GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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HOUSE DRH10152-TA-10A* (03/01)

Short Title: Amend Dry-Cleaning Solvent Cleanup Act. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Gibson and Allen (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE DRY-CLEANING SOLVENT CLEANUP ACT TO PROVIDE THAT ALL SITE WORK WILL BE PERFORMED BY AN INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR RETAINED BY THE ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT COMMISSION AND TO INCREASE THE ANNUAL SPENDING CAP FOR THE CLEANUP OF SITES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 143-215.104B(b)(10) and (12) read as rewritten:

"(b) Unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following definitions apply in this Part. The definitions set out in this subsection apply only to the implementation of this Part and do not define or limit the scope of any other remedial program:

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(10) "Dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement" or "assessment agreement" means an agreement between the Commission and a potentially responsible party who desires to assessan assessment of whether a release of dry-cleaning solvents at a dry-cleaning facility, an abandoned dry-cleaning facility site, or a wholesale distribution facility may be eligible for remediation under this Part and whether any other contaminants that are identified in the agreement may require remediation under other remedial programs operated or administered by the Department.

(12) "Dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement" or "remediation agreement" means an agreement between the Commission and a potentially responsible party who desires to clean upthe cleanup of dry-cleaning solvent contamination resulting from a release at a

dry-cleaning facility, an abandoned dry-cleaning facility site, or a wholesale distribution facility under this Part and any other contaminants that are identified in the agreement under other remedial programs operated or administered by the Department."

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SECTION 2. G.S. 143-215.104C(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Disbursements. – A claim filed against the Fund may be paid only from monies in the Fund and only in accordance with the provisions of this Part. Any obligation to pay or reimburse-claims against the Fund shall be expressly contingent upon availability of monies in the Fund. Neither the State nor any of its agencies shall have any obligation to pay or reimburse any costs for which monies are not available in the Fund. The provisions of this Part shall not constitute a contract, either express or implied, to pay or reimburse costs in excess of the monies available in the Fund. In making disbursements from the Fund, the Commission shall obligate monies to facilities or sites with higher priority before facilities or sites of lower priority, and facilities or sites with equal priority in the order in which the facilities or sites were prioritized until the revenue is exhausted. Consistent with the provisions of this Part, the Commission may disburse monies from the Fund to abate imminent hazards by dry-cleaning solvent contamination at abandoned dry-cleaning facility sites that have not been certified. Up to twenty percent (20%) of the amount of revenue credited to the Fund in a year may be used to defray costs incurred by the Department and the Attorney General's Office in connection with administration of the program described in this Part, including oversight of response activities."

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SECTION 3. G.S. 143-215.104D reads as rewritten: "§ 143-215.104D. Powers of the Commission.

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(a) Administrative Functions. – The Commission may delegate any or all of the powers enumerated in this subsection to the Department. The Commission shall:

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(1) Accept petitions for certification and petitions to enter into dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreements or remediation agreements under this Part.

31 32 (2) Prioritize certified dry-cleaning facilities, certified wholesale distribution facilities, or certified abandoned dry-cleaning facility sites for the initiation of assessment or remediation activities that are reimbursable from the Fund-activities.

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(3) Develop forms to be used by persons applying for reimbursement of assessment or remediation costs.

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(4) Schedule funding of assessment and remediation activities.

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(5) Determine whether assessment or remediation is necessary at a site at which dry-cleaning solvent contamination has occurred.

39 40 41 (5a) Enter into contracts with private contractors for assessment and remediation activities at certified dry-cleaning facilities, certified wholesale distribution facilities, and certified abandoned dry-cleaning facility sites.

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(6) Determine that all necessary assessment and remediation has been completed at a contamination site.

