GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 788

Short Title: Crime Victims Restitution Improvement Act. (Public) Sponsors: Representatives Eddins, Holliman (Primary Sponsors); Faison, LaRoque, Pate, and Setzer. Referred to: Judiciary I. March 17, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO IMPROVE THE COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF RESTITUTION FOR CRIME VICTIMS IN NORTH CAROLINA AND TO DIRECT THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO STUDY THIRD-PARTY COLLECTION FOR THE COLLECTION OF RESTITUTION AND OTHER COURT COSTS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **RESTITUTION FOR FUNERAL EXPENSES MANDATORY** SECTION 1. G.S. 15A-1340.36(b) reads as rewritten: The court may require the defendant to make full restitution no later than a "(b) certain date or, if the circumstances warrant, may allow the defendant to make restitution in installments over a specified time period. Funeral and Burial Expenses Mandatory. - When a defendant is convicted of an offense that proximately resulted in the death of a victim, the amount of restitution shall always include all necessary expenses incurred by or on behalf of the victim's estate for funeral and burial expenses and related services, including the cost of a headstone, if any." ABILITY TO PAY NOT A FACTOR IN DETERMINING AMOUNT OF **RESTITUTION**

- 19 **SECTION 2.1.** G.S. 15A-1340.34 reads as rewritten:
- 20 "§ 15A-1340.34. Restitution generally.

(a) When sentencing a defendant convicted of a criminal offense, the court shall
determine whether the defendant shall be ordered to make restitution to any victim of
the offense in question. For purposes of this Article, the term "victim" means a person
directly and proximately harmed as a result of the defendant's commission of the
criminal offense.

(b) If the defendant is being sentenced for an offense for which the victim is
entitled to restitution under Article 46 of this Chapter, the court shall, in addition to any
penalty authorized by law, require that the defendant make restitution to the victim or

1	the victim's esta	ate for any injuries or damages arising directly and proximately out of
2	the offense cor	nmitted by the defendant. If the defendant is placed on probation or
3	post-release su	pervision, any restitution ordered under this subsection shall be a
4	condition of pro-	obation as provided in G.S. 15A-1343(d) or a condition of post-release
5	supervision as p	provided in G.S. 148-57.1.law:
6	<u>(1)</u>	Enter a judgment against the defendant in favor of the victim or the
7		victim's estate under G.S. 15A-1340.38 for the full amount of the
8		restitution, which shall be determined in accordance with
9		<u>G.S. 15A-1340.35 and G.S. 15A-1340.36(a);</u>
10	<u>(2)</u>	If the defendant is placed on probation, require payment of restitution
11		as a condition of probation, in the amount which the court determines
12		the defendant is able to pay as provided in G.S. 15A-1340.36(b) and
13		<u>(c); and</u>
14	<u>(3)</u>	If the defendant is sentenced to active punishment, recommend that the
15		defendant be required to pay restitution out of work release earnings
16		and as a condition of post-release supervision.
17	. ,	n subsection (b) of this section does not apply, the court may, in addition
18	• •	alty authorized by law, require that the defendant make restitution to the
19		ctim's estate any other person for any injuries or damages arising directly
20	-	y out of the offense committed by the defendant. defendant, but no
21		be entered under G.S. 15A-1340.38 in favor of the person and the
22		. 15A-1340.39 and G.S. 15A-1340.40 shall not apply."
23		FION 2.2. G.S. 15A-1340.36, as amended by Section 1 of this act,
24	reads as rewritte	
25		6. Determination of restitution-the amount of restitution due each
26		n; entry of civil judgment.
27		<u>unt of Restitution. –</u> In determining the amount of restitution to be made,
28		take into consideration the resources of the defendant including all real
29		property owned by the defendant and the income derived from the
30		defendant's ability to earn, the defendant's obligation to support
31		d any other matters that pertain to the defendant's ability to make
32		the court is not required to make findings of fact or conclusions of law
33		s. The amount of restitution must be limited to that supported by the
34		court may order partial restitution when it appears that the damage or
35		the offense is greater than that which the defendant is able to pay. If the
36		tial restitution, the court shall state on the record the reasons for such an
37		shall determine the total amount of restitution to which each victim is
38		ring only the factors specified in G.S. 15A-1340.35. The court shall not
39		endant's ability to pay in making this determination. The total amount of
40		nust be limited to that supported by the record.
41		ral and Burial Expenses Mandatory When a defendant is convicted of
42		proximately resulted in the death of a victim, the amount of restitution
43	shall always in	clude all necessary expenses incurred by or on behalf of the victim's

