#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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#### HOUSE BILL 1908 **Committee Substitute Favorable 5/31/06** Senate Education/Higher Education Committee Substitute Adopted 6/21/06

	Short Title: Rewrite Special Ed Laws. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	May 15, 2006
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REWRITE THE LAWS GOVERNING THE EDUCATION OF
3	CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	SECTION 1. Parts 1-3, 5-6, and 10-14 of Article 9 of Chapter 115C of the
6	General Statutes are repealed.
7	<b>SECTION 2.</b> Article 9 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, as amended
8	by Section 1 of this act, reads as rewritten:
9	"Article 9.
10	"Special Education. Education of Children With Disabilities.
11	"Part 1A. General Provisions.
12	" <u>§ 115C-106.1. State goal.</u>
13	The goal of the State is to provide full educational opportunity to all children with
14	disabilities who reside in the State.
15	" <u>§ 115C-106.2. Purposes.</u>
16	(a) <u>The purposes of this Article are to (i) ensure that all children with disabilities</u>
17	ages three through 21 have available to them a free appropriate public education that
18 19	emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs
19 20	and prepares them for further education, employment, and independent living; (ii)
20 21	ensure that the rights of these children and their parents are protected; and (iii) enable the State Board of Education and local educational agencies to provide for the education
21 22	of all children with disabilities.
22	(b) In addition to the purposes listed in subsection (a) of this section, the purpose
23 24	of this Article is to enable the State Board of Education and local educational agencies
2 <del>4</del> 25	to implement IDEA in this State. If this Article is silent or conflicts with IDEA, and if
23 26	IDEA has specific language that is mandatory, then IDEA controls.
20	1221 Thus specific funguage that is mandatory, then 1221 Controls.

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1	(c) Notw	vithstanding any other section of this Article, the State Board of
2	Education may	set standards for the education of children with disabilities that are
3	higher than those	se required by IDEA.
4	" <u>§ 115C-106.3.</u>	Definitions.
5	The following	ng definitions apply in this Article:
6	<u>(1)</u>	"Child with a disability" means a child with at least one disability who
7		because of that disability requires special education and related
8		services.
9	<u>(2)</u>	"Disability" includes mental retardation; hearing impairment,
10		including deafness; speech or language impairment; visual
11		impairment, including blindness; serious emotional disturbance;
12		orthopedic impairment; autism; traumatic brain injury; other health
13		impairments, specific learning disability, or other disability as may be
14		required to be included under IDEA. For a child ages three through
15		seven, this term also includes developmental delay.
16	<u>(3)</u>	"Dispute" means a disagreement between the parties.
17	<u>(4)</u>	"Free appropriate public education" means special education and
18		related services that:
19		a. Are provided at public expense, under public supervision and
20		direction, and without charge;
21		b. Meet the standards of the State Board;
22		<u>c.</u> <u>Include an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or</u>
23		secondary school education in the State; and
24		d. Are provided in conformity with an individualized education
25		program.
26	<u>(5)</u>	"Hearing officers" include administrative law judges as defined in
27		G.S. 150B-2(1) and hearing review officers.
28	<u>(6)</u>	"IDEA" means The Individuals with Disabilities Education
29		Improvement Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1400, et seq., (2004), as amended, and
30		federal regulations adopted under this act.
31	<u>(7)</u>	<u>"IEP Team" is as defined in IDEA.</u>
32	<u>(8)</u>	"Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written
33		statement for each child with a disability that is developed, reviewed,
34		implemented, and revised consistent with IDEA and State law.
35	<u>(9)</u>	"Infant or toddler with a disability" is as defined in IDEA.
36	<u>(10)</u>	"Least restrictive environment" means to the maximum extent
37		appropriate, children with disabilities are educated with children who
38		are not disabled, and special classes, separate schooling, or other
39		removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational
40		environment occurs only when the nature of the disability is such that
41		education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and
42	/ 1 1 \	services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.
43	<u>(11)</u>	"Local educational agency" includes any of the following that provides
44		special education and related services to children with disabilities:

#### **General Assembly of North Carolina** Session 2005 1 A local school administrative unit. a. 2 b. A charter school. 3 The Department of Health and Human Services. с. 4 The Department of Correction. <u>d.</u> 5 The Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency <u>e.</u> 6 Prevention. 7 Any other State agency or unit of local government. f. 8 (12)"Mediation" means an informal process conducted by a mediator with 9 the objective of helping parties voluntarily settle their dispute. 10 (13)"Mediator" means a neutral person who acts to encourage and 11 facilitate a resolution of a dispute. 12 (14)"Parent" means: 13 A natural, adoptive, or foster parent; a. A guardian, but not the State if the child is a ward of the State: 14 b. 15 An individual acting in the place of a natural or adoptive parent, <u>c.</u> including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative, and with 16 17 whom the child lives; 18 An individual who is legally responsible for the child's welfare; <u>d</u>. 19 or 20 A surrogate if one is appointed under G.S. 115C-109.2. e. "Party" or "Parties" means the local educational agency or the parents, 21 (15)22 or both. 23 "Petition" means a request for a due process hearing as provided for (16)24 under IDEA. "Preschool child with a disability" means a child with one or more 25 (17)26 disabilities who meets all of the following criteria: Has reached his or her third birthday and whose parents have 27 a. 28 requested services from the public schools. 29 Is not eligible to enroll in public kindergarten. <u>b.</u> Because of the disability, needs special education and related 30 с. 31 services in order to prepare the child to benefit from the 32 educational programs provided by the public schools, beginning with kindergarten. 33 34 "Related services" is as defined in IDEA. (18)35 (19) "Rules" includes rules, policies, and procedures. Rules as defined in 36 G.S. 150B-2(8a) shall be adopted in accordance with Article 2A of 37 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. 38 "Special education" means specially designed instruction, at no cost to (20)parents, to meet the unique needs of a child with a disability. The term 39 40 includes instruction in physical education and instruction conducted in 41 a classroom, the home, a hospital or institution, and other settings. 42 "Part 1B. Provision of Free Appropriate Public Education. 43 "§ 115C-107.1. Free appropriate public education; ages. A free appropriate public education shall be made available to the following: 44 (a)

#### Session 2005 **General Assembly of North Carolina** All children with disabilities who reside in the State, who are the ages 1 (1) 2 of three through 21, who have not graduated from high school, and 3 who require special education and related services. 4 Any child with a disability who is receiving special education and (2)5 related services and who has not graduated from high school until the 6 end of the school year in which that child reaches the age of 22. 7 Children with disabilities who require special education and related (3)8 services and who are suspended or expelled from school and entitled to 9 continuing education services as provided in IDEA. 10 A free appropriate public education is not required to be provided to infants (b) 11 and toddlers with disabilities. However, early intervention services shall be made 12 available to these children under G.S. 143B-139.6A. 13 If funds are made available, the State Board and the Secretary of Health and (c) 14 Human Services may adopt an agreement to allow the continuation of early intervention 15 services for children with a disability who are at least three years old but before they enter kindergarten or are eligible to enter kindergarten. If an agreement is adopted under 16 17 this subsection, then a free appropriate public education is not required to be provided to 18 any child with a disability who continues to receive early intervention services in 19 accordance with that agreement. 20 Nothing in this Article requires a free appropriate public education to be (d) 21 made available to any individual aged 18 through 21 who, in the educational placement 22 immediately before that individual's incarceration in an adult correctional facility, was 23 not actually identified as being a child with a disability and did not have an IEP. 24 "§ 115C-107.2. Duties of State Board of Education. 25 The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to ensure that: (a) 26 The requirements of this Article and IDEA are met. (1)27 All educational programs under the supervision of any local (2) 28 educational agency for children with disabilities meet all of the 29 following requirements: 30 The programs are under the general supervision of individuals a. 31 in the State who are responsible for educational programs for 32 children with disabilities. The programs meet the State Board's educational standards. 33 <u>b.</u> 34 With respect to homeless children, the programs meet the с. 35 requirements of 20 U.S.C. § 1431, McKinney-Vento Homeless 36 Assistance Act. 37 The rules adopted under subsection (a) of this section shall include rules that: (b) 38 Establish standards for the programs of special education to be (1) 39 administered by local educational agencies and by the State Board. 40 Ensure that children with disabilities are educated in the least (2)41 restrictive environment. 42 Ensure that local school administrative units make available special (3) education and related services to all preschool children with 43 44 disabilities whose parents request these services.