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- (7) Make payments from the Fund to reimburse for the costs of assessment and remediation.
- (b) Rule making. The Commission shall adopt rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this Part. Rules adopted by the Commission shall be consistent with and shall not duplicate, but may incorporate by reference, the rules adopted by the Commission for Health Services pursuant to Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes. The Commission shall not delegate the rule-making powers provided in this subsection.
 - (1) The Commission may adopt rules governing:
 - a. Fees for response costs reimbursable under this Part.
 - b. The certification and decertification of facilities or abandoned sites.
 - c. The prioritization of facilities or abandoned sites and scheduling of funding for assessment and remediation activities. These rules shall provide for:
 - 1. Consideration of the degree of harm or risk to public health and the environment.
 - 2. Consideration of the order in which certification is issued for the facility or abandoned site.
 - 3. Consideration of the relative cost of assessment and remediation activities.
 - 4. Use of the Fund so as to maximize the reduction of harm or risk posed by certified facilities, certified abandoned sites, uncertified facilities and uncertified sites.
 - d. The disbursement of revenue from the Fund for payment or reimbursement of approved assessment or remediation costs.
 - e. The determination whether assessment or remediation is necessary at a contamination site.
 - f. The determination that all necessary assessment and remediation has been completed at a contamination site.
 - g. The terms and conditions of dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreements and remediation agreements.
 - h. The determination whether additional assessment or remediation is necessary at a contamination site previously closed under this Part.
 - (2) The Commission may adopt rules establishing minimum management practices for handling of dry-cleaning solvent at dry-cleaning facilities and wholesale distribution facilities. The rules may:
 - Require that all perchloroethylene dry-cleaning machines installed at a dry-cleaning facility after the effective date of the rule or temporary rule meet air emission standards that equal or exceed the standards that apply to comparable dry-to-dry perchloroethylene dry-cleaning machines with integral refrigerated condensation.

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Prohibit the discharge of dry-cleaning solvents or water that 1 b. 2 contains dry-cleaning solvents into sanitary sewers, septic 3 systems, storm sewers, or waters of the State. 4 Require spill containment structures around dry-cleaning c. 5 machines, filters, stills, vapor adsorbers, solvent storage areas, 6 and waste solvent storage areas. 7 Require floor sealants for cleaning room areas if the d. 8 Commission finds the sealants to be effective. 9 Require, by 1 January 2002, the use of improved solvent e. 10 transfer systems to prevent releases at the time of delivery of 11 solvents to a dry-cleaning facility. 12 f. Require any other solvent-handling practices the Commission 13 may find necessary and appropriate to minimize the risk of 14 releases at dry-cleaning facilities or wholesale distribution 15 facilities. 16 (3) The Commission shall adopt rules establishing a risk-based approach 17 applicable to the assessment, prioritization, and remediation of 18 dry-cleaning solvent contamination resulting from releases at facilities or abandoned sites certified pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104G. The rules 19 20 shall address, at a minimum: 21 a. Criteria and methods for determining remediation requirements, 22 including the level of remediation necessary to assure adequate 23 protection of public health and the environment. 24 The circumstances under which information specific to the b. 25 dry-cleaning solvent contamination site should be considered 26 and required. 27 The circumstances under which restrictions on the future use of c. 28 any remediated dry-cleaning solvent contamination site should 29 be considered and required as a means of achieving and 30 maintaining an adequate level of protection for public health 31 and the environment. 32 d. Strategies for the assessment and remediation of dry-cleaning 33 solvent contamination, including presumptive remedial 34 responses sufficient to provide an adequate level of protection 35 as described under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision. 36 All rules adopted by the Commission shall be applicable to all dry-cleaning 37

facilities, wholesale distribution facilities, and abandoned dry-cleaning facilities in the State and shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be cost-effective and technically feasible while protecting public health and the environment from the release of dry-cleaning solvents.

(d) Unless otherwise provided in this Part, the Commission may delegate any of its rights, duties, and responsibilities under this Part to the Department."

SECTION 4. G.S. 143-215.104F(c) reads as rewritten:

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Requirement for Property Owners. – In addition to the information required by subsection (b) of this section, a petitioner who is the owner of the property on which the dry-cleaning solvent contamination identified in the petition is located shall provide the Commission a written agreement authorizing the Commission Commission, or its agent agent, and its private contractor to have access to the property for purposes of conducting assessment or remediation activities or determining whether assessment or remediation activities are being conducted in compliance with this Part and any assessment agreement or remediation agreement."

