GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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Short Title:

HOUSE BILL 642 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/14/11

Justice Reinvestment Act.

	Sponsors:	
	Referred to:	
		April 6, 2011
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO	IMPLEMENT CERTAIN RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUSTICE
3	REINVESTM	MENT PROJECT AND TO PROVIDE THAT THE ACT SHALL BE
4	ENTITLED '	THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2011."
5	The General Asso	embly of North Carolina enacts:
6		
7		NGTHEN PROBATION SUPERVISION
8	SECT	TION 1.(a) G.S. 15A-1340.11(2) reads as rewritten:
9	"(2)	Community punishment A sentence in a criminal case that does not
10		include an active punishment or assignment to a drug treatment court.
11		punishment, an intermediate punishment, or any of the conditions of
12		probation listed in subdivision (6) of this section. It may include any one or
13	SECT	more of the conditions set forth in G.S. $15A-1343(a1)$."
14		(ION 1.(b) G.S. 15A-1340.11(6) reads as rewritten:
15	"(6)	Intermediate punishment. – A sentence in a criminal case that places an
16 17		offender on supervised <u>probation</u> . probation and includes at least one <u>It may</u> include drug treatment court, in addition to one or more of the following
18		<u>conditions:conditions set forth in G.S. 15A-1343(a1).</u>
19		a. Special probation as defined in G.S. 15A-1351(a).
20		b. Assignment to a residential program.
21		c. House arrest with electronic monitoring.
22		d. Intensive supervision.
23		e. Assignment to a day-reporting center.
24		f. Assignment to a drug treatment court program."
25	SECT	TION 1.(c) G.S. 15A-1343 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
26	" <u>(a1)</u> Comm	nunity and Intermediate Probation Conditions In addition to any conditions
27	a court may be au	uthorized to impose pursuant to G.S. 15A-1343(b1), the court may include any
28		e following conditions as part of a community or intermediate punishment:
29	<u>(1)</u>	House arrest with electronic monitoring.
30	<u>(2)</u>	Special probation as defined in G.S. 15A-1351(a).
31	<u>(3)</u>	Perform community service.
32	<u>(4)</u>	Submission to a period or periods of confinement in a local confinement
33	(5)	facility for a total of no more than six days per month.
34	$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$	Substance abuse assessment, monitoring, or treatment.
35 36	<u>(6)</u>	<u>Participation in an educational or vocational skills development program,</u> including an evidence-based program.
50		menuang an evidence-based program.



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(Public)

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2011
1	(7)	Submission to satellite-based monitoring, pursuant to Pa	art 5 of Article 27A
2		of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, if the defended	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3		G.S. 14-208.40(a)(2)."	
4	SEC	TION 1.(d) G.S. 15A-1343.2(e) reads as rewritten:	
5		gation to Probation Officer in Community Punishment. -1	Unless the presiding
6		ly finds in the judgment of the court that delegation is	
7	Division of Con	amunity Corrections in the Department of Correction may	II I '
8		nmunity punishment to: to do any of the following:	
9	(1)	Perform up to 20 hours of community service, and pay t	he fee prescribed by
0		law for this supervision; supervision.	
1	(2)	Report to the offender's probation officer on a frequency	to be determined by
12		the officer; or <u>officer.</u>	
3	(3)	Submit to substance abuse assessment, monitoring or trea	atment.
4	<u>(4)</u>	Submit to house arrest with electronic monitoring.	C
5	<u>(5)</u>	Submit to a period or periods of confinement in a local	confinement facility
16		for a total of no more than six days per month.	
