# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 1531

Short Title	e: M	Iercury Reduction and Education. (Public)
Sponsors:		epresentatives Harrison, Bordsen,, Martin, Fisher (Primary Sponsors); ackney, Insko, and Weiss.
Referred t	to: Eı	nvironment and Natural Resources.
April 21, 2005		
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REDUCE THE QUANTITY OF MERCURY THAT IS RELEASED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT, THAT IMPACTS NATURAL RESOURCES, AND THAT HARMS THE PUBLIC HEALTH OF THE CITIZENS OF THE STATE.		
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
<b>SECTION 1.</b> Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Part to read:		
"Part 6. Mercury Reduction and Education Act of 2005.		
" <u>§ 130A-310.50. Short title.</u>		
This Part may be cited as the Mercury Reduction and Education Act of 2005.		
"§ 130A-310.51. Definitions.  (a) Definitions. – As used in this Part:		
<u>(u)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	"Automotive mercury switch" includes a convenience switch, such as a switch for a trunk or hood light, and a mercury switch in antilock
	<u>(2)</u>	brake systems.  "Health care facility" includes a hospital, nursing home, extended care facility, long-term care facility, clinical or medical laboratory, State or private health or mental institution, clinic, physician's office, or health
	(3)	maintenance organization.  "Manufacturer" includes any person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, governmental entity, organization, or joint venture that produces a mercury-added product or an importer or domestic distributor of a mercury-added product produced in a foreign country. In the case of a multicomponent product containing mercury, the manufacturer is the last manufacturer to produce or assemble the
		product. If the multicomponent product or mercury-added product is produced in a foreign country, the manufacturer is the first importer or

domestic distributor.

- 1 (4) "Mercury-added button-cell battery" means a button-cell battery to
  2 which the manufacturer intentionally introduces mercury for the
  3 operation of the battery.
  - (5) "Mercury-added novelty" means a mercury-added product intended mainly for personal or household enjoyment or adornment. Mercury-added novelties include, but are not limited to, items intended for use as practical jokes, figurines, adornments, toys, games, cards, ornaments, yard statues and figures, candles, jewelry, holiday decorations, items of apparel, and other similar products. Mercury-added novelty does not include games, toys, or products that require a button-cell or lithium battery, liquid crystal display screens, or a lamp that contains mercury.
  - (6) "Mercury-added product" means a product, commodity, or chemical, or a product with a component that contains mercury or a mercury compound intentionally added to the product, commodity, or chemical in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality, or to perform a specific function, or for any other reason. Mercury-added products include, but are not limited to, mercury thermometers, mercury thermostats, and mercury switches in motor vehicles.
  - (7) "Mercury manometer" means a mercury-added product that is used for measuring blood pressure.
  - (8) "Mercury thermometer" means a mercury-added product that is used for measuring temperature.
  - (9) "Retailer" means a retailer of a mercury-added product.
  - (10) "Wholesaler" means a wholesaler of a mercury added product.

### "§ 130A-310.52. Purpose.

The purpose of this Part is to reduce the quantity of mercury that is released into the environment, that impacts natural resources, and that harms the public health of the citizens of the State.

### "§ 130A-310.53. Scope.

Nothing in this Part shall apply to any of the following:

- (1) A crematory regulated under Article 13F of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.
- (2) The following items regulated by the United States Food and Drug Administration:
  - a. Prescription drugs regulated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301, et seq.).
  - b. Any substance that may be lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription regulated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301, et seq.).
  - c. Medical equipment or reagents used in medical or research tests regulated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301, et seq.).

Page 2

d. Biological products regulated under the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 262, et seq.).