SECTION 5. G.S. 143-215.104H reads as rewritten:

"§ 143-215.104H. (Repealed effective January 1, 2012 – See notes) Dry-Cleaning **Solvent Assessment Agreements.**

- Assessment Agreements. One or more potentially responsible parties may (a) petition the Commission to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement regarding a facility or abandoned site that has been certified pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104G. The Commission may, in its discretion, enter into an assessment agreement with any potentially responsible party who satisfies the requirements of this section and the applicable requirements of G.S. 143-215.104F. If more than one potentially responsible party petitions the Commission, the Commission may enter into a single assessment agreement with one or more of the petitioners. The Commission shall not unreasonably refuse to enter into an assessment agreement pursuant to this section. The Commission may require the petitioners to provide the Commission with any information necessary to demonstrate:
 - The priority ranking assigned to the facility or site is consistent with (1) the rules adopted by the Commission.
 - The projected schedule for funding of assessment activities is (2) adequate.
 - The assessment activities to be undertaken with respect to the (3) dry cleaning solvent contamination and any other contamination at the contamination site are adequate.
 - The person who will be responsible for implementation of the (4) activities is capable and qualified to conduct the assessment.
 - The amount of funds already expended by the petitioner for (4a) assessment or remediation of dry-cleaning solvent contamination at the facility or abandoned site.
 - The petitioner has and will continue to have available the financial (5) resources necessary to pay the costs of assessment activities and the share response costs imposed the petitioner of on G.S. 143-215.104F.
 - The permits or other authorizations required to conduct the assessment (6) activities and to lawfully dispose of any hazardous substances or wastes generated by the assessment activities have been or can be obtained.
 - (7) The assessment activities will not increase the existing level of public exposure to health or environmental hazards at the contamination site.

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- (8) The costs to be incurred in connection with the assessment activities contemplated by the assessment agreement are reasonable and necessary.
- (9) The petitioner has obtained the consent of other property owners to enter into their property for the purpose of conducting assessment activities specified in the assessment agreement.
- (b) The terms and conditions of an assessment agreement regarding dry-cleaning solvent contamination shall be guided by and consistent with the rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104D and the reimbursement disbursement authorities and limitations set out in this Part. An assessment agreement shall, subject to the availability of monies from the Fund:
 - (1) Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 19, s. 9.
 - (1a) Require that the petitioner shall be liable to the Fund for an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the applicable amount for which the petitioner is responsible under G.S. 143-215.104F and the amount reasonably paid by the petitioner for assessment or remediation activities of the type specified in G.S. 143-215.104N(a)(1) through (7) and that are otherwise consistent with the requirements of this Part.
 - Provide for the prompt reimbursement of response costs incurred in assessment activities that are found by the Commission to be consistent with the assessment agreement and this Part.
- (c) The Commission may refuse to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement with any petitioner if:
 - (1) The petitioner will not accept financial responsibility for the petitioner's share of the response costs required by G.S. 143-215.104F.
 - (2) The petitioner will not accept responsibility for conducting, supervising, or otherwise undertaking assessment activities required by the Commission.
 - (3) The petitioner fails to provide any information required by subsection (a) of this section.
- (d) The refusal of the Commission to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement with any petitioner shall not affect the rights of any other petitioner under this Part, except that the refusal may be the basis for rejection of a petition by any parent, subsidiary or other affiliate of the petitioner for the facility or abandoned site.
- (e) If the Commission determines from an assessment prepared pursuant to this Part that the degree of risk to public health or the environment resulting from dry-cleaning solvent contamination otherwise subject to assessment or remediation under this Part and Article 9 of Chapter 130A is acceptable in light of the criteria established pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104D(b)(3) and Article 9 of Chapter 130A, the Commission shall issue a written statement of its determination and notify the owner or operator of the facility or abandoned site responsible for the contamination that no

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cleanup, no further cleanup, or no further action is required in connection with the contamination.

(f) If the Commission determines that no remediation or further action is required in connection with dry-cleaning solvent contamination otherwise subject to assessment or remediation pursuant to this Part and Article 9 of Chapter 130A, the Commission shall not pay or reimburse—any response—costs otherwise payable or reimbursable—under this Part from the Fund other than costs reasonable and necessary to conduct the risk assessment pursuant to this section and in compliance with a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement."