1	estate for fund	eral and burial expenses and related services, including the cost of a
2	headstone, if a	ny.
3	(c) Whe	en an active sentence is imposed, the court shall consider whether it
4	should recom	mend to the Secretary of Correction that restitution be made by the
5	defendant out	of any earnings gained by the defendant if the defendant is granted
6	work-release p	privileges, as provided in G.S. 148-33.2. The court shall also consider
7	whether it sho	uld recommend to the Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission
8	that restitution	by the defendant be made a condition of any parole or post-release
9	supervision gr	anted the defendant, as provided in G.S. 148-57.1. Entry of Judgment
10	Upon determin	ning the total amount of restitution owed to each victim, the court shall
11	<u>enter a judgm</u>	ent in accordance with G.S. 15A-1340.38 in favor of each victim and
12	against the def	endant for that amount."
13	SEC	CTION 2.3. Article 81C of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is
14	amended by ac	lding a new section to read:
15	" <u>§ 15A-1340.3</u>	6.1. Determination of restitution payment schedule.
16	(a) Payı	nent Upon Sentencing. – If the defendant is able to pay the total amount
17	of restitution of	ordered at the time of sentencing, the court shall require payment of that
18	total by 5:00 I	P.M. of the day on which the defendant is sentenced. If the defendant is
19	able to pay or	ly a portion of that total, the court shall require payment of that entire
20	portion by 5:0	0 P.M. of the day on which the defendant is sentenced and establish a
21	schedule of par	yments for the remainder of the total in accordance with this section.
22	(b) Payı	nent While on Probation If the defendant is placed on supervised or
23	unsupervised p	probation, the court shall:
24	<u>(1)</u>	Determine the portion of the total amount of restitution ordered that
25		the defendant will be able to pay during the term of probation.
26	<u>(2)</u>	Require as a condition of probation that the defendant pay the entire
27		portion that the defendant is able to pay. If the defendant is able to pay
28		the total amount of restitution ordered, the court shall require payment
29		of that total. If the defendant is able to pay only a portion of that total,
30		the court shall require payment of that entire portion.
31	<u>(3)</u>	Establish a schedule of payments or other method of payment that
32		assures that the defendant will, before the end of the term of probation,
33		pay the entire portion that the defendant is able to pay or delegate to a
34		probation officer the authority to do so.
35	(c) Payı	nent While Serving Active Sentence If the defendant is sentenced to an
36	active sentence	e and the court recommends that the defendant pay restitution out of work
37	release earning	gs, the court shall enter in the sentencing judgment the total amount of
38	restitution, as	determined under G.S. 15A-1340.36, but shall not specify the portion to
39	be paid out of	work release earnings. At the time when the defendant is granted work
40	release privileg	ges, the Department of Correction shall:
41	<u>(1)</u>	Determine the portion of the total restitution that the defendant will be
42		able to pay from work release earnings.
43	<u>(2)</u>	Deduct from the defendant's work release earnings and apply, as
44		provided in G.S. 148-33.2, the entire portion of restitution that the

	General Assem	ably of North Carolina	Session 2005
1		defendant is able to pay. If the defendant is able	to pay the total
2		amount of restitution, the Department shall require	· ·
3		total. If the defendant is able to pay only a portion	· ·
4		Department shall require payment of that entire portion	
5	(d) Paym	ent While on Post-Release Supervision. – If the defer	
	to an active ser	tence and the court recommends that the defendant p	ay restitution as a
	condition of r	elease under post-release supervision, the court sl	hall enter in the
	sentencing jud	lgment the total amount of restitution, as d	etermined under
	<u>G.S. 15A-1340</u> .	36, but shall not specify the portion to be paid as a co	ondition of release
	under post-rele	ase supervision. At the time when the defendant	is released under
	post-release sup	pervision, the Parole and Post-Release Supervision Con	nmission shall:
	<u>(1)</u>	Determine the portion of the total restitution that the	
		able to pay during the term of post-release supervisio	
	<u>(2)</u>	Require as a condition of release under post-release	*
		the defendant pay the entire portion that the defendar	
		the defendant is able to pay the total amount ordered	
		shall require payment of that total. If the defendant i	
		a portion of that total, the Commission shall require	e payment of that
		entire portion.	
	<u>(3)</u>	Establish a schedule of payments or other method	
		assures that the defendant will, before the end	
		post-release supervision, pay the entire amount that	
		able to pay or delegate to a post-release superv	vision officer the
		authority to do so.	0111 1
		rs for Determining Ability to Pay and Payment	
		e defendant's ability to pay restitution and the man	
		<u>b</u> be made, all the resources of the defendant shand including without limitation:	an be taken into
		•	nt and the income
	<u>(1)</u>	All real and personal property owned by the defenda derived from the property,	
	(2)	<u>The defendant's present and potential future ability to</u>	Aarn
	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	The defendant's obligation to support dependents,	<u>eann</u> ,
	(3) (4)	Restitution owed to other victims, and	
	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$	Any other matters that pertain to the defendant's	ability to make
	<u>(5)</u>	restitution.	a donity to make
	The court is	not required to make findings of fact or conclusions	of law under this
	subsection."	not required to make midnigs of fact of conclusions	of idw dilder tills
		FION 2.4. G.S. 15A-1343(d) reads as rewritten:	
		tution as a Condition of Probation. – As a conditio	n of probation, a
		be required to make restitution or reparation to an a	—
	•	Il be named by the court for the damage or loss caused	
	▲ ·	he offense or offenses committed by the defendant. W	•
	-	led to restitution under Article 46 of this Chapter is a c	
	_	ake into consideration the factors set out determine and	_
			

of restitution as provided in G.S. 15A-1340.35 and G.S. 15A-1340.36.G.S. 1 15A-1340.35, 15A-1340.36, and 15A-1340.36.1. As used herein, "reparation" shall 2 3 include but not be limited to the performing of community services, volunteer work, or doing such other acts or things as shall aid the defendant in his rehabilitation. As used 4 5 herein "aggrieved party" includes individuals, firms, corporations, associations, other 6 organizations, and government agencies, whether federal, State or local, including the 7 Crime Victims Compensation Fund established by G.S. 15B-23. A government agency 8 may benefit by way of reparation even though the agency was not a party to the crime 9 provided that when reparation is ordered, community service work shall be rendered 10 only after approval has been granted by the owner or person in charge of the property or premises where the work will be done." 11 12 SECTION 2.5. G.S. 148-33.2 reads as rewritten:

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"§ 148-33.2. Restitution by prisoners with work-release privileges.