# "§ 130A-310.54. Prohibition on sale of certain mercury-added products.

- (a) No person may sell, offer for sale, or distribute for sale or use in this State a mercury-added novelty. A manufacturer of mercury-added novelties shall notify all retailers that sell the novelties about the provisions of this subsection and how to properly dispose of any remaining mercury-added inventory.
- (b) No person may sell, offer for sale, or distribute for sale or use in this State a manometer used to measure blood pressure or a thermometer that contains mercury. A manufacturer of thermometers that contain mercury shall notify all retailers that sell the product about the provisions of this subsection and how to properly dispose of any remaining thermometer inventory. This subsection does not apply to any of the following:
  - (1) An electric thermometer with a button-cell battery containing mercury.
  - (2) A thermometer that contains mercury and that is used for food research and development or food processing, including the processing of meat, dairy products, and pet food.
  - (3) A thermometer that contains mercury and that is a component of an animal agriculture climate control system or an industrial measurement system or for use in veterinary medicine.
  - (4) A thermometer or manometer that contains mercury that is used for calibration of other thermometers, manometers, apparatus, or equipment.
  - (5) A thermometer that is provided by prescription. A manufacturer of a mercury thermometer shall supply clear instructions on the careful handling of the thermometer to avoid breakage and proper cleanup should breakage occur.
  - (6) A manometer or thermometer sold or distributed to a hospital or a health care facility controlled by a hospital if the hospital has adopted a plan for mercury reduction that has been approved by the Department.
- (c) No person may sell, install, or reinstall a commercial or residential thermostat that contains mercury unless the manufacturer of the thermostat conducts or participates in a thermostat recovery or recycling program designed to assist contractors in the proper disposal of thermostats that contain mercury in accordance with 42. U.S.C. § 6901, et seq.
- (d) No person may sell, offer for sale, or distribute for sale or use in this State a motor vehicle of model year 2009 or later, if the motor vehicle contains an automotive mercury switch.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall restrict the ability of a manufacturer, importer, or domestic distributor from transporting products through the State or storing products in the State for later distribution outside of the State.
- "§ 130A-310.55. Fluorescent lamp labelling.

- (a) A manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer shall not knowingly sell at retail a fluorescent lamp if the fluorescent lamp contains mercury unless the fluorescent lamp is labeled in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) A fluorescent lamp is considered labeled for purposes of subsection (a) of this section if the lamp is labeled in compliance with the labelling requirements of another state or the lamp has a label that does all of the following:
  - (1) Displays the internationally recognized symbol for the element mercury.
  - (2) <u>Informs the purchaser that mercury is present in the lamp.</u>
  - (3) Explains that the lamp should be disposed of according to applicable federal, State, and local laws.
  - (4) Provides a tol -free telephone number and a uniform resources locator internet address to a Web site that contains information on applicable disposal laws.
- (c) The requirements of this section do not apply to products containing mercury-added lamps.

#### "§ 130A-310.56. Purchase of products by the Department of Administration.

The Department of Administration shall give priority and preference to the purchase of equipment, supplies, and other products that contain no mercury-added compounds or components unless there is no economically feasible nonmercury-added alternative that performs a similar function, or the product containing mercury is designed to reduce electricity consumption by at least forty percent (40%) and there is no nonmercury or lower-mercury alternative available that saves the same or a greater amount of electricity as the exempted product. In circumstances where a nonmercury-added product is not available, preference shall be given to the purchase of products that contain the least amount of mercury added to the product necessary for the required performance.

## "§ 130A-310.57. Prohibit mercury in primary and secondary education.

- (a) A school may not purchase bulk elemental mercury or mercury compounds for use in teaching in primary or secondary schools.
- (b) All primary and secondary schools shall remove and properly dispose of all bulk elemental mercury and bulk mercury compounds used as teaching aids in science classrooms, not including barometers.

## "§ 130A-310.58. Mercury education and information.

- (a) The Department shall develop educational materials and an education plan for schools, local governments, businesses, and the public on the hazards caused by the release of mercury into the environment and on the proper disposal methods for mercury and mercury-added products.
- (b) The Department is authorized to participate in regional or multistate clearinghouses to assist in carrying out the provisions of this Part. A clearinghouse may also be used to study notification and label requirements, to develop education and outreach activities, and to maintain a list of all mercury-added products."
- **SECTION 2.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources the sum of one hundred thousand

dollars (\$100,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year to implement G.S. 130A-310.58, as enacted by Section 1 of this act.

**SECTION 2.(b)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Public Instruction the sum of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year and the sum of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) for the 2006-2007 fiscal year to implement G.S. 130A-310.57(b), as enacted by Section 1 of this act. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the appropriation made by this subsection be a continuing appropriation through the 2008-2009 fiscal year. It is the intent of the General Assembly that all bulk elemental mercury and bulk mercury compounds be removed from all primary and secondary schools and properly disposed of as provided in G.S. 130A-310.57(b) by July 1, 2009.

**SECTION 3.** Except as provided in this section, Section 1 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2006. G.S. 130A-310.56, as enacted by Section 1 of this act, becomes effective January 1, 2007. G.S. 130A-310.54, as enacted by Section 1 of this act, becomes effective January 1, 2008. Section 2 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2005. Section 3 of this act is effective when it becomes law.