SECTION 6. G.S. 143-215.104I reads as rewritten:

"§ 143-215.104I. Dry-Cleaning solvent remediation agreements.

- (a) Upon the completion of assessment activities required by a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement, one or more potentially responsible parties may petition the Commission to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement for any contamination requiring remediation. The Commission may, in its discretion, enter into a remediation agreement with any petitioner who satisfies the requirements of this section and the applicable requirements of G.S. 143-215.104F. If more than one potentially responsible party petitions the Commission, the Commission may enter into a single remediation agreement with one or more of the petitioners. The Commission shall not unreasonably refuse to enter into a remediation agreement pursuant to this section. The Commission may, in its discretion, enter into a remediation agreement that includes the assessment described in G.S. 143-215.104H. Petitioners shall provide the Commission with any information necessary to demonstrate:
 - (1) Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 19, s. 10.
 - (2) As a result of the remediation agreement, the contamination site will be suitable for the uses specified in the remediation agreement while fully protecting public health and the environment from dry-cleaning solvent contamination and any other contaminants included in the remediation agreement.
 - (3) There is a public benefit commensurate with the liability protection provided under this Part.
 - (4) The petitioner has or can obtain the financial, managerial, and technical means to fully implement the remediation agreement and assure the safe use of the contamination site.
 - (5) The petitioner has complied with or will comply with all applicable procedural requirements.
 - (6) The remediation agreement will not cause the Department to violate the terms and conditions under which the Department operates and administers remedial programs, including the programs established or operated pursuant to Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes, by delegation or similar authorization from the United States or its departments or agencies, including the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

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1	(7)	The priority ranking assigned to the facility or site is consistent with
2		the rules adopted by the Commission or the priority ranking that the
3		petitioner agrees to accept is consistent with the rules adopted by the
4		Commission.
5	(8)	The projected schedule for funding of remediation activities.
6	(9)	The petitioner will continue to have available the financial resources
7		necessary to satisfy the share of response costs imposed on the
8		petitioner by G.S. 143-215.104F.
9	(10	The expenditures eligible for reimbursement from the Fund and to be
10		incurred in connection with the remediation agreement are reasonable
11		and necessary.
12	(11) The consent of other property owners to enter into their property for
13	`	purposes of conducting remediation activities specified in the
14		remediation agreement.
15	(b) In	negotiating a remediation agreement, parties may rely on land-use
16		nat will be included in a Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation
17		ler G.S. 143-215.104M. A remediation agreement may provide for
18	_	n accordance with standards that are based on those land-use restrictions.
19		dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement shall contain a description of
20		ation site that would be sufficient as a description of the property in an
21		conveyance and, as applicable, a statement of:
22	(1)	Any remediation, including remediation of contaminants other than
23	()	dry-cleaning solvents, to be conducted on the property, including:
24		a. A description of specific areas where remediation is to be
25		conducted.
26		b. The remediation method or methods to be employed.
27		c. The resources that the petitioner will make available and the
28		degree to which the petitioner intends to rely on the Fund for
29		resources.
30		d. A schedule of remediation activities.
31		e. Applicable remediation standards. Applicable remediation
32		standards for dry-cleaning solvent contamination shall not
33		exceed the requirements adopted by the Commission pursuant
34		to G.S. 143-104D(b)(3).
35		f. A schedule and the method or methods for evaluating the
36		remediation.
37	(2)	Any land-use restrictions that will apply to the contamination site or
38	(2)	other property.
39	(3)	The desired results of any remediation or land-use restrictions with
40	(3)	respect to the contamination site.
41	(4)	The guidelines, including parameters, principles, and policies within
42	(4)	which the desired results are to be accomplished.
43	(5)	The consequences of achieving or not achieving the desired results.
. –	(3)	The transferences of active ing of not define ing the desired results.

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The priority ranking of the facility or abandoned site.

