GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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HOUSE DRH80297-LLf-205 (3/5)

Short Title:	Company Police Modernization.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Allen and Braxton (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MODERNIZE THE LAWS GOVERNING COMPANY POLICE.
3	Whereas, private security and law enforcement is one of the fastest growing
4	industries in our State and nation, and that growth has increased since those tragic
5	events of September 11, 2001; and
6	Whereas, the State of North Carolina authorizes certain law enforcement
7	officers to have the full power of arrest, the same as a municipal or county officer, under
8	statutes administered by the Attorney General's Office and known as the Company
9	Police Act, Chapter 74E of the General Statutes; and
10	Whereas, the Company Police Act was last revised by the General Assembly
11	in 1992, and since that time numerous events have occurred that have had a direct
12	impact on the Act; and
13	Whereas, the Company Police Act at one time included law enforcement
14	agencies on our university, community college, and private college campuses, but
15	during the 2005-2006 Session of the General Assembly, campus company police were
16	removed from Chapter 74E and placed under their own enabling legislation now found
17	in Chapter 74G of the General Statutes; and
18	Whereas, private entities, government agencies, and railroads are now the
19	remaining law enforcement officers commissioned pursuant to Chapter 74E of the
20	General Statutes; and
21	Whereas, company police officers supplement State and local law
22	enforcement throughout North Carolina and provide law enforcement services in those
23	areas where it is more economical for a private entity or a government agency to have
24	its own company police agency or where the resources of local government cannot
25	provide the level of services needed or desired; and
26	Whereas, nationwide acts of catastrophic violence have occurred in schools,
27	both public and private, including those in North Carolina; and

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Whereas, some of the worst acts of violence and major crimes are now 1 2 occurring in public places where large numbers of citizens gather, such as shopping 3 malls and sporting events; and 4 Whereas, nine county school boards have company police agencies protecting 5 their county schools, and their officers serve as school resource officers; and 6 Whereas, other company police officers provide protection to public schools 7 in North Carolina on a contract basis; and 8 Whereas, eight county hospitals have company police agencies protecting the 9 patients, doctors, nurses, administrators, staff, and visitors to county hospitals in our 10 State; and 11 Whereas, one State government hospital has a company police agency protecting the patients, doctors, nurses, administrators, staff, and visitors; and 12 13 Whereas, three State agencies have company police agencies protecting State 14 government property and the people of the State of North Carolina; the North Carolina 15 State Fairgrounds, under the Department of Agriculture; the North Carolina Museum of Art, under the Department of Cultural Resources; and the North Carolina Arboretum 16 under The University of North Carolina System; and 17 18 Whereas, the two largest power companies in North Carolina, Duke Energy 19 and Progress Energy, have company police officers protecting their nuclear power 20 plants, their other power generation facilities, their transmission lines, and their other 21 real and personal property, as well as their employees and the public in North Carolina; 22 and 23 Whereas, four large golf and residential country clubs in North Carolina have 24 company police agencies protecting their real and personal property and the residents 25 and visitors to their property; and 26 Whereas, the Biltmore Estate, one of the best known tourist attractions in 27 North Carolina, has company police officers protecting its one million annual visitors and guests, as well as its real property and the priceless artifacts contained in that 28 29 historic tourist site, as well as the hotel, winery, and other facilities found on the 30 Biltmore Estate: and 31 Whereas, over 30 more commissioned company police agencies and their 32 certified officers provide security and law enforcement services to shopping centers, 33 residential areas, corporate buildings, government buildings, gamelands, railroads and 34 other public transportation, and unincorporated communities protecting thousands of 35 North Carolina citizens every day; and 36 Whereas, company police officers receive the same mandated training and the 37 same mandated in-service training as State, municipal, and county officers, but in 38 addition are required to undertake a polygraph test and a psychological evaluation prior 39 to employment, which are criteria not required of all law enforcement officers in our 40 State: and 41 Whereas, Chapter 74E of the General Statutes, the Company Police Act, is no 42 longer adequate to serve the interests of the State of North Carolina and to provide the