17	<u>(6)</u>	Submit to a curfew which requires the offender to re	-
18		place for a specified period each day and wear a dev	_
19		offender's compliance with the condition to be monitored	•
20	<u>(7)</u>	Participate in an educational or vocational skills dev	velopment program,
21	If the Division	including an evidence-based program.	a a a a a a da a a a a
22 23		imposes any of the above requirements, then it may sub me requirements.	sequently reduce of
25 24		-	w the court pursuant
24 25	-	on officer may exercise authority delegated to him or her b) of this section after administrative review and approval b	
25 26		fender may file a motion with the court to review the	
20 27		r. The offender shall be given notice of the right to seek s	
28		fender shall have no right of review if he or she has signed	
29		d by this subsection. The Division may exercise any auth	
30		ction only if it first determines that the offender has failed	
31		onditions of probation imposed by the court or the offender	
32		on the results of the risk assessment in G.S. 15A-1343.2. No	
33	-	ed to limit the availability of the procedures authorized under	-
34		ion officer exercises authority delegated to him or her by t	
35		the offender may file a motion with the court to review the	
36	probation office	r. The offender shall be given notice of the right to seek s	such a court review.
37	The Division m	ay exercise any authority delegated to it under this subse	ection only if it first
38	determines that	the offender has failed to comply with one or more of	of the conditions of
<u>89</u>	probation impos	ed by the court.	
40		nent shall adopt guidelines and procedures to implement	
41		ich shall include a supervisor's approval prior to exercise	
42		ized by this section. Prior to imposing confinement pursua	
43		on, the probationer must first be presented with a violat	
44	-	as noted and advised of the right (i) to a hearing before the	
45		he right to present relevant oral and written evidence; (ii)	
46		binted if the probationer is indigent; (iii) to request witnesse	
47 40		cerning the alleged violations; and (iv) to examine any wi	
48 40		g of a waiver of rights by the probationer, with both the pro-	
49 50		ng as witnesses, the probationer may be confined for the p	beriod designated on
50	the violation rep		
51	SEC	TION 1.(e) G.S. 15A-1343.2(f) reads as rewritten:	

	General Assembl	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2011			
1	"(f) Delega	ation to Probation Officer in Intermediate Punishments. – 1	Unless the presiding			
2		finds in the judgment of the court that delegation is i				
3	Division of Comr	nunity Corrections in the Department of Correction may	require an offender			
4	sentenced to inter	mediate punishment to: to do any of the following:				
5	(1)	Perform up to 50 hours of community service, and pay the	ne fee prescribed by			
5		law for this supervision; supervision.				
	(2)	Submit to a curfew which requires the offender to ren	main in a specified			
		place for a specified period each day and wear a devi	ce that permits the			
		offender's compliance with the condition to be monit	ored electronically;			
		electronically.	-			
	(3)	Submit to substance abuse assessment, monitoring or treat	tment; treatment.			
	(4)	Participate in an educational or vocational s	kills development			
		program.program, including an evidence-based program.	L.			
	(5)	Submit to satellite-based monitoring pursuant to Part 5	of Article 27A of			
		Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, if the defendation				
		G.S. 14-208.40(a)(2).	2			
	(6)	Submit to a period or periods of confinement in a local of	confinement facility			
		for a total of no more than six days per month.	<u> </u>			
	(7)	Submit to house arrest with electronic monitoring.				
	<u>(8)</u>	Report to the offender's probation officer on a frequency	to be determined by			
		the officer.				
	If the Division in	nposes any of the above requirements, then it may subs	sequently reduce or			
	remove those sam		1			
	The probation	officer may exercise authority delegated to him or her by	y the court pursuant			
	to subsection (f) of	of this section after administrative review and approval b	y a Chief Probation			
	Officer. The offe	ender may file a motion with the court to review the a	action taken by the			
	probation officer.	The offender shall be given notice of the right to seek s	such a court review.			