(6)

- (7) The person who will conduct the remediation if that person is not the potentially responsible party entering the remediation agreement.
- (d) The Commission may refuse to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement or dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement with any petitioner if:if
- (1) The petitioner will not accept financial responsibility for the share of the response costs established in G.S. 143-215.104F. This requirement shall not apply to a petitioner who (i) is the owner of property upon which the dry cleaning solvent contamination is located, and (ii) is not a current or former owner or operator of a facility believed to be responsible for the contamination.

(2) The petitioner will not accept responsibility for conducting, supervising, or otherwise undertaking remediation activities required by the Commission.

(3) The the petitioner fails to provide any information that is necessary to demonstrate the facts required to be shown by subsection (a) of this section.

(e) In addition to the <u>bases_basis_set</u> forth in subsection (d) of this section, the Commission may refuse to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement with <u>the_an_owner</u> of the property on which a contamination site is located if the owner refuses to accept limitations on the future use of the property and to give notice of these limitations pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104M.

(f) The refusal of the Commission to enter into a dry-cleaning remediation agreement with any petitioner shall not affect the rights of any other petitioner, other than any parent, subsidiary, or other affiliate of the petitioner, under this Part. The refusal of the Commission to enter into a remediation agreement may be the basis for rejection of a petition by any parent, subsidiary, or other affiliate of the petitioner for the facility or abandoned site.

(g) The terms and conditions of a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement concerned with dry-cleaning solvent contamination shall be guided by and consistent with the rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104D and the reimbursement disbursement authorities and limitations set out in this Part. A remediation agreement shall provide, subject to availability of monies in the Fund, for prompt reimbursement of response costs incurred in assessment or remediation activities that are found by the Commission to be consistent with the remediation agreement and this Part. A remediation agreement may shall provide that the Commission—Commission's private contractor—conduct assessment and remediation activities at the facility or abandoned site.

(h) Any failure of a petitioner or the petitioner's agents or employees to comply with the dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement constitutes a violation of this Part by the petitioner."

SECTION 7. G.S. 143-215.104J(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The Commission may decertify a facility or abandoned site or renegotiate or terminate an assessment agreement or remediation agreement with respect to any party thereto in the following circumstances:

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- The owner or operator of the facility, at any time subsequent to the 1 (1) 2 certification of the facility, violates any of the minimum management 3 requirements adopted by the Commission pursuant 4 G.S. 143-215.104D(b)(2). 5 In the case of dry-cleaning contamination on property that is owned by (2) 6
 - a petitioner, the petitioner fails to file a Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation, if required, as provided in G.S. 143-215.104M.
 - (3) The potentially responsible persons who are parties to a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement are unable to reach an agreement with the Commission to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement within the time specified in the assessment agreement.
 - **(4)** The payment of taxes assessed to the facility under Article 5D of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is delinquent.
 - Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 19, s. 3. (5)
 - (6) The owner or operator fails to comply with all applicable requirements of this Part to complete any assessment or remediation activities required by or fails to comply with all applicable requirements of an assessment agreement or remediation agreement.
 - (7) The owner or operator of a facility for which an assessment or remediation activity is scheduled or in progress transfers the ownership or operation of the facility or abandoned site to another person without the prior consent of the Commission and the execution of a substitute assessment agreement or remediation agreement.
 - The standards applied to the dry-cleaning solvent contamination (8) remediation or containment under the provisions of this Part and the dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement will, or are likely to, cause the Department to fail to comply with the terms and conditions under which it operates and administers a remediation program by delegation or similar authorization from the United States or one of its departments or agencies, including the Environmental Protection Agency.
 - (9) A petitioner fails to pay the Commission any amounts for which a petitioner is responsible pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104F."