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(a) Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 474, s. 4.

15 (b) As a rehabilitative measure, the Secretary of the Department of Correction is 16 authorized to require any prisoner granted work-release privileges to make restitution or 17 reparation to an aggrieved party from any earnings gained by the defendant while on 18 work release when the sentencing court recommends that restitution or reparation be 19 paid by the defendant out of any earnings gained by the defendant if he is granted 20 work-release privileges and out of other resources of the defendant, including all real 21 and personal property owned by the defendant and the income derived from such 22 property. The Except when restitution is recommended for a victim entitled to 23 restitution under Article 46 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, the Secretary shall 24 not be bound by such recommendation, but if they elect not to implement the 25 recommendation, they shall state in writing the reasons therefor, and shall forward the same to the sentencing court. 26

27 When an active sentence is imposed, the court shall consider whether, as a (c) rehabilitative measure, it should recommend to the Secretary of Correction that 28 29 restitution or reparation be made by the defendant out of any earnings gained by the 30 defendant if he is granted work-release privileges and out of other resources of the defendant, including all real and personal property owned by the defendant, and income 31 32 derived from such property. If the court determines that restitution or reparation should 33 not be recommended, it shall so indicate on the commitment. If, however, the court 34 determines that restitution or reparation should be recommended, the court shall make 35 its recommendation a part of the order committing the defendant to custody. The recommendation shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of 36 37 G.S. 15A-1343(d) and Article 81C of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes. If the 38 offense is one in which there is evidence of physical, mental or sexual abuse of a minor, 39 the court may order the defendant to pay from work release earnings the cost of 40 rehabilitative treatment for the minor. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall prepare and distribute forms which provide ample space to make restitution or 41 42 reparation recommendations incident to commitments, which forms shall be conveniently structured to enable the sentencing court to make its recommendation. 43

The Secretary of the Department of Correction shall establish rules and 1 (d)2 regulations to implement this section, which shall include adequate notice to the 3 prisoner that the payment of restitution or reparation from any earnings gained by the 4 prisoner while on work release is being considered as a condition of any work-release 5 privileges granted the prisoner, and opportunity for the prisoner to be heard. Such rules 6 and regulations shall also provide additional methods whereby facts may be obtained to supplement the recommendation of the sentencing court. When work release privileges 7 8 are granted to a prisoner who has been ordered to pay restitution to a victim entitled to 9 restitution under Article 46 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, the amount to be 10 deducted from the prisoner's work release earnings shall be determined as provided in G.S. 15A-1340.35, 15A-1340.36, and 15A-1340.36.1, and that amount shall be so 11 12 deducted."

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SECTION 2.6. G.S. 148-57.1 reads as rewritten:

14 "§ 148-57.1. Restitution as a condition of parole or post-release supervision.

15

(a) Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 474, s. 5.

16 (b) As a rehabilitative measure, the Post-Release Supervision and Parole 17 Commission is authorized to require a prisoner to whom parole or post-release 18 supervision is granted to make restitution or reparation to an aggrieved party as a 19 condition of parole or post-release supervision when the sentencing court recommends 20 that restitution or reparation to an aggrieved party be made a condition of any parole or 21 post-release supervision granted the defendant. When imposing restitution as a condition and setting up a payment schedule for the restitution, the Post-Release 22 23 Supervision and Parole Commission shall take into consideration the resources of the 24 defendant, including all real and personal property owned by the defendant and the income derived from such property, his ability to earn, and his obligation to support 25 dependents. The Except when restitution is recommended for a victim entitled to 26 27 restitution under Article 46 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, the Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission shall not be bound by such recommendation, but if 28 29 it elects not to implement the recommendation, it shall state in writing the reasons 30 therefor, and shall forward the same to the sentencing court.