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1	<u>(4)</u>	Provide for public hearings, adequate notice of these hearings, and an
2 3		opportunity for comment from the general public before the adoption
3 4	(5)	of the rules required by this Article.
4 5	$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$	Are required in order to receive federal funding under IDEA.
5 6	<u>(6)</u>	Provide that, where a local educational agency finds that appropriate services are available from other public agencies or private
7		organizations, the local educational agency may contract for those
8		services rather than provide them directly.
9	(7)	Enable local educational agencies to identify, evaluate, place, and
10	<u>(7)</u>	make other educational decisions for children with disabilities.
11	<u>(8)</u>	Provide procedural safeguards for children with disabilities and their
12	<u>(0)</u>	parents.
12	<u>(9)</u>	Designate a person in the Department of Public Instruction who is
13	<u>())</u>	charged with receiving and responding to notices or other legal
15		documents under Part 1D of this Article.
16	(10)	Support and facilitate local educational agency and school-level
17	<u>(10)</u>	system improvement designed to enable children with disabilities to
18		meet the challenging State student academic achievement standards.
19	(c) Rules	adopted under this section shall be consistent with IDEA and shall
20		G.S. 115C-12(19). Local educational agencies, parents, and other
21		erned with the education of children with disabilities shall be consulted
22		ent of rules adopted under this Article.
23	(d) The S	tate Board shall develop forms for local educational agencies to use in
24		with this Article. The forms must comply with G.S. 115C-12(19) and
25	may be in an ele	ectronic format.
26	<u>(e)</u> <u>The</u> <u>S</u>	State Board shall provide technical assistance to local educational
27	agencies at their	request.
28		state Board shall develop any plans that meet the criteria of IDEA and
29		e submitted to the United States Department of Education.
30	-	state Board shall make available to hearing officers training related to
31		egal interpretations in order to facilitate hearings and reviews under
32	<u>G.S. 115C-109.</u>	
33	" <u>§ 115C-107.3.</u>	
34		Board shall require an annual census of children with disabilities,
35		"identified" and "suspected" children with disabilities, to be taken in
36	-	r. Suspected children are those in the formal process of being evaluated
37		children with disabilities. The census shall be conducted annually and
38	•	ted by October 15, submitted to the Governor and General Assembly
39		ble to the public by January 15 annually.
40		ting the census, the Board requires the cooperation, participation, and
41		l local educational agencies. Therefore, each local educational agency
42	-	and participate with and assist the Board in conducting the census.
43		ensus shall include the number of children identified and suspected with
44	aisabilities, thei	r age, the nature of their disability, their county or city of residence,

1	their local school administrative unit residence, whether they are being provided special
2	educational or related services and if so by what local educational agency, the identity
3	of each local educational agency having children with disabilities in its care, custody,
4	management, jurisdiction, control, or programs, the number of children with disabilities
5	being served by each local educational agency, and any other information or data that
6	the Board requires. The census shall be of children with disabilities between the ages
7	three through 21 but is not required to include children with disabilities that have
8	graduated from high school.
9	"§ 115C-107.4. Monitoring and enforcement.
10	(a) The State Board shall monitor all local educational agencies to determine
11	compliance with this Article and IDEA. The State Board also shall monitor the
12	effectiveness of IEPs in meeting the educational needs of children with disabilities.
13	(b) The State Board shall implement an effective and efficient system of
14	incentives and sanctions for local educational agencies in order to improve results for
15	children with disabilities and meet the requirements of this Article and IDEA. The
16	system, which must be based on a continuum of recognition and sanctions, shall:
17	(1) Identify and recognize local educational agencies that achieve or
18	exceed targets and indicators as determined by the State Board,
19	demonstrate significant improvement over time, and show growth on
20	targets and indicators as determined by each local educational agency.
21	(2) Provide consequences for local educational agencies that are
22	substantially noncompliant with statutory and regulatory requirements
23	under this Article and IDEA.
24	(c) The system of incentives developed under subsection (b) of this section may
25	include commendations, public recognition, allocation of grant funds if available, and
26	any other incentives as considered appropriate by the State Board.
27	(d) The system of sanctions developed under subsection (b) of this section shall
28	include the following:
29	(1) Level One – Needs Assistance: When the State Board determines (i) a
30	local school educational agency has been in noncompliance for two
31	years and (ii) that agency needs assistance in implementing the
32	requirements of this Article and IDEA, the State Board shall take one
33	or more of the following actions:
34	a. <u>The Board may direct the local educational agency to allocate</u>
35	additional time and resources for technical assistance and
36	guidance related to areas of noncompliance.
37	b. The Board may impose special conditions on that agency's
38	application for IDEA funds and receipt of State funds.
39	c. <u>The Board may direct how that local educational agency utilizes</u>
40	IDEA and State funds to address the remaining findings of
41	noncompliance. The local educational agency must track the
42	use of these funds to show how the funds are targeted to address
43	areas of noncompliance.

1	( <b>2</b> )	Laval Two Needs Intervention: If the State Poord determines (i) that
2	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Level Two – Needs Intervention: If the State Board determines (i) that</u>
23		the local educational agency has been in noncompliance for three years
4		and (ii) that agency needs assistance in implementing this Article and IDEA, the following apply:
5 6		a. <u>The Board may take any of the actions described in subdivision</u>
0 7		$\frac{(1) \text{ of this subsection.}}{\text{The Beard shall withheld in whole on in part, any further}$
		b. The Board shall withhold, in whole or in part, any further
8		payments of IDEA and State funds to the agency.
9		<u>c.</u> <u>The Board shall require the agency to enter into a compliance</u>
10	( <b>2</b> )	agreement.
11	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Level Three – Needs Substantial Intervention: In addition to the</u>
12		sanctions described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, if at
13		any time the State Board determines a local educational agency (i)
14		needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of this
15		Article and IDEA, or (ii) has established a substantial failure to
16		comply with this Article and IDEA, the Board shall take one or more
17		of the following actions:
18		a. <u>The Board shall direct the agency to implement a compliance</u>
19 20		agreement, billed to that agency.
20		b. <u>The Board shall recover IDEA and State funds.</u>
21		<u>c.</u> <u>The Board shall refer the agency for appropriate enforcement</u>
22	() T 1	<u>under State or federal law.</u>
23		dition to the consequences required under subsections (b) and (d) of this
24		te Board shall develop sanctions for local educational agencies that fail
25 26	•	corrective action or hearing decision.
26		Annual reports.
27		oard shall report annually to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight
28		the implementation of this Article and the educational performance of
29		lisabilities. Each annual report shall include a copy of the following
30		were submitted, received, or made public during the year: (i) the most
31	-	erformance plan and any amendments to that plan submitted to the
32	· · · ·	Education, (ii) compliance and monitoring reports submitted to the
33	•	lucation, (iii) the annual report submitted to the Secretary of Education
34 25	-	nance of the State under its performance plan, and (iv) any other
35		uired under IDEA to be made available to the public. In addition, the
36	-	nall include an analysis of the educational performance of children with
37		he State and a summary of disputes under Part 1D of this Chapter. The
38		iled no later than October 15 each year and may be filed electronically.
39 40		Duties of local educational agencies.
40		local educational agency, in providing for the education of children with
41 42		in its jurisdiction, must comply with IDEA and the rules adopted by the
42 43		der this Article. In addition, each local educational agency shall have in procedures, and programs that are consistent with this Article. IDEA
	-	procedures, and programs that are consistent with this Article, IDEA,
44	and rules adopte	ed by the State Board.