	However, the offe	ender shall have no right of review if he or she has signed	a written waiver of			
		by this subsection. The Division may exercise any authority				
		tion only if it first determines that the offender has failed				
		nditions of probation imposed by the court or the offender				
		high risk based on the results of the risk assessment in G.S. 15A-1343.2. Nothing in this section				
		to limit the availability of the procedures authorized unde				
	1	on officer exercises authority delegated to him or her by the	1			
		e offender may file a motion with the court to review the				
	1	The offender shall be given notice of the right to seek s				
		y exercise any authority delegated to it under this subset				
		he offender has failed to comply with one or more o	t the conditions of			
	probation imposed	5	(1			
		ent shall adopt guidelines and procedures to implement	÷			
		h shall include a supervisor's approval prior to exercise				
		ed by this section. Prior to imposing confinement pursuar				
		n, the probationer must first be presented with a violati	-			
	-	noted and advised of the right (i) to a hearing before the	-			
		e right to present relevant oral and written evidence; (ii)				
		nted if the probationer is indigent; (iii) to request witnesse erning the alleged violations; and (iv) to examine any with				
		of a waiver of rights by the probationer, with both the pro-				
		g as witnesses, the probationer may be confined for the pro-				
)	the violation report		enou designated off			
		ION 1.(f) G.S. 15A-1343.2 is amended by adding a new s	subsection to read			
		$\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{x}_{1}} \mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{x}_{1}} \mathbf{x}_{1} \mathbf{x}_$	abbeenon to reau.			

 "(b1) Departmental Risk Assessment by Validated Instrument Required. – As part of the probation program developed by the Department of Correction pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the Department of Correction shall use a validated instrument to assess each probationer's risk of reoffending and shall place a probationer in a supervision level based on the probationer's risk of reoffending and criminogenue needs." SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(8) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. PART II.POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES SECTION 2.(h) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "\$ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in-Class-B1-through Class E-sentenced to an active punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in Class A and Class F1 shrough Class. SectION 2.(h) G.S. 15A-136		General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2011
 probation projeram developed by the Department of Correction pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the Department of Correction shall use a validated instrument to assess each probationer for risk of reoffending and shall place a probationer in a supervision level based on the probationer's risk of reoffending and criminogenic needs." SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewritten: "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated risk assessment should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer and caseloads for offenders generofficer by July 1. 1998." SECTION 1.(1) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on rafter December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. PART IL POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "§ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 842. This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 through Class E-sentenced to an active punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in	1	"(b1) Departmental Risk Assessment by Validated Instrument Required. – As part of the
 probationer for risk of reoffending and shall place a probationer in a supervision level based on the probationer's risk of reoffending and criminogenic needs." SECTION 1.(p) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(8) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(8) is repealed. SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewritten: "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated risk assessment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to community punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to diffenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer by July 1, 1998." SECTION I.(h) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "§ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in Class H through Class E-sentenced to an active punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in <u>Class A and</u> Class B sentenced to life imprisonment without parole. Prisoners subject to Articles 85 and 85A of this Chapter are excluded from this Article's coverage." SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 15A-1368.2 reads as rewritten:	2	
4 probationer for risk of reoffending and criminogenic needs." 5 the probationer's risk of reoffending and criminogenic needs." 6 SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. 7 SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. 8 SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. 9 SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewriten: 11 "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to 14 trick assessment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced - 0 16 commity punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced - 160 17 offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer sentenced - 10 intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer sentenced - 10 intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer sentenced - 10 intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer sentenced - 10 intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer sentenced - 10 intermediate punishment should not exceed an average of 61 offenders per officer sentenced - 10 alopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. 22 PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES 35 ECTION 1.(4) This of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in Class A and Class B1 sentenced to life imprisonment without parole. Pris	3	this section, the Department of Correction shall use a validated instrument to assess each
6 SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 15A-1343(b1)(3b) is repealed. 7 SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. 8 SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. 9 SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewritten: "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – II is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated risk assessment should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, sentenced to community punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to offenders per officer by July 1, 1998." 8 SECTION 1.(j) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. 22 PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES 33 SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "\$ 15A-1368.1 Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 through Class E-sentenced to an active <	4	
7 SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed. 8 SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 15A-1340.11(5) is repealed. 9 SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1340.11(5) is repealed. 10 SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1340.11(5) is repealed. 11 "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to 12 the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are 14 risk assessment should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, sentenced to 15 community punishment should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, and easeloads 16 offenders per officer by July 1, 1998." 17 SECTION 1.(l) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to 18 SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "####################################	5	the probationer's risk of reoffending and criminogenic needs."