When an active sentence is imposed, the court shall consider whether, as a 31 (c) 32 rehabilitative measure, it should recommend to the Post-Release Supervision and Parole 33 Commission that restitution or reparation by the defendant be made a condition of any parole or post-release supervision granted the defendant. If the court determines that 34 35 restitution or reparation should not be recommended, it shall so indicate on the commitment. If, however, the court determines that restitution or reparation should be 36 37 recommended, the court shall make its recommendation a part of the order committing 38 the defendant to custody. The recommendation shall be in accordance with the 39 applicable provisions of Article 81C of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall prepare and distribute forms which provide 40 ample space to make restitution or reparation recommendations incident to 41 42 commitments, which forms shall be conveniently structured to enable the sentencing court to make its recommendation. 43

1			e is one in which there is evidence of physical, mental or sexual abuse of
2			urt may order, as a condition of parole or post-release supervision, that
3		-	ay the cost of any rehabilitative treatment for the minor.
4	(d)		Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission shall establish rules
5	•		to implement this section, which shall include adequate notice to the
6	-		e payment of restitution or reparation by the prisoner is being considered
7			of any parole or post-release supervision granted the prisoner, and
8	. .	•	the prisoner to be heard. Such rules and regulations shall also provide
9			ods whereby facts may be obtained to supplement the recommendation
10			g court. When a prisoner is released under post-release supervision, the
11			hall determine and require payment of restitution as provided in
12			<u>35, 15A-1340.36, and 15A-1340.36.1.</u> "
13			ERMINATION OF PROBATION UNTIL COMPLETION OF
14	RESTIT		N OBLIGATION
15			FION 3. G.S. 15A-1342(b) reads as rewritten:
16	"(b)	•	Termination The court may terminate a period of probation and
17	-		defendant at any time earlier than that provided in subsection (a) if
18		•	e conduct of the defendant and the ends of justice. justice, provided that
19			ot terminate a period of probation or discharge the defendant at any time
20			t provided in subsection (a) unless the defendant has paid in full all
21			ble, as a condition of probation, to a victim entitled to restitution under
22			is Chapter. Any order remitting any unpaid portion of such restitution is
23	null and		
24			ON OF RESTITUTION PAYMENTS TO VICTIM'S NEXT OF
25 26	KIN AF		CLOSING OF ESTATE
26	buaddin		FION 4. Article 21 of Chapter 28A of the General Statutes is amended
27			v section to read:
28			Restitution payments; list of next of kin.
29	<u>(a)</u>		ollowing definitions apply in this section:
30		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	"Victim" means a victim as defined in G.S. 15A-830(a)(7).
31		<u>(2)</u>	"Restitution payment" means any amount payable to a victim pursuant
32	(1-)	A	to Article 81C of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes.
33	<u>(b)</u>		sonal representative or collector of the estate of a victim may file, along
34			count, a list of the victim's next of kin who are entitled to exercise the $\frac{1}{2}$
35	<u>victim s r</u>		There are no unset of a long discussion of the following conditions are met:
36		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	There are no unsatisfied creditors.
37		$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$	There are no unsatisfied general monetary bequests.
38		<u>(3)</u>	All assets other than any potential future restitution payments have
39 40	(-)	۸ 1۰	been distributed.
40	$\frac{(c)}{(c)}$		st of next of kin, signed under oath, must contain the following
41	<u>informati</u>		The name and address of the newspaped conversations or callester
42		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	The name and address of the personal representative or collector.
43		(2)	The name and social security number of the decedent.

Session 2005 **General Assembly of North Carolina** The name and address, if known, of all next of kin who are entitled to 1 (3) 2 exercise the victim's rights pursuant to G.S. 15A-830(b). 3 (4) The share of each next of kin in the restitution payable to the victim. 4 The clerk of superior court must review the list of next of kin to determine if (d) 5 the listed next of kin and their shares of potential future restitution payments are in 6 accordance with the Intestate Succession Act. If so, the clerk shall accept the list of next 7 of kin for filing and endorse the clerk's approval thereon, which shall be prima facie 8 evidence of correctness. 9 (e) Upon determination by the clerk of superior court that the estate of a victim 10 has been closed, all restitution payments may be paid directly to those next of kin and in those shares set forth on a list of next of kin filed under this section, without the estate's 11 12 having to be reopened under G.S. 28A-23-5. The estate of a decedent who is entitled to any restitution payment may be 13 (f) 14 reopened, if necessary, in accordance with G.S. 28A-23-5 in order to file a list of next of 15 kin under this section. **INCOME WITHHOLDING** 16 17 **SECTION 5.1.** G.S. 15A-832 is amended by adding a new subsection to 18 read: In order to aid the court in ordering income withholding under 19 "(h) 20 G.S. 15A-1340.39, the prosecuting attorney shall make reasonable efforts to identify all 21 of the defendant's sources of disposable income as defined in that section and shall, at the sentencing hearing, provide the court with the name and address of each employer 22 23 paying disposable income to the defendant and the amount of the defendant's disposable 24 income from each such employer." SECTION 5.2. Article 81C of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is 25 amended by adding a new section to read: 26 27 "§ 15A-1340.39. Income withholding to enforce restitution as a condition of 28 probation. 29 Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section: <u>(a)</u> 30 "Defendant" means a person who is convicted of a crime to which the (1)Crime Victims' Rights Act applies, and who is required to pay 31 32 restitution as a condition of probation. "Disposable income" means any form of periodic payment to an 33 <u>(2)</u> individual, regardless of sources, including but not limited to wages, 34 35 salary, commission, self-employment income, bonus pay, severance pay, sick pay, incentive pay, vacation pay, compensation as an 36 independent contractor, worker's compensation, disability, annuity, 37 survivor's benefits, pension and retirement benefits, interest, dividends, 38 39 rents, royalties, trust income and other similar payments, which remain after the deduction of amounts for federal. State, and local taxes, 40 Social Security, and involuntary retirement contributions. However, 41 Supplemental Security Income, Work First Family Assistance, and 42 other public assistance payments shall be excluded from disposable 43