SECTION 8. G.S. 143-215.104K(a) reads as rewritten:

A potentially responsible party who enters into an assessment agreement or remediation agreement with the Commission and who is complying with the agreement shall not be held liable for assessment or remediation of areas of contamination identified in the agreement except as specified in the assessment agreement or remediation agreement, so long as the any activities conducted at the contamination site by or under the control or direction of the petitioner do not increase the risk of harm to public health or the environment and the petitioner is not required to undertake additional remediation to unrestricted use standards pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. The liability protection provided under this Part applies to all of the following persons to the same extent as the petitioner, so long as these persons are not otherwise

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potentially responsible parties or parents, subsidiaries, or affiliates of potentially responsible parties and the person is not required to undertake additional remediation to unrestricted use standards pursuant to subsection (c) of this section:

- (1) Any person under the direction or control of the petitioner who directs or contracts for assessment, remediation, or redevelopment of the contamination site.
- (2) Any future owner of the contamination site.
- (3) A person who develops or occupies the contamination site.
- (4) A successor or assign of any person to whom the liability protection provided under this Part applies.
- (5) Any lender or fiduciary that provides financing for assessment, remediation, or redevelopment of the contamination site.to the petitioner to pay the petitioner's financial obligations under G.S. 143-215.104F."

SECTION 9. G.S. 143-215.104L reads as rewritten:

"§ 143-215.104L. Public notice and community involvement.

If a petitioner desires to enter into a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement based on remediation standards that rely on the creation of land-use restrictions, the Commission or the Commission's private contractor on behalf of the petitioner shall notify the public and the community in which the facility or abandoned site is located of the planned remediation and redevelopment activities. The petitionerOn behalf of the petitioner, the Commission or the Commission's private contractor shall submit-prepare a Notice of Intent to Remediate a Dry-Cleaning Solvent Facility or Abandoned Site and a summary of the Notice of Intent to the Commission. Intent. The Notice of Intent shall provide, to the extent known, a legal description of the location of the contamination site, a map showing the location of the contamination site, a description of the contaminants involved and their concentrations in the media of the contamination site, a description of the future use of the contamination site, any proposed investigation and remediation, and a proposed Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation prepared in accordance with G.S. 143-215.104M. Both the Notice of Intent and the summary of the Notice of Intent shall state the time period and means for submitting written comment and for requesting a public meeting on the proposed dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement. The summary of the Notice of Intent shall include a statement as to the public availability of the full Notice of Intent. After approval of the Notice of Intent and summary of the Notice of Intent by the Commission, the petitioner the Commission or the Commission's private contractor shall provide a copy of the Notice of Intent to all local governments having jurisdiction over the contamination site. The petitioner Commission or Commission's private contractor shall publish the summary of the Notice of Intent in a newspaper of general circulation serving the area in which the contamination is located and shall file a copy of the summary of the Notice of Intent with the Codifier of Rules, who shall publish the summary of the Notice of Intent in the North Carolina Register. The petitioner Commission or the Commission's private contractor shall also conspicuously post a copy of the summary of the Notice of Intent at the contamination site.

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- (b) Publication of the approved summary of the Notice of Intent in the North Carolina Register and publication in a newspaper of general circulation shall begin a public comment period of at least 60 days from the later date of publication. During the public comment period, members of the public, residents of the community in which the contamination site is located, and local governments having jurisdiction over the contamination site may submit comment on the proposed dry- cleaning solvent remediation agreement, including methods and degree of remediation, future land uses, and impact on local employment.
- Any person who desires a public meeting on a proposed dry- cleaning solvent remediation agreement shall submit a written request for a public meeting to the Commission within 30 days after the public comment period begins. The Commission shall consider all requests for a public meeting and shall hold a public meeting if the Commission determines that there is significant public interest in the proposed remediation agreement. If the Commission decides to hold a public meeting, the Commission shall, at least 30 days prior to the public meeting, mail written notice of the public meeting to all persons who requested the public meeting and to any other person who had previously requested notice. The Commission shall also direct the petitioner to publish, at least 30 days prior to the date of the public meeting, a notice of the public meeting at least one time in a newspaper having general circulation in the county where the contamination site is located. In any county in which there is more than one newspaper having general circulation, the Commission shall direct the petitioner to publish a copy of the notice in as many newspapers having general circulation in the county as the Commission in its discretion determines to be necessary to assure that the notice is generally available throughout the county. The Commission shall prescribe the form and content of the notice to be published. The Commission shall prescribe the procedures to be followed in the public meeting. The Commission shall take detailed minutes of the meeting. The minutes shall include any written dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement. The Commission shall take into account the comment received during the comment period and at the public meeting if the Commission holds a public meeting. The Commission shall incorporate into the remediation agreement provisions that reflect comment received during the comment period and at the public meeting to the extent practical. The Commission shall give particular consideration to written comment that is supported by valid scientific and technical information and analysis."