1	(b) No child with disabilities shall be prevented from attending the public schools
2	of the local educational agency in which the child's parents or legal guardian resides or
3	from which the child receives services or from attending any other public program of
4	free appropriate public education based solely on the fact that the child has a disability.
5	If it appears the child should receive a program of free appropriate public education in a
6	program operated by or under the supervision of the Department of Health and Human
7	Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, the local
8	school administrative unit shall confer with the appropriate Department of Health and
9	Human Services or Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention staff for
10	their participation and determination of the appropriateness of placement in that
11	program and development of the child's individualized education program.
12	(c) No matriculation or tuition fees or other fees or charges shall be required or
13	asked of children with disabilities or their parents except those fees or charges that are
14	required uniformly of all public school pupils. The provision of a free appropriate public
15	education within the facilities of the Department of Health and Human Services and the
16	Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention may not prevent that
17	Department from charging for other services or treatment.
18	(d) Each child with a disability shall be educated in accordance with that child's
19	IEP and in the least restrictive environment for that child.
20	(e) Each local educational agency may use the forms developed under
21	<u>G.S. 115C-107.2(d).</u>
22	" <u>§ 115C-107.7. Discipline.</u>
23	The policies and procedures for the discipline of students with disabilities shall be
24	consistent with federal laws and regulations.
25	"Part 1C. Interagency Coordination.
26	" <u>§ 115C-108.1. State Board lead agency.</u>
27	(a) The Board shall cause all local educational agencies to provide special
28	education and related services to children with disabilities in their care, custody,
29	management, jurisdiction, control, or programs.
30	(b) The jurisdiction of the Board with respect to the design and content of special
31	education programs or related services for children with disabilities extends to and over
32	the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice and
33	Delinquency Prevention, and the Department of Correction.
34	(c) All provisions of this Article that are specifically applicable to local school
35	administrative units also are applicable to the Department of Health and Human
36	Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, and the
37	Department of Correction, and their divisions and agencies; all duties, responsibilities,
38	rights, and privileges specifically imposed on or granted to local school administrative
39	units by this Article also are imposed on or granted to the Department of Health and
40	Human Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, and
41	the Department of Correction, and their divisions and agencies. However, with respect
42	to children with disabilities who are residents or patients of any State-operated or
43	State-supported residential treatment facility, including a school for the deaf, school for
44	the blind, mental hospital or center, mental retardation center, or in a facility operated

by the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, the Department of 1 2 Correction, or any of their divisions and agencies, the Board may contract with the 3 Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice and 4 Delinquency Prevention, and the Department of Correction for the provision of special 5 education and related services and the power to review, revise, and approve any plans 6 for special education and related services to those residents. 7 (d) The Departments of Health and Human Services, Correction, and Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention shall submit to the Board their plans for the 8 9 education of children with disabilities in their care, custody, or control. The Board may grant specific exemptions for programs administered by the Department of Health and 10 11 Human Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, or the 12 Department of Correction when compliance by them with the Board's standards would, in the Board's judgment, impose undue hardship on that department and when other 13 14 procedural due process requirements, substantially equivalent to those required under 15 this Article and IDEA, are assured in programs of special education and related services furnished to children with disabilities served by that department. Further, the Board 16 17 shall recognize that inpatient and residential special education programs within the Departments of Health and Human Services, Correction, and Juvenile Justice and 18 19 Delinquency Prevention may require more program resources than those necessary for 20 optimal operation of these programs in local school administrative units. 21 (e) The Board shall support and encourage joint and collaborative special 22 education planning and programming at local levels to include local school 23 administrative units and the programs and agencies of the Departments of Health and 24 Human Services, Correction, and Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. 25 "§ 115C-108.2. Interlocal cooperation. 26 The Board, any two or more local educational agencies, and any other agency and 27 any State department, agency, or division having responsibility for the education, 28 treatment, or habilitation of children with disabilities may enter into interlocal 29 cooperative undertakings under Part 1 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the General 30 Statutes or into undertakings with a State agency such as the Departments of Public Instruction, Health and Human Services, Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, 31 32 or Correction, or their divisions, agencies, or units, for the purpose of providing for the special education and related services, treatment, or habilitation of these children within 33 34 the jurisdiction of the agency or unit, and shall do so when it is unable to provide the 35 appropriate public special education or related services for these children. In entering 36 into such undertakings, the local agency and State department, agency, or division shall 37 also contract to provide the special education or related services that are educationally 38 appropriate to the children with disabilities for whose benefit the undertaking is made 39 and provide these services by or in the local agency unit or State department, agency, or 40 division located in the place most convenient to these children. 41 "Part 1D. Procedural Safeguards. 42 "§ 115C-109.1. Handbook for parents. 43 The State Board of Education shall make available to parents a handbook of 44 procedural safeguards. This handbook for parents shall be made available at least once

1		•	, except that a copy also shall be given to the parent (i) upon the initial
2		-	al request for an evaluation; (ii) upon the first occurrence of the filing
3	·		er G.S. 115C-109.6 and IDEA; (iii) upon the parent's request; and (iv)
4			on to the content of the handbook. This handbook for parents shall
5		-	planation of the procedural safeguards under this Article and IDEA, be
6			tive language of the parent unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, be
7			ily understood manner, and include information required under IDEA
8	to be inclu	ided.	
9			bard shall place a current copy of the handbook for parents on its
10	Internet W		
11			Adult children with disabilities; surrogate parents.
12	<u>(a)</u>	When	a child with a disability reaches the age of 18, all of the following
13	<u>apply:</u>		
14			Notices required under this Article shall be provided to both the child
15			and the child's parent.
16			All other rights accorded to parents under this Article and IDEA
17			transfer to the child.
18			The local educational agency shall notify the child and the child's
19			parent of these transfer rights.
20			hstanding subsection (a) of this section, for a child with a disability
21			the age of majority under State law and who has not been determined
22		-	t but is determined to not have the ability to provide informed consent
23	-		is or her education program, the State Board shall establish procedures
24		-	he parent of the child, or if the parent is not available, another
25			idual, to represent the educational interests of the child throughout the
26	•	•	ity under this section.
27	<u>(c)</u>		onable effort must be made to appoint a surrogate for a child with a
28	•		30 days of a determination that one of the following conditions exists
29	and that the		needs a surrogate:
30			The parents of that child are not known;
31			The parents, after reasonable efforts, cannot be located; or
32	(1)	<u>~ ~</u>	The child is a ward of the State.
33	<u>(d)</u>	· •	on must be eligible under IDEA to be appointed as a child's surrogate.
34	" <u>§ 115C-</u>		Access to records; opportunity for parents to participate in
35	(-)	meetin	
36	<u>(a)</u>		ocal educational agency shall provide an opportunity for the parents of
37			ability to examine all records relating to that child and to participate in
38			spect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the
39 40		-	ovision of a free appropriate public education to that child.
40	<u>(b)</u>		educational agencies may release the records of a child with a disability
41			under State or federal law. The parents of a child with a disability may
42 43			e child's records and may read, inspect, and copy all and any records,
43 44			ation maintained by a local educational agency with respect to that
++	uniu. ra	ients, I	upon their request, are entitled to have those records, data, and

1	information fully explained, interpreted, and analyzed for them by the staff of the
2	agency, unless specifically prohibited by court order. If a request is made under this
3	subsection, the local educational agency shall honor the request within not more than 45
4	days after it is made or in time for the individual who made the request to prepare for a
5	meeting under subsection (a) of this section, whichever is sooner.
6	(c) The student and the student's parents may add written explanations or
7	clarifications to the records, data, and information and may request the expunction of
8	incorrect, outdated, misleading, or irrelevant entries. If a local educational agency
9	refuses to expunge incorrect, outdated, misleading, or irrelevant entries after having
10	been asked to do so by the parent, the parent may appeal that decision under
11	<u>G.S. 115C-45(c)(2).</u>
12	" <u>§ 115C-109.4. Mediation.</u>
13	(a) It is the policy of this State to encourage local educational agencies and
14	parents to seek mediation involving any dispute under this Article, including matters
15	arising before or after filing a petition under G.S. 115C-109.6.
16	(b) Mediation under this section must meet the following requirements:
17	(1) The mediation must be voluntary on the part of both parties.
18	(2) Mediation shall not be used to deny or delay a parent's right to an
19	impartial hearing under G.S. 115C-109.6, or to deny any other rights
20	afforded under this Article or IDEA.
21	(3) The mediation shall be conducted by a qualified and impartial
22	mediator who is trained in effective mediation techniques.
23	(c) The State Board may establish procedures to offer to parties that do not
24	choose to use the mediation process an opportunity to meet with a disinterested party, as
25	provided under IDEA, who can encourage the use and explain the benefits of the
26	mediation process to the parties. This meeting must be at a time and location convenient
27	to the parents.
28	(d) The State Board shall maintain a list of qualified mediators who are
29	knowledgeable in laws and regulations relating to the provision of special education and
30	related services. When mediation is requested, the Exceptional Children Division of the
31	Department of Public Instruction shall assign a mediator from this list of mediators.
32	(e) The State shall bear the cost of the mediation process, including the costs of
33	meetings described under subsection (c) of this section, unless the parties opt to select a
34	mediator other than the mediator assigned under subsection (d) of this section or if the
35	parties opt to use an alternative method of dispute resolution.
36	(f) Each session in the mediation process shall be scheduled in a timely manner
37	and shall be held in a location that is convenient to the parties to the dispute.
38	(g) Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring in a mediation are
39	confidential, are not subject to discovery, and are inadmissible in any proceeding in the
40	action or other actions on the same claim. However, no evidence otherwise discoverable
41	is inadmissible merely because it is presented or discussed in a mediation. Mediators
42	shall not be compelled in any civil proceeding to testify or produce evidence concerning
43	statements made and conduct occurring in a mediation.