1	Whereas, there are over 58 commissioned company police agencies in North		
2	Carolina and almost 475 certified company police officers serving the State; and		
3	Whereas, these company police officers assist and supplement other law		
4	enforcement agencies throughout our State on a daily basis and are a vital part of our		
5	criminal justice system; and		
6	Whereas, the General Assembly of North Carolina finds that it is in the best		
7	interest of the State of North Carolina, and in furtherance of the public's health, safety,		
8	and welfare, for it to modernize the laws governing company police such that the		
9	jurisdiction of these officers is expanded and their powers and duties are made to		
10	conform with the needs of a growing State; Now, therefore,		
11	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
12	SECTION 1. G.S. 74E-4(1) reads as rewritten:		
13	"§ 74E-4. Powers of Attorney General.		
14	The Attorney General has the following powers in addition to those conferred		
15	elsewhere in this Chapter:		
16	(1) To establish minimum education, experience, and training standards		
17	and establish and require written or oral examinations for an applicant		
18	for certification as a company police agency, a certified company		
19	police agency, an applicant for commission as a company police		
20	officer, or a commissioned company police officer. officer, or an		
21	applicant for a company police agency head or chief.		
22	"		
23	SECTION 2. G.S. 74E-6(c) reads as rewritten:		
24	"(c) All Company Police. – Company police officers, while in the performance of		
25	their duties of employment, have the same powers as municipal and county police		
26	officers to make arrests for both felonies and misdemeanors and to charge for		
27	infractions on any of the following:		
28	(1) Real property owned by or in the possession and control of their		
29	employer.		
30	(2) Real property owned by or in the possession and control of a person		
31	who has contracted with the employer to provide on-site company		
32	police security personnel services for the property.		
33	(3) Any other real property while in continuous and immediate pursuit of a		
34	person for an offense committed upon property described in		
35	subdivisions (1) or (2) of this subsection.		
36	Company police officers shall have, if duly authorized by the superior officer in charge,		
37	the authority to carry concealed weapons pursuant to and in conformity with		
38	G.S. 14-269(b)(4) and (5).		
39	In the event of a State-declared emergency such as a natural disaster, terrorist attack,		
40	civil disorder, or similar exigent circumstance, the Governor may request, and the		
41	Attorney General may grant, temporary extraterritorial jurisdiction to company police		
42	officers the powers contained in this section upon roads and highways and upon any		
43	other State-owned or controlled property for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary,		
44	for company police officers to assist State and local authorities to maintain law and		

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order during such a State-declared emergency. During the period of the State-declared 1 2 emergency, company police officers who have been granted temporary extraterritorial 3 jurisdiction pursuant to this subsection shall be under the management and control of 4 the Secretary of Crime Control and Public Safety or the Secretary's designee. Company 5 police officers who render services to the State under this subsection shall be 6 compensated in accordance with G.S. 160A-288.1." 7 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 74E-6 is amended by adding two new subsections to read: 8 "(c1) Company Police Officers Employed by Government Agencies or Institutions. 9 - Company Police officers employed by governmental agencies or institutions have the 10 powers contained in subsection (c) of this section and also have the powers in that 11 subsection upon that portion of any public road or highway passing through or 12 immediately adjoining the property described in that subsection wherever located within 13 the State. 14 (c2)Company Police Officers Employed by Nongovernmental Agencies and 15 Institutions. - Company police officers employed by nongovernmental agencies or institutions have the powers contained in subsection (c) of this section and also have the 16 17 powers to direct, control, and regulate the movement of traffic, both pedestrian and vehicular, upon that portion of any public road or highway passing through or 18 19 immediately adjoining the property described in that subsection. The authority granted 20 to nongovernmental company police officers to direct, control, and regulate traffic 21 under this subsection is for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary, to protect life or 22 property at the scene of, or in connection with, any accident, fire, medical emergency, 23 road hazard, natural disaster, civil disturbance, crime scene, terrorist act, or special 24 event. 25 The authority granted under this subsection does not include the power to make 26 arrests or charge for infractions upon public roads or highways beyond the limitations set forth under subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of this section. However, the 27 28 department head or chief of a nongovernmental company agency may make application to the sheriff of the county requesting limited extraterritorial jurisdiction to make arrests 29 30 and charge for infractions upon that portion of any public road or highway passing through or immediately adjoining the requesting company police agency's jurisdiction 31 as described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (c) of this section. The sheriff of 32 the county shall have 10 days in which to evaluate the request and then shall forward the 33 34 application to the Attorney General with a recommendation. The Attorney General shall 35 have 30 days in which to review the application and determine whether granting the 36 request shall serve the public safety interests of the locale. If approved, the authorization shall be in writing and specify the street names and geographic location of that portion 37 38 of the public roads or highways upon which the requesting company police agency's 39 sworn law enforcement officers have been granted limited extraterritorial jurisdiction to 40 exercise the powers contained in subsection (c) of this section upon the specified streets 41 or highways. A copy of the written authorization must be filed immediately by the 42 agency's department head or chief with the Clerk of Superior Court within the company police agency's jurisdiction. 43