SECTION 10. G.S. 143-215.104M(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Land-Use Restriction. – In order to reduce or eliminate the danger to public health or the environment posed by a dry-cleaning solvent contamination site, the owner of property upon which dry-cleaning solvent contamination has been discovered may prepare and submit to the Commission for approvalfile a Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation approved by the Commission identifying the site on which the contamination has been discovered and providing for current or future restrictions on the use of the property. If a petitioner requests that a contamination site be remediated to standards that require land-use restrictions, the owner of the property must file a Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation for the remediation agreement to become effective."

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SECTION 11. G.S. 143-215.104N reads as rewritten:

"§ 143-215.104N. Reimbursement <u>Disbursement</u> of dry-cleaning solvent assessment and remediation costs; limitations; collection of reimbursement.cost recovery.

- (a) Reimbursement.Allowable Costs. To the extent monies are available in the Fund for reimbursement of response costs, Fund, the Commission shall reimburse any person, including a private contractor, responsible for implementing-pay for reasonable and necessary assessment and remediation activities at a contamination site associated with a certified facility or a certified abandoned site pursuant to a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement or dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement for the following assessment and remediation response costs, for which appropriate documentation is submitted:
 - (1) Costs of assessment with respect to dry-cleaning solvent contamination.
 - (2) Costs of treatment or replacement of potable water supplies affected by the contamination.
 - (3) Costs of remediation of affected soil, groundwater, surface waters, bedrock or other rock formations, or buildings.
 - (4) Monitoring of the contamination.
 - (5) Inspection and supervision of activities described in this subsection.
 - (6) Reasonable costs of restoring property as nearly as practicable to the conditions that existed prior to activities associated with assessment and remediation conducted pursuant to this Part.
 - (7) Other activities reasonably required to protect public health and the environment.
- (b) Limitations. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Commission shall not make any disbursement from the Fund:
 - (1) For costs incurred in connection with facilities or abandoned sites not certified pursuant to G.S. 143-215.104G.
 - (2) For costs not incurred pursuant to a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement or a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement.
 - (3) For costs incurred in connection with dry-cleaning solvent contamination from a facility or abandoned site for which funds obligated by petitioners pursuant to a dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement or dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement in accordance with G.S. 143-214.104F(f) are overdue.
 - (4) For costs at a contamination site that has been identified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as a federal Superfund site pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 300 (1 July 1996 Edition), except that the Commission may authorize distribution of the required State match in an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) per year per site. The Commission shall not delegate its authority to disburse funds pursuant to this subdivision.

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- (5) For remediation beyond the level required under the Commission's risk-based criteria for determining the appropriate level of remediation.
- (6) For assessment or remediation response costs incurred in connection with any individual dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreement or dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement in excess of two-five hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) (\$500,000) per year. However, that the Commission may disburse up to four hundred thousand one million_dollars (\$400,000)(\$1,000,000) per year for assessment and remediation costs incurred in connection with a certified facility or a certified abandoned site that poses an imminent hazard.
- (7) That would result in a diminution of the Fund balance below one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), unless an emergency exists in connection with a dry-cleaning solvent contamination abandoned site that constitutes an imminent hazard.
- (8) For any costs incurred in connection with dry-cleaning solvent contamination from a facility located on a United States military base or owned by the United States or a department or agency of the United States.
- (9) For any costs incurred in connection with dry-cleaning solvent contamination from a facility or abandoned site owned by the State or a department or agency of the State.
- (c) The Commission shall not pay or reimburse any response costs arising from a dry cleaning solvent assessment agreement or dry cleaning solvent remediation agreement until the petitioners who are party to the agreement have paid all sums due under the agreement.
- Each dry cleaning solvent assessment agreement or dry cleaning solvent remediation agreements made by the Commission pursuant to this Part shall expressly state that the Commission's obligation to reimburse response costs incurred pursuant to these agreements shall be contingent upon the availability of monies from the Fund and that the State and its departments and agencies have no obligation to reimburse otherwise eligible expenses if monies are not available in the Fund to pay the reimbursements. If, at any time, the Commission determines that the cost of assessment and remediation activities reimbursable incurred pursuant to existing dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreements and dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreements equals or exceeds the total revenues expected to be credited to the Fund over the life of the Fund, the Commission shall publish notice of the determination in the North Carolina Register. Following the publication of a notice pursuant to this section, the Commission may continue to enter into dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreements and dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreements until the day of adjournment of the first regular session of the General Assembly that begins after the date the notice is published, but shall have no authority to enter into additional dry-cleaning solvent assessment agreements and dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreements after that date unless the Commission first determines either (i) that revenues will be available from the Fund to reimburse-pay the costs of assessment and remediation activities expected to be reimbursable-incurred

