GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 1500

Short Title:	Wine-Ta	sting Changes. (F	Public)
Sponsors:	Represen	ntatives Gibson and Harrell (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:	Alcoholi	c Beverage Control.	
		April 21, 2005	
AN ACT T		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED ND THE REQUIREMENTS TO HOLD A WINE-TAS	TING
The General	Assembly	of North Carolina enacts:	
SI	ECTION	1. G.S. 18B-1001(15) reads as rewritten:	
	15) Wine on the a reta tastin wine withou	e-Tasting Permit. – A wine-tasting permit authorizes wine ta e-a premises conducted and supervised by the permittee. he ail permit, by the retail permit holder or his employee. A geonsists of the offering of a sample of one or more unforproducts, in amounts of no more than one ounce for each saturating to customers of the business. Any person pouring vine tasting shall be at least 21 years of age. Representatives of the winery, which produced the wine, wine producer producer, a wholesaler or a wholese employee may assist with the tastingstasting in a meconsistent with existing law. by, including but not limited 1. Pouring samples for customers. 2. Checking the identification of patrons being served wine tasting.	olding wine rtified ample, g wine or the saler's nanner to:
	<u>b.</u>	When a representative of the winery which produced the the wine producer, a wine wholesaler, or a wine wholese employee assists in a wine tasting conducted by a retail pholder: 1. The retail permit holder shall designate an employ actively supervise the wine tasting. 2. A retail permit holder's employee shall not supermore than three wine-tasting areas	saler's permit yee to

<u>3.</u>

area.

No more than six wines may be tasted at any one tasting

1	4. The wine tasting shall not last longer than four hours
2	from the time designated as the starting time by the retail
3	permit holder.
4	c. The retail permit holder shall be solely liable for any violations
5	of law occurring in connection with the wine tasting.
6	The Commission shall adopt rules to assure that the tastings are limited
7	to samplings and not a subterfuge for the unlawful sale or distribution
8	of wine, and that the tastings are not used by industry members for
9	unlawful inducements to retail permit holders, and do not violate
10	existing rules. Except for purposes of this subsection, the holder of a
11	wine-tasting permit shall not be construed to hold a permit for the
12	on-premises sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages. Any food
13	business is eligible for a wine-tasting permit."
14	SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.