### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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### HOUSE DRH70093-TDxz-4A\* (01/08)

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Short Title:	Revenue Laws & Motor Fuels Tax Tech. Changes.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Wilkins; Brubaker, Carney, Church, Hill, McComas, and Wainwright.	Luebke,
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE
3	CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS, MOTOR FUELS TAX LAWS, AND
4	RELATED STATUTES.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 53B-4(2) reads as rewritten:
7	"(2) Authorization under G.S. <del>105-251, 105-251.1, <u>105-251</u> or <u>G.S.</u></del>
8	105-258."
9	<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 105-40(7a) reads as rewritten:
10	"(7a) All exhibitions, performances, and entertainments promoted and
11	managed by 'a nonprofit arts organization.' organization' that is exempt
12	from income tax under G.S. 105-130.11(a)(3). This exemption does
13	not apply to athletic events. A 'nonprofit arts organization' is an
14	organization that meets both of the following requirements:
15	a. It is exempt from income tax under G.S. 105-130.11(a)(3).
16	b. Its primary purpose is to offer choral and theatrical
17	performances."
18	<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. $105-40(10)$ reads as rewritten:
19	"(10) Arts festivals held by a person that is exempt from income tax under
20	Article 4 of this Chapter and that meets the following conditions:
21	a. The person holds no more than two arts festivals during a
22	calendar year.
23	b. Each of the person's arts festivals last no more than seven
24	<u>consecutive</u> days.
25	c. The arts festivals are held outdoors on public property and
26	involve a variety of exhibitions, entertainments, and activities."

1	<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 105-40(11) reads as rewritten:
2	"(11) Community festivals held by a person who is exempt from income tax
3	under Article 4 of this Chapter and that meets all of the following
	conditions:
4 5	a. The person holds no more than one community festival during a
6	calendar year.
7	b. The community festival lasts no more than seven <u>consecutive</u>
8	days.
9	c. The community festival involves a variety of exhibitions,
10	entertainments, and activities, the majority of which are held
11	outdoors and are open to the public."
12	<b>SECTION 5.</b> G.S. 105-113.82(a) reads as rewritten:
13	"(a) Amount, Method. – The Secretary shall distribute annually the following
14	percentages of the net amount of excise taxes collected on the sale of malt beverages
15	and wine during the preceding 12-month period ending March 31, less the amount of
16	the net proceeds credited to the Department of Commerce under G.S. 105-113.81A, 31
17	to the counties and cities in which the retail sale of these beverages is authorized in the
18	entire county or city:
19	(1) Of the tax on malt beverages levied under G.S. 105-113.80(a),
20	twenty-three and three-fourths percent $(23^{3}/{\%})$ ;
21	(2) Of the tax on unfortified wine levied under G.S. 105-113.80(b),
22	sixty-two percent (62%); and
23	(3) Of the tax on fortified wine levied under G.S. 105-113.80(b),
24	twenty-two percent (22%).
25	For purposes of this subsection, 'net amount' means gross collections less refunds and
26	amounts credited to the Department of Commerce under G.S. 105-113.81A. If malt
27	beverages, unfortified wine, or fortified wine may be licensed to be sold at retail in both
28	a county and a city located in the county, both the county and city shall receive a portion
29	of the amount distributed, that portion to be determined on the basis of population. If
30	one of these beverages may be licensed to be sold at retail in a city located in a county
31	in which the sale of the beverage is otherwise prohibited, only the city shall receive a
32	portion of the amount distributed, that portion to be determined on the basis of $(1)$ and $(2)$ and $(2)$ shell be
33 34	population. The amounts distributed under subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) shall be computed separately."
34 35	SECTION 6. G.S. 105-129.16E(b) reads as rewritten:
35 36	"(b) Allocation. – If the taxpayer is an individual who is a nonresident or a
30 37	part-year resident, the taxpayer must reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it
38	by the fraction calculated under G.S. 105-134.5(b) or (c), as appropriate. If the taxpayer
39	is not an individual and is required to apportion its multistate business income to this
40	State, the taxpayer must reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it by the
40	apportionment fraction used to apportion its <u>business_apportionable_income</u> to this
42	State."
43	SECTION 7. G.S. 105-129.87(b) reads as rewritten:

1 "(b) Threshold. – The applicable threshold is the appropriate amount set out in the 2 following table based on the development tier designation of the county where the new 3 jobs are created during the taxable year. If the taxpayer creates new jobs at more than 4 one eligible establishment in a county during the taxable year, the threshold applies to 5 the aggregate number of new jobs created at all eligible establishments within the 6 county during that year. If the taxpayer creates new jobs at eligible establishments in 7 different counties during the taxable year, the threshold applies separately to the 8 aggregate number of new jobs created at eligible establishments in each county. If the 9 taxpayer creates new jobs in an urban progress zone or an agrarian growth zone, the 10 applicable threshold is the one for a development tier one area. New jobs created in an 11 urban progress zone or an agrarian growth zone are not aggregated with jobs created at 12 any other eligible establishments regardless of county.

13	Area Development Tier	Threshold
14	Tier One	5
15	Tier Two	10
16	Tier Three	15"
17	SECTION 8. G.S. 105-129.88(c) r	eads as rewritten:

**SECTION 8.** G.S. 105-129.88(c) reads as rewritten:

18 "(c) Threshold. – The applicable threshold is the appropriate amount set out in the 19 following table based on the development tier where the eligible business property is 20 placed in service during the taxable year. If the taxpayer places business property in 21 service in an urban progress zone or an agrarian growth zone, the applicable threshold is 22 the one for a development tier one area. Business property placed in service in an urban 23 progress zone or an agrarian growth zone is not aggregated with business property 24 placed in service at any other eligible establishments regardless of county. If the 25 taxpayer places eligible business property in service at more than one establishment in a 26 county during the taxable year, the threshold applies to the aggregate amount of eligible 27 business property placed in service during the taxable year at all establishments in the 28 county. If the taxpayer places eligible business property in service at establishments in 29 different counties, the threshold applies separately to the aggregate amount of eligible 30 business property placed in service in each county. If the taxpayer places eligible 31 machinery and equipment business property in service at an establishment over the 32 course of a two-year period, the applicable threshold for the second taxable year is 33 reduced by the eligible investment amount for the previous taxable year.