1	(h) When resolution is reached to resolve the dispute through the mediation
2	process, the parties shall execute a legally binding agreement that:
3	(1) Sets forth the agreement.
4	(2) <u>States that all discussions that occurred during the mediation process</u>
5	are confidential and may not be used as evidence in any subsequent
6	impartial hearing under G.S. 115C-109.6 or in any civil proceeding.
7	(3) Is signed by both the parent and a representative of the local
8	educational agency who has the authority to bind that agency.
9	(4) Is enforceable in any State administrative forum provided for in IDEA,
10	any State court of competent jurisdiction, or in a district court of the
11	United States.
12	(i) In addition to mediation as provided by this section, the parties may
13	participate in a mediated settlement conference as provided by G.S. 150B-23.1. In
14	addition, the parties may agree to use other dispute resolution methods or to use
15	mediation in other circumstances, including after a request for formal administrative
16	review is filed, to the extent permitted under State and federal law.
17	" <u>§ 115C-109.5. Prior written notice.</u>
18	(a) <u>The local educational agency shall provide prompt written notice to parents</u>
19	whenever that agency proposes to initiate or change, or refuses to initiate or change (i)
20	the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of a child, or (ii) the provision of
21	a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability. The local educational
22	agency shall document that all required notices have been sent to and received by
23	parents.
24	(b) This prior written notice shall be in the native language of the parents, unless
25	it clearly is not feasible to translate it, and shall contain all of the following information:
26	(1) A description of the action proposed or refused by the local
27	educational agency.
28	(2) An explanation of why the local educational agency proposes or
29	refuses to take the action and a description of each evaluation
30	procedure, assessment, record, or report that agency used as a basis for
31	the proposed or refused action.
32	(3) A statement that the parent of a child with a disability has protection
33	under the procedural safeguards of this Article and IDEA and, if this
34	notice is not the initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a
35	copy of the procedural safeguards can be obtained.
36	(4) Sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding
37	this Article and IDEA.
38	(5) <u>A description of other options considered by the IEP Team and the</u>
39	reason why those options were rejected.
40	(6) A description of the factors that are relevant to the local educational
41	agency's proposal or refusal.
42	(7) Any other information required to be included under IDEA.
43	" <u>§ 115C-109.6. Impartial due process hearings.</u>

1	(a) Any party may file with the Office of Administrative Hearings a petition to
2	request an impartial hearing with respect to any matter relating to the identification,
3	evaluation, or educational placement of a child, or the provision of a free appropriate
4	public education of a child, or a manifestation determination. The party filing the
5	petition must notify the other party and the person designated under
6	G.S. 115C-107.2(b)(9) by simultaneously serving them with a copy of the petition.
7	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the party shall file a petition under subsection
8	(a) of this section that includes the information required under IDEA and that sets forth
9	an alleged violation that occurred not more than one year before the party knew or
10	reasonably should have known about the alleged action that forms the basis of the
11	petition. The issues for review under this section are limited to those set forth in
12	subsection (a) of this section. The party requesting the hearing may not raise issues that
13	were not raised in the petition unless the other party agrees otherwise.
14	(c) The one-year restriction in subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to a
15	parent if the parent was prevented from requesting the hearing due to (i) specific
16	misrepresentations by the local educational agency that it had resolved the problem
17	forming the basis of the petition, or (ii) the local educational agency's withholding of
18	information from the parent that was required under State or federal law to be provided
19	to the parent.
20	(d) The hearing shall be conducted in the county where the child attends school
21	or is entitled to enroll under G.S. 115C-366, unless the parties mutually agree to a
22	different venue.
23	(e) The hearing shall be closed to the public unless the parent requests in writing
24	that the hearing be open to the public.
25	(f) Subject to G.S. 115C-109.7, the decision of the administrative law judge shall
26	be made on substantive grounds based on a determination of whether the child received
27	a free appropriate public education. Following the hearing, the administrative law judge
28	shall issue a written decision regarding the issues set forth in subsection (a) of this
29	section. The decision shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law.
30	Notwithstanding Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, the decision of the
31	administrative law judge becomes final and is not subject to further review unless
32	appealed to the Review Officer under G.S. 115C-109.9.
33	(g) <u>A copy of the administrative law judge's decision shall be served upon each</u>
34	party and a copy shall be furnished to the attorneys of record. The written notice shall
35	contain a statement informing the parties of the availability of appeal and the 30-day
36	limitation period for appeal as set forth in G.S. 115C-109.9.
37	(h) In addition to the petition, the parties shall simultaneously serve a copy of all
38	pleadings, agreements, and motions under this Part with the person designated by the
39 40	State Board under G.S. 115C-107.2(b)(9). The Office of Administrative Hearings shall
40	simultaneously serve a copy of all orders and decisions under this Part with the person
41	designated by the State Board under G.S. 115C-107.2(b)(9).
42 43	(i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude a parent from filing a separate due process patition on an issue separate from a patition already filed
43	separate due process petition on an issue separate from a petition already filed.

1	(j) The State Board, through the Exceptional Children Division, and the State
2	Office of Administrative Hearings shall develop and enter into a binding memorandum
3	of understanding to ensure compliance with the statutory and regulatory procedures and
4	timelines applicable under IDEA to due process hearings and to hearing officers'
5	decisions, and to ensure the parties' due process rights to a fair and impartial hearing.
6	This memorandum of understanding shall be amended if subsequent changes to IDEA
7	are made. The procedures and timelines shall be made part of the Board's procedural
8	safeguards that are made available to parents and the public under G.S. 115C-109.1 and
9	<u>G.S. 115C-109.5.</u> <u>US 115C 109.7</u> Deschriften apprice
10	" <u>§ 115C-109.7. Resolution session.</u>
11 12	(a) Within 15 days of receiving notice of the parent's petition filed under $C = \frac{115C}{100.6}$ and before the apportunity for an importial bearing the local
12	<u>G.S. 115C-109.6 and before the opportunity for an impartial hearing, the local</u>
13 14	educational agency shall convene a meeting with the parent and the relevant members
14	of the IEP Team who have specific knowledge of the facts identified in the petition. This meeting shall include a representative of the agency who has decision-making
15 16	authority on behalf of that agency and may not include an attorney of the local
17	educational agency unless the parent is accompanied by an attorney. If the parent plans
18	to be accompanied by an attorney under this section, the parent must give prior written
19	notice of this fact to the agency. The purposes of the meeting are (i) for the parent to
20	have an opportunity to discuss the petition and the facts that form the basis of the
20	petition and (ii) for the local educational agency to have the opportunity to resolve the
22	dispute.
23	(b) The parent and the local educational agency jointly may agree in writing to
24	waive the meeting under subsection (a) of this section or to use the mediation process
25	described in G.S. 115C-109.4.
26	(c) If the local educational agency does not resolve the dispute to the satisfaction
27	of the parents within 30 days of the agency's receipt of the petition, the impartial
28	hearing under G.S. 115C-109.6 may occur and all of the applicable timelines for that
29	hearing shall commence.
30	(d) If a resolution is reached to resolve the dispute at a meeting under subsection
31	(a) of this section, the parties shall execute a legally binding agreement that is:
32	(1) Signed by both the parent and a representative of the local educational
33	agency who has the authority to bind the agency;
34	(2) Enforceable in any State administrative forum provided for in IDEA,
35	any State court of competent jurisdiction, or in a district court of the
36	United States; and
37	(3) Filed with the person designated by the State Board to receive notices
38	and with the Office of Administrative Hearings.
39	(e) If the parties execute an agreement under subsection (d) of this section, either
40	party may void the agreement by providing written notice within three business days of
41	the agreement's execution to the person designated by the State Board to receive notices,
42	the Office of Administrative Hearings, and the other party. Notwithstanding subsection
43	(c) of this section, upon receipt of this notice, the impartial hearing under