	General	Assen	ably of North Carolina	Session 2005
1			income. For wage payors, disposable income means	"wage" as it is
2			defined by G.S. 95-25.2(16).	-
3		<u>(3)</u>	"Division" means the Division of Community Co	orrection of the
4			Department of Correction.	
5		<u>(4)</u>	"Employer" means any employer or other payor of dis	posable income.
6	<u>(b)</u>	Entry	of Income Withholding Order Whenever the court pl	laces a defendant
7	on super	vised	or unsupervised probation and requires payment of	restitution as a
8	condition	of pro	bation, the court shall enter an order for income withho	lding pursuant to
9	this section	on, if b	oth of the following conditions are also met:	
10		<u>(1)</u>	The term of probation is six months or longer.	
11		<u>(2)</u>	The defendant is required to make periodic payment	s throughout the
12			term of probation, according to a schedule set by the	ne court or by a
13			probation officer.	
14	<u>(c)</u>	Deter	minations by Court Before entering an order for inco	ome withholding,
15	the court	shall c	letermine all of the following:	
16		(1)	The defendant's total disposable income from all source	es.
17		<u>(2)</u>	The names and addresses of the defendant's employers	<u>).</u>
18		<u>(3)</u>	The defendant's pay period for each employer (e.g. we	<u>ekly, bi-weekly, </u>
19			semi-monthly or monthly).	
20		(4)	The amount to be withheld by each employer for each	pay period.
21	<u>(d)</u>	Mult	ple Withholding Orders If, at the time of sentencing	<u>g, a defendant is</u>
22	already su	<u>ubject</u>	to one or more withholding orders under this section:	
23		(1)	The defendant shall so notify the court at the time of se	entencing.
24		(2)	The court shall then determine whether the defend	lant has enough
25			disposable income so that, after all prior withhol	ding orders are
26			complied with, further amounts may be withheld un	nder this section
27			without exceeding the aggregate withholding lim	its specified in
28			section 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection A	act, 15 U.S.C. §
29			<u>1673(b).</u>	
30		(3)	If so, the court shall order that any available amount b	be withheld from
31			the defendant's disposable income.	
32		(4)	If not, the court shall deny withholding.	
33	<u>(e)</u>	Amo	unt Withheld. – The amount to be withheld shall include	<u>;</u>
34		<u>(1)</u>	<u>The lesser of:</u>	
35			a. The amount of the periodic payment that t	
36			required to make as a condition of probation	on, pro rated if
37			necessary per pay period,	
38			b. The amount ordered withheld pursuant to subs	ection (d) of this
39			section,	
40			c. <u>The maximum withholding allowable under s</u>	
41			the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C.	
42		<u>(2)</u>	A processing fee of two dollars (\$2.00) to cov	
43			withholding, to be retained by the employer for e	ach withholding
44			unless waived by the employer.	
43 44			withholding, to be retained by the employer for e unless waived by the employer.	ach withholding

1	(f) Noti	ce to Employers. – Immediately upon entry of an income withholding	
2	order under this section, a notice of obligation to withhold shall be served on each		
3	employer, subject to the following provisions:		
4	(1)	The notice shall include all of the following:	
5		a. The amount of disposable income upon which the withholding	
6		is based.	
7		b. The pay period upon which the withholding is based.	
8			
9		 <u>c.</u> The amount to be withheld each pay period. <u>d.</u> The maximum percentage of the defendant's disposable income 	
10		that may be withheld under section 303(b) of the Consumer	
11		Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §1673(b).	
12		e. The address of the clerk of superior court to which the amounts	
13		withheld shall be remitted.	
14		f. All of the employer's duties under subsections (g), (n), and (o)	
15		of this section and the penalties for failing to perform those	
16		duties.	
17		g. The case number of the case in which the income withholding	
18		has been ordered.	
19	<u>(2)</u>	The notice shall be served pursuant to Rule 5 of the North Carolina	
20		Rules of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5. If the notice is mailed,	
21		service shall be effective upon mailing.	
22	<u>(3)</u>	If the defendant is placed on supervised probation, the Division shall	
23		serve the notice.	
24	<u>(4)</u>	If the defendant is placed on unsupervised probation, the clerk of	
25		superior court shall service the notice.	
26	<u>(g)</u> Emp	loyer's Responsibilities. – Upon service of a notice of obligation to	
27		employer shall do all of the following:	
28	<u>(1)</u>	If the defendant's disposable income is equal to or greater than that	
29		specified in the notice, withhold the amount specified in the notice	
30		from the defendant's disposable income.	
31	<u>(2)</u>	If a lesser amount of disposable income is available for any pay period,	
32		withhold a proportionate part of the lesser amount.	
33	<u>(3)</u>	Begin withholding from the defendant's disposable income for the first	
34		pay period that begins 14 or more days after service of the notice.	
35	<u>(4)</u>	Remit the amount withheld to the clerk of superior court at the address	
36		provided in the notice.	
37	<u>(5)</u>	Include with the remission the name of the defendant, the amount	
38		remitted and the case number of the case in which the withholding was	
39		ordered.	
40	<u>(6)</u>	Continue withholding until further notice from the court.	
41	(7)	Withhold under this section after withholding for child support and	
42	. —	before withholding for any other obligation.	
43	<u>(8)</u>	Promptly notify the court, in writing, if the employer has been served	
44		with one or more other orders to withhold income under this section.	