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 pursuant to the agreements, or (ii) that assessment and remediation activities undertaken pursuant to the agreements will be paid entirely from sources other than the Fund. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "day of adjournment" shall mean: (i) in the case of a regular session held in an odd-numbered year, the day the General Assembly adjourns by joint resolution for more than 10 days, and (ii) in the case of a regular session held in an even-numbered year, the day the General Assembly adjourns sine die.

(e) The Commission shall pay the reimbursable response costs of eligible parties as they are incurred. If the cleanup of the contamination site is not completed through fault of the petitioner as required by the remediation agreement, the petitioner shall reimburse the Fund for any response costs previously reimbursed disbursed from the fund for the cleanup shall be repaid to the Fund, cleanup, with interest. The Commission shall request the Attorney General to commence a civil action to secure repayment of response costs and interest of the costs."

SECTION 12. G.S. 143-215.104P(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The Secretary may assess a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or, if the violation involves a hazardous waste, as defined in G.S. 130-290, of not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) against any person who:
 - (1) Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 19, s. 3.
 - (2) Engages in dry-cleaning operations using dry-cleaning solvent for which the appropriate sales or use tax has not been paid.
 - (3) Fails to comply with rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to this Part.
 - (3a) Fails to comply with the rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to Article 21B of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes that apply to dry-cleaning solvents at facilities as defined in this Part. This enforcement authority does not apply to facilities located in counties that have been delegated as local air pollution control programs by the Commission pursuant to G.S. 143-215-112.
 - (3b) Fails to comply with rules adopted by the Commission for Health Services pursuant to Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes that apply to dry-cleaning solvents at facilities as defined in this Part.
 - (4) Fails to file, submit, or make available, as the case may be, any documents, data, or reports required by this Part.
 - (5) Violates or fails to act in accordance with the terms, conditions, or requirements of any special order or other appropriate document issued pursuant to G.S. 143-215.2.
 - (6) Falsifies or tampers with any recording or monitoring device or method required to be operated or maintained under this Part or rules implementing this Part.
 - (7) Knowingly renders inaccurate any recording or monitoring device or method required to be operated or maintained under this Part or rules implementing this Part.

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1	(8)	Knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification	
2 3		in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or	
		required to be maintained under this Part or rule implementing this	
4	(0)	Part.	
5	(9)	Knowingly makes a false statement of material fact in a rule-making	
6		proceeding or contested case under this Part.	
7	(10)	Refuses access to the Commission or its duly designated representative	
8		to any premises for purposes of conducting a lawful inspection	
9		provided for in this Part or rule implementing this Part."	
10	SECT	TION 13. G.S. 43-215.104T(b) reads as rewritten:	
11	"(b) Notw	ithstanding the provision of the Tort Claims Act, G.S. 143-291 through	
12	G.S. 143-300.1	or any other provision of law waiving the sovereign immunity of the	
13	State of North C	Carolina, the State, its agencies, officers, employees, and agents shall be	
14	absolutely immune from any liability in any proceeding for any injury or claim arising		
15	from negotiating, entering into, implementing, monitoring, or enforcing a dry-cleaning		
16	solvent assessment agreement, a dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement, or		
17	Notice of Dry-	Cleaning Solvent Remediation under this Part or any other action	
18	implementing th	is Part."	

SECTION 14. This act becomes effective 1 July 2007.

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