Area Development Tier	velopment Tier Threshold	
Tier One	\$	-0-
Tier Two	1,00	00,000
Tier Three	2,00	)0,000"
<b>SECTION 9.</b> G.S. 105-129.88(e) re	eads as a	rewritten:

39 Transferred Property. – If, in one of the four years in which the installment of "(e) 40 a credit accrues, the business property with respect to which the credit was claimed is 41 moved to a county in a higher-numbered development tier or to-out of an urban progress 42 zone or an agrarian growth zone, the remaining installments of the credit are allowed 43 only to the extent they would have been allowed if the business property had been 44 placed in service initially in the area to which it was moved. If, in one of the four years

1 in which the installment of a credit accrues, the business property with respect to which 2 a credit was claimed is moved to a county in a lower-numbered development tier or an 3 urban progress zone or an agrarian growth zone, the remaining installments of the credit 4 shall be calculated as if the business property had been placed in service initially in the 5 area to which it was moved." 6 SECTION 10. G.S. 105-130.48(e) reads as rewritten: 7 Documentation of Credit. – To-Upon request, to support the credit allowed by "(e) 8 this section, the taxpayer must file with its income tax return, for the taxable year in 9 which the credit is claimed, a certification by the Department of Environment and 10 Natural Resources stating the number of bushels of oyster shells donated by the 11 taxpayer." 12 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 105-151.30(d) reads as rewritten: 13 "(d) Documentation of Credit. – To-Upon request, to support the credit allowed by this section, the taxpayer must file with its income tax return, for the taxable year in 14 15 which the credit is claimed, a certification by the Department of Environment and 16 Natural Resources stating the number of bushels of oyster shells donated by the 17 taxpayer." 18 **SECTION 12.** G.S. 105-164.13(52) reads as rewritten: 19 "(52) Items subject to sales and use tax under G.S. 105-164.4, other than 20 electricity and electricity, telecommunications service, and ancillary 21 service as defined in G.S. 105-164.4, if all of the following conditions 22 are met: 23 <del>(a)</del>a. The items are purchased by a State agency for its own use and 24 in accordance with G.S. 105-164.29A. 25 <del>(b)</del>b. The items are purchased pursuant to a valid purchase order 26 issued by the State agency that contains the exemption number 27 of the agency and a description of the property purchased, or 28 the items purchased are paid for with a State-issued check, 29 electronic deposit, credit card, procurement card, or credit 30 account of the State agency. 31 For all purchases other than by an agency-issued purchase <del>(c)</del>c. 32 order, the agency must provide to or have on file with the 33 retailer the agency's exemption number." 34 SECTION 13. G.S. 105-164.16(b1) reads as rewritten: 35 "(b1) Monthly. - A taxpayer who is consistently liable for more thanat least one 36 hundred dollars (\$100.00) but less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) a month in State 37 and local sales and use taxes must file a return and pay the taxes due on a monthly basis. 38 A monthly return is due by the 20th day of the month following the calendar month 39 covered by the return." 40 **SECTION 14.** G.S. 105-164.16(d) reads as rewritten: 41 Use Tax on Out-of-State Purchases. - Use tax payable by an individual who "(d) 42 purchases tangible personal property property, excluding purchases of boats and 43 aircrafts, outside the State for a nonbusiness purpose is due on an annual basis. For an 44 individual who is not required to file an individual income tax return under Part 2 of

1	Article 4 of this Chapter, the annual reporting period and on the last day of the calendar
2	Article 4 of this Chapter, the annual reporting period ends on the last day of the calendar year and a use tax return is due by the following April 15. For an individual who is
2	
	required to file an individual income tax return, the annual reporting period ends on the
4	last day of the individual's income tax year, and the use tax must be paid on the income
5	tax return as provided in G.S. 105-269.14."
6	<b>SECTION 15.</b> G.S. 105-187.51B(a), as amended by Section 24.9(a) of S.L.
7	2006-66, reads as rewritten:
8	"(a) Tax. – A privilege tax is imposed on the following:
9	(1) A major recycling facility that purchases any of the following tangible
10	personal property for use in connection with the facility:
11	a. Cranes, structural steel crane support systems, and foundations
12	related to the cranes and support systems.
13	b. Port and dock facilities.
14	c. Rail equipment.
15	d. Material handling equipment.
16	e. Mill machinery parts and accessories."
17	SECTION 16. G.S. 105-187.52 reads as rewritten:
18	"§ 105-187.52. Administration.
19	(a) Administration. – The privilege taxes imposed by this Article are in addition
20	to the State use tax. Except as otherwise provided in this Article, the collection and
21	administration of these taxes is the same as the State use tax imposed by Article 5 of
22	this Chapter.
23	(b) Credit. – A credit is allowed against the tax imposed by this Article for the
24	amount of a sales or use tax, privilege or excise tax, or substantially equivalent tax paid
25	to another state. The credit allowed by this subsection does not apply to tax paid to
26	another state that does not grant a similar credit for the privilege tax paid in North
27	Carolina.
28	(c) Exemption. – State agencies are exempted from the privilege taxes imposed
29	by this Article."
30	<b>SECTION 17.</b> G.S. 105-258(a) reads as rewritten:
31	"(a) Secretary May Examine Data and Summon Persons. The Secretary of
32	Revenue, for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of any return, making a return
33	where none has been made, or determining the liability of any person for any tax
34	imposed by this Subchapter, a tax, or collecting any such tax, shall have the power to
35	examine, personally, or by an agent designated by him, any books, papers, records, or
36	other data which may be relevant or material to such inquiry, and the Secretary may
37	summon the person liable for the tax or required to perform the act, or any officer or
38	employee of such person, or any person having possession, custody, care or control of
39	books of account containing entries relevant or material to the income and expenditures
40	of the person liable for the tax or required to perform the act, or any other person having
40	knowledge in the premises, to appear before the Secretary, or his agent, at a time and
42	place named in the summons, and to produce such books, papers, records or other data,
43	and to give such testimony under oath as may be relevant or material to such inquiry,
44	and the Secretary or his agent may administer oaths to such person or persons. If any
IТ	and the Secretary of this agent may administer outils to such person of persons. If any

