GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

SENATE BILL 593

Short Title: Extend Swine Moratoria.

Sponsors: Senators Albertson; Allran, Apodaca, Bingham, Blake, Brock, Carrington, Clodfelter, Dalton, Dorsett, Forrester, Foxx, Garrou, Garwood, Gulley, Hagan, Hargett, Hartsell, Horton, Jenkins, Kinnaird, Lucas, Malone, Moore, Purcell, Queen, Rand, Rucho, Shaw, Shubert, Sloan, Smith, Soles, Stevens, Swindell, Thomas, Tillman, Webster, and Weinstein.

Referred to: Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources.

March 31, 2003

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO EXTEND THE MORATORIA ON CONSTRUCTION OR EXPANSION
3	OF SWINE FARMS.
4	Whereas, the 1997 General Assembly established moratoria on the

construction or expansion of certain swine farms and on lagoons and animal waste
management systems for certain swine farms; and
Whereas, one of the original purposes of these moratoria was to allow
completion of certain studies related to guine forms and animal waste management

8 completion of certain studies related to swine farms and animal waste management 9 systems; and 10 Whereas, the 1998 General Assembly extended these moratoria and

10 Whereas, the 1998 General Assembly extended these moratoria and 11 established exceptions for animal waste management systems that meet certain 12 performance standards; and

Whereas, the 1999 General Assembly and the 2001 General Assembly further
 extended the moratoria so that moratoria have remained in effect continuously since 1
 March 1997; and

Whereas, on 25 July 2000, the Attorney General of North Carolina entered into an agreement with Smithfield Foods, Incorporated, and certain other companies; and

Whereas, on 29 September 2000, the Attorney General of North Carolina entered into an agreement with Premium Standard Farms, Incorporated, and certain other companies; and

Whereas, on 13 March 2002, the Attorney General of North Carolina entered into an agreement with Frontline Farmers, Incorporated; and

(Public)

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1 Whereas, the companies that are parties to these agreements constitute a 2 significant portion of the swine production capacity of the State; and

Whereas, these agreements commit the companies that are parities to these agreements to work cooperatively to develop and implement animal waste management technologies that meet the performance standards established by the General Assembly; and

7 Whereas, the companies that are parties to these agreements have agreed to 8 provide substantial resources to assist the State in the development and implementation 9 of animal waste management technologies that meet the performance standards 10 established by the General Assembly and that are economically feasible; and

Whereas, the Animal and Waste Poultry Waste Management Center at North Carolina State University is currently evaluating a number of animal waste management technologies in order to identify one or more technologies that meet the performance standards established by the General Assembly and that are economically feasible, as provided in the Smithfield and related agreements; and

Whereas, on 28 January 2003, the Environmental Review Commission received a report from the Animal and Waste Poultry Waste Management Center on progress in the evaluation of animal waste management technologies; and

Whereas, based on this report, it appears that additional time will be neededto complete the evaluation of all technologies currently being evaluated; and

Whereas, it also appears that the General Assembly will need some time to consider the results of this evaluation process once it has been completed and to enact whatever legislation it determines to be appropriate; and

Whereas, it further appears that some time may be required for the implementation of any legislation that may be enacted by the General Assembly; Now, therefore,

27 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

28 SECTION 1. Subsection (a1) of Section 1.1 of S.L. 1997-458, as amended
29 by Section 2 of S.L. 1998-188, Section 2.1 of S.L. 1999-329, and Section 1 of S.L.
30 2001-254, reads as rewritten:

31 "(a1) There is hereby established a moratorium on the construction or expansion of 32 swine farms and on lagoons and animal waste management systems for swine farms. The purposes of this moratorium are to allow counties time to adopt zoning ordinances 33 34 under G.S. 153A-340, as amended by Section 2.1 of this act; to allow time for the 35 completion of the studies authorized by the 1995 General Assembly (1996 Second Extra Session); and to allow the 1999 to allow time for the completion of ongoing evaluations 36 of animal waste management technologies and related research and studies; to allow the 37 38 General Assembly to receive and act on the findings and recommendations of those 39 studies.evaluations, research, and studies; and to allow for the implementation of any legislation that may be enacted. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the 40 Environmental Management Commission shall not issue a permit for an animal waste 41 42 management system for a new swine farm or the expansion of an existing swine farm for a period beginning on 1 March 1997 and ending on 1 September 2003.2005. The 43 44 construction or expansion of a swine farm or animal waste management system for a

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swine farm is prohibited during the period of the moratorium regardless of the date on 1 2 which a site evaluation for the swine farm is completed and regardless of whether the 3 animal waste management system is permitted under G.S. 143-215.1 or Part 1A of 4 Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes or deemed permitted under 15A North 5 Carolina Administrative Code 2H.0217." 6 SECTION 2. Section 1.2 of S.L. 1997-458, as amended by Section 3 of S.L. 7 1998-188, Section 2.2 of S.L. 1999-329, and Section 2 of S.L. 2001-254, reads as 8 rewritten: 9 "Section 1.2. (a) As used in this section, 'swine farm' and 'lagoon' have the same 10 meaning as in G.S. 106-802. As used in this section, 'animal waste management system' has the same meaning as in G.S. 143-215.10B. There is hereby established a 11

12 moratorium for any new or expanding swine farm or lagoon for which a permit is 13 required under Parts 1 or 1A of Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes in any 14 county in the State: (i) that has a population of less than 75,000 according to the most 15 recent decennial federal census; (ii) in which there is more than one hundred fifty 16 million dollars (\$150,000,000) of expenditures for travel and tourism based on the most 17 recent figures of the Department of Commerce; and (iii) that is not in the coastal area as 18 defined by G.S. 113A-103. Effective 1 January 1997, until 1 September 2003,2005, the 19 Environmental Management Commission shall not issue a permit for an animal waste 20 management system, as defined in G.S. 143-215.10B, or for a new or expanded swine 21 farm or lagoon, as defined in G.S. 106-802. The exemptions set out in subsection (b) of 22 Section 1.1 of this act do not apply to the moratorium established under this section.

23 In order to protect travel and tourism, effective 1 September 2003,2005, no (b) 24 animal waste management system shall be permitted except under an individual permit 25 issued under Part 1 of Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes in any county in 26 the State: (i) that has a population of less than 75,000 according to the most recent 27 decennial federal census; (ii) in which there is more than one hundred fifty million 28 dollars (\$150,000,000) of expenditures for travel and tourism based on the most recent 29 figures of the Department of Commerce; and (iii) that is not in the coastal area as 30 defined by G.S. 113A-103."

31 **SECTION 3.** If any section or provision of this act is declared 32 unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, the unconstitutional or invalid section or 33 provision does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part of this act other 34 than the part declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

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SECTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.