# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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#### HOUSE DRH10784-LU-141 (03/25)

Short Title:	Due Process/Physicians' & Patients' Rights.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Harrison, Fisher, Blue, and Howard (Primary Sponsors)	
Referred to:		

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

### 2 AN ACT ESTABLISHING DUE PROCESS FOR PHYSICIANS' AND PATIENTS' RIGHTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 90-1.1 reads as rewritten:

# 5 "**§ 90-1.1. Definitions.**

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) Board. The North Carolina Medical Board.
- 8 (2)Hearing officer. - Any current or past member of the Board who is a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitionernurse practitioner, or any 9 licensee licensed by the Board who is requested to participate on a hearing 10 committee and has an active license or approval to practice medical acts, 11 tasks, or functions issued by the Board, or any current or retired judge of the 12 Office of Administrative Hearings, a State district court, a State superior 13 court, the North Carolina Court of Appeals, the North Carolina Supreme 14 Court, or of the federal judiciary who has an active license to practice law in 15 16 North Carolina and who is a member in good standing of the North Carolina State Bar. 17
- 18 (3) Integrative medicine. A diagnostic or therapeutic treatment that may not be considered a conventionally accepted medical treatment and that a licensed physician in the physician's professional opinion believes may be of potential benefit to the patient, so long as the treatment poses no greater risk of harm to the patient than the comparable conventional treatments.
  - (4) License. An authorization issued by the Board to a physician or physician assistant to practice medical acts, tasks, or functions.
  - (4a) Modality. A therapeutic method or agent that involves a physical treatment of a disorder.
    - (5) The practice of medicine or surgery. The practice of medicine or surgery, for purposes of this Article, includes any of the following acts:
      - a. Advertising, holding out to the public, or representing in any manner that the individual is authorized to practice medicine in this State.
      - b. Offering or undertaking to prescribe, order, give, or administer any drug or medicine for the use of any other individual.
      - c. Offering or undertaking to prevent or diagnose, correct, prescribe for, administer to, or treat in any manner or by any means, methods, or devices any disease, illness, pain, wound, fracture, infirmity, defect,



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1 2 3			d.	the management of pregnancy Offering or undertaking to pe	l condition of any individual, including or parturition. erform any surgical operation on any	
4 5			e.	individual. Using the designation "Docto	r," "Doctor of Medicine," "Doctor of	
6			с.		Disteopathic Medicine," "Physician,"	
7				1 .	rgeon," "Dr.," "M.D.," "D.O.," or any	
8					nduct of any occupation or profession	
9				pertaining to the prevention	, diagnosis, or treatment of human	
0					e designation additionally contains the	
1				1	another branch of the healing arts for	
2 3					valid license in this State or the use of	
5 4				permitted by law.	"Physician" is otherwise specifically	
+ 5			f.	1	ithin or without this State, described in	
5			1.	1 0	y electronic or other means, including	
7				the Internet or telephone."	recettome of other means, meruding	
8		SECT	TION 2.	1	adding the following new subdivisions	
9	to read:				5 6	
0	"(a)	The B	oard sha	ıll:		
1		•••				
2		<u>(11)</u>			he Board or hearing committee in all	
3					avoid a conflict of interest with Board	
4		(10)	emplo			
5 6		<u>(12)</u>	-	-	protect the public from incompetent	
0 7				1 1	<u>p practice the modalities of choice. A</u> ment. The consent is presumed valid if	
8			_	-	m a patient or other person authorized	
9					e consent fully evidences the treatment	
0				-	ial benefit or harm to the patient."	
l		SECT	TION 3.	G.S. 90-8 reads as rewritten:	-	
2	"§ 90-8.		•	administer oaths, and subj	poena witnesses, records and other	
3		mater				
4	-				inister oaths to all persons appearing	
5 6		before it as the Board may deem necessary to perform its duties, and may summon and issue subpoenas for the appearance of any witnesses deemed necessary to testify concerning any				
7	-			•		
8	matter to be heard before or inquired into by the Board. The Board may order that any patient records, documents or other material concerning any matter to be heard before or inquired into					
9					or made available for inspection,	
0	•			1	viding for the application of any	
1		-	•		ds, documents or other material. The	
2	licensee shall be advised by the Board or the Board's agents of the reason for the investigation					
3				-	ttorney before submitting any records,	
4	documents, or other materials to the Board. All records, documents, or other material compiled					
5	•			1	16. Notwithstanding the provisions of	
5			• •	•	ecord of any hearing before the Board,	
7 8					ne Board shall withhold from public ation relating to dates and places of	
9			•	1 0	lentify the patient, unless the patient or	
)		•			e disclosure. Upon written request, the	
1	1				ds that the evidence the production of	
					*	