1	G.S. 115C-109.6 may occur and all of the applicable timelines for that hearing shall
2	commence.
3	" <u>§ 115C-109.8. Procedural issues.</u>
4	(a) In matters alleging a procedural violation, the hearing officer may find that a
5	child did not receive a free appropriate public education only if the procedural
6	inadequacies (i) impeded the child's right to a free appropriate public education; (ii)
7	significantly impeded the parents' opportunity to participate in the decision-making
8	process regarding the provision of a free appropriate public education to the parents'
9	child; or (iii) caused a deprivation of educational benefits.
10	(b) A hearing officer may order a local educational agency to comply with
11	procedural requirements under this Article and IDEA.
12	" <u>§ 115C-109.9. Review by review officer; appeals.</u>
13	(a) Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision of a hearing officer under
14	G.S. 115C-109.6 or G.S. 115C-109.8 may appeal the findings and decision within 30
15	days after receipt of notice of the decision by filing a written notice of appeal with the
16	person designated by the State Board under G.S. 107.2(b)(9) to receive notices. The
17	State Board, through the Exceptional Children Division, shall appoint a Review Officer
18	from a pool of review officers approved by the State Board of Education. The Review
19	Officer shall conduct an impartial review of the findings and decision appealed under
20	this section. The Review Officer conducting this review shall make an independent
21	decision upon completion of the review. The decision of the Review Officer becomes
22	final unless an aggrieved party brings a civil action under subsection (d) of this section.
23	A copy of the decision shall be served upon each party, and a copy shall be furnished to
24	the attorneys of record and the Office of Administrative Hearings. The written notice
25 26	shall contain a statement informing the parties of the right to file a civil action and the
26 27	<ul><li><u>30-day limitation period for filing a civil action under subsection (d) of this section.</u></li><li>(b) A Review Officer shall be an educator or other professional who is</li></ul>
28	knowledgeable about special education and who possesses other qualifications as may
28 29	be established by the State Board of Education. No person may be appointed as a
30	Review Officer if that person is an employee of the State Board of Education, the
31	Department of Public Instruction, or the local educational agency that has been involved
32	in the education or care of the child whose parents have filed the petition.
33	(c) The State Board may enforce the final decision of the administrative law
34	judge under G.S. 115C-109.6, if not appealed under this section, or the final decision of
35	the Review Officer, by ordering a local educational agency:
36	(1) To provide a child with appropriate education;
37	(2) To place a child in a private school that is approved to provide special
38	education and that can provide the child an appropriate education; or
39	(3) To reimburse parents for reasonable private school placement costs in
40	accordance with this Article and IDEA when it is determined that the
41	local educational agency did not offer or provide the child with
42	appropriate education and the private school in which the parent
43	placed the child was an approved school and did provide the child an
44	appropriate education.

1	(d) Any party that does not have the right to appeal under this Part and any party
2	who is aggrieved by the decision of the Review Officer under this section may institute
3	a civil action in State court within 30 days after receipt of the notice of the decision or in
4	federal court as provided in 20 U.S.C. § 1415.
5	(e) Except as provided under IDEA, upon the filing of a petition under
6	<u>G.S. 115C-109.6 and during the pendency of any proceedings under this Part, the child</u>
7	must remain in the child's then-current educational placement or, if applying for initial
8	admission to a public school, the child must be placed in the public school.
9	Notwithstanding this subsection, the parties may agree in writing to a different
10	educational placement for the child during the pendency of any proceedings under this
11	Part.
12	"Part 1E. Special Education and Related Services Personnel.
13	"§ 115C-110.1. Teacher qualifications.
14	The Board shall adopt rules covering the qualifications of and standards for licensure
15	of teachers, teacher assistants, speech-language pathologists, school psychologists, and
16	others involved in the education and training of children with disabilities.
17	"§ 115C-110.2. Interpreters/transliterators.
18	Each interpreter or transliterator employed by a local educational agency to provide
19	services to hearing-impaired students must annually complete 15 hours of job-related
20	training that has been approved by the local educational agency.
21	" <u>§ 115C-110.3 through 110.5.</u> [Reserved]
22	"Part 1F. Budgeting; Funds.
23	" <u>§ 115C-111.1. Out-of-state students; eligibility for State funds.</u>
24	Notwithstanding any policy or rule adopted by the State Board of Education, if a
25	local school administrative unit provides services to a student under a current IEP from
26	another state while a determination is being made regarding the student's eligibility for
27	services as a child with disabilities in North Carolina, the local school administrative
28	unit is entitled to receive State funding to serve the student while the determination is
29	being made. If the student is later determined not to qualify for services in North
30	Carolina, the local school administrative unit is not required to repay State funds
31	received while the determination is being made.
32	" <u>§ 115C-111.2. Contracts with private service providers.</u>
33	Local educational agencies furnishing special education and related services to
34	children with disabilities may contract with private special education facilities or service
35	providers to furnish any of these services that the public providers are unable to furnish.
36	" <u>§ 115C-111.3. Cost of education of children in group homes, foster homes, etc.</u>
37	(a) Notwithstanding any other State law and without regard for the place of
38	domicile of a parent, the cost of a free appropriate public education for a child with
39	disabilities who is placed in or assigned to a group home or foster home, under State
40	and federal law, shall be borne by the local board of education in which the group home
41	or foster home is located. However, the local school administrative unit in which a child
42	
43	is domiciled shall transfer to the local school administrative unit in which the institution is located an amount equal to the actual local cost in excess of State and federal funding

1	required to educate that child in the local school administrative unit for the fiscal year
2	after all State and federal funding has been exhausted.
3	(b) The State Board of Education shall use State and federal funds appropriated
4	for children with disabilities to establish a reserve fund to reimburse local boards of
5	education for the education costs of children assigned to group homes or other facilities
6	as provided in subsection (a) of this section. Local school administrative units may
7	submit a Special State Reserve Program application for foster home or group home
8	children whose special education and related services costs exceed the per child group
9	home allocation.
10	(c) The Department shall review the current cost of children with disabilities
11	served in the local school administrative units with group homes or foster homes to
12	determine the actual cost of services.
13	" <u>§ 115C-111.4. Nonreduction.</u>
14	Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Article, it is the intent of the
15	General Assembly that funds appropriated by it for the operation of programs of special
16	education and related services by local school administrative units not be reduced;
17	rather, that adequate funding be made available to meet the special educational and
18	related services needs of children with disabilities, without regard to which local
19	educational agency has the child in its care, custody, control, or program.
20	" <u>§ 115C-111.5. Allocation of federal funds.</u>
21	Whenever any federal monies for the special education and related services for
22	children with disabilities are made available, these funds shall be allocated according to
23	a formula designed by the Board consistent with federal laws and regulations. This
24	formula shall ensure equitable distribution of resources and shall be implemented as
25	funds are made available from federal and State appropriations.
26	" <u>§ 115C-111.6. Obligation to provide services for preschool children with</u>
27	disabilities.
28	State funds appropriated to the public schools to implement preschool services for
29	children with disabilities under this Article and IDEA shall be used to provide special
30	education and related services to preschool children with disabilities. These State funds
31	shall be used to supplement and not supplant existing federal, State, and local funding
32	for the public schools.
33	Preschool children with disabilities will continue to be served by all other State
34	funds to which they are otherwise entitled.
35	"Part 1G. Council on Educational Services for Exceptional Children.
36	" <u>§ 115C-112.1. Establishment; organization; powers and duties.</u>
37	(a) There is hereby established an Advisory Council to the State Board of
38	Education to be called the Council on Educational Services for Exceptional Children.
39	(b) The Council shall consist of a minimum of 24 members to be appointed as
40	follows: four ex officio members; one individual with a disability and one representative
41	of a private school appointed by the Governor; one member of the Senate and one
42	parent of a child with a disability between the ages of birth and 26 appointed by the
43	President Pro Tempore of the Senate; one member of the House of Representatives and
44	one parent of a child with a disability appointed by the Speaker of the House of

