

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SESSION 2009**

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**HOUSE BILL 1828\***

Short Title: Modernize Sales Tax on Accommodations. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Luebke; Brubaker, Carney, Gibson, Harrison, Hill, Howard, Hughes, Justice, Lucas, McGee, Wainwright, Weiss, and Womble.

Referred to: Finance.

May 20, 2010

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO MODERNIZE THE APPLICATION OF THE SALES TAX ON  
3 ACCOMMODATIONS BY RECOGNIZING THAT THE SALES PRICE IS THE PRICE  
4 PAID BY THE CONSUMER REGARDLESS OF WHETHER IT IS PAID TO THE  
5 ACCOMMODATIONS PROVIDER OR A THIRD PARTY.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

7 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3) reads as rewritten:

8 **"§ 105-164.4. Tax imposed on retailers.**

9 (a) A privilege tax is imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of the  
10 retailer's net taxable sales or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is five and  
11 three-quarters percent (5.75%).

12 ...

13 (3) ~~Operators of hotels, motels, tourist homes, tourist camps, and similar type~~  
14 ~~businesses and persons who rent private residences and cottages to transients~~  
15 ~~are considered retailers under this Article. A tax at the general rate of tax is~~  
16 ~~levied on the gross receipts derived by these retailers from the rental of any~~  
17 ~~rooms, lodgings, or accommodations furnished to transients for a~~  
18 ~~consideration. This tax does not apply to any private residence or cottage~~  
19 ~~that is rented for less than 15 days in a calendar year or to any room,~~  
20 ~~lodging, or accommodation supplied to the same person for a period of 90 or~~  
21 ~~more continuous days.~~

22 As used in this subdivision, the term "persons who rent to transients"  
23 means (i) owners of private residences and cottages who rent to transients  
24 and (ii) rental agents, including "real estate brokers" as defined in  
25 G.S. 93A-2, who rent private residences and cottages to transients on behalf  
26 of the owners. If a rental agent is liable for the tax imposed by this  
27 subdivision, the owner is not liable. A tax at the general rate applies to the  
28 sales price of the rental of an accommodation to a transient and to other  
29 gross receipts derived from the rental of an accommodation to a transient.  
30 The sales price of the rental of an accommodation to a transient is  
31 determined as if the rental were a service. An "accommodation" is a hotel  
32 room, a motel room, a residence, a cottage, or a similar space for occupancy  
33 by an individual. The tax does not apply to a residence or a cottage that is  
34 rented for less than 15 days in a calendar year or to an accommodation  
35 provided to the same person for a period of 90 or more continuous days.



1           A person who provides an accommodation to a transient is considered a  
2           retailer under this Article. A person who, by written contract, agrees to be  
3           the rental agent for the provider of an accommodation is considered a retailer  
4           under this Article and is liable for the tax imposed by this subdivision. The  
5           liability of a rental agent for the tax imposed by this subdivision relieves the  
6           provider of the accommodation from liability. A rental agent includes a real  
7           estate broker, as defined in G.S. 93A-2.

8           A person who, by written contract, is not the rental agent of the provider  
9           of an accommodation but is authorized by the provider to facilitate the rental  
10           of the accommodation and to charge a transient for the rental is considered a  
11           retailer under this Article for the purpose of determining the sales price of  
12           the accommodation. Accordingly, charges designated as facilitation fees or  
13           similar fees are considered charges necessary to complete the rental of the  
14           accommodation and are included in the sales price. A person who enters into  
15           a contract with the provider of an accommodation to a transient to facilitate  
16           the rental of an accommodation must report the sales price to the provider of  
17           the accommodation. The provider must remit tax on the sales price reported  
18           by the facilitator. A facilitator is not liable for tax due on the sales price  
19           reported to the provider. A facilitator that does not report the sales price to  
20           the provider or that understates the sales price reported to the provider is  
21           liable for tax due on the unreported or underreported sales price."

22           **SECTION 2.** G.S. 105-164.4B is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

23           "(e) Accommodations. – The rental of a transient accommodation is sourced to the  
24           location of the accommodation."

25           **SECTION 3.** G.S. 153A-155(c) reads as rewritten:

26           "(c) Collection. – ~~Every operator of a business subject to a room occupancy tax shall, on~~  
27           ~~and after the effective date of the levy of the tax, collect the tax. The tax shall be collected as~~  
28           ~~part of the charge for furnishing a taxable accommodation. A person who is required to remit to~~  
29           ~~the Department of Revenue the State sales tax on accommodations imposed by~~  
30           ~~G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3) is required to remit a room occupancy tax to the taxing county on and~~  
31           ~~after the effective date of the levy of the room occupancy tax. The room occupancy tax applies~~  
32           ~~to the same gross receipts as the State sales tax on accommodations and is calculated in the~~  
33           ~~same manner as that tax. A rental agent or a person who facilitates the rental of an~~  
34           ~~accommodation has the same responsibility and liability under the room occupancy tax as the~~  
35           ~~rental agent or facilitator has under the State sales tax on accommodations.~~

36           If a taxable accommodation is furnished as part of a package, the bundled transaction  
37 provisions in G.S. 105-164.4D apply in determining the sales price of the taxable  
38 accommodation. If those provisions do not address the type of package offered, the ~~operator~~  
39 ~~person offering the package~~ may determine an allocated price for each item in the package  
40 based on a reasonable allocation of revenue that is supported by the ~~operator's~~ ~~person's~~ business  
41 records kept in the ordinary course of business and ~~collect~~ ~~calculate~~ tax on the allocated price  
42 of the taxable accommodation.

