GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 251 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/23/99

Short Title: Modify Historic Rehabilitation Credit.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 8, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ALLOW THE HISTORIC REHABILITATION TAX CREDIT TO BE
3	ALLOCATED BY A PASS-THROUGH ENTITY TO ITS OWNERS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
6	Article to read:
7	" <u>ARTICLE 3D.</u>
8	"HISTORIC REHABILITATION TAX CREDITS."
9	Section 2. G.S. 105-130.42(a) is recodified as G.S. 105-129.35 in Article 3D
10	of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.
11	Section 3. G.S. 105-130.42(b) is recodified as G.S. 105-129.36 in Article 3D
12	of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.
13	Section 4. G.S. 105-130.42(c) is recodified as G.S. 105-129.37 in Article 3D
14	of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.
15	Section 5. Article 3D of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, as enacted and
16	amended by this act, reads as rewritten:
17	"ARTICLE 3D.
18	"HISTORIC REHABILITATION TAX CREDITS.

1	"§ 105-129.35. Credit for rehabilitating Income-Producing Historic Structure. income	e-
2	producing historic structure.	
3	(a) <u>Credit. – A taxpayer who is allowed a federal income tax credit under section</u>	on
4	47 of the Code for making qualifying-qualified rehabilitation expenditures for a certified	ed
5	historic structure located in this State is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by th	is
6	Part. The amount of the credit is equal to twenty percent (20%) of the expenditures th	at
7	qualify for the federal credit.	
8	(b) Allocation. – Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-131.8 and G.S. 103	5-
9	269.15, a pass-through entity that qualifies for the credit provided in this section ma	
10	allocate the credit among any of its owners in its discretion as long as the amount	-
11	credit allocated to an owner does not exceed the owner's adjusted basis in the pas	
12	through entity, as determined under the Code, at the end of the taxable year in which the	
13	certified historic structure is placed in service. Owners to whom a credit is allocated a	re
14	allowed the credit as if they had qualified for the credit directly. A pass-through entit	
15	and its owners must include with their tax returns for every taxable year in which a	an
16	allocated credit is claimed a statement of the allocation made by the pass-through entit	
17	and the allocation that would have been required under G.S. 105-131.8 or G.S. 103	<u>5</u> -
18	269.15.	
19	(c) <u>Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:</u>	
20	(1) <u>Certified historic structure. – Defined in section 47 of the Code.</u>	
21	(2) Pass-through entity. – An entity or business, including a limited	ed
22	partnership, a general partnership, a joint venture, a Subchapter	S
23	Corporation, or a limited liability company, all of which is treated a	as
24	owned by individuals or other entities under the federal tax laws,	in
25	which the owners report their share of the income, losses, and credi	its
26	from the entity or business on their income tax returns filed with th	
27	State. For the purpose of this section, an owner of a pass-through entit	
28	is an individual or entity who is treated as an owner under the feder	al
29	<u>tax laws.</u>	
30	(3) Qualified rehabilitation expenditures. – Defined in section 47 of the	he
31	<u>Code.</u>	
32	"§ 105-129.36. Credit for rehabilitating Nonincome-Producing Historic Structur	:e.
33	nonincome-producing historic structure.	
34	(a) <u>Credit.</u> – A taxpayer who is not allowed a federal income tax credit und	
35	section 47 of the Code and who makes rehabilitation expenses for a certified-State	
36	certified historic structure located in this State is allowed a credit against the tax impose	
37	by this Part. The amount of the credit is equal to thirty percent (30%) of the rehabilitation	
38	expenses. To qualify for the credit, the taxpayer's rehabilitation expenses must excee	
39	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) within a 24-month period. To claim the cred	
40	allowed by this subsection, the taxpayer must attach to the return a copy of the	
41	certification obtained from the State Historic Preservation Officer verifying that the	he
42	historic structure has been rehabilitated in accordance with this subsection.	
43	(b) <u>Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this subsection: section:</u>	