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1	The authority granted under this subsection may be suspended	-
2 3	Attorney General upon the request of the sheriff of the county for c	ause or pursuant to
3 4	and in conformity with G.S. 74E-10." SECTION 4. G.S. 74E-6(g) reads as rewritten:	
5	"(g) Exclusive Authority. – Notwithstanding any <u>Unless spec</u>	ifically set forth in
6	<u>some</u> other provision of law, the authority granted to company poli	
7	limited to the provision of this Chapter."	lee officers shall be
8	SECTION 5. G.S. 74E-6 is amended by adding a new sul	section to read.
9	"(h) <u>All company police officers, whether employed by a gove</u>	
10	institution or a nongovernmental agency or institution, shall be	
11	waiver at the State's community colleges for mandated in-service t	•
12	manner as municipal and county law enforcement officers."	Q
13	SECTION 6. G.S. 74E-12 reads as rewritten:	
14	"§ 74E-12. Fees.	
15	The Attorney General may charge fees for the items listed in the	following table, not
16	to exceed the amounts listed in the table:	
17	Item	Maximum Fee
18	Application for certification as	<u>\$250</u> <u>\$750</u>
19	a company police agency	
20	Annual renewal of certification	<u>\$200 <u></u>\$500</u>
21	as a company police agency	
22	Application for reinstatement of	\$1,000
23	certification as a company	
24	police agency	
25	Application for commission as a	<u>\$100</u> <u>\$300</u>
26	company police officer	
27	Annual renewal of commission as	\$50 <u>\$200</u>
28	a company police officer	
29	Application for reinstatement of	\$150
30	commission as a company police	
31	officer	
32	The fees imposed under this section are not refundable. Fees of	
33	section shall be applied to the cost of administering this Chapter. Ch	
34	employment of a full-time administrator, one or more full-time in	vestigators or field
35	representatives, and a part-time attorney and for no other purposes."	
36	SECTION 7. G.S. 20-114.1(c) reads as rewritten:	
37	"(c) The chief of police of a local or county police departm	
38	police agency certified pursuant to Chapter 74E of the General Statu	
39 40	any county is authorized to appoint traffic-control officers, who sha	
40 41	age of 18 years and who are hereby authorized to direct, control, within their respective invisitions at times and places specific	-
41 42	within their respective jurisdictions at times and places specific writing by the police chief or the sheriff. A traffic control officer w	
42 43	writing by the police chief or the sheriff. A traffic-control officer, we authority, must be attired in a distinguishing uniform or jacket ind	-
43 44	traffic-control officer and must possess a valid authorization card i	-
-+-+	tante-control officer and must possess a valid autionization cald i	souch by the police

1 chief or sheriff who appointed him. Unless an earlier expiration date is specified, an 2 authorization card shall expire two years from the date of its issuance. In order to be 3 appointed as a traffic-control officer, a person shall have received at least three hours of 4 training in directing, controlling, or regulating traffic under the supervision of a 5 law-enforcement officer. A traffic-control officer shall be subject to the rules and 6 regulations of the respective local or county police department or a company police 7 agency certified pursuant to Chapter 74E of the General Statutes or sheriff's office as 8 well as the lawful command of any other law-enforcement officer. The appointing 9 police chief or sheriff shall have the right to revoke the appointment of any 10 traffic-control officer at any time with or without cause. The appointing police chief or 11 sheriff shall not be held liable for any act or omission of a traffic-control officer. A 12 traffic-control officer shall not be deemed to be an agent or employee of the respective 13 local or county police department or of the sheriff's office, nor shall he be considered a 14 law-enforcement officer except as provided herein. A traffic-control officer shall not 15 have nor shall he exercise the power of arrest."

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SECTION 8. G.S. 20-130.1(c) reads as rewritten:

17 "(c) It is unlawful for any person to possess a blue light or to install, activate, or 18 operate a blue light in or on any vehicle in this State, except for a publicly owned 19 vehicle used for law enforcement purposes purposes, a vehicle owned or operated by a 20 company police agency, or any other vehicle when used by law enforcement officers in 21 the performance of their official duties. As used in this subsection, unless the context 22 requires otherwise, "blue light" means any forward facing blue light installed on a 23 vehicle after initial manufacture of the vehicle; or an operable blue light which:

- (1) Is not (i) being installed on, held in inventory for the purpose of being
 installed on, or held in inventory for the purpose of sale for installation
 on a vehicle on which it may be lawfully operated or (ii) installed on a
 vehicle which is used solely for the purpose of demonstrating the blue
 light for sale to law enforcement personnel;
- 29 30

(1a)

appearance to a blue light designed for use by an emergency vehicle; and(2) Can be operated by use of the vehicle's battery, the vehicle's electrical

