GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

S SENATE BILL 1014

| Short Title: M | Iercury Switch Removal Act. | (Public) |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Sponsors: Se | enator Hoyle. | |
| Referred to: A | griculture/Environment/Natural Resources. | |
| | March 24, 2005 | |
| BY THE SWITCHES | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED REDUCE THE RELEASE OF MERCURY IN THE REMOVAL, COLLECTION, AND RECOVERY FROM CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLES. | |
| | sembly of North Carolina enacts: FION 1. Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General S | tatutes is amended |
| by adding a nev | | natutes is afficilited |
| of warming wine (| "Part 6. Mercury Switch Removal Act of 2005. | |
| " <u>§ 130A-310.50</u> | • | |
| | ay be cited as the Mercury Switch Removal Act of 200 | <u>)5.</u> |
| " <u>§ 130A-310.51</u> | . Definitions. | |
| As used in the | | |
| <u>(1)</u> | "Capture rate" means the annual removal, collection | • |
| | mercury switches as a percentage of the total nu | |
| (2) | switches available for removal from end-of-life vehi | |
| <u>(2)</u> | "End-of-life vehicle" means a vehicle that is sold, g | |
| | conveyed to a vehicle recycler or scrap metal recycler purpose of recycling. | ing facility for the |
| (3) | "Manufacturer" means a person, firm, associa | ation partnership |
| (5) | corporation, governmental entity, organization, cor | |
| | venture that is the last person in the production or as | • |
| | a new vehicle that utilizes mercury switches, or | • - |
| | imported vehicle, the importer or domestic distribute | |
| <u>(4)</u> | "Mercury minimization plan" means a plan for rer | noving, collecting, |
| | and recovering mercury switches from end-of-life | e vehicles that is |
| | prepared as provided in G.S. 130A-310.53. | |
| <u>(5)</u> | "Mercury switch" means each mercury-containing of | |
| | known as a "bullet", that is part of a convenience lig | ht switch assembly |

or part of an anti-lock braking system assembly installed in a vehicle.

- An anti-lock braking system assembly may contain more than one mercury switch.
 - (6) "Scrap metal recycling facility" means a fixed location where machinery and equipment are used to process scrap metal into specific grades of scrap metal for sale and whose primary product is scrap iron, scrap steel, or nonferrous metallic scrap.
 - (7) "Vehicle" means any passenger automobile or passenger car, station wagon, truck, van, or sport utility vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 12,000 pounds.
 - (8) "Vehicle recycler" means an individual or entity engaged in the business of acquiring, dismantling, or destroying six or more end-of-life vehicles in a calendar year for the primary purpose of resale of parts of the vehicle.

"<u>§ 130A-310.52. Purpose.</u>

 The purpose of this Part is to reduce the quantity of mercury that is released into the environment by removing mercury switches from end-of-life vehicles and by creating a removal, collection, and recovery program for mercury switches that are removed from end-of-life vehicles in this State.

"§ 130A-310.53. Mercury minimization plan.

- (a) Every manufacturer of vehicles sold within this State shall develop a mercury minimization plan prepared pursuant to this section and submit the plan to the Department for review and approval pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.54. Manufacturers of vehicles may develop and submit a plan either individually or as part of a group of manufacturers. A manufacturer shall not be required to develop or implement a mercury minimization plan if the manufacturer demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that there is no significant risk of a release of mercury from any vehicle manufactured by the manufacturer.
- (b) The mercury minimization plan prepared and submitted pursuant to this section shall include at a minimum all of the following:
 - (1) The make, model, and year of any vehicle, including current and anticipated future production models, that are sold or offered for sale by the vehicle manufacturer and that may contain one or more mercury switches. For each make, model, and year the vehicle manufacturer shall provide a description and the location of each mercury switch in the vehicle and all safe and environmentally sound methods for removal of mercury switches from end-of-life vehicles. If the manufacturer does not know or is uncertain as to whether or not a switch contains mercury, the plan shall be based on a presumption that the switch does contain mercury.
 - (2) A system to mark end-of-life vehicles that are to be shredded or crushed to indicate the presence or absence of a mercury switch.
 - (3) Educational materials to assist a vehicle recycler or a scrap metal recycling facility in undertaking a safe and environmentally sound method for the removal of the mercury switches from end-of-life