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1 (1)Certified historic structure. A structure that is individually listed in the 2 National Register of Historic Places or is certified by the State Historic 3 Preservation Officer as contributing to the historic significance of a 4 National Register Historic District or a locally designated historic district certified by the United States Department of the Interior. 5 6 (2)Certified rehabilitation. - Repairs or alterations consistent with the 7 Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and certified as 8 such by the State Historic Preservation Officer prior to the 9 commencement of the work. The expenditures must, within a 24-month period, exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). The North Carolina 10 Historical Commission, in consultation with the State Historic Preservation 11 12 Officer, may adopt rules needed to administer the certification process. 13 (3) Rehabilitation expenses. - Expenses incurred in the certified 14 rehabilitation of a certified historic structure and added to the property's 15 basis. The term does not include the cost of acquiring the property, the 16 cost attributable to the enlargement of an existing building, the cost of 17 sitework expenditures, or the cost of personal property. 18 (3a) State-certified historic structure. – A structure that is individually listed 19 in the National Register of Historic Places or is certified by the State Historic Preservation Officer as contributing to the historic significance 20 of a National Register Historic District or a locally designated historic 21 22 district certified by the United States Department of the Interior. State Historic Preservation Officer. – The Director of the Division of 23 (4) Archives and History or the Director's designee who acts to administer 24 the historic preservation programs within the State. 25 Rules. - The North Carolina Historical Commission, in consultation with the 26 (c) State Historic Preservation Officer, may adopt rules needed to administer the certification 27 28 process required by this section. 29 "§ 105-129.37. Tax credited; credit limitations. Tax Credited. - The credits provided in this Article are allowed against the 30 (a) income taxes levied in Article 4 of this Chapter. 31 Credit Limitations. – The entire credit may not be taken for the taxable year in 32 (b)which the property is placed in service but must be taken in five equal installments 33 34 beginning with the taxable year in which the property is placed in service. Any unused 35 portion of the credit may be carried forward for the succeeding five years. The-A credit 36 allowed under this section-Article may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by this Part the tax against which it is claimed for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits 37 38 allowed, except payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer. Forfeiture for Disposition. – A taxpayer who is required under section 50 of the 39 (c)Code to recapture all or part of the federal credit for rehabilitating an income-producing 40 historic structure located in this State forfeits the corresponding part of the State credit 41 allowed under G.S. 105-129.35 with respect to that historic structure. If the credit was 42

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1	allocated among the owners of a pass-through entity, the forfeiture applies to the owners
2	in the same proportion that the credit was allocated.
3	(d) Forfeiture for Change in Ownership. – If an owner of a pass-through entity that
4	has qualified for the credit allowed under G.S. 105-129.35 disposes of all or a portion of
5	the owner's interest in the pass-through entity within five years from the date the
6	rehabilitated historic structure is placed in service and the owner's interest in the pass-
7	through entity is reduced to less than two-thirds of the owner's interest in the pass-
8	through entity at the time the historic structure was placed in service, the owner forfeits a
9	portion of the credit. The amount forfeited is determined by multiplying the amount of
10	credit by the percentage reduction in ownership and then multiplying that product by the
11	forfeiture percentage. The forfeiture percentage equals the recapture percentage found in
12	the table in section 50(a)(1)(B) of the Code. The remaining allowable credit is allocated
13	equally among the five years in which the credit is claimed.
14	(e) Exceptions to Forfeiture. – Forfeiture as provided in subsection (d) of this
15	section is not required if the change in ownership is the result of any of the following:
16	(1) The death of the owner.
17	(2) <u>A merger, consolidation, or similar transaction requiring approval by the</u>
18	shareholders, partners, or members of the taxpayer under applicable
19	State law, to the extent the taxpayer does not receive cash or tangible
20	property in the merger, consolidation, or other similar transaction.
21	(f) Liability From Forfeiture. – A taxpayer or an owner of a pass-through entity
22	that forfeits a credit under this section is liable for all past taxes avoided as a result of the
23	credit plus interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i), computed from the
24	date the taxes would have been due if the credit had not been allowed. The past taxes and
25	interest are due 30 days after the date the credit is forfeited. A taxpayer or owner of a
26	pass-through entity that fails to pay the taxes and interest by the due date is subject to the
27	penalties provided in G.S. 105-236."
28	Section 6. G.S. 105-151.23(a) is recodified as G.S. 105-129.35; G.S. 105-
29	151.23(b) is recodified as G.S. 105-129.36; and G.S. 105-151.23(c) is recodified as G.S.
30	105-129.37. Article 3D of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, as amended by this act,
31	incorporates both G.S. 105-130.42 and G.S. 105-151.23.
32	Section 7. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January
33	1, 1999. G.S. 105-129.35(b), as amended by this act, is repealed effective January 1,
34	2002, for property placed in service on or after that date.