person so summoned refuses to obey such summons or to give testimony when 1 2 summoned, the Secretary may apply to the Superior Court of Wake County for an order 3 requiring such person or persons to comply with the summons of the Secretary, and the 4 failure to comply with such court order shall be punished as for contempt." 5 SECTION 18. G.S. 105-268.1 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 105-268.1. Agreements to coordinate the administration and collection of taxes: 7 sharing of information for statistical reports and revenue estimates. The Secretary of Revenue is hereby authorized, with the approval of the 8 (a) 9 Governor and Council of State, to enter into agreements with the United States 10 government or any department or agency thereof, or with a state or any political 11 subdivision thereof, for the purpose of coordinating the administration and collection of 12 taxes imposed by this State and administered and collected by said Secretary with taxes 13 imposed by the United States or by any other state or political subdivision thereof. 14 (b) The Secretary of Revenue is hereby authorized, with the approval of the 15 Governor and Council of State, to share information with the United States government or any department or agency thereof, or with a state or any political subdivision thereof, 16 17 for the purpose of obtaining data for statistical reports and revenue estimates." 18 **SECTION 19.1.** G.S. 105-449.52 reads as rewritten: 19 "§ 105-449.52. Civil penalties applicable to motor carriers. 20 Penalty. – A motor carrier who does any of the following is subject to a civil (a) 21 penalty: 22 (1) Operates in this State or causes to be operated in this State a motor 23 vehicle that either fails to carry the registration card required by this 24 Article or fails to display an identification marker in accordance with 25 this Article. The amount of the penalty is one hundred dollars 26 (\$100.00). 27 (2)Is unable to account for identification markers the Secretary issues the 28 motor carrier, as required by G.S. 105-449.47. The amount of the 29 penalty is one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each identification marker the carrier is unable to account for. 30 31 Displays an identification marker on a motor vehicle operated by a (3) 32 motor carrier that was not issued to the carrier by the Secretary under 33 G.S. 105-449.47. The amount of the penalty is one thousand dollars 34 (\$1,000) for each identification marker unlawfully obtained. Both the 35 licensed motor carrier to whom the Secretary issued the identification 36 marker and the motor carrier displaying the unlawfully obtained 37 identification marker are jointly and severally liable for the penalty 38 under this subdivision. 39 A 40 Payment. - A penalty imposed under this section is payable to the (a1) 41 Department of Revenue, the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety, or the 42 Division of Motor Vehicles. agency that assessed the penalty. When a motor vehicle is

found to be operating without a registration card or an identification marker or with anidentification marker the Secretary did not issue for the vehicle, the motor vehicle may

not be driven for a purpose other than to park the motor vehicle until the penalty 1 2 imposed under this section is paid unless the officer that imposes the penalty determines 3 that operation of the motor vehicle will not jeopardize collection of the penalty. 4 Hearing. – The procedure set out in G.S. 105-449.119 for protesting a penalty (b) 5 imposed under Article 36C, Part 6, of this Chapter applies to a penalty imposed under 6 this section." 7 **SECTION 19.2.** G.S. 105-449.115(f) reads as rewritten: 8 "(f) Sanctions Against Transporter. - The following acts are grounds for a civil 9 penalty payable to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety or the 10 **Department of Revenue:**penalty: 11 Transporting motor fuel in a railroad tank car or transport truck (1)12 without a shipping document or with a false or an incomplete shipping 13 document. 14 (2)Delivering motor fuel to a destination state other than that shown on 15 the shipping document. 16 The penalty imposed under this subsection is payable to the agency that assessed the 17 penalty and is payable by the person in whose name the conveyance is registered, if the 18 conveyance is a transport truck, and is payable by the person responsible for the 19 movement of motor fuel in the conveyance, if the conveyance is a railroad tank car. The 20 amount of the penalty is five thousand dollars (\$5,000). A penalty imposed under this 21 subsection is in addition to any motor fuel tax assessed." 22 **SECTION 19.3.** G.S. 105-449.115A(c) reads as rewritten: 23 Sanctions. - Transporting motor fuel in a tank wagon without an invoice, bill "(c) 24 of sale, or shipping document containing the information required by this section is 25 grounds for a civil penalty payable to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety or the Department of Revenue.penalty. The penalty imposed under this 26 27 subsection is payable to the agency that assessed the penalty and is payable by the 28 person in whose name the tank wagon is registered. The amount of the penalty is one 29 thousand dollars (\$1,000). A penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to any 30 motor fuel tax assessed." 31 SECTION 19.4. G.S. 105-449.117(b) reads as rewritten: 32 Civil Penalty. - The civil penalty is payable to the Department of "(b) 33 Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, or the Department of Revenue agency that 34 assessed the penalty and is payable by the person in whose name the highway vehicle is 35 registered. The amount of the penalty depends on the amount of fuel in the supply tank 36 of the highway vehicle. The penalty is the greater of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or 37 five times the amount of motor fuel tax payable on the fuel in the supply tank. A penalty 38 imposed under this section is in addition to any motor fuel tax assessed." 39 **SECTION 19.5.** G.S. 105-449.118 reads as rewritten: 40 "§ 105-449.118. Civil penalty for buying or selling non-tax-paid motor fuel. 41 A person who dispenses non-tax-paid motor fuel into the supply tank of a highway 42 vehicle or who allows non-tax-paid motor fuel to be dispensed into the supply tank of a 43 highway vehicle is subject to a civil penalty of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) per 44 occurrence.

