GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

SENATE BILL 68*

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Short Title: Up Penalties/Sex Offenses With Child Victim. (Public) Senators Goss; Boseman, Goodall, and Jones. Sponsors: Referred to: Judiciary l (Civil).

February 12, 2007

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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2	AN ACT TO AMENI	CERTAIN CHILD PORNOGRAPHY LAWS BY AMENDING
3	THE DEFINITION	N OF SEXUAL ACTIVITY AND EXPANDING THE SCOPE
4	OF CERTAIN PC	ORNOGRAPHY LAWS, INCREASING THE PENALTY FOR
5	FIRST, SECOND	, AND THIRD DEGREE SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF A
6	MINOR, INCREA	SING THE PENALTY FOR SOLICITATION OF A CHILD BY
7		COMMIT AN UNLAWFUL SEX ACT, AND INCREASING
8		FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE OF TAKING
9	INDECENT LIBE	RTIES WITH CHILDREN.
10	The General Assembly	of North Carolina enacts:
11	SECTION	1. G.S. 14-190.13(5) reads as rewritten:
12	"(5) Sexu	al Activity. – Any of the following acts:
13	a.	Masturbation, whether done alone or with another human or an
14		animal.
15	b.	Vaginal, anal, or oral intercourse, whether done with another
16		human or with an animal.
17	с.	Touching, in an act of apparent sexual stimulation or sexual
18		abuse, of the clothed or unclothed genitals, pubic area, or
19		buttocks of another person or the clothed or unclothed breasts
20		of a human female.
21	d.	An act or condition that depicts torture, physical restraint by
22		being fettered or bound, or flagellation of or by a person clad in
23		undergarments or in revealing or bizarre costume.
24	e.	Excretory functions; provided, however, that this
25		sub-subdivision shall not apply to G.S. 14-190.17A.
26	f.	The insertion of any part of a person's body, other than the male
27		sexual organ, or of any object into another person's anus or
28		vagina, except when done as part of a recognized medical
29		procedure.

General Assembly of North Carolina

1	g. The lascivious exhibition of the genitals or pubic area of an	V	
2	person."	~	
3	SECTION 2. G.S. 14-190.15 reads as rewritten:		
4	"§ 14-190.15. Disseminating harmful material to minors; exhibiting harmfu	ıl	
5	performances to minors.		
6	(a) Disseminating Harmful Material. – A person defendant commits the offens	se	
7	of disseminating harmful material to minors if, with or without consideration an		
8	knowing the character or content of the material, hethe defendant:		
9	(1) Sells, furnishes, presents, or distributes to a minor minor, or a perso	n	
10	the defendant believes to be a minor, material that is harmful t		
11	minors; or		
12	(2) Allows a minor minor, or a person the defendant believes to be	a	
13	minor, to review or peruse material that is harmful to minors.		
14	•		
15			
16	knowing the character or content of the performance, he-the defendant allows a mine	ж	
17	minor, or a person the defendant believes to be a minor, to view a live performance that	at	
18	is harmful to minors.		
19	(c) Defenses. – Except as provided in subdivision (3), a mistake of age is not	a	
20	defense to a prosecution under this section. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecutio	n	
21	under this section that:		
22	(1) The defendant was a parent or legal guardian of the minor.		
23	(2) The defendant was a school, church, museum, public library	у,	
24	governmental agency, medical clinic, or hospital carrying out it	ts	
25	legitimate function; or an employee or agent of such an organizatio		
26	acting in that capacity and carrying out a legitimate duty of hi	is	
27	employment.		
28		or	
29	performance, the defendant requested and received a driver's license		
30	student identification card, or other official governmental of		
31	educational identification card or paper indicating that the minor t		
32	whom the material or performance was disseminated or exhibited wa		
33	at least 18 years old, and the defendant reasonably believed the mind	r	
34	was at least 18 years old.		
35	(4) The dissemination was made with the prior consent of a parent of)r	
36	guardian of the recipient.		
37	(d) Punishment. – Violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor."		
38	SECTION 3. G.S. 14-190.16(d) reads as rewritten:		
39 40	"(d) Punishment and Sentencing. – Violation of this section is a Class – I follow Class C follow."	J	
40	felony. <u>Class C felony.</u> "		
41 42	SECTION 4. G.S. 14-190.17(d) reads as rewritten:	Б	
42 43	"(d) Punishment and Sentencing. – Violation of this section is a Class – felony Class D felony."	Ľ	
43 44	felony. <u>Class D felony.</u> " SECTION 5. G.S. 14-190.17A(d) reads as rewritten:		
44	SECTION 3. 0.3. 14-170.17 $A(u)$ reaus as rewritten.		

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1	"(d) Punishment and Sentencing Violation of this section is a Class I	
2	felony.Class E felony."	
3	SECTION 6. G.S. 14-202.3(c) reads as rewritten:	
4	"(c) Punishment. – A violation of this section is a Class H felony. Class E felony."	
5	SECTION 7. G.S. 14-202.1 reads as rewritten:	
6	"§ 14-202.1. Taking indecent liberties with children.	
7	(a) A person is guilty of taking indecent liberties with children if, being 16 years	
8	of age or more and at least five years older than the child in question, he either:	
9	(1) Willfully takes or attempts to take any immoral, improper, or indecent	
10	liberties with any child of either sex under the age of 16 years for the	
11	purpose of arousing or gratifying sexual desire; or	
12	(2) Willfully commits or attempts to commit any lewd or lascivious act	
13	upon or with the body or any part or member of the body of any child	
14	of either sex under the age of 16 years.	
15	(b) Taking indecent liberties with children is punishable as a Class F	
16	felony.follows:	
17	(1) For a first offense under this section, the person is guilty of a Class F	
18	<u>felony.</u>	
19	(2) For a second or subsequent offense under this section, the person is	
20	guilty of a Class E felony.	
21	(c) In all cases where a person is charged under this section with a second or	
22	subsequent offense, the record of a prior conviction under this section shall be	
23	admissible in evidence, but only for the purpose of proving that the person has been	
24	convicted of taking indecent liberties with children in violation of this section. A prior	
25	conviction may be proved by stipulation of the parties or by the original or a certified	
26	copy of the court record of the prior conviction. The original or certified copy of the	
27	court record, bearing the same name as that by which the defendant is charged, shall be	
28	prima facie evidence that the defendant named therein is the same as the defendant	
29	before the court, and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts set out therein."	
30	SECTION 8. This act becomes effective December 1, 2007, and applies to	
31	offenses committed on or after that date.	