1	<b>Representatives</b>	; and 14 members appointed by the State Board of Education. The State
2	Board shall app	oint members who represent individuals with disabilities, teachers, local
3	school adminis	strative units, institutions of higher education that prepare special
4	education and r	elated services personnel, administrators of programs for children with
5	disabilities, cha	rter schools, parents of children with disabilities, a State or local official
6	who carries out	activities under the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act,
7	vocational, con	nmunity, or business organizations concerned with the provision of
8		ces, and others as required by IDEA. The majority of members on the
9		e individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities. The
10		esignate a chairperson from among its members. The designation of the
11	chairperson is s	ubject to the approval of the State Board of Education. The Board shall
12	▲ ·	arry out this subsection.
13	<u>Ex officio m</u>	embers of the Council shall be the following:
14	<u>(1)</u>	The Secretary of Health and Human Services or the Secretary's
15		designee.
16	<u>(2)</u>	The Secretary of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention or the
17		Secretary's designee.
18	<u>(3)</u>	The Secretary of Correction or the Secretary's designee.
19	<u>(4)</u>	The Superintendent of Public Instruction or the Superintendent's
20		designee.
21		appointment for all members except those appointed by the State Board
22		s two years. The term for members appointed by the State Board of
23		our years. No person shall serve more than two consecutive four-year
24	terms.	
25		il member shall serve without pay, but shall receive travel allowances
26	-	the same amount provided for members of the North Carolina General
27	Assembly.	Council shall most in offices mayided by the Department of Dublic
28		Council shall meet in offices provided by the Department of Public
29		date to be agreed upon by the members of the Council from meeting to
30		ouncil shall meet no less than once every three months. The Department
31 32		uction shall provide the necessary secretarial and clerical staff and
32 33	* *	mplish the objectives of the Council. Council shall:
33 34	$\frac{(d)}{(1)}$	
35	<u>(1)</u>	Advise the Board with respect to unmet needs within the State in the education of children with disabilities.
36	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Comment publicly on rules, policies, and procedures proposed by the</u>
37	(2)	Board regarding the education of children with disabilities.
38	<u>(3)</u>	Assist the Board in developing evaluations and reporting on data to the
39	<u>(5)</u>	Secretary of Education under the federal Individuals with Disabilities
40		Education Act (IDEA), as amended.
41	<u>(4)</u>	Advise the State Board in developing corrective action plans to
42	<u>1</u> <u>–</u> 7	address findings identified in federal monitoring reports required under
43		the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), as
44		amended.

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l	<u>(5)</u>	Advise the State Board in developing and im	plementing policies
2	<u></u>	relating to the coordination of services for children	
3	<u>(6)</u>	Carry out any other responsibility as designated by	
1		State Board."	
5	SEC	CTION 3.(a) G.S. 115C-81(b) reads as rewritten:	
)	"(b) The	Basic Education Program shall include course	e requirements and
	descriptions si	milar in format to materials previously contained in the	ne standard course of
)	study and it sh	•	
)	(1)	A core curriculum for all students that takes into	-
		needs of children and includes appropriate m	
		learning disabled, the academically or intellectu	
		and the students with discipline and emotional pro-	
	(2)	A set of competencies, by grade level, for each cur	
	(3)	A list of textbooks for use in providing the curricu	
	(4)	Standards for student performance and promo	
		mastery of competencies, including standards for	-
		into account children with special needs disabiliti	es and, in particular,
		include appropriate modifications;	
	(5)	A program of remedial education;	
	(6)	Required support programs;	
	(7)	A definition of the instructional day;	
	(8)	Class size recommendations and requirements;	
	(9)	Prescribed staffing allotment ratios;	
	(10)		
	(11)	<ul> <li>Facilities guidelines that reflect educational prograding-term cost efficiency, and safety consideration</li> </ul>	
	(12)		
		Board shall not adopt or enforce any rule that requ	
		ndard or as a requirement for a high school diploma for	•
	individualized	education program (i) identifies the student as lear	ning disabled in the
	area of mathe	matics and (ii) states that this learning disability will	l prevent the student
	from masterin	g Algebra I."	
	SEC	CTION 3.(b) G.S. 115C-105.25(b)(4) reads as rewrit	ten:
	"(b) Sub	ject to the following limitations, local boards of edu	ucation may transfer
	and may appro	ove transfers of funds between funding allotment cates	gories:
	(4)	Funds allocated for children with special nee	
		students with limited English proficiency, and fe	or driver's education
		shall not be transferred.	
	"		
		CTION 3.(c) G.S. 115C-149 reads as rewritten:	a ••• -
,		Policy. Chemically dependent children excluded	from provisions of
3	Art	icle 9.	

1 The General Assembly of North Carolina hereby declares that the policy of the State 2 is to ensure that an appropriate education is provided for drug and alcohol addicted 3 children: however, drug and alcohol addicted children are not "children with special 4 needs" disabilities" within the meaning of G.S. 115C-109-G.S. 115C-106.3(1) unless 5 because of some other condition they meet that definition." 6 **SECTION 3.(d)** G.S. 115C-233 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 115C-233. Operation of summer schools. 8 Each local school administrative unit may establish and maintain summer schools. 9 Such summer schools as may be established shall be administered by local boards of 10 education and shall be conducted in accordance with standards developed by the State 11 Board of Education. The standards so developed shall specify the requirements for 12 approved curriculum, the qualifications of the personnel, the length of the session, and 13 the conditions under which students may be granted credit for courses pursued during a 14 summer school. In determining the eligibility of students for admission to summer 15 schools, boards of education shall be governed by the provisions of G.S. 115C-116, Article 9 of this Chapter, and G.S. 115C-366(b) and 115C-367 to 115C-370. Boards of 16 education of local school administrative units may provide for summer schools from 17 18 funds made available for that purpose by the State Board of Education, funds 19 appropriated to the local school administrative unit by the tax-levying authority, and 20 from any other revenues available for the purpose." **SECTION 3.(e)** G.S. 115C-238.29F(d)(4) reads as rewritten: 21 22 The school shall comply with policies adopted by the State Board of "(4) 23 Education for charter schools relating to the education of children with 24 special needs.disabilities." 25 SECTION 3.(f) G.S. 115C-238.29H(a) reads as rewritten: 26 "§ 115C-238.29H. State and local funds for a charter school. 27 The State Board of Education shall allocate to each charter school: (a) 28 An amount equal to the average per pupil allocation for average daily (1)29 membership from the local school administrative unit allotments in 30 which the charter school is located for each child attending the charter 31 school except for the allocation for children with special needs 32 disabilities and for the allocation for children with limited English 33 proficiency; 34 An additional amount for each child attending the charter school who (2)35 is a child with special needs; disabilities; and 36 An additional amount for children with limited English proficiency (3) 37 attending the charter school, based on a formula adopted by the State 38 Board. 39 In accordance with G.S. 115C-238.29D(d), the State Board shall allow for annual 40 adjustments to the amount allocated to a charter school based on its enrollment growth 41 in school years subsequent to the initial year of operation. 42 In the event a child with special needs disabilities leaves the charter school and 43 enrolls in a public school during the first 60 school days in the school year, the charter

44 school shall return a pro rata amount of funds allocated for that child to the State Board,

and the State Board shall reallocate those funds to the local school administrative unit in 1 2 which the public school is located. In the event a child with special needs disabilities 3 enrolls in a charter school during the first 60 school days in the school year, the State 4 Board shall allocate to the charter school the pro rata amount of additional funds for 5 children with special needs.disabilities." 6 **SECTION 3.(g)** G.S. 115C-242 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 115C-242. Use and operation of school buses. Public school buses may be used for the following purposes only, and it shall be the 8 9 duty of the superintendent of the school of each local school administrative unit to 10 supervise the use of all school buses operated by such local school administrative unit 11 so as to assure and require compliance with this section: A school bus may be used for the transportation of pupils enrolled in 12 (1)13 and employees in the operation of the school to which such bus is 14 assigned by the superintendent of the local school administrative unit. 15 Except as otherwise herein provided, such transportation shall be limited to transportation to and from such school for the regularly 16 17 organized school day, and from and to the points designated by the 18 principal of the school to which such bus is assigned, for the receiving 19 and discharging of passengers. No pupil or employee shall be so 20 transported upon any bus other than the bus to which such pupil or 21 employee has been assigned pursuant to the provisions of this Article: 22 Provided, that children enrolled in a Headstart program which is 23 housed in a building owned and operated by a local school 24 administrative unit where school is being conducted may be 25 transported on public school buses, so long as the contractual 26 arrangements made cause no extra expense to the State: Provided 27 further, that children with special needs disabilities may be transported 28 to and from the nearest appropriate private school having a special 29

education program approved by the State Board of Education if the children to be transported are or have been placed in that program by a local school administrative unit as a result of the State or the unit's duty to provide such children with a free appropriate public education.