	General	Assem	nbly of North Carolina Sessi	on 2005
1 2 3 4		<u>(9)</u>	Notify the court immediately when the defendant ter employment or otherwise ceases to be entitled to disposable from the employer and provide the defendant's last known add the name and address of the defendant's new employer, if know	income ress and
5	(h)	Proce	eeding to Impose Sanctions. – The court shall impose sanction	
6			esection (i) of this section if it finds that an employer has failed to	
7	-		duties under subsection (g) of this section. The procedure sha	
8	follows:	01 105		
9	10110	(1)	A proceeding to impose sanctions shall be commenced by	filing a
10		<u>\-</u> /	motion in the criminal case in which the judgment contain	-
11			withholding order was entered.	<u>ing the</u>
12		(2)	A motion under this subsection may be filed by the following:	
12		<u>(2)</u>	a. The Division, if the defendant is on supervised probation	n
14			b. The clerk of superior court, if the defendant is on unsu	
15			probation.	<u></u>
16			c. The victim, if the victim has verified information show	ving that
17			the employer has failed to comply with any of its dutie	-
18			subsection (g) of this section, and no motion has been	
19			the Division or the clerk of superior court.	<u>incu by</u>
20		(3)	When filed, each motion shall be placed on the civil motion of	calendar
20 21		<u>(J)</u>	for the trial division in which the judgment was entered and sc	
21			for the earliest available date that is not less than 30 days a	
22			motion is filed.	
23 24		(A)	The moving party shall immediately serve a copy of the motion	on and a
24 25		<u>(4)</u>		<u>JII allu a</u>
		(5)	notice of the hearing on the employer.	no Dulac
26 27		<u>(5)</u>	Service shall be made pursuant to Rule 4 of the North Carolin	<u>la Kules</u>
		$(\boldsymbol{\epsilon})$	of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4.	widence
28		<u>(6)</u>	If, after the hearing, the court finds by a preponderance of the e	
29 20			that the employer has, willfully and without justification or	
30			failed to perform one or more of its duties under subsection (g	
31			section, the court shall impose sanctions as provided in subse	<u>ction (1)</u>
32	(\mathbf{i})	C	of this section.	. 6. 1
33	<u>(i)</u>		tions. – The sanctions that may be imposed upon an employer fo	<u>r failure</u>
34 25	to perform		or more of its duties under subsection (g) of this section are:	
35		<u>(1)</u>	<u>First incident:</u>	
36			a. An order that the employer commence withholding be	
37			with the first pay period that commences after the order,	
38			b. An order to comply promptly with any other duty	<u>y under</u>
39			subsection (g) of this section.	
40		<u>(2)</u>	Second incident:	
41			a. Any sanction authorized under subdivision (1)	ot this
42			subsection, and	
43			<u>b.</u> <u>Civil or criminal contempt.</u>	
44		<u>(3)</u>	Third and subsequent incidents:	

General Assem	bly of North Carolina	Session 2005
	<u>a.</u> Any sanction authorized under subdivisi	ons (1) or (2) of this
	subsection, and	
	b. For cases of failure to withhold, a civil pe	enalty not greater than
	the total amount that has not been with	•
	service of the notice, which penalty sha	•
	Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund	
	<u>G.S. 115C-457.2.</u> The second	, . , .
•	fication or Termination. – The court may modify of	or terminate an income
	ler entered under this section, as follows:	mination
<u>(1)</u>	The following are grounds for modification or ter a. An employer is unable for any reas	
	<u>a.</u> <u>An employer is unable for any reas</u> withholding as ordered by the court.	son to compty with
	e ·	income has changed
	b. <u>The defendant's employer or disposable</u> since an order for withholding was most	-
	case.	
	<u>c.</u> <u>Any other good cause shown.</u>	
<u>(2)</u>	<u>A motion under this section may be filed by an</u>	employer the victim
<u>(2)</u>	the Division, or a prosecuting attorney.	<u>employer</u> , the victim,
<u>(3)</u>	When filed, each motion shall be placed on the	civil motion calendar
(9)	for the trial division in which the judgment was	
	for the earliest available date that is not less t	
	motion is filed.	
<u>(4)</u>	The moving party shall serve a copy of the moti	on and a notice of the
	hearing on the other parties specified in subdivisi	
<u>(5)</u>	Service shall be made pursuant to Rule 5 of the	
	of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5. If serv	
	service is effective upon mailing.	•
<u>(6)</u>	If, after the hearing, the court finds by a prepond	erance of the evidence
	that one or more grounds for modification	n or termination of
	withholding exist, it shall terminate or appr	opriately modify the
	withholding.	
(k) Chan	<u>ge in Employment. – When a defendant changes e</u>	mployers after service
on a current em	ployer of a notice of obligation to withhold under t	
<u>(1)</u>	The defendant shall promptly provide the following	0
	<u>a.</u> <u>The name and street address of the new er</u>	
	b. <u>The defendant's disposable income from the defendant's disposable income from the defendant set as a set of the defendant set as a set of the defendant </u>	<u>hat employer.</u>
<u>(2)</u>	The information shall be provided to:	
	<u>a.</u> <u>The Division, if the defendant is on superv</u>	-
	b. <u>The clerk of superior court, if the defend</u>	ant is on unsupervised
	probation.	
<u>(3)</u>	Upon receipt of new employer information un	
	notice of obligation to withhold shall be served as provided in subsection (h) of this section.	on the new employer
	as provided in subsection (b) of this section	