8 SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 15A-1340.11(5) is repealed. 9 SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 15A-1340.11(8) is repealed. 11 "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to 12 the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are 13 determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated 14 tisk assessment should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, sentenced to 15 community punishment should not exceed an average of 00 offenders per officer, and caseloads 16 for offenders - sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 00 17 sectriton 1.(i) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to 18 sectriton 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: 18 sectriton 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: 19 sectriton 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: 18 SA-1368.1 Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in Class H through Class H sentenced to an active 19 punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in Class A and 10 Class B1 sentenced to life imprisonment without parole. Prisoners	6	SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 15A-1343(b1)(3b) is repealed.
 SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 15A-1340.11(8) is repealed. SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewritten: "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons <u>who are</u> determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated risk assessment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to emmunity punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, and easeloads for offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer by July 1, 1998." SECTION 1.(1) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "§ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 sentenced to an active punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in Class A and 85A of this Chapter are excluded from this Article's coverage." SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 15A-1368.2 reads as rewritten: "§ 15A-1368.2. Post-release supervision eligibility and procedure. (a) A prisoner to whom this Article's coverage." SECTION 5.(c) G.S. 15A-1368.2 reads as rewritten: (b) A prisoner to whom this Article applies shall be released from prison for post-release supervision on the date equivalent to his maximum imposed prison term less nine months, not ecase of Class B1 through E felons and less nine months in the case of Class F through I felons, less a	7	SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 15A-1340.11(3) is repealed.
10 SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewritten: 11 "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to 12 the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are 12 the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are 14 trisk assessment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, and caseloads 16 for offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 17 setting punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, and caseloads 18 SECTION 1.(1) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to 19 persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; 10 howver, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to 20 adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. 22 PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES 24 SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: 25 \$15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. 26 This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 through Class E-sentenced to an active 27 bunishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, bu	8	SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 15A-1340.11(5) is repealed.
 "(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated risk assessment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to community punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to intermediate punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to 90 offenders per officer, sentenced to 91 offenders per officer, sentenced to 91 offenders which occur on or after December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adot guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: *§ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 sentenced to 16 imprisonment without parole. Prisoners subject to Articles 85 and 85A of this Chapter are excluded from this Article's coverage." SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 15A-1368.2 reads as rewritten: *§ 15A-1368.2. Post-release supervision eligibility and procedure. (a) A prisoner to whom this Article applies shall be released from prison for post-release supervision on the date equivalent to his maximum imposed prison term	9	SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 15A-1340.11(8) is repealed.
 the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons who are determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated risk assessment should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, and caseloads for offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer by July 1, 1998." SECTION 1.(1) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 15A-1368.1 reads as rewritten: "§ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 through Class E sentenced to an active punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in Class A and Class B1 sentenced to life imprisonment without parole. Prisoners subject to Articles 85 and 85A of this Chapter are excluded from this Article's coverage." SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 15A-1368.2 reads as rewritten: "§ 15A-1368.2. Post-release supervision eligibility and procedure. (a) A prisoner to whom this Article's applies shall be released from prison for post-release supervision on the date equivalent to his maximum imposed prison term less nine months. 12 months in the case of Class B1 through E felons and less nine months in the case of Class F through I felons, less any earned time awarded by the Department of Correction or the custodian of a local confinement facility under G.S. 15A-1340.13(d). If a prisoner has not been awarded any earned tim	10	SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 15A-1343.2(c) reads as rewritten:
13 determined to be high or moderate risk of rearrest as determined by the Department's validated 14 risk assessment should not exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer, sentenced to 15 community punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per officer, and caseloads 16 for offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not exceed an average of 60 17 offenders per officer by July 1, 1998." 18 SECTION 1.(1) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to 19 persons placed on probation based on offenses which occur on or after December 1, 2011; 10 however, this section and the provisions of this act requiring the Department of Correction to 11 adopt guidelines and procedures are effective when this act becomes law. 12 PART II. POST RELEASE SUPERVISION CHANGES 13 "§ 15A-1368.1. Applicability of Article 84A. 16 This Article applies to all felons in Class B1 through Class E sentenced to an active punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter, but does not apply to felons in Class A and 16 Class B1 sentenced to life imprisonment without parole. Prisoners subject to Articles 85 and 17 "§ 15A-1368.2. Post-release supervision eligibility and procedure. 18 ISA-1368.2. Post-release supervision eligibility and procedure. 19	11	"(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that, subject to
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40 (c) A supervisee's period of post-release supervision shall be for a period of nine 41 months,12 months in the case of Class B1 through E felons and nine months in the case of 42 Class F through I felons, unless the offense is an offense for which registration is required 43 pursuant to Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes. For offenses subject to the 44 registration requirement of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, the period of 45 post-release supervision is five years. The conditions of post-release supervision are as 46 authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5.	38	equivalent to his maximum prison term less nine months.