Is designed for use by an emergency vehicle, or is similar in

32 33 34

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system, or a dry cell battery." SECTION 9. G.S. 15A-402(c) reads as rewritten:

35 "(c) City Officers, Officers and Commissioned Police Officers, Outside Territory. 36 - Law-enforcement officers of cities may arrest persons at any point which is one mile 37 or less from the nearest point in the boundary of such city. Law enforcement officers of 38 cities and officers of a certified company police agency may transport a person in 39 custody to or from any place within the State for the purpose of that person attending 40 criminal court proceedings. While engaged in the transportation of persons for the 41 purpose of attending criminal court proceedings, law enforcement officers of cities and 42 officers of a certified company police agency may arrest persons at any place within the State for offenses occurring in connection with and incident to the transportation of 43 persons in custody." 44

1	SECTION 10. G.S. 15A-402 is amended by adding a new subsection to
2	read:
3 4	"(g) <u>Company Police Officers, Immediate and Continuous Flight. – A company</u> police officer commissioned by the Attorney General pursuant to Chapter 74E of the
5	General Statutes and employed by a certified company police agency may arrest a
6	person outside the officer's territorial jurisdiction when the person arrested has
7	committed a criminal offense or infraction within the territorial jurisdiction, for which
8	the officer could have arrested the person within that jurisdiction, and the arrest is made
9	during the person's immediate and continuous flight from that territory."
10	SECTION 11. G.S. 20-114 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
11	"(e) Commissioned company police officers appointed by the Attorney General
12	pursuant to Chapter 74E of the General Statutes may direct, control, and regulate the
13	movement of both pedestrian and vehicular traffic on that portion of any public road or
14	highway running through the jurisdiction of their employing agency. The authority of
15	company police officers to direct, control, and regulate traffic on public roads is for the
16	purpose of protecting lives or property at the scene of or in connection with any
17	accident, fire, medical emergency, road hazard, natural disaster, civil disturbance,
18	terrorist act, crime scene, or special events or circumstances that would serve the
19 20	interest of State or local law enforcement, emergency medical services, or emergency
20 21	disaster services."
21	SECTION 12. G.S. 74C-12(c) reads as rewritten:"(c) The following persons may not be issued a license, registration, or permit
22	under this Chapter:
23 24	(1) A sworn court official.
25	(2) A holder of a company police commission under Chapter 74E of the
26	General Statutes. <u>However, the board may approve the designated</u>
27	head or chief of a certified company agency engaged in the provision
28	of contract security police services as the qualifying agent and licensee
29	of a security guard and patrol business."
30	SECTION 13. G.S. 74C-21(a) reads as rewritten:
31	"(a) No law enforcement officer of the United States, this State, any other state, or
32	any political subdivision of a state shall be licensed as a private detective or security
33	guard and patrol licensee under this Chapter. Chapter, except that an agency head or
34	chief of a company police agency certified pursuant to Chapter 74E of the General
35	Statutes may be approved as a qualifying agent and licensed as a security guard and
36	patrol business."
37	SECTION 14. G.S. 90-95.2(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
38	"(2) "Law-enforcement agency" means any State or local agency, force,
39 40	department, or unit unit, or company police agency certified by the
40	Attorney General pursuant to Chapter 74E of the General Statutes,
41	responsible for enforcing criminal laws in this State, including any
42 43	local police department or sheriff's department."
43	SECTION 15. G.S. 122C-3(19) reads as rewritten:

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 officer, State highway patrolman, <u>commissioned company police</u> <u>officer</u>, or an officer employed by a city or county under G.S. 122C-302." SECTION 16. G.S. 160A-288.2(d) reads as rewritten: "(d) For the purposes of this section, the following shall be considered the equivalent of a municipal police department: (1) Campus law-enforcement agencies established pursuant to G.S. 116-40.5(a), and G.S. 116-40.5(a). (2) Colleges or universities which are licensed, or exempted from licensure, by G.S. 116-15 and which employ company police officers commissioned by the Attorney General pursuant to Chapter 74E or G.Butner Public Safety. (4) Company police agencies certified by the Attorney General pursuant to Chapter 74E of the General Statutes." 	1		"(19) "Law-enforcement officer" means sheriff, deputy sheriff, police
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16 <u>Chapter 74E of the General Statutes.</u> "	14		(3) Butner Public Safety.
	15		(4) Company police agencies certified by the Attorney General pursuant to
17 SECTION 17 This act becomes offective July 1, 2007	16		Chapter 74E of the General Statutes."
17 SECTION 17. This act becomes effective July 1, 2007.	17		SECTION 17. This act becomes effective July 1, 2007.