(5) Local boards of education, under rules and regulations adopted by the State Board of Education, may permit the use and operation of school buses for the transportation of pupils and instructional personnel as the board deems necessary to serve the instructional programs of the schools. Included in the use permitted by this section is the transportation of children with special needs, such as mentally retarded children and children with physical defects, disabilities, and children enrolled in programs that require transportation from the school grounds during the school day, such as special vocational or occupational programs. On any such trip, a city or county-owned school bus shall not be taken out of the State.

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1 If State funds are inadequate to pay for the transportation approved 2 by the local board of education, local funds may be used for these 3 purposes. Local boards of education shall determine that funds are 4 available to such boards for the transportation of children to and from 5 the school to which they are assigned for the entire school year before 6 authorizing the use and operation of school buses for other services 7 deemed necessary to serve the instructional program of the schools. 8 Children with special needs disabilities may be transported to and 9 from the nearest appropriate private school having a special education 10 program approved by the State Board of Education if the children to be 11 transported have been placed in that program by a local school 12 administrative unit as a result of the State or the unit's duty to provide 13 such those children with a free appropriate public education. ...." 14 15 **SECTION 3.(h)** G.S. 115C-250 reads as rewritten: "§ 115C-250. Authority to expend funds for transportation of children with special 16 17 needs.disabilities. 18 (a) The State Board of Education and local boards of education may expend public funds for transportation of handicapped children with special needs disabilities 19 20 who are unable because of their handicap disability to ride the regular school buses and 21 who have been placed in programs by a local school board as a part of its duty to 22 provide such these children with a free appropriate education, including its duty under 23 G.S. 115C-115. education under Article 9 of this Chapter. At the option of the local 24 board of education with the concurrence of the State Board of Education, funds 25 appropriated to the State Board of Education for contract transportation of exceptional 26 children with disabilities may be used to purchase buses and minibuses as well as for 27 the purposes authorized in the budget. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules 28 and regulations concerning the construction and equipment of these buses and 29 minibuses. 30 The Departments of Health and Human Services, Juvenile Justice and Delinquency 31 Prevention, and Correction may also expend public funds for transportation of 32 handicapped children with special needs disabilities who are unable because of their 33 handicap disability to ride the regular school buses and who have been placed in 34 programs by one of these agencies as a part of that agency's duty to provide such-these 35 children with a free appropriate public education.education under Article 9 of this 36 Chapter. 37 If a local area mental health center places a child with special needs a disability in an 38 educational program, the local area mental health center shall pay for the transportation 39 of the child, if handicapped and unable because of the handicap child who is unable due 40 to the disability to ride the regular school buses, buses to the program. 41 Funds appropriated for the transportation of children with special needs (b) 42 disabilities may be used to pay transportation safety assistants employed in accordance 43 with the provisions of G.S. 115C-245(e) for buses to which children with special needs

44 disabilities are assigned."

SECTION 3.(i) G.S. 115C-366.2 reads as rewritten: 1 2 "§ 115C-366.2. Applicability to certain persons. 3 For the purposes of G.S. 115C-366 and 115C-366.1 for any person who is a resident 4 of a place which is not the person's place of domicile, because: (i) of the residence of a 5 parent, guardian, or legal custodian who is a student, employee or faculty member, of a 6 college or university, or a visiting scholar at the National Humanities Center; or (ii) the 7 child is placed in or assigned to a group home, foster home, or other similar facility or 8 institution, other than a child covered by G.S. 115C-140.1(a); G.S. 115C-111.3(a); or 9 (iii) the child resides with a legal custodian who is not the child's parent or guardian, or 10 (iv) the child resides in a pre-adoptive home following placement by a county 11 department of social services or a licensed child-placing agency, those sections shall be 12 applied by substituting the word "residing" for the word "domiciled," by substituting the word "residence" for the word "domicile," and by substituting the word "residents" for 13 14 the word "domiciliaries". For purposes of this section, "legal custodian" means the 15 person or agency that has been awarded legal custody of the child by a court. This section shall not be construed to affect the ability of any person to acquire a 16 17 new domicile." 18 **SECTION 3.(j)** G.S. 115C-367 reads as rewritten: 19 "§ 115C-367. Assignment on certain bases prohibited. No person shall be refused admission to or be excluded from any public school in 20 21 this State on account of race, creed, color or national origin. No school attendance 22 district or zone shall be drawn for the purpose of segregating persons of various races, 23 creeds, colors or national origins from the community. 24 Where local school administrative units have divided the geographic area into 25 attendance districts or zones, pupils shall be assigned to schools within such attendance 26 districts: Provided, however, that the board of education of a local school administrative 27 unit may assign any pupil to a school outside of such attendance district or zone in order 28 that such pupil may attend a school of a specialized kind including but not limited to a 29 vocational school or school operated for, or operating programs for, pupils mentally or 30 physically handicapped, or for any other reason which the board of education in its sole 31 discretion deems sufficient. 32 The provisions of G.S. 115C-366(b), 115C-367 to 115C-370 and 115C-116 Part 1D 33 of Article 9 of this Chapter, G.S. 115C-366(b), and G.S. 115C-367 to G.S. 115C-370 34 shall not apply to a temporary assignment due to the unsuitability of a school for its 35 intended purpose nor to any assignment or transfer necessitated by overcrowded 36 conditions or other circumstances which, in the sole discretion of the school board, 37 require assignment or reassignment. 38 The provisions of G.S. 115C-366(b), 115C-367 to 115C-370 and 115C-116 Part 1D 39 of Article 9 of this Chapter, G.S. 115C-366(b), and G.S. 115C-367 to G.S. 115C-370 shall not apply to an application for the assignment or reassignment by the parent, 40 41 guardian or person standing in loco parentis of any pupil or to any assignment made 42 pursuant to a choice made by any pupil who is eligible to make such choice pursuant to 43 the provisions of a freedom of choice plan voluntarily adopted by the board of education of a local school administrative unit." 44

1	<b>SECTION 3.(k)</b> G.S. 115C-371 reads as rewritten:
2	"§ 115C-371. Assignment to special education programs.
3	Assignment of students to special education programs is subject to the provisions of
4	G.S. 115C-116.Article 9 of this Chapter."
5	<b>SECTION 3.(I)</b> G.S. 115C-391 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 115C-391. Corporal punishment, suspension, or expulsion of pupils.
7	
8	(d1) A local board of education or superintendent shall suspend for 365 calendar
9	days any student who:
10	(1) Brings onto educational property or to a school-sponsored curricular or
11	extracurricular activity off educational property, or
12	(2) Possesses on educational property or at a school-sponsored curricular
13	or extracurricular activity off educational property,
14	a weapon, as defined in G.S. 14-269.2(b), 14-269.2(b1), 14-269.2(g), and 14-269.2(h).
15	The local board of education upon recommendation by the superintendent may modify
16	this suspension requirement on a case-by-case basis that includes, but is not limited to,
17	the procedures established under Article 9 of this Chapter for the discipline of students
18	with disabilities and may also provide, or contract for the provision of, educational
19	services to any student suspended pursuant to this subsection in an alternative school
20	setting or in another setting that provides educational and other services.
21	
22	(d3) A local board of education or superintendent shall suspend for 365 calendar
23	days any student who, by any means of communication to any person or group of
24	persons, makes a report, knowing or having reason to know the report is false, that there
25	is located on educational property or at a school-sponsored curricular or extracurricular
26	activity off educational property any device designed to destroy or damage property by
27	explosion, blasting, or burning, or who, with intent to perpetrate a hoax, conceals,
28	places, or displays any device, machine, instrument, or artifact on educational property
29	or at a school-sponsored curricular or extracurricular activity off educational property,
30	so as to cause any person reasonably to believe the same to be a bomb or other device
31	capable of causing injury to persons or property. The local board upon recommendation
32	by the superintendent may modify either suspension requirement on a case-by-case
33	basis that includes, but is not limited to, the procedures established under Article 9 of
34	this Chapter for the discipline of students with disabilities and may also provide, or
35	contract for the provision of, educational services to any student suspended under this
36	subsection in an alternative school setting or in another setting that provides educational
37	and other services. For purposes of this subsection and subsection (d1) of this section,
38	the term "educational property" has the same definition as in G.S. 14-269.2(a)(1).
39	
40	(g) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the policies and procedures for
41	the discipline of students with disabilities shall be consistent with Article 9 of this

the discipline of students with disabilities shall be consistent with Article 9 of this 41 <u>Chapter and with federal laws and regulations.</u>..." 42

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SECTION 3.(m) G.S. 115C-397.1 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 115C-397.1. Management and placement of disruptive students.

