## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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## **HOUSE DRH10190-LB-160B\*** (03/16)

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Short Title: Taxpayer and Citizen Protection Act. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Rhodes.

Referred to:

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO ENACT THE NORTH CAROLINA TAXPAYER AND CITIZEN 3 PROTECTION ACT, TO REQUIRE PROOF OF CITIZENSHIP TO REGISTER 4 TO VOTE, AND TO PROVIDE THAT TO RECEIVE CERTAIN PUBLIC 5 BENEFITS. AN APPLICANT FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM BENEFITS MUST PROVIDE PROOF THAT THE APPLICANT IS A UNITED 6 STATES CITIZEN OR, IF NOT A UNITED STATES CITIZEN, IS LAWFULLY 7 8 PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES UNDER FEDERAL LAW; TO PROVIDE 9 FOR TEMPORARY BENEFITS TO BE PAID IN CASES WHERE THE APPLICANT CANNOT PROVIDE PROOF AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION; 10 TO REQUIRE CERTAIN STATE AGENCIES TO COOPERATE WITH LOCAL 11 12 GOVERNMENTS AND THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT HOMELAND SECURITY TO DEVELOP A SYSTEM FOR VERIFYING 13 LAWFUL PRESENCE IN THE UNITED STATES; TO PROVIDE THAT A 14 15 PERSON WHO WILLFULLY EMPLOYS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS INDIGENT AND IS NOT LAWFULLY PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES SHALL BE 16 RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COST OF MEDICALLY NECESSARY SERVICES 17 INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYED; AND 18 THE TO AUTHORIZE ANY 19 INDIVIDUAL TO FILE A COMPLAINT WITH THE AFFECTED STATE AGENCY FOR ITS FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS ACT. 20

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** Short title. This act may be cited as the "North Carolina Taxpayer and Citizen Protection Act".

**SECTION 2.** Findings and declaration. This State finds that illegal immigration is causing economic hardship and lawlessness in this State and that illegal immigration is encouraged by public agencies within this State that provide public benefits without verifying immigration status. This State further finds that illegal

immigrants have been harbored and sheltered in this State and encouraged and induced to reside in this State through the issuance of identification cards that are issued without verifying immigration status, and that these practices impede and obstruct federal immigration law, undermine the security of our borders, and impermissibly restrict the privileges and immunities of the citizens of North Carolina. Therefore, the people of this State declare that it is a compelling public interest of this State to discourage illegal immigration by requiring all public agencies within this State to cooperate with federal immigration authorities.

**SECTION 3.** G.S. 163-82.4(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

> "(11) A statement that the applicant shall submit evidence of United States citizenship with the application and that the application shall be rejected if no evidence of citizenship is attached."

**SECTION 4.** Article 7A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 163-82.6A. Proof of citizenship.

- (a) A county board of elections shall reject any application for registration that is not accompanied by satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.
- A county board of elections shall, within 180 days of the effective date of this Act, compile and publish a list of approved documents, or a combination of approved documents, that establish satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.
  - The board of elections may, at least 180 days prior to the date of a (1) general election, amend the list of approved documents.
  - In compiling or amending the list of approved documents, the board of (2) elections shall give due consideration to facilitating voter registration by all citizens as well as the deterrence and prevention of fraudulent registration by unauthorized persons, and shall provide an opportunity for submission of public comments by interested citizens.
  - The Board of Elections shall ensure that the list of approved (3) documents conforms to all relevant federal and State laws protecting the voting rights of United States citizens.
- Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, any person who is registered in this State on the effective date of this section is deemed to have provided satisfactory evidence of citizenship and shall not be required to resubmit evidence of citizenship unless the person is registering in another county.
- For the purposes of this section, proof of voter registration from another state (d) or county is not satisfactory evidence of citizenship.
- After a person has submitted satisfactory evidence of citizenship, the board of (e) elections shall indicate this information in the person's permanent voter file. After two years, the board of elections may destroy all documents that were submitted as evidence of citizenship."
- **SECTION 2.** Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