1	(1) Termination Upon Completion of Probation. – All income withholding orders		
2	entered under this section shall terminate when the defendant's probation is revoked or		
3	terminated or expires at the end of the term of probation. Notice of termination shall be		
4	given to each employer that is under a current obligation to withhold under this section.		
5	Notice shall be given by:		
6	(1) The Division, if the defendant is on supervised probation.		
7	(2) The clerk of superior court, if the defendant is on unsupervised		
8	probation.		
9	(m) <u>Clerk's Responsibilities. – Upon receipt of any funds remitted by an employer</u>		
10	under this section, the clerk of superior court shall enter the amount remitted as a partial		
11	payment on all of the defendant's monetary conditions of probation and shall disburse		
12	those funds as provided by law. If a restitution judgment has been docketed in favor of		
13	the victim pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.38, payments received through income		
14	withholding shall be applied to that judgment as provided in subsection (c) of that		
15	section.		
16	(n) <u>Civil Penalty for Wrongful Violation by Employer. – An employer shall not</u>		
17	discharge from employment, refuse to employ, or otherwise take disciplinary action		
18	against any defendant solely because the defendant is subject to withholding under this		
19	section. When an employer violates this subsection:		
20	(1) The employer shall be liable, in a proceeding pursuant to subsection		
21	(h) of this section, for a civil penalty as follows:		
22	a. For a first offense, the civil penalty shall be one hundred dollars		
23	<u>(\$100.00).</u>		
24	b. For second offense, the civil penalty shall be five hundred		
25	<u>dollars (\$500.00).</u>		
26	c. For the third and each subsequent offense, the civil penalty shall		
27	be one thousand dollars (\$1,000), respectively.		
28	d. <u>The clear proceeds of a civil penalties collected pursuant to this</u>		
29	subdivision shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture		
30	$\frac{\text{Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.}}{\text{Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.}}$		
31	(2) Any employer shall also be liable, in a civil action, for reasonable		
32	damages suffered by a defendant as a result of the violation, and a defendant discharged or demoted in violation of this nemocraph shall be		
33 34	defendant discharged or demoted in violation of this paragraph shall be		
54 35	entitled to be reinstated to his former position. The statute of limitations for actions under this subdivision shall be one year		
35 36	pursuant to G.S. 1-54.		
30 37	(o) <u>Criminal Penalty for Wrongful Violation by Employer. – An employer that</u>		
38	withholds any amount from the disposable income of a defendant, and fails to remit any		
39	portion of the amount so withheld as required by this section, is guilty of a Class 1		
40	misdemeanor, provided that the employer shall not be found guilty under this subsection		
40 41	if the employer remits the total amount so withheld promptly after being charged with		
42	the misdemeanor."		
43	SECTION 5.3. G.S. 15A-1343(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision		
44	to read:		

1		vithholding is ordered under G.S. 1340.39, comply with all the
2		that are specified in that section."
3		LECTION OF RESTITUTION JUDGMENTS
4	SECTION	6.1. G.S. 105A-2(2) reads as rewritten:
5	"(2) Debt.	– Any of the following:
6	a.	A sum owed to a claimant agency that has accrued through
7		contract, subrogation, tort, operation of law, or any other legal
8		theory regardless of whether there is an outstanding judgment
9		for the sum.
10	b.	A sum a claimant agency is authorized or required by law to
11		collect, such as child support payments collectible under Title
12		IV, Part D of the Social Security Act. Act or restitution
13		collectible under G.S. 15A-1340.40.
14	с.	A sum owed as a result of an intentional program violation or a
15		violation due to inadvertent household error under the Food
16		Stamp Program enabled by Chapter 108A, Article 2, Part 5.
17	d.	Reserved for future codification purposes.
18	e.	A sum owed as a result of having obtained public assistance
19		payments under any of the following programs through an
20		intentional false statement, intentional misrepresentation,
21		intentional failure to disclose a material fact, or inadvertent
22		household error:
23		1. The Work First Program provided in Article 2 of Chapter
24		108A of the General Statutes.
25		2. The State-County Special Assistance for Adults Program
26		enabled by Part 3 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the
27		General Statutes.
28	GEOTION	3. A successor program of one of these programs."
29		6.2. G.S. 105A-13(a) reads as rewritten:
30		- To recover the costs incurred by the Department in collecting $(15, 00)$
31	_	er, a collection assistance fee of five dollars (\$5.00) is imposed on
32		rough setoff. The Department must collect this fee as part of the
33		collection assistance fee shall not be added to child support debts
34 25		collected under G.S. 15A-1340.40, or collected as part of child
35 26		<u>c of debts for restitution collected pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.40.</u>
36 27	-	nt shall retain from collections under Division II of Article 4 of
37	-	neral Statutes the cost of collecting child support debts under this
38 39	Chapter.	$\mathbf{C} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{S} 15 \mathbf{A} 1240 29 \mathbf{(d)}$ mode as normalitant
		6.3. G.S. 15A-1340.38(d) reads as rewritten:
40 41		f the conviction upon which the order of restitution is based shall independent and set off debt collection of the independent until the
41 42	-	judgment and setoff debt collection of the judgment until the the conviction is overturned, the judgment shall be cancelled."
42 43		6.4. G.S. 15A-1340.38 is amended by adding a new subsection to
43 44	read:	7.7. O.S. 13A-1340.36 is antenued by adding a new subsection to
44	ivau.	