1	The penalty is payable to the Department of Transportation, Division of Motor
2	Vehicles, or the Department of Revenue. agency that assessed the penalty. Failure to
3	pay a penalty imposed under this section is grounds under G.S. 20-88.01(b) to withhold
4	or revoke the registration plate of the motor vehicle into which the motor fuel was
5	dispensed."
6	SECTION 19.6. G.S. 105-449.118A reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 105-449.118A. Civil penalty for refusing to allow the taking of a motor fuel
8	sample.
9	A person who refuses to allow the taking of a motor fuel sample is subject to a civil
10	penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The penalty is payable to the Department of
11	Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, or the Department of Revenue. agency that
12	assessed the penalty. If the refusal is for a sample to be taken from a vehicle, the penalty
13	is payable by the person in whose name the vehicle is registered. If the refusal is for a
14	sample to be taken from any other storage tank or container, the penalty is payable by
15	the owner of the container."
16	<b>SECTION 20.</b> G.S. 105-449.72(a) reads as rewritten:
17	"(a) Initial Bond. – An applicant for a license as a refiner, a terminal operator, a
18	supplier, an importer, a blender, a permissive supplier, or a distributor must file with the
19	Secretary a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit. A bond or an irrevocable letter of
20	credit must be conditioned upon compliance with the requirements of this Article, be
21	payable to the State, and be in the form required by the Secretary. The amount of the
22	bond or irrevocable letter of credit is determined as follows:
23	(1) For an applicant for a license as any of the following, the amount is
24	two million dollars (\$2,000,000):
25	a. A refiner.
26	b. A terminal operator.
27	c. A supplier that is a position holder or a person that receives
28	motor fuel pursuant to a two-party exchange.
29	d. A bonded importer.
30	e. A permissive supplier.
31	(2) For an applicant for a license as any of the following, the amount is
32	two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax liability under
33	this Article, as determined by the Secretary. The amount may not be
34	less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and may not be more than five
35	hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000):
36	a. A supplier that is a fuel alcohol provider or a biodiesel provider
37	but is neither a position holder nor a person that receives motor
38	fuel pursuant to a two-party exchange.
39	b. An occasional importer.
40	c. A tank wagon importer.
41	d. A distributor.
42	e. Repealed by Session Laws 1997-60, s. 5, effective October 5,
43	1997.

1	(3) For an applicant for a license as a blender, as any of the following, a
2	bond is required only if the applicant's average expected annual tax
3	liability under this Article, as determined by the Secretary, is at least
4	two thousand dollars (\$2,000). When a bond is required, the bond
5	amount is the same as under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
6	<u>a. A blender.</u>
7	b. A supplier that is a fuel alcohol provider or a biodiesel provider
8	but is neither a position holder nor a person that receives motor
9	fuel pursuant to a two-party exchange."
10	<b>SECTION 21.</b> G.S. 105-449.115(g) reads as rewritten:
11	"(g) Penalty Defense. – Compliance with the conditions set out in this subsection
12	is a defense to a civil penalty imposed under subsection (f) of this section as a result of
12	the delivery of fuel to a state other than the destination state printed on the shipping
14	document for the fuel. The Secretary must waive a penalty imposed against a person
15	under that subsection if the person establishes a defense under this subsection. The
16	conditions for the defense are:
10	(1) The person notified the Secretary of the diversion within seven days
18	after the diversion occurred and received a confirmation number for
18	
20	the diversion.diversion before the imposition of the penalty.
20	(2) Tax was timely paid on the diverted <u>fuel.fuel</u> , <u>unless the person is a</u> mater fuel transporter."
	motor fuel transporter."
22	<b>SECTION 22.</b> G.S. 115D-31.3(j) reads as rewritten:
23	"(j) Use of funds in low-wealth counties. – Funds retained by colleges or
24	distributed to colleges pursuant to this section may be used to supplement local funding
25	for maintenance of plant if the college does not receive maintenance of plant funds
26	pursuant to G.S. 115D-31.2, and if the county in which the main campus of the
27	community college is located:
28	(1) Is designated as a Tier 1 or Tier 2 county in accordance with $C \leq 115D \leq 14C \leq 105 \leq 120 \leq 100$
29	$\frac{G.S.\ 115D-31.4; G.S.\ 105-129.3;}{H_{2}}$
30	(2) Had an unemployment rate of at least two percent $(2\%)$ above the
31	State average or greater than seven percent (7%), whichever is higher,
32	in the prior calendar year; and
33	(3) Is a county whose wealth, as calculated under the formula for
34	distributing supplemental funding for schools in low-wealth counties,
35	is eighty percent (80%) or less of the State average.
36	Funds may be used for this purpose only after all local funds appropriated for
37	maintenance of plant have been expended."
38	<b>SECTION 23.</b> Article 3 of Chapter 115D is amended by adding a new
39	section to read:
40	" <u>§ 115D-31.4. Development tier designation.</u>
41	(a) <u>Tiers Defined. – A development tier one area is a county whose annual</u>
42	ranking is one of the 40 highest in the State. A development tier two area is a county
43	whose annual ranking is one of the next 40 highest in the State. A development tier
44	three area is a county that is not in a lower-numbered development tier.