- vehicles. The materials shall include information on hazards related to mercury and on the proper handling of mercury.
 - (4) A proposed method for storage and disposal of the mercury switches, including packaging and shipping of mercury switches to permitted recycling, storage, or disposal facilities. To the extent adequate, affordable, and environmentally sound mercury switch disposal technology is unavailable, the plan shall provide for the temporary storage of mercury switches.
 - A proposed procedure for the transfer of information among entities subject to the mercury minimization plan to enable vehicle manufacturers and the Department to comply with the reporting requirements set out in G.S. 130A-310.56.
 - (6) A proposal to implement and finance the plan in accordance with subsection (d) of this section.
 - (c) To the extent practicable, a mercury minimization plan shall utilize the currently available end-of-life vehicle recycling infrastructure. To the extent adequate, affordable, and environmentally sound end-of-life vehicle recycling infrastructure is unavailable, the plan shall provide for the development of this infrastructure.
 - (d) A mercury minimization plan shall provide a method to finance the removal, collection, and recovery of mercury switches installed in vehicles manufactured by the manufacturer and its predecessors and affiliates. In order to ensure that the costs of removal, collection, and recovery of mercury switches are not borne by automobile dealers, consumers, vehicle recyclers, scrap metal recycling facilities, the State or local governments, or other persons who become responsible for end-of-life vehicles, these costs shall be borne by the manufacturers of vehicles sold in the State. The plan shall provide for prompt reimbursement by manufacturers to vehicle recyclers, scrap metal recycling facilities, the Department, and others of any costs incurred for removal, collection, and recovery of mercury switches. Costs shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - A minimum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each mercury switch removed by a vehicle recycler pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.55(a) as partial compensation for the labor and other costs incurred by a vehicle recycler in the removal of the mercury switch.
 - (2) A minimum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each mercury switch removed by a scrap metal recycling facility pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.55(b) as partial compensation for the labor and other costs incurred by a scrap metal recycling facility in the removal of the mercury switch.
 - One dollar (\$1.00) for each mercury switch removed by a vehicle recycler pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.55(a) or by a scrap metal recycling facility pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.55(b) as partial compensation to the Department for costs incurred in administering and enforcing the provisions of this Part.
 - (4) The cost of packaging necessary to store or transport mercury switches to recycling, storage, or disposal facilities.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41 42

43

44

- 1 (5) The cost of shipping mercury switches to recycling, storage, or disposal facilities.
 - (6) The cost of recycling, storage, or disposal of mercury switches.
 - (7) The preparation and distribution to vehicle recyclers and scrap metal recycling facilities of the educational materials required by subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this section.
 - (8) Maintenance of all appropriate record-keeping systems.
 - (e) Manufacturers of vehicles sold within this State shall reimburse vehicle recyclers or scrap metal recycling facilities for each mercury switch removed, collected, and recovered as provided in this section. Manufacturers shall reimburse vehicle recyclers or scrap metal recycling facilities that maintain the records required by G.S. 130A-310.55 for each mercury switch as provided in this section without regard to the date on which the mercury switch is removed, collected, or recovered.
 - (f) Vehicle manufacturers shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless vehicle recyclers and scrap metal recycling facilities for any liability arising from the release of mercury from the mercury switches.

"§ 130A-310.54. Plan approval and implementation.

- The Department shall review a mercury minimization plan within 120 days after receiving the plan. As a part of its review the Department shall consider comments received from vehicle recyclers, persons who operate scrap metal recycling facilities, and other interested parties. The Department may approve or disapprove the entire plan or may approve part of the plan and disapprove the remainder of the plan. If the Department approves the plan in its entirety, the manufacturer shall begin implementation of the plan within 30 days unless the Department approves a later implementation date. If the Department disapproves the plan in its entirety, the Department shall notify the manufacturer of the reasons for the disapproval. The manufacturer shall submit a revised mercury minimization plan within 30 days. If the Department approves a mercury minimization plan in part, the manufacturer shall implement the approved parts of the mercury minimization plan within 30 days unless the Department approves a later implementation date and shall submit a revision of those parts of the plan that are disapproved within 30 days. Any part of a mercury minimization plan that is not approved or disapproved within 120 days shall be deemed approved, and the manufacturer shall begin implementation within 30 days.
- (b) A manufacturer must obtain approval of all required parts of a mercury minimization plan within 240 days of the date on which the manufacturer is required to submit a plan for review under this Part. If a manufacturer fails to obtain approval of all required parts of a mercury minimization plan within the 240 days, the Department shall prepare a plan, notify the manufacturer of the plan, and direct the manufacturer to begin implementation of the plan within 30 days.
- (c) The Department may review an approved mercury minimization plan and recommend or require the manufacturer to modify the plan at any time upon finding that the approved mercury minimization plan as implemented no longer meets the requirements of this Part.

"§ 130A-310.55. Removal of mercury switches from end-of-life vehicles.