1	1	does not relate to a matter in issue, or if the subpoena does not describe with
2	-	larity the evidence the production of which is required, or if for any other
3		subpoena is invalid."
4		<b>FION 4.</b> G.S. 90-14(a) reads as rewritten:
5		Board shall have the power to place on probation with or without conditions,
6	-	ns and conditions on, publicly reprimand, assess monetary redress, issue public
7		n, mandate free medical services, require satisfactory completion of treatment
8		edial or educational training, fine, deny, annul, suspend, or revoke a license, or
9	•	o practice medicine in this State, issued by the Board to any person who has
10	•	e Board to have committed any of the following acts or conduct, or for any of
11 12	the following rea	
12	(1)	Immoral or dishonorable conduct.
13 14	(2)	Producing or attempting to produce an abortion contrary to law. Made false statements or representations to the Board, or willfully concealed
14	(3)	from the Board material information in connection with an application for a
15 16		license, an application, request or petition for reinstatement or reactivation of
17		a license, an annual registration of a license, or an investigation or inquiry by
18		the Board.
19	(4)	Repealed by Session Laws 1977, c. 838, s. 3.
20	(5)	Being unable to practice medicine with reasonable skill and safety to
20	(5)	patients by reason of illness, drunkenness, excessive use of alcohol, drugs,
22		chemicals, or any other type of material or by reason of any physical or
23		mental abnormality. The Board is empowered and authorized to require a
24		physician licensed by it to submit to a mental or physical examination by
25		physicians designated by the Board before or after charges may be presented
26		against the physician, and the results of the examination shall be admissible
27		in evidence in a hearing before the Board.
28	(6)	Unprofessional conduct, including, but not limited to, departure from, or the
29	~ /	failure to conform to, the standards of acceptable and prevailing medical
30		practice, or the ethics of the medical profession, irrespective of whether or
31		not a patient is injured thereby, or the committing of any act contrary to
32		honesty, justice, or good morals, whether the same is committed in the
33		course of the physician's practice or otherwise, and whether committed
34		within or without North Carolina. The Board shall not revoke the license of
35		or deny a license to a person solelylicensee or discipline a licensee in any
36		manner because of that person's licensee's practice of a therapy that is
37		experimental, nontraditional, or that departs from acceptable and prevailing
38		medical practices unless, by competent evidence, the Board can establish
39		that the treatment has a safety risk greater than the prevailing treatment or
40		and that the treatment is generally not effective.
41	(7)	Conviction in any court of a crime involving moral turpitude, or the
42		violation of a law involving the practice of medicine, or a conviction of a
43		felony; provided that a felony conviction shall be treated as provided in
44		subsection (c) of this section.
45	(8)	By false representations has obtained or attempted to obtain practice, money
46		or anything of value.
47	(9)	Has advertised or publicly professed to treat human ailments under a system
48		or school of treatment or practice other than that for which the physician has
49 50	(10)	been educated.
50 51	(10)	Adjudication of mental incompetency, which shall automatically suspend a
51		license unless the Board orders otherwise.

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- - 	(11)	Lack of professional competence to practice medicine with a reasonal degree of skill and safety for patients or failing to maintain acceptal standards of one or more areas of professional physician practice. In th	ble
		standards of one or more areas of professional physician practice. In the connection the Board may consider repeated acts of a physician indicati	
		the physician's failure to properly treat a patient.patient within the standar	
		of acceptable medical practice for the modality used. The Board may, up	
		reasonable grounds, require a physician to submit to inquiries	
		examinations, written or oral, as the Board deems necessary to determine t	the
		professional qualifications of such licensee. In order to annul, suspend, der	ny,
		or revoke a license of an accused person, license, or discipline a licensee	in
		any manner, the Board shall find by the greater weight of the evidence the	hat
		the care provided was not in accordance with the standards of practice if	for
		the procedures or treatments administered.	
	(11a)	Not actively practiced medicine or practiced as a physician assistant,	
		having not maintained continued competency, as determined by the Board	
		for the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of an applicati	
		for an initial license from the Board or a request, petition, motion,	
		application to reactivate an inactive, suspended, or revoked licer	
		previously issued by the Board. The Board is authorized to adopt any rul	
		or regulations it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of the	his
	(10)	subdivision.	
	(12)	Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances or goods for a patient,	
		providing services to a patient, in such a manner as to exploit the patient, a	
		upon a finding of the exploitation, the Board may order restitution be ma	
		to the payer of the bill, whether the patient or the insurer, by the physicia provided that a determination of the amount of restitution shall be based	
		credible testimony in the record. No physician shall be disciplined f	
		exploitation, if the patient or other person authorized to give consent for t	
		patient has consented, in writing, to the treatment and the cost of treatment	
		before commencing the course of treatment.	
	(13)	Having a license to practice medicine or the authority to practice medici	ine
	()	revoked, suspended, restricted, or acted against or having a license	
		practice medicine denied by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction. F	
		purposes of this subdivision, the licensing authority's acceptance of a licen	
		to practice medicine voluntarily relinquished by a physician or relinquish	ned
		by stipulation, consent order, or other settlement in response to or	in
		anticipation of the filing of administrative charges against the physicial	n's
		license, is an action against a license to practice medicine.	
	(14)	The failure to respond, within a reasonable period of time and in	a
		reasonable manner as determined by the Board, to inquiries from the Boa	ard
		concerning any matter affecting the license to practice medicine.	
	(15)	The failure to complete an amount not to exceed 150 hours of continui	ing
		medical education during any three consecutive calendar years pursuant	to
		rules adopted by the Board.	
		ay, in its discretion and upon such terms and conditions and for such period	
	• •	rescribe, restore a license so revoked or otherwise acted upon, except that	
		been revoked shall be restored for a period of two years following the date	of
	revocation."		
		<b>TION 5.</b> G.S. 90-14(g) reads as rewritten:	

