## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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## HOUSE BILL 821

	Short Title: E	vidence/Speed-Measuring Instruments.	(Public)	
	Sponsors: Representatives Glazier and Kiser (Primary Sponsors).			
	Referred to: Judiciary IV.			
	March 21, 2005			
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT RE	ELATING TO THE ADMISSIBILITY OF THE	RESULTS OF	
3	SPEED-ME	EASURING INSTRUMENTS.		
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
5	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 8-50.2 reads as rewritten:			
6	"§ 8-50.2. Results of speed-measuring instruments; admissibility.			
7	(a) The	results of the use of radio microwave, laser, or other	speed-measuring	
8	instruments shall be admissible as evidence of the speed of an object in any criminal or			
9	civil proceeding for the purpose of corroborating the opinion of a person as to the speed			
10	of an object based upon the visual observation of the object by such person.			
11	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the results of			
12	a radio microwave, laser, or other electronic speed-measuring instrument are not			
13	admissible in any proceeding unless it is found that:			
14	(1)	The operator of the instrument held, at the time t	he results of the	
15		speed-measuring instrument were obtained, a cert		
16		North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Tr	-	
17		Commission (hereinafter referred to as the Commis	-	
18		him to operate the speed-measuring instrument from	which the results	
19		were obtained.		
20	(2)	The operator of the instrument operated the		
21		instrument in accordance with the procedures es	tablished by the	
22		Commission for the operation of such instrument.		
23	(3)	The instrument employed was approved for use by		
24		and the Secretary of Crime Control and Public Sa	afety pursuant to	
25		G.S. 17C-6.		
26	(4)	The speed-measuring instrument had been calibrate		
27		accuracy in accordance with the standards esta	ablished by the	
28		Commission for that particular instrument.		

## **General Assembly of North Carolina**

All radio microwave-microwave, laser, and other electronic speed-measuring 1 (c) instruments shall be tested for accuracy within a 12-month period prior to the alleged 2 3 violation by a technician possessing at least a second class or general radiotelephone 4 license from the Federal Communications Commission or a certification issued by 5 organizations or committees endorsed by the Federal Communications Commission 6 within a period of 12 months prior to the alleged violation. General Radiotelephone Operator License from the Federal Communications Commissions or possessing a 7 8 Certified Electronics Technician certificate issued by a Federal Communications 9 Commission Commercial Operators License Examination Manager or by a laboratory 10 established by the International Association of Chiefs of Police. A written certificate by such the technician or laboratory showing that the test was made within the required 11 12 period and that the instrument was accurate shall be competent and prima facie evidence of those facts in any proceeding referred to in subsection (a) of this section. 13 14 All laser-radio microwave, laser, and other speed enforcement instruments shall be 15 tested in accordance with standards established by the North Carolina Criminal Justice 16 Education and Training Standards Commission. The Commission shall provide for 17 certification of laser all radio microwave, laser, and other speed enforcement 18 instruments. A written certificate by a technician certified by the Commission showing that a test was made within the required testing period and that the instrument was 19 20 accurate shall be competent and prima facie evidence of those facts in any proceeding 21 referred to in subsection (a) of this section. 22 (d) In every proceeding where the results of a radio microwave, laser, or other

(d) In every proceeding where the results of a radio microwave, laser, or other
speed-measuring instrument is sought to be admitted, judicial notice shall be taken of
the rules approving the use of the models and types of radio microwave-microwave,
<u>laser</u>, and other speed-measuring instruments and the procedures for operation and
calibration or measuring accuracy of such instruments."

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**SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2005.