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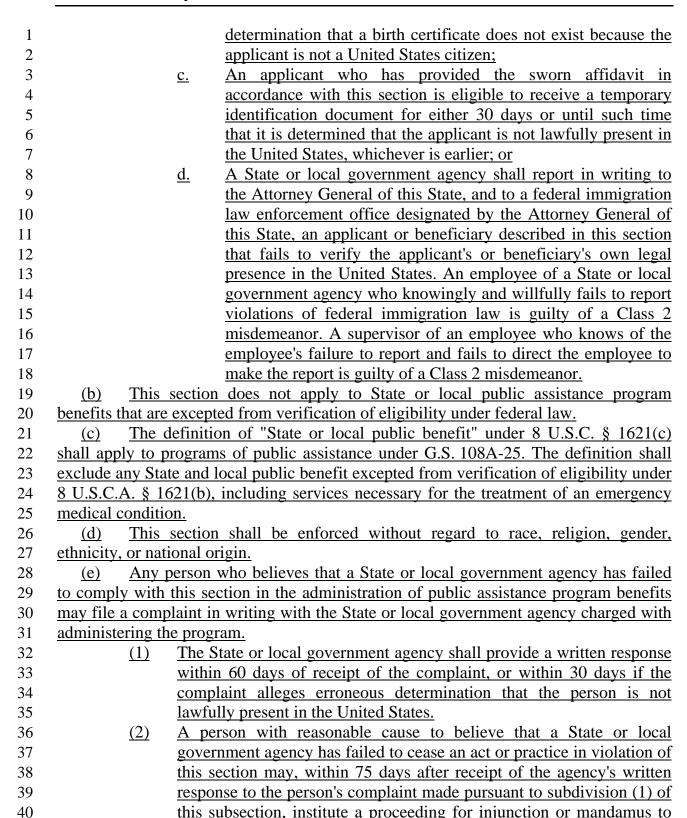
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- "§ 108A-25.4. Proof of lawful presence required for State and local programs of public assistance; temporary assistance; system for verifying lawful presence; exceptions to application of this section; employer liable for medical services to indigent employees not lawfully present.
- (a) At the time of application for public assistance program benefits or for an identification document issued by the State or political subdivision of the State, an applicant shall provide affirmative proof that the applicant is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully present in the United States under federal immigration law. The affirmative proof shall consist of any valid document or combination of valid documents recognized by the Division of Motor Vehicles under G.S. 20-7(b3). The State or local government agency responsible for administering a program of public assistance shall not provide public assistance program benefits to an applicant unless or until the applicant has met the requirements of this section. A State or local government agency administering public assistance benefits shall not accept an identification card issued by a State or local government agency, including a drivers license, to establish identity or determine eligibility of public assistance benefits unless the State or local government agency that issued the card has verified the immigration status of the applicant.
  - <u>(1)</u> An applicant who cannot provide the proof required under this subsection at the time of application may alternatively sign an affidavit under oath, attesting to either United States citizenship or to classification by the United States as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, in order to receive temporary benefits or a temporary identification document as provided in this section. The affidavit shall be on or consistent with forms prepared by the State or local government agency administering the public assistance benefits program, and shall include the applicant's social security number and an explanation of the penalties under State law for fraudulently obtaining public assistance benefits. An applicant that knowingly provides false information on the affidavit or application for public assistance benefits is subject to criminal penalties applicable in this State for fraudulently obtaining public assistance program benefits. An applicant who has provided the sworn affidavit required by this subdivision is eligible to receive temporary public assistance program benefits as follows:
    - <u>a.</u> For 90 days or until such time that it is determined that the applicant is not lawfully present in the United States, whichever is earlier;
    - b. Indefinitely if the applicant provides a copy of a completed application for a North Carolina birth certificate that is pending in accordance with Article 4 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes, or a substantially similar law of another state. An extension granted under this sub-subdivision shall terminate upon the applicant's receipt of a birth certificate or a

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**SECTION 3.** G.S. 108A-70 reads as rewritten:

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"§ 108A-70. Recoupment of amounts spent on medical care.

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remedy the violation giving rise to the complaint."

- The Department may garnish the wages, salary, or other employment income of, and the Secretary of Revenue shall withhold amounts from State tax refunds to, any person who:
  - (1) Is required by court or administrative order to provide health benefit plan coverage for the cost of health care services to a child eligible for medical assistance under Medicaid; and
  - Has received payment from a third party for the costs of such services; (2)
  - (3) Has not used such payments to reimburse, as appropriate, either the other parent or guardian of the child or the provider of the services;

to the extent necessary to reimburse the Department for expenditures for such costs under this Part; provided, however, claims for current and past due child support shall take priority over any such claims for the costs of such services.

- Any person who knowingly and willfully employs a non-United States citizen who otherwise is not a resident of the State, shall be responsible for the cost of providing medically necessary services for those persons or members of the household who are medically indigent, if the medical condition leading to medically necessary services arises during the course of employment. A cause of action for reimbursement plus costs and attorneys' fees shall accrue against an employer of the medically indigent person to the State for services provided under the State Medical Assistance Plan, and to any county or health care provider that provides health care services to the indigent person. A person who, in good faith, relies on documentation establishing employment authorization in the United States, where the document appears to be authentic on its face, is not subject to this subsection.
- To the extent that payment for covered services has been made under G.S. 108A-55 for health care items or services furnished to an individual, in any case where a third party has a legal liability to make payments, the Department of Health and Human Services is considered to have acquired the rights of the individual to payment by any other party for those health care items or services."

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 108A-24(6) reads as rewritten: **"§ 108A-24. Definitions.** 

As used in Chapter 108A:

"Resident," unless otherwise defined by federal regulation, is a person (6) who is living in North Carolina at the time of application with the intent to remain permanently or for an indefinite period; or who is a person who enters North Carolina seeking employment or with a job commitment. For purposes of G.S. 108A-25.4 and G.S. 108A-70, a person is not a resident of this State if the person is determined ineligible for public assistance benefits under G.S. 108A-25.4."

**SECTION 5.** All State agencies administering programs of public assistance in this State shall cooperate with local governments and the United States Department of Homeland Security to develop a system to facilitate verification of an individual's lawful presence in the United States in furtherance of this act. The system developed

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may include all or part of the Systematic Alien Verification Entitlements Program operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security.

**SECTION 6.** Section 1 of this act is effective with respect to voters registering on or after January 1, 2005. The remainder of this act becomes effective January 1, 2006, and applies to applications for public assistance programs submitted on and after that date.

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