1	(b) Development Factor. – Each year, on or before November 30, the Secretary
2	of Commerce shall assign to each county in the State a development factor that is the
3	sum of the following:
4	(1) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by average rate of
5	unemployment from lowest to highest, for the most recent 12 months
6	for which data are available.
7	(2) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by median household
8	income from highest to lowest, for the most recent 12 months for
9	which data are available.
10	(3) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by percentage growth in
11	population from highest to lowest, for the most recent 36 months for
12	which data are available.
13	(4) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by adjusted assessed
14	property value per capita as published by the Department of Public
15	Instruction, from highest to lowest, for the most recent taxable year.
16	(c) <u>Annual Ranking. – After computing the development factor as provided in</u>
17	this section and making the adjustments required in this section, the Secretary of
18	Commerce shall rank all the counties within the State according to their development
19 20	factor from highest to lowest. The Secretary shall then identify all the areas of the State
20 21	by development tier and publish this information. A development tier designation is
21	<ul> <li><u>effective only for the calendar year following the designation.</u></li> <li>(d) Data. – In measuring rates of unemployment and median household income,</li> </ul>
22	(d) <u>Data. – In measuring rates of unemployment and median household income</u> , the Secretary shall use the latest available data published by a State or federal agency
23 24	generally recognized as having expertise concerning the data. In measuring population
25	and population growth, the Secretary shall use the most recent estimates of population
26	certified by the State Budget Officer. For the purposes of this section, population
27	statistics do not include people incarcerated in federal or State prisons.
28	(e) Adjustment for Certain Small Counties. – Regardless of the actual
29	development factor, any county that has a population of less than 12,000 shall
30	automatically be ranked one of the 40 highest counties, any county that has a population
31	of less than 50,000 shall automatically be ranked one of the 80 highest counties, and any
32	county that has a population of less than 50,000 and more than nineteen percent (19%)
33	of its population below the federal poverty level according to the most recent federal
34	decennial census shall automatically be ranked one of the 40 highest counties.
35	(f) Adjustment for Development Tier One Areas. – Regardless of the actual
36	development factor, a county designated as a development tier one area shall
37	automatically be ranked one of the 40 highest counties until it has been a development
38	tier one area for at least two consecutive years.
39	(g) Exception for Two-County Industrial Park. – An eligible two-county
40	industrial park has the lower development tier designation of the designations of the two
41	counties in which it is located if it meets all of the following conditions:
42	(1) It is located in two contiguous counties, one of which has a lower
43	development tier designation than the other.

1	<u>(2)</u>	At least one-third of the park is located in the county with the lower
2	<u>1</u>	tier designation.
3	(3)	It is owned by the two counties or a joint agency of the counties, is
4	<u>(0)</u>	under contractual control of designated agencies working on behalf of
5		both counties, or is subject to a development agreement between both
6		counties and third-party owners.
7	(4)	The county with the lower tier designation contributed at least the
8	<u></u>	lesser of one-half of the cost of developing the park or a proportion of
9		the cost of developing the park equal to the proportion of land in the
10		park located in the county with the lower tier designation.
11	(h) Exc	eption for Certain Multijurisdictional Industrial Parks. – An eligible
12		k created by interlocal agreement under G.S. 158-7.4 has the lowest
13	-	ier designation of the designations of the counties in which it is located if
14	-	wing conditions are satisfied:
15	(1)	The industrial park is located, at one or more sites, in three or more
16		contiguous counties.
17	(2)	At least one of the counties in which the industrial park is located is a
18		development tier one area.
19	<u>(3)</u>	The industrial park is owned by three or more units of local
20		government or a nonprofit corporation owned or controlled by three or
21		more units of local government.
22	<u>(4)</u>	In each county in which the industrial park is located, the park has at
23		least 250 developable acres. For the purposes of this subdivision,
24		'developable acres' includes acreage that is owned directly by the
25		industrial park or its owners or that is the subject of a development
26		agreement between the industrial park or its owners and a third-party
27		owner.
28	<u>(5)</u>	The total population of all of the counties in which the industrial park
29		is located is less than 200,000.
30	<u>(6)</u>	In each county in which the industrial park is located, at least sixteen
31		and eight-tenths percent (16.8%) of the population was Medicaid
32		eligible for the 2003-2004 fiscal year based on 2003 population
33		estimates."
34	SEC	CTION 24. G.S. 119-17 is repealed.
35		CTION 25.1. Subsection (a) of Section 12 of Part V of Chapter 908 of
36		on Laws reads as rewritten:
37		tax levied under this Part is due and payable to the county in monthly
38		n or before the <u>15th 20th</u> day of the month following the month in which
39		s. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall,
40		he <u>15th 20th</u> day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form
41		the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the
42		th from rentals upon which the tax is levied."
43		CTION 25.2. Section 39 of Part IX of Chapter 908 of the 1983 Session
44	Laws reads as	rewritten:

1 "Sec. 39. Every owner of a business subject to the tax levied by this Part shall, on 2 and after the first day of the calendar month set by the governing body in the resolution 3 levying the tax, collect the occupancy tax provided by this Part. This tax shall be 4 collected as part of the charge for the furnishing of any taxable accommodations. The 5 tax shall be stated and charged separately from the sales records, and shall be paid by 6 the purchaser to the owner of the business as trustee for and on account of the city. The 7 occupancy tax levied under this Part shall be added to the sales price and shall be passed 8 on to the purchaser instead of being borne by the owner of the business. The city tax 9 collector shall design, print, and furnish to all appropriate businesses in the city the 10 necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to ensure the full collection of the tax. 11 Every person liable for the tax imposed pursuant to this Part shall, on or before the 15th 12 20th day of each month, prepare and submit a return on the prescribed form stating the 13 total gross receipts derived during the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax 14 is levied. The tax shall be due and payable to the tax collector on a monthly basis.

Any person who fails or refuses to file the return required by this Part shall pay a penalty of ten dollars (\$10.00) for each day's omission. In addition, any person who refuses to file the return or pay the tax for a period of 30 days after the time required for filing the return or for paying the tax shall pay a penalty of five percent (5%) of the tax due. An additional penalty of five percent (5%) shall be imposed for each additional month or fraction thereof in which the occupancy tax is not paid.

