title has been duly negotiated, or a

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1	purchaser, respectively. Delivery, possession, and endorsement are not required to obtain
2	or exercise any of the rights under this subsection.
3	(e) Except as otherwise agreed, an obligor under a transferable record has the
4	same rights and defenses as an equivalent obligor under equivalent records or writings
5	under Chapter 25 of the General Statutes.
6	(f) If requested by a person against which enforcement is sought, the person
7	seeking to enforce the transferable record shall provide reasonable proof that the person
8	is in control of the transferable record. Proof may include access to the authoritative
9	copy of the transferable record and related business records sufficient to review the terms
10	of the transferable record and to establish the identity of the person having control of the
11	transferable record.
12	" <u>§ 66-308.16. Severability clause.</u>
13	If any provision of this Article or its application to any person or circumstance is held
14	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this Article
15	which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the
16	provisions of this Article are severable."
17	Section 2. The Revisor of Statutes shall cause to be printed along with this act
18	all relevant portions of the official comments to the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act,
19	as the Revisor deems appropriate.
20	Section 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 2000.