43           ~~The tax shall be stated and charged separately from the sales records and shall be paid by~~  
44           ~~the purchaser to the operator of the business. The provider of an accommodation must~~  
45           ~~separately state the room occupancy tax. Room occupancy taxes paid to a provider of an~~  
46           ~~accommodation are paid to the provider as trustee for and on account of the taxing county. The~~  
47           ~~tax shall be added to the sales price and shall be passed on to the purchaser instead of being~~  
48           ~~borne by the operator of the business.~~

49           The taxing county shall ~~design, print, design~~ and furnish to all appropriate businesses and  
50 persons in the county the necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to ensure the full  
51 collection of the tax. ~~An operator of a business. A provider of accommodations~~ who collects a

1 room occupancy tax may deduct from the amount remitted to the taxing county a discount  
2 equal to the discount the State allows the ~~operator-provider~~ for State sales and use tax."

3 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 153A-155(g) reads as rewritten:

4 "(g) Applicability. – Subsection (c) of this section applies to all counties that levy an  
5 occupancy tax. To the extent subsection (c) conflicts with any provision of a local act,  
6 subsection (c) supersedes that provision. The remainder of this ~~This~~ section applies only to  
7 Alleghany, Anson, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Camden, Carteret, Caswell,  
8 Chatham, Cherokee, Chowan, Clay, Craven, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Davie, Duplin,  
9 Durham, Forsyth, Franklin, Granville, Halifax, Haywood, Madison, Martin, McDowell,  
10 Montgomery, Nash, New Hanover, New Hanover County District U, Northampton,  
11 Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Person, Randolph, Richmond, Rockingham, Rowan,  
12 Sampson, Scotland, Stanly, Swain, Transylvania, Tyrrell, Vance, Washington, and Wilson  
13 Counties, to Surry County District S, to Watauga County District U, to Yadkin County District  
14 Y, and to the Township of Averasboro in Harnett County and the Ocracoke Township Taxing  
15 District."

16 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 160A-215(c) reads as rewritten:

17 "(c) Collection. – ~~Every operator of a business subject to a room occupancy tax shall, on~~  
18 ~~and after the effective date of the levy of the tax, collect the tax. The tax shall be collected as~~  
19 ~~part of the charge for furnishing a taxable accommodation. A person who is required to remit to~~  
20 ~~the Department of Revenue the State sales tax on accommodations imposed by~~  
21 ~~G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3) is required to remit a room occupancy tax to the taxing city on and after~~  
22 ~~the effective date of the levy of the room occupancy tax. The room occupancy tax applies to the~~  
23 ~~same gross receipts as the State sales tax on accommodations and is calculated in the same~~  
24 ~~manner as that tax. A rental agent or a person who facilitates the rental of an accommodation~~  
25 ~~has the same responsibility and liability under the room occupancy tax as the rental agent or~~  
26 ~~facilitator has under the State sales tax on accommodations.~~

27 If a taxable accommodation is furnished as part of a package, the bundled transaction  
28 provisions in G.S. 105-164.4D apply in determining the sales price of the taxable  
29 accommodation. If those provisions do not address the type of package offered, the ~~operator~~  
30 person offering the package may determine an allocated price for each item in the package  
31 based on a reasonable allocation of revenue that is supported by the ~~operator's~~person's business  
32 records kept in the ordinary course of business and ~~collect~~calculate tax on the allocated price  
33 of the taxable accommodation.

34 ~~The tax shall be stated and charged separately from the sales records and shall be paid by~~  
35 ~~the purchaser to the operator of the business. The provider of an accommodation must~~  
36 ~~separately state the room occupancy tax. Room occupancy taxes paid to a provider of an~~  
37 ~~accommodation are paid to the provider as trustee for and on account of the taxing city. The tax~~  
38 ~~shall be added to the sales price and shall be passed on to the purchaser instead of being borne~~  
39 ~~by the operator of the business.~~

40 The taxing city shall ~~design, print, design~~ and furnish to all appropriate businesses and  
41 persons in the city the necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to ensure the full  
42 collection of the tax. An operator of a business who collects a room occupancy tax may deduct  
43 from the amount remitted to the taxing city a discount equal to the discount the State allows the  
44 ~~operator-provider~~ for State sales and use tax."

45 **SECTION 6.** G.S. 160A-215(g) reads as rewritten:

46 "(g) Applicability. – Subsection (c) of this section applies to all cities that levy an  
47 occupancy tax. To the extent subsection (c) conflicts with any provision of a local act,  
48 subsection (c) supersedes that provision. The remainder of this ~~This~~ section applies only to  
49 Beech Mountain District W, to the Cities of Belmont, Conover, Eden, Elizabeth City, Gastonia,  
50 Goldsboro, Greensboro, Hickory, High Point, Jacksonville, Kings Mountain, Lenoir,  
51 Lexington, Lincolnton, Lowell, Lumberton, Monroe, Mount Airy, Mount Holly, Reidsville,

1 Roanoke Rapids, Salisbury, Shelby, Statesville, Washington, and Wilmington, to the Towns of  
2 Ahoskie, Beech Mountain, Benson, Blowing Rock, Boiling Springs, Boone, Burgaw, Carolina  
3 Beach, Carrboro, Cramerton, Dallas, Dobson, Elkin, Franklin, Jonesville, Kenly, Kure Beach,  
4 Leland, McAdenville, Mooresville, Murfreesboro, North Topsail Beach, Pilot Mountain, Ranlo,  
5 Selma, Smithfield, St. Pauls, Troutman, Tryon, West Jefferson, Wilkesboro, Wrightsville  
6 Beach, Yadkinville, and Yanceyville, and to the municipalities in Avery and Brunswick  
7 Counties."

8           **SECTION 7.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2011, and applies to gross  
9 receipts derived from accommodations provided on or after that date.