Any person who willfully attempts in any manner to evade the occupancy tax or who willfully fails to pay the tax or make and file the required return, shall, in addition to all other penalties provided by law, be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), imprisonment not to exceed six months, or both."

26 SECTION 25.3. Subsection (a) of Section 26 of Part VII of Chapter 908 of
 27 the 1983 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

"(a) Any tax levied under this Part is due and payable to the county in monthly installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied."

34 SECTION 25.4. Subsection (a) of Section 4 of Chapter 988 of the 1983
 35 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

36 "(a) Any tax levied under this act is due and payable to the county in monthly 37 installments on or before the <u>15th-20th</u> day of the month following the month in which 38 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 39 on or before the <u>15th-20th</u> day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 40 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 41 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied."

42 SECTION 25.5. Subsection (a) of Section 3 of Chapter 1055 of the 1983
43 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

1 "(a) Any tax levied under this act is due and payable to the county in monthly 2 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 3 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 4 on or before the 15th 20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 5 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 6 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied."

7

SECTION 25.6. Section 10 of Part IV of Chapter 570 of the 1985 Session 8 Laws reads as rewritten:

9 "Sec. 10. Every owner of a business subject to the tax levied by this Part shall, on 10 and after the first day of the calendar month set by the governing body in the resolution 11 levying the tax, collect the occupancy tax provided by this Part. This tax shall be 12 collected as part of the charge for the furnishing of any taxable accommodations. The 13 tax shall be stated and charged separately from the sales records, and shall be paid by 14 the purchaser to the owner of the business as trustee for and on account of the city. The 15 occupancy tax levied under this Part shall be added to the sales price and shall be passed 16 on to the purchaser instead of being borne by the owner of the business. The city tax 17 collector shall design, print, and furnish to all appropriate businesses in the city the 18 necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to ensure the full collection of the tax. 19 Every person liable for the tax imposed pursuant to this Part shall, on or before the 15th 20 20th day of each month, prepare and submit a return on the prescribed form stating the 21 total gross receipts derived during the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax 22 is levied. The tax shall be due and payable to the tax collector on a monthly basis.

23 Any person who fails or refuses to file the return required by this Part shall 24 pay a penalty of ten dollars (\$10.00) for each day's omission. In addition, any person 25 who refuses to file the return or pay the tax for a period of 30 days after the time 26 required for filing the return or for paying the tax shall pay a penalty of five percent 27 (5%) of the tax due. An additional penalty of five percent (5%) shall be imposed for 28 each additional month or fraction thereof in which the occupancy tax is not paid.

29 Any person who willfully attempts in any manner to evade the occupancy tax 30 or who willfully fails to pay the tax or make and file the required return, shall, in 31 addition to all other penalties provided by law, be guilty of a misdemeanor and be 32 punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), imprisonment not to 33 exceed six months, or both."

34 SECTION 25.7. Subsection (a) of Section 4 of Chapter 857 of the 1985 35 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

36 Any tax levied under this act is due and payable to the county in monthly "(a) 37 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 38 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 39 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 40 prescribed by Onslow County. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in 41 the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied."

42 SECTION 25.8. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 892 of the 1985 43 Session Laws, as amended by Chapter 154 of the 1991 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:

Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this act. A tax 1 "(c)2 levied under this act is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 3 installments on or before the 15th 20th day of the month following the month in which 4 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 5 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 6 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 7 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 8 A return filed with the county finance officer under this act is not a public record as 9 defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 10 SECTION 25.9. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 923 of the 1985 11 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 12 "(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this act. A tax 13 levied under this act is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 14 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 15 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 16 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 17 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 18 preceding month from rentals and sales upon which the tax is levied. 19 A return filed with the county finance officer under this act is not a public record as 20 defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law. " 21 SECTION 25.10. Subsection (a) of Section 4 of Chapter 929 of the 1985 22 Session Laws as amended by S.L.1985-929 reads as rewritten: 23 Any tax levied under this act is due and payable to the levying jurisdiction in "(a) 24 monthly installments on or before the 25th-20th day of the month following the month 25 in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the 26 tax shall, on or before the 25th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a 27 form prescribed by the taxing city. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived 28 in the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. A return filed under 29 this section is not a public record as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed 30 except as required by law." 31 SECTION 25.11. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 969 of the 1985 32 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 33 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this act. A tax "(c) 34 levied under this act is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 35 installments on or before the 15th 20th day of the month following the month in which 36 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 37 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 38 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 39 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

40 A return filed with the county finance officer under this act is not a public record as 41 defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

42 SECTION 25.12. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 140 of the 1987
43 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

1 "(c)Administration. The county shall administer the tax levied under this act. The 2 tax shall be due and payable to the county in monthly installments on or before the 15th 3 20th day of the month following the month in which the tax is collected. Every person, 4 firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, on or before the 15th-20th day 5 of each month, prepare and submit a return on a form prescribed by the county. The 6 return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month from rentals 7 subject to the tax. A return filed with the county finance officer under this act is not a 8 public record as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by 9 law."