1 2 If, after a teacher has requested assistance from the principal two or more times due 3 to a student's disruptive behavior, the teacher finds that the student's disruptive behavior 4 continues to interfere with the academic achievement of that student or other students in 5 the class, then the teacher may refer the matter to a school-based committee. The 6 teacher may request that additional classroom teachers participate in the committee's 7 proceedings. For the purposes of this section, the committee shall notify the student's 8 parent, guardian, or legal custodian and shall encourage that person's participation in the 9 proceedings of the committee concerning the student. A student is not required to be screened, evaluated, or identified as a child with special needs under this section. 10 11 Nothing in this section requires a student to be screened, evaluated, or identified as a 12 child with a disability under Article 9 of this Chapter. The committee shall review the 13 matter and shall take one or more of the following actions: (i) advise the teacher on 14 managing the student's behavior more effectively, (ii) recommend to the principal the 15 transfer of the student to another class within the school, (iii) recommend to the principal a multidisciplinary diagnosis and evaluation of the student, (iv) recommend to 16 17 the principal that the student be assigned to an alternative learning program, or (v) 18 recommend to the principal that the student receive any additional services that the 19 school or the school unit has the resources to provide for the student. If the principal 20 does not follow the recommendation of the committee, the principal shall provide a 21 written explanation to the committee, the teacher who referred the matter to the 22 committee, and the superintendent, of any actions taken to resolve the matter and of the 23 reason the principal did not follow the recommendation of the committee.

24 This section shall be in addition to the supplemental to disciplinary action taken in 25 accordance with any other law. The recommendation of the committee is final and shall 26 not be appealed under G.S. 115C-45(c). Nothing in this section shall authorize a student 27 to refer a disciplinary matter to this committee or to have the matter of the student's 28 behavior referred to this committee before any discipline is imposed on the student." 29

- **SECTION 3.(n)** G.S. 122C-3(13c) reads as rewritten: "(13c) "Eligible infants and toddlers" means children with or at risk for developmental delays or atypical development until:
  - They have reached their third birthday; a.
- Their parents have requested to have them receive services in 33 b. 34 the preschool program for handicapped children with 35 disabilities established pursuant to Part 14 of Article IX under 36 Article 9 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes; and 37
  - They have been placed in the program by the local educational c. agency.
- 39 In no event shall a child be considered an eligible toddler after the 40 beginning of the school year immediately following the child's third 41 birthday. birthday, unless the Secretary and the State Board enter into 42 an agreement under G.S. 115C-106.4(c)."
- 43 SECTION 3.(o) The catch line to Part 13A of Chapter 143B of the General 44 Statutes reads as rewritten:

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1	"Part 13A. Interagency Coordinating Council for Handicapped Children with
2	<u>Disabilities</u> from Birth to Five Years of Age."
3	<b>SECTION 3.(p)</b> The catch line to G.S. 143B-179.6 reads as rewritten:
4	"§ 143B-179.6. Interagency Coordinating Council for Handicapped-Children with
5	<u>Disabilities from Birth to Five Years of Age; agency cooperation."</u>
6	<b>SECTION 3.(q)</b> G.S. 143B-216.40 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 143B-216.40. Establishment; operations.
8	There are established, and there shall be maintained, the following schools for the
9	deaf: the Eastern North Carolina School for the Deaf at Wilson (K-12) and the North
10	Carolina School for the Deaf at Morganton (K-12). The Department of Health and
11	Human Services shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the schools.
12	The Board of Directors of the North Carolina Schools for the Deaf shall advise the
13	Department and shall adopt rules and regulations concerning the schools as provided in
14	G.S. 115C-124 and 143B-173."
15	SECTION 4.(a) Article 25A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is
16	amended by adding the following new section to read:
17	" <u>§ 115C-375.5. Education for pregnant and parenting students.</u>
18	(a) Pregnant and parenting students shall receive the same educational instruction
19	or its equivalent as other students. A local school administrative unit may provide
20	programs to meet the special scheduling and curriculum needs of pregnant and
21	parenting students. However, student participation in these programs shall be voluntary,
22	and the instruction and curriculum must be comparable to that provided other students.
23	(b) Local boards of education shall adopt a policy to ensure that pregnant and
24	parenting students are not discriminated against or excluded from school or any
25	program, class, or extracurricular activity because they are pregnant or parenting
26	students. The policy shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
27	(1) Local school administrative units shall use, as needed, supplemental
28	funds from the At-Risk Student Services allotment to support
29	programs for pregnant and parenting students.
30	(2) Notwithstanding Part 1 of Article 26 of this Chapter, pregnant and
31	parenting students shall be given excused absences from school for
32	pregnancy and related conditions for the length of time the student's
33	physician finds medically necessary. This includes absences due to the
34	illness or medical appointment during school hours of a child of whom
35	the student is the custodial parent.
36	(3) Homework and make-up work shall be made available to pregnant and
37	parenting students to ensure that they have the opportunity to keep
38	current with assignments and avoid losing course credit because of
39	their absence from school and, to the extent necessary, a homebound
40	teacher shall be assigned."
41	<b>SECTION 4.(b)</b> This section applies beginning with the 2006-2007 school
42	year.
43	SECTION 5. Article 3 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes is amended
44	by adding the following new section to read:

1	"§ 150B-22.1. Special education petitions.
2	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, timelines and other
3	procedural safeguards required to be provided under IDEA and Article 9 of Chapter
4	<u>115C of the General Statutes must be followed in an impartial due process hearing</u>
5	initiated when a petition is filed under G.S. 115C-109.6 with the Office of
6	Administrative Hearings.
7	(b) The administrative law judge who conducts a hearing under G.S. 115C-109.6
8	shall not be a person who has a personal or professional interest that conflicts with the
9	judge's objectivity in the hearing. Furthermore, the judge must possess knowledge of,
10	and the ability to understand, IDEA and legal interpretations of IDEA by federal and
11	State courts. The judges are encouraged to participate in training developed and
12	provided by the State Board of Education under G.S. 115C-107.2(h).
13	(c) For the purpose of this section, the term "IDEA" means The Individuals with
14	Disabilities Education Improvement Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1400, et seq., (2004), as amended,
15	and its regulations."
16	SECTION 6.(a) The State Board of Education, through the Division of
17	Exceptional Children and the Office of Administrative Hearings, shall develop its
18	memorandum of understanding as required under G.S. 115C-109.6(j), as created in
19	Section 2 of this act, by October 31, 2006. The memorandum of understanding shall
20	establish procedures and timelines that are efficient and meet the criteria of IDEA so
21	that impartial hearings are expeditiously handled. At the same time, the procedures and
22	timelines should recognize there are some complicated issues that may require
23	additional time to resolve. In particular, this memorandum should address at least the
24	following:
25	(1) The reasons, number of days, and means for providing notice to
26	parties.
27	(2) When a petition is initiated for the purpose of determining when a
28 29	decision shall be reached. Specifically, this shall address when
29 30	mediation is begun before and after a petition is filed and when no
30 31	<ul><li>(3) mediation is begun.</li><li>(3) Whether mediated conferences subject to Chapter 150B of the General</li></ul>
31	Statutes are appropriate under IDEA and, if so, when they should
32 33	occur and how they will affect the timelines.
33 34	(4) The number of extensions to be allowed and the basis on which an
35	extension may be granted.
36	(5) The standard of review for cases going to review officers.
37	(6) Any other procedural or tolling issue that the State Board of Education
38	or the Office of Administrative Hearings considers necessary to
39	address.
40	<b>SECTION 6.(b)</b> The State Board and the Office of Administrative Hearings
41	shall report jointly to the House Select Committee on the Education of Students with
42	Disabilities by November 15, 2006, on the memorandum of understanding. This report
43	shall make any recommendations as to funding issues that must be resolved or statutory

1 changes that are needed, or both, in order to implement the memorandum of 2 understanding.

SECTION 7. The State Board of Education shall ensure that the Allotment
 Policy Manual includes, in fiscal year 2006-2007 and thereafter, the following language
 related to local education agencies' use of funds allotted for textbooks:

6 "Local Education Agencies (LEAs) shall use their State textbook funds to 7 provide, to the same extent as is provided to nondisabled students, textbooks for 8 students with disabilities. LEAs also shall, at a minimum, provide teachers of children 9 with disabilities with the same teachers' editions provided to teachers of nondisabled 10 students."

11 **SECTION 8.** Section 7 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2006. The 12 remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.