50 "(g) Prior to taking action against any licensee who practices integrative medicine for 51 providing care not in accordance with the standards of practice for the procedures or treatments

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administered, the Board shall consult with and obtain the expert opinion of a licensee of the 1 2 Board who practices integrative medicine.routinely uses the same modalities of treatment and 3 who finds that the practitioner has not provided care in accordance with the standards of 4 practice for the care administered. The expert opinion shall be available to the licensee before 5 any informal meeting, but shall not be a public record under Chapter 132 of the General 6 Statutes." 7 **SECTION 6.** G.S. 90-14.5(a) reads as rewritten: 8 "(a) The Board, in its discretion, may designate in writing three or more hearing officers 9 to conduct hearings as a hearing committee to take evidence. The Board shall appoint a 10 non-Board member, as necessary, to ensure that at least one of the hearing officers is a 11 physician who routinely uses the same treatment modalities as the licensee." 12 SECTION 7. G.S. 90-14.8 reads as rewritten: "§ 90-14.8. Appeal from Board's decision taking disciplinary action on a license. 13 14 A physician whose license is revoked or suspended disciplined in any manner or denied a 15 license by the Board may obtain a review of the decision of the Board in the Superior Court of Wake County or in the county of residence of the licensee upon filing with the secretary of the 16 17 Board a written notice of appeal within 20 days after the date of the service of the decision of 18 the Board, stating all exceptions taken to the decision of the Board and indicating the court in 19 which the appeal is to be heard. 20 Within 30 days after the receipt of a notice of appeal as herein provided, the Board shall 21 prepare, certify and file with the clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County the record of the 22 case comprising a copy of the charges, notice of hearing, transcript of testimony, and copies of 23 documents or other written evidence produced at the hearing, decision of the Board, and notice 24 of appeal containing exceptions to the decision of the Board." 25 SECTION 8. G.S. 90-14.10 reads as rewritten: 26 "§ 90-14.10. Scope of review. Upon the review of the Board's decision taking disciplinary action on a license, the case 27 28 shall be heard by the judge without a jury, upon the record, except that in cases of alleged 29 omissions or errors in the record, pursuant to testimony thereon may be taken by the court. 30 Upon the consent of both parties, the case may be heard upon the record. The court may affirm 31 the decision of the Board or remand the case for further proceedings; or it may reverse or 32 modify the decision if the substantial rights of the accused physician have been prejudiced 33 because the findings or decisions of the Board are in violation of substantive or procedural law, 34 or are not supported by competent, material, and substantial evidence admissible under this 35 Article, or are arbitrary or capricious. At any time after the notice of appeal has been filed, the 36 court may remand the case to the Board for the hearing of any additional evidence which is 37 material and is not cumulative and which could not reasonably have been presented at the 38 hearing before the Board." 39 **SECTION 9.** G.S. 90-16(e1) reads as rewritten: 40 "(e1) When the Board receives a complaint regarding the care of a patient, the Board shall inform the complainant of the disposition of the Board's inquiry into the complaint and the 41 42 Board's basis for that disposition. Upon written request of a patient, the Board may provide the 43 patient a licensee's written response to a complaint filed by the patient with the Board regarding 44 the patient's care. Upon written request of a complainant, who is not the patient but is 45 authorized by State and federal law to receive protected health information about the patient, the Board may provide the complainant a licensee's written response to a complaint filed with 46 47 the Board regarding the patient's care. Any information furnished to the patient or complainant 48 pursuant to this subsection shall be inadmissible in evidence in any civil proceeding. However, 49 information, documents, or records otherwise available are not immune from discovery or use in a civil action merely because they were included in the Board's review or were the subject of 50 51 information furnished to the patient or complainant pursuant to this subsection. When the

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- 1 Board receives a complaint, the Board shall immediately make the licensee aware of the nature
- 2 of the complaint, the complainant, and the substance of the complaint. As soon as practicable,
- 3 the Board shall provide the licensee the opportunity to review the complaint with the
- 4 complainant. The Board shall not initiate an investigation pursuant to an anonymous complaint
- 5 unless the basis of the complaint constitutes grounds for summary suspension of a licensee's
- 6 <u>license.</u>" 7
  - **SECTION 10.** This act is effective when it becomes law.