10

SECTION 25.13. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 141 of the 1987 11 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

12 ''(c)Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 13 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 14 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 15 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 16 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 17 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 18 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

19 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 20 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

21 SECTION 25.14. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 143 of the 1987 22 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

23 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A ''(c)24 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 25 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 26 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 27 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 28 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 29 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

30 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 31 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

32 SECTION 25.15. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 170 of the 1987 33 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

34 Administration. The town shall administer a tax levied under this section. A "(c) 35 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the town finance officer in monthly 36 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 37 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 38 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 39 prescribed by the town. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 40 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

41 A return filed with the town finance officer under this section is not a public record 42 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

43 SECTION 25.16. Subsection (c) of Section 5 of Chapter 172 of the 1987 44 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

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Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this act. A tax 1 "(c)2 levied under this act is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 3 installments on or before the 15th 20th day of the month following the month in which 4 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 5 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 6 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 7 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 8 A return filed with the county finance officer under this act is not a public record as 9 defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 10 SECTION 25.17. Subsection (a) of Section 3 of Chapter 188 of the 1987 11 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 12 "(a) Any tax levied under this act is due and payable to the county in monthly 13 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 14 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 15 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 16 17 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied." 18 SECTION 25.18. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Title I. of Chapter 460 of 19 the 1987 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 20 Administration. The Town shall administer a tax levied under this section. A "(c) 21 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the Town revenue collector in 22 monthly installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month 23 in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the 24 tax shall, on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a 25 form prescribed by the Town. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in 26 the preceding month from rentals and sales upon which the tax is levied." 27 SECTION 25.19. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 472 of the 1987 28 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 29 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. "(c) 30 A tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in 31 monthly installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month 32 in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the 33 tax shall, on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a 34 form prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in 35 the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 36 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record

as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

38 SECTION 25.20. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 484 of the 1987
 39 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

40 "(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A
41 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly
42 installments on or before the 15th 20th day of the month following the month in which
43 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall,
44 on or before the 15th 20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form

prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 1 2 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 3 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 4 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 5 SECTION 25.21. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 538 of the 1987 6 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 7 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A "(c) 8 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 9 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 10 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 11 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 12 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 13 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 14 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 15 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." SECTION 25.22. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 561 of the 1987 16 17 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 18 ''(c)Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 19 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 20 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 21 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 22 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 23 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 24 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 25 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 26 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 27 SECTION 25.23. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 618 of the 1987 28 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 29 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A "(c) 30 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 31 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 32 33 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 34 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 35 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 36 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 37 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 38 SECTION 25.24. Subsection (a) of Section 4 of Chapter 647 of the 1987 39 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 40 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A "(a) 41 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 42 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 43 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 44 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form

prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 1 2 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied." 3 SECTION 25.25. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 950 of the 1987 4 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 5 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A "(c) 6 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 7 installments on or before the <u>15th-20th</u> day of the month following the month in which 8 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 9 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 10 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 11 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 12 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 13 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 14 SECTION 25.26. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 979 of the 1987 15 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 16 "(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 17 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 18 installments on or before the 15th 20th day of the month following the month in which 19 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 20 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 21 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 22 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 23 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 24 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 25 SECTION 25.27. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 173 of the 1989 26 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 27 Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A ''(c)28 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 29 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 30 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 31 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 32 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 33 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 34 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 35 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 36 SECTION 25.28. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 422 of the 1989 37 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 38 "(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 39 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 40 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 41 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 42 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 43 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 44 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

1 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 2 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

3 SECTION 25.29. Subsection (e) of Section 8 of Chapter 821 of the 1989
4 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

5 "(e) Administration. Mecklenburg County and the City of Charlotte shall 6 determine by agreement which of them will administer and collect each of the taxes 7 levied pursuant to this Part. In the event an agreement cannot be reached, then any tax 8 levied pursuant to this Part shall be administered and collected by Mecklenburg County. 9 The local administrative authority may promulgate additional rules and regulations 10 necessary for the implementation of this Part.

The taxes levied pursuant to this Part are due and payable to the local administrative authority as agent for the taxing entity in monthly installments on or before the 15th <u>20th</u> day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. Every taxable establishment liable for the tax shall, on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return to the local administrative authority. The local administrative authority shall design, print, and furnish to all taxable establishments the necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to ensure the full collection of the tax.

A return filed with the local administrative authority under this section is not a public record as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

21 SECTION 25.30. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 163 of the 1991
 22 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

"(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly installments on or before the <u>fifteenth\_20th</u> day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, on or before the <u>fifteenth\_20th</u> day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

32 SECTION 25.31. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 230 of the 1991
 33 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

34 "(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 35 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 36 installments on or before the <u>fifteenth-20th</u> day of the month following the month in 37 which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax 38 shall, on or before the <u>fifteenth-20th</u> day of each month, prepare and render a return on a 39 form prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in 40 the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.

41 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 42 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

43 SECTION 25.32. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 392 of the 1991
44 Session Laws reads as rewritten:

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1 "(c)Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 2 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 3 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 4 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 5 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 6 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 7 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied." 8 SECTION 25.33. Subsection (c) of Section 5 of Chapter 577 of the 1991 9 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 10 "(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 11 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 12 installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which 13 the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, 14 on or before the 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form 15 prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 16 17 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 18 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 19 SECTION 25.34. Section 9 of Chapter 594 of the 1991 Session Laws, as 20 amended by Section 5 of Chapter 458 of the 1995 Session Laws, reads as rewritten: 21 "Sec. 9. Administration. - The county shall administer and collect the taxes levied 22 pursuant to this act. Wake County may contract with the City of Raleigh to perform 23 these functions. 24 The taxes levied pursuant to this act are due and payable to the county in monthly 25 installments on or before the fifteenth-20th day of the month following the month in 26 which the tax accrues. Every taxable establishment liable for the tax shall, on or before 27 the fifteenth-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return to the county. The 28 county shall design, print, and furnish on request to all taxable establishments the 29 necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to ensure the full collection of the tax. 30 Returns filed with the county pursuant to this act are not public records and may not 31 be disclosed except in accordance with G.S. 153A-148.1 or G.S. 160A-208.1." 32 SECTION 25.35. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 453 of the 1993 33 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 34 Administration. "(c) 35 The city shall administer a tax levied under this section. A tax levied under this 36 section is due and payable to the city finance officer in monthly installments on or 37 before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. 38 Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, on or before the 39 15th-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by the 40 city. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month from 41 rentals upon which the tax is levied.

42 A return filed with the city finance officer under this section is not a public record as 43 defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."