- (a) A vehicle recycler that is subject to an approved mercury minimization plan and that conveys ownership of an end-of-life vehicle to a scrap metal recycling facility shall remove all mercury switches identified in the mercury minimization plan prior to delivery of the vehicle to the scrap metal recycling facility. If a mercury switch is inaccessible due to the condition of the vehicle, the fact that the mercury switch remains in the vehicle shall be noted on the vehicle recycler's invoice.
- (b) A scrap metal recycling facility that is subject to an approved mercury minimization plan and that accepts an end-of-life vehicle that has not been intentionally flattened, crushed, baled, or shredded and that contains mercury switches shall remove the mercury switches before the end-of-life vehicle is flattened, crushed, baled, or shredded unless the mercury switch is inaccessible due to the condition of the vehicle.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly flatten, crush, bale, shred, or otherwise alter the condition of a vehicle from which accessible mercury switches have not been removed.
- (d) A mercury switch is inaccessible if, due to the condition of the vehicle, the switch cannot be removed in accordance with the approved mercury minimization plan and removal of the switch would significantly increase the risk of a release of mercury to the environment.
- (e) A vehicle recycler or scrap metal recycling facility that removes mercury switches pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall maintain records of:
 - (1) The number of vehicles of each make, model, and year that are processed for recycling.
 - (2) The number of mercury switches removed from each vehicle make, model, and year.
 - (3) The number of vehicles processed for recycling.
- (f) Each vehicle recycler and scrap metal recycling facility that is required to maintain records under subsection (e) of this section shall retain the records for a minimum of three years and shall make the records available for inspection by the Department upon request.
- (g) It shall be unlawful for a person who is required to remove mercury switches under this Part to willfully fail to do so. It shall be unlawful for a person who is required to make and maintain records under this Part to willfully fail to do so. It shall be unlawful to knowingly make a false report that a mercury switch has been removed from an end-of-life vehicle.
- (h) Mercury switches that are removed from end-of-life vehicles shall be collected, stored, transported, and otherwise handled in accordance with the approved mercury minimization plan approved and the requirements of Part 2 of this Article.
- (i) Mercury switches shall be removed from end-of-life vehicles so as to achieve a capture rate of at least ninety percent (90%).
- "§ 130A-310.56. Evaluation of vehicle design changes that affect mercury recyclability; reporting requirements.
- (a) Each vehicle manufacturer shall, either individually or as part of a group, prepare an annual report that describes in detail the status of vehicle design changes that

are intended to facilitate recycling of vehicle components that contain mercury. At a minimum the report shall include all of the following:

- (1) For each make and model, a list of all vehicle components that contain mercury for the previous three model years, the current model year, and the next upcoming model year.
- (2) A description of all design changes that each manufacturer has implemented or will implement to reduce or eliminate vehicle components that contain mercury, the achieved or anticipated amount of each reduction, and when the design change will be implemented.
- (3) A summary of all policies that each manufacturer has implemented or will implement to ensure that the manufacturers' vehicles are designed to be recycled in a safe, cost-effective, and environmentally sound manner.
- (4) A summary of any recommendations, complaints, or reports that the manufacturer has received within the previous 12 months from vehicle recyclers, scrap metal recycling facilities, government entities, or other persons, as well as any other information available to the manufacturer, regarding vehicle design features that adversely affect the recyclability of vehicle components that contain mercury.
- (b) Each vehicle manufacturer shall submit, either individually or as part of a group, the report required by subsection (a) of this section on or before 1 July of each year.
- (c) The Department may evaluate the extent to which vehicle design promotes or impedes recycling of vehicle components that contain mercury. The Department may conduct hearings from time to time to receive public comment regarding vehicle design changes that affect recycling of vehicle components that contain mercury. The Department may develop recommendations as to changes in vehicle design that would further promote the recyclability of these components. The Department shall report its findings and recommendations, including any legislative proposals, to the Environmental Review Commission on or before 1 October of each year.
- (d) Each vehicle manufacturer that is required to implement a mercury minimization plan shall prepare, either individually or as part of a group, an annual report on the implementation of the plan. The report shall be submitted to the Department within 90 days after the end of the anniversary of the date on which the manufacturer is required to begin implementation of the plan. The report shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
 - (1) A detailed description and documentation of the capture rate achieved.
 - (2) In the event that a capture rate of at least ninety percent (90%) is not achieved, a description of additional or alternative actions that may be implemented to improve the mercury minimization plan and its implementation.
 - (3) The number of mercury switches collected, the number of end-of-life vehicles containing mercury switches, the number of end-of-life

| 1 | | vehicles processed for recycling, and a description of how the mercury |
|----|-----------------|--|
| 2 | | switches were managed. |
| 3 | | (4) A statement that details the costs required to implement the mercury |
| 4 | | minimization plan. |
| 5 | " <u>§ 130A</u> | -310.57. Adoption of rules; administrative procedure; enforcement. |
| 6 | <u>(a)</u> | The Commission may adopt rules to implement this Part. |
| 7 | <u>(b)</u> | Chapter 150B of the General Statutes governs implementation of this Part. |
| 8 | <u>(c)</u> | This Part may be enforced as provided in Part 2 of Article 1 of this Chapter." |
| 9 | | SECTION 2. G.S. 130A-310.53, as enacted by Section 1 of this act becomes |
| 10 | effective | 1 January 2006. G.S. 130A-310.56 becomes effective 1 July 2007. All other |
| 11 | provision | ns of Part 6 of Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes, as enacted by |
| 12 | Section | 1 of this act, and Section 2 of this act become effective when this act becomes |
| 13 | law. Thi | s act expires on 1 July 2006. |
| | | |