1	"(e) <u>The court, before entering an order for restitution that is to be docketed as a</u>
2	civil judgment under this section, shall require the defendant to provide the defendant's
3	complete, current and correct social security number or other taxpayer identification
4	number. Failure to comply with this requirement is punishable as a contempt of court.
5	The defendant's social security number or other taxpayer identification shall be entered
6	in the records of the court for the purpose of collecting the judgment through setoff debt
7	collection pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.40."
8	SECTION 6.5. G.S. Article 81C of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is
9	amended by adding a new section to read:
10	" <u>§ 15A-1340.40 Setoff debt collection.</u>
11	(a) The Administrative Office of the Courts, as a claimant agency under Chapter
12	105A of the General Statutes, is authorized to collect the amount of each restitution
13	judgment docketed pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.38, though use of the setoff debt
14	collection procedures specified in that Chapter, subject to the following conditions:
15	(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall initiate setoff debt collection to
16	collect each restitution judgment upon the later of the following:
17	(1) If the defendant, upon conviction, is sentenced to an active sentence.
18	immediately upon entry of the judgment imposing the sentence,
19	(2) If the defendant, upon conviction, is placed in probation, whether
20	supervised or unsupervised, immediately upon revocation or
21	termination of the probation or expiration of the probation term.
22	(c) <u>The total amount of each restitution judgment, less all payments credited</u>
23	against the judgment from other sources, shall be collectible though setoff debt
24	<u>collection.</u>
25	(d) <u>The total amount collected from each defendant through setoff debt collection</u>
26	shall be credited against all judgments for attorneys' fees docketed against the defendant
27	under G.S. 7A-455 and for restitution docketed against the defendant under
28	G.S. 15A-1340.38, in the order in which the judgments were docketed pursuant to
29	$\frac{G.S. 1-234.}{(1)}$
30	(e) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall disburse all amounts collected
31	on each restitution judgment directly to the victim named in the judgment and shall
32	immediately notify the clerk of superior court of the county in which the judgment is
33	docketed of the full amount so disbursed. The clerk shall then enter the amount so disbursed in full or partial actisfaction of the restitution indement
34 35	<u>disbursed in full or partial satisfaction of the restitution judgment.</u>(f) For each restitution judgment, setoff debt collection shall continue until the
35 36	earliest of the following:
37	(1) The date upon which the judgment is fully paid and satisfied,
38	(2) The date upon which the judgment becomes unenforceable under
39	G.S. 1-306.
40	(g) Neither a clerk of superior court, nor the Administrative Office of the Courts,
41	nor the State of North Carolina, nor any officer or employee of any of them, shall be
42	liable to any person for any error or omission made in carrying out setoff debt collection
43	pursuant to this section."

SECTION 6.6. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall, as promptly 1 2 as is reasonably possible considering its available technology resources and the other 3 demands on their use, adapt its current setoff debt collection technology so that it is also 4 able to collect restitution pursuant to this section. This section shall become effective as 5 of the date on which the Administrative Office of the Courts certifies in writing to the 6 Joint Committee on Governmental Operations that it has done so and shall apply to all 7 restitution judgments docketed on and after that date. 8 **SECTION 6.7.** There is appropriated to the Judicial Department in the 9 current operating budget for the 2005-2007 biennium an amount 10 sufficient to cover all costs to be incurred in implementing the setoff debt collection of restitution under this section. 11 12 **SECTION 6.8.** There is appropriated to the Office of Indigent Defense 13 Services in the current operations budget for the 2005-2007 biennium an amount 14 sufficient to compensate it for the amount that is currently being collected through 15 setoff debt collection on attorneys' fee judgments, and that will be transferred to 16 restitution judgments as a result of the enactment of this section. 17 **AOC STUDY ON THIRD-PARTY COLLECTION** 18 **SECTION 7.** The Administrative Office of the Courts shall study the use of 19 third-party collection as a means to improve the collection of restitution and other court 20 fines, fees, and costs. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report its findings 21 and recommendations to the 2006 Regular Session of the 2005 General Assembly upon 22 its convening. 23 **EFFECTIVE DATE** 24 **SECTION 8.** Sections 7 and 8 of this act become effective when they 25 become law. Sections 6.1 through 6.6 of this act become effective and apply as provided in Section 6.6 of this act. The remainder of this act becomes effective 26

27 December 1, 2005, and applies to all offenses committed on and after that date.