41 months,12 months in the case of Class B1 through E felons and nine months in the case of 42 Class F through I felons, unless the offense is an offense for which registration is required 43 pursuant to Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes. For offenses subject to the 44 registration requirement of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, the period of 45 post-release supervision is five years. The conditions of post-release supervision are as 46 authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5.	39	(b) A prisoner shall not refuse post-release supervision.
42 <u>Class F through I felons</u> , unless the offense is an offense for which registration is required 43 pursuant to Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes. For offenses subject to the 44 registration requirement of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, the period of 45 post-release supervision is five years. The conditions of post-release supervision are as 46 authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5.	40	(c) A supervisee's period of post-release supervision shall be for a period of nine
 pursuant to Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes. For offenses subject to the registration requirement of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, the period of post-release supervision is five years. The conditions of post-release supervision are as authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5. 	41	months,12 months in the case of Class B1 through E felons and nine months in the case of
 registration requirement of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, the period of post-release supervision is five years. The conditions of post-release supervision are as authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5. 	42	
45 post-release supervision is five years. The conditions of post-release supervision are as46 authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5.		
46 authorized in G.S. 15A-1368.5.		
4/ (c1) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, a person required to submit to		
		(c1) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, a person required to submit to
48 satellite-based monitoring pursuant to G.S. 15A-1368.4(b1)(6) shall continue to participate in 49 satellite-based monitoring beyond the period of post-release supervision until the Commission		

satellite-based monitoring beyond the period of post-release supervision until the Commission releases the person from that requirement pursuant to G.S. 14-208.43. 49

50

	General As	ssembly Of	North Caro	lina			Se	ssion 2011
1	(d)	A supervis	ee's period	of post-rele	ase supervi	sion may t	be reduced	while the
2	supervisee	is under su	upervision by	earned tim	e awarded	by the Depa	artment of (Correction,
3	pursuant to	pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with law. A supervisee is eligible to receive earned						
4	time credit	toward th	e period of	supervision	for complia	nce with re	eintegrative	conditions
5	described in	n G.S. 15A-	1368.5.					
6	(e)]	Repealed by	y Session Lav	vs 1997-237,	s. 7.			
7			ervisee comp					
8	sentences fr	om which t	the supervisee	e was placed	on post-rele	ase supervis	ion are term	inated."
9	5	SECTION	2.(c) G.S. 1	5A-1368.4(e) is amende	d by adding	g a new sub	division to
10	read:							
11			to abscond, b					
12		supe	ervisee's when	eabouts unk	nown to the	supervising	probation of	ficer."
13			2.(d) G.S. 15					
14			Violation. –					
15		,	y time before			1 1	,	
16			pervisee on t					
17			inuation or 1					
18			d in G.S. 15A	-1368.6 and	reimprison	the supervise	ee for a term	consistent
19	with the fol	0 1						
20	(<u>superviseeS</u>					
21		-	stration is re	-		-		
22			utes and supe					
23			ired controlli					
24			iolation of G				-	-
25			e remaining			-		
26			ervisees will l					
27			three month					
28			ervisees who				eturned to p	rison up to
29			time remainin				1	
30	(· /	supervisee				· 1	
31		-	ervision again			of imprison	iment impos	sed by the
32			t under G.S.					