SECTION 25.36. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 549 of the 1993 1 2 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 3 "(c) Administration. 4 The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A tax levied under this 5 section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly installments on or 6 before the fifteenth-20th day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. 7 Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, on or before the 8 fifteenth-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by 9 the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month 10 from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 11 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 12 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 13 **SECTION 25.37.** Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Part 1 of Chapter 642 of the 14 1993 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 15 ''(c)Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 16 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly 17 installments on or before the fifteenth-20th day of the month following the month in 18 which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax 19 shall, on or before the fifteenth-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in 20 21 the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 22 A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record 23 as defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 24 SECTION 25.38. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 648 of the 1993 25 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 26 "(c) Administration. The city shall administer a tax levied under this section. A 27 tax levied under this section is due and payable to the city finance officer in monthly 28 installments on or before the fifteenth-20th day of the month following the month in 29 which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax 30 shall, on or before the fifteenth-20th day of each month, prepare and render a return on a 31 form prescribed by the city. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the 32 preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 33 A return filed with the city finance officer under this section is not a public record as 34 defined by G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law." 35 SECTION 25.39. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 695 of the 1993 36 Session Laws reads as rewritten: 37 Administration. "(c) 38 The town shall administer a tax levied under this section. A tax levied under this 39 section is due and payable to the town in monthly installments on or before the fifteenth 40 20th day of the month following the month in which the tax accrues. Every person, firm, 41 corporation, or association liable for the tax shall, on or before the fifteenth-20th day of 42 each month, prepare and render a return on a form prescribed by the town. The return 43 shall state the total gross receipts derived in the preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied. 44

1	A return filed with the town under this section is not a public record as defined by
2	G.S. 132-1 and may not be disclosed except as required by law."
3	SECTION 25.40. Subsection (c) of Section 1 of Chapter 530 of the 1995
4	Session Laws reads as rewritten:
5	"(c) Administration. The county shall administer a tax levied under this section. A
6	tax levied under this section is due and payable to the county finance officer in monthly
7	installments on or before the 15th-20th day of the month following the month in which
8	the tax accrues. Every person, firm, corporation, or association liable for the tax shall,
9	on or before the <u>15th</u> <u>20th</u> day of each month, prepare and render a return on a form
10	prescribed by the county. The return shall state the total gross receipts derived in the
11	preceding month from rentals upon which the tax is levied.
12	A return filed with the county finance officer under this section is not a public record
13	and may not be disclosed except in accordance with G.S. 153A-148.1 or G.S.
14	160A-208.1."
15	SECTION 26.1. Section 9 of S.L. 2005-294 is repealed.
16	SECTION 26.2. S.L. 2005-294 is amended by adding a new section to read:
17	"SECTION 9.1. G.S. 105-330.10 reads as rewritten:
18	"§ 105-330.10. Disposition of interest.
19	Sixty percent (60%) of the The first month's interest collected on unpaid taxes
20	registration fees pursuant to G.S. 105-330.4 shall be transferred on a monthly basis to
21	the Combined Motor Vehicle and Registration Account created within the Treasurer's
22	Office.North Carolina Highway Fund for technology improvements within the Division
23	of Motor Vehicles. The funds in this account shall be used to develop and implement an
24	integrated computer system within the Division of Motor Vehicles that would allow for
25	the combined assessment, billing, and collection of property taxes on motor vehicles
26	and the issuance of registration plates. The Treasurer shall report to the Revenue Laws
27	Study Committee semi-annually with the first report due by April 30, 2006. The report
28	shall contain a detailed description of the amount of moneys transferred to the Account
29	and distributed from the Account."
30	SECTION 26.3. Section 13 of S.L. 2005-294, as amended by Section 31.5
31	of S.L. 2006-259, reads as rewritten:
32	"SECTION 13. Sections 4 and 8 of this act become effective January 1, 2006.
33	Sections 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 9.1, 10, and 11 of this act become effective July 1, 2010, or
34	when the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Revenue certify that the
35	integrated computer system for registration renewal and property tax collection for
36	motor vehicles is in operation, whichever occurs first. Sections 12 and 13 of this act are
37	effective when they become law. Nothing in this act shall require the General
38	Assembly to appropriate funds to implement it for the biennium ending June 30, 2007."
39	SECTION 27. The introductory language of Section 6 of S.L. 2006-128
40	reads as rewritten:
41	" <b>SECTION 6.</b> G.S. <del>153A-215(g)</del> <u>153A-155(g)</u> reads as rewritten:"
42	SECTION 28. Section 33 of S.L. 2006-162 reads as rewritten:
43	"SECTION 33. Section 4Sections 4(a) and 4(b) of this act is are effective for

43 "**SECTION 33.** Section 4<u>Sections 4(a) and 4(b)</u> of this act <u>is are effective</u> for 44 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006. Section 13 of this act becomes

effective July 1, 2007, and applies to motor fuel transported on or after that date. 1 2 Sections 14, 15, and 17 of this act become effective January 1, 2007, and apply to motor 3 fuel purchased on or after that date. An exempt card or code will not be valid for sales 4 of motor fuel at the terminal rack on or after January 1, 2007. Section 26 of this act is 5 effective when it becomes law and applies to the estates of decedents dying on or after 6 January 1, 2005. Section 32 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2007. The 7 remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law." 8 SECTION 29. Section 15 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2010. 9 Section 16 becomes effective July 1, 2007. Section 21 of this act becomes effective 10 October 1, 2007. Section 22 of this act applies to penalties assessed on or after the

effective date of this act and to refund requests that have not been finally determined as of the effective date of this act. Section 29 becomes effective July 1, 2010, or when the

13 Division of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Revenue certify that the integrated

14 computer system for registration renewal and property tax collection for motor vehicles

15 is in operation, whichever occurs first. The remainder of this act is effective when it

16 becomes law.