GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

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HOUSE BILL 42

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(Public)

Sponsors:	Representatives Goodwin, Hall, Moore, and Stiller (Primary Sponsors).
Referred to:	: Judiciary II.

February 20, 2003

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT MC	DDIFYING THE FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR OFFENSES
3	RELATED	TO CONDUCTING CERTAIN UNAUTHORIZED SOUND AND
4	VIDEO REC	CORDINGS.
5	The General As	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	SECT	TION 1. G.S. 14-432 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 14-432. Defi	nitions.
8	As used in the	nis Article "owner" means the person who owns the sounds fixed in any
9	master phonogra	aph record, master disc, master tape, master film or other device used for
10	reproducing rec	orded sounds on phonograph records, discs, tapes, films or other articles
11	on which sound	is or can be recorded and from which the transferred sounds are directly
12	or indirectly de	rived, or the person who owns the rights to record or authorize the
13	recording of a	live performance; "article" means the tangible medium upon which
14	sounds or image	es are recorded or any original phonograph record, disc, tape, audio or
15	video cassette,	wire, film or other medium now known or later developed on which
16	sounds or ima	ges are or can be recorded or otherwise stored, or any copy or
17	reproduction w	hich duplicates, in whole or in part, the original. The following
18	definitions apply	y in this Article:
19	<u>(1)</u>	"Article" means the tangible medium upon which sounds or images are
20		recorded or otherwise stored, including any original phonograph
21		record, disc, tape, audio or video cassette, wire, film, or other medium
22		now known or later developed on which sounds or images, or both,
23		can be recorded or otherwise stored, or any copy or reproduction
24		which duplicates, in whole or in part, the original.
25	<u>(2)</u>	"Fixed" means that the work has been recorded in a tangible medium
26		of expression, by or under the authority of the author, and its
27		embodiment is sufficiently permanent or stable to permit it to be
28		perceived, reproduced, or otherwise communicated for a period of
29		more than transitory duration. A work consisting of sounds, images, or

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1			both, that are being transmitted, is "fixed" for the purposes of this
2			section if a fixation of the work is being made simultaneously with its
3			transmission.
4		(3)	"Owner" means the person who owns the sounds fixed in any master
5		<u> </u>	phonograph record, master disc, master tape, master film, or other
6			device used for reproducing recorded sounds on phonograph records,
7			discs, tapes, films, or other articles on which sound is or can be
8			recorded and from which the transferred sounds are directly or
9			indirectly derived, or the person who owns the rights to record or
10			authorize the recording of a live performance."
11		SECT	FION 2. G.S. 14-433 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 14-43	3. R	ecording of live concerts <u>performances</u> or recorded sounds and
13		distri	bution, etc., of such recordings unlawful in certain circumstances.
14	(a)	It sha	ll be unlawful for any person to:
15		(1)	Knowingly transfer or cause to be transferred, directly or indirectly by
16			any means, any sounds recorded on a phonograph record, disc, wire,
17			tape, film or other article on which sounds are recorded, with the intent
18			to sell or cause to be sold, or to use or cause to be used for profit
19			through public performance, such article on which sounds are so
20			transferred, without consent of the owner, owner.
21		(2)	Manufacture, distribute, wholesale or transport any article for profit, or
22			possess for such-these purposes with the knowledge that the sounds
23			recorded on the article were transferred in violation of subdivision
24			(a)(1) of this section. are so transferred, without consent of the owner,
25	<u>(a1)</u>	<u>It sha</u>	ll be unlawful for any person to:
26		(3)(1)	Knowingly transfer or cause to be transferred, directly or indirectly by
27			any means, any sounds at a live concert, performance, with the intent
28			to sell or cause to be sold, or to use or cause to be used for profit
29			through public performance, such the article on which sounds are so
30			transferred, without consent of the owner, owner.
31		(4)(2)	Manufacture, distribute, transport or wholesale any such-article for
32			profit, or possess for such those purposes with the knowledge that the
33			sounds recorded on the article were transferred in violation of
34			subdivision (a1)(1) of this section.are so transferred, without consent
35			of the owner.
36	(b)		visions (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section shall apply only to sound
37	-		were initially fixed prior to February 15, 1972. Federal copyright law, 17
38			seq., preempts State prosecution of the acts described in subdivisions
39		d (a)(2)	with respect to sound recordings initially fixed on or after February 15,
40	1972.		
41	(c)		section shall not apply to any person engaged in radio or television
42		-	to transfers, or causes to be transferred, any such sounds other than from
43	the sound	d track	of a motion picture intended for, or in connection with broadcast or

44 telecast transmission or related uses, or for archival purposes."

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1	SECTION 3. G.S. 14-435 reads as rewritten:
2	"§ 14-435. Recorded devices to show true name and address of manufacturer.
3	Ninety days after January 1, 1975, every article knowingly sold or transferred or
4	possessed for the purpose of sale, advertising or offering for sale or resale, renting or
5	transporting or causing to be rented or transported by any manufacturer, distributor, or
6	wholesale or retail merchant shall contain on its packaging the true name and address of
7	the manufacturer. The term "manufacturer" shall not include the manufacturer of the
8	cartridge or casing itself.
9	(a) A person is guilty of failure to disclose the origin of an article when, for
10	commercial advantage or private financial gain, the person knowingly advertises or
11	offers for sale or resale, or sells or resells, or causes the rental, sale or resale, or rents, or
12	manufactures, or possesses for these purposes, any article, the packaging, cover, box,
13	jacket, or label of which does not clearly and conspicuously disclose the actual true
14	name and address of the manufacturer of the article and the name of the actual author,
15	artist, performer, producer, programmer, or group.
16	(b) This section does not require the original manufacturer or authorized
17	licensees of software producers to disclose the contributing authors or programmers. As
18	used in this section, the term "manufacturer" shall not include the manufacturer of the
19	article's packaging, cover, box, jacket, or label itself."
20	SECTION 4. G.S. 14-436 reads as rewritten:
21	"§ 14-436. Recorded devices; civil action for damages.
22	Any owner of an article as defined in this Chapter Article whose work is allegedly
23	the subject of a violation of G.S. 14-433 or 14-434, G.S. 14-434, shall have a cause of
24	action in the courts of this State for all damages resulting-therefrom from the violation,
25	including actual, compensatory and incidental damages."
26	SECTION 5. G. S. 14-437(a) reads as rewritten:
27	"(a) Every individual act in contravention of the provisions of this Article shall
28	constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor, except that the offense is a Class I felony, with a
29	maximum fine of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), if (i) the offense
30	involves at least 100 unauthorized articles during any 180-day period, or (ii) is a second
31	or subsequent conviction for an act in violation of this Article.
32	(1) A Class I felony, which may include a fine of not more than one
33	hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), if the offense involves at
34	least 1,000 unauthorized sound recordings or at least 100 unauthorized
35	audio visual recordings during any 180 day period or is a second or
36	subsequent conviction under either subdivision (1) or (2) of this
37	section;
38	(2) A Class 1 misdemeanor, if the offense involves more than 100 but less
39	than 1,000 unauthorized sound recordings or more than 10 but less
40	than 100 unauthorized audio visual recordings during any 180 day
41	$\frac{\text{period}}{1}$
42	(3) A Class 2 misdemeanor, for any other violation of these sections."
43	SECTION 6. This act becomes effective December 1, 2003, and applies to
44	offenses committed on or after that date. Prosecutions for offenses committed before the

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- 1 effective date of this act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that
- 2 would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.