33	(suant to Artic		-	-		
34			rd a prisoner	-	•	-		-
35			ustody as a re		-	U		
36 37	(· /	prisoner is e	0			0	
38		-	on term as provide the revocation of the revocat		J.S. 13A-13	+0.15(d) 10r	ume served	i în prison
30 39					1) maada aa m			
39 40			2.(e) G.S. 15 Sentences Sp	,	,		I Falanias	Unloss
40 41	• •		a statute e			0		
41	-			0	-	-		
43			prisonment in ding maximu					
43 44		-	-		-	-		
44 45	-		elow for Clas m term and th	-			si iigule iil e	
43 46	$\frac{110}{3-4}$	4-5	in terni and u 5-6	$\frac{6-8}{6-8}$	7-9	8-10	9-11	10-12
40 47	3-4 11-14	4-3 12-15	3-0 13-16	0-8 14-17	7-9 15-18		9-11 17-21	$\frac{10-12}{18-22}$
47	11-14 19-23	$\frac{12-13}{20-24}$	$\frac{13-10}{21-26}$	$\frac{14-17}{22-27}$	$\frac{13-16}{23-28}$	10-20 24-29	$\frac{17-21}{25-30}$	$\frac{16-22}{26-32}$
40 49	$\frac{19-23}{27-33}$	20-24 28-34	$\frac{21-20}{29-35}$	22-27 30-36	23-28 31-38	24-29 <u>32-39</u>	23-30 33-40	20-32 34-41
49 50	27-33 35-42	20-34 36-44	29-33 37-45	30-30 38-46	31-38 39-47	32-39 40-48	33-40 41-50	34-41 42-51
50 51	33-42 43-52	30-44 44-53	37-43 45-54	36-40 46-56	39-47 47-57	40-48 48-58	41-50 49-59	-12-31
51	-13-32		+3-34	-0-30	-<i>1-31</i>	0-J0	-7-37	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 202							ssion 2011
1	3-13	4-14	5-15	6-17	7-18	8-19	9-20	10-21
2	<u>3 13</u> 11-23	$\frac{1}{12-24}$	<u>13-25</u>	14-26	$\frac{710}{15-27}$	<u>16-29</u>	<u>17-30</u>	18-31
$\frac{2}{3}$	<u>11-23</u> 19-32	$\frac{12}{20-33}$	$\frac{13 \ 25}{21-35}$	$\frac{1120}{22-36}$	$\frac{13 \ 27}{23 \ 37}$	$\frac{10 29}{24-38}$	$\frac{17-30}{25-39}$	$\frac{10.91}{26-41}$
4	$\frac{17 32}{27-42}$	<u>20 33</u> 28-43	$\frac{21 \ 55}{29-44}$	<u>22 30</u> 30-45	<u>23 37</u> 31-47	$\frac{24.36}{32-48}$	<u>23-39</u> 33-49	$\frac{20 + 1}{34 - 50}$
5	<u>27-42</u> 35-51	<u>26-45</u> 36-53	<u>27-44</u> 37-54	<u>38-55</u>	<u>39-56</u>	<u>40-57</u>	<u>33-49</u> 41-59	<u>34-50</u> 42-60
6	<u>43-61</u>	<u>30-33</u> 44-62	<u>37-54</u> 45-63	<u>38-35</u> 46-65	<u>39-30</u> 47-66	<u>40-37</u> 48-67	<u>41-59</u> 49-68".	42-00
7		SECTION 2					49-00.	
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13	-	gure in each	-				-	
14	term.	8						
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16	23-37	$\frac{10}{24-38}$	25-39	26-41	27-42	28-43	29-44	30-45
17	<u>31-47</u>	32-48	33-49	<u>34-50</u>	<u>35-51</u>	<u>36-53</u>	37-54	<u>38-55</u>
18	39-56	40-57	4 <u>1-59</u>	4 <u>2-60</u>	43-61	44-62	4 5-63	4 6-65
19	47-66	4 8-67	4 <u>9-68</u>	<u>50-69</u>	51-71	<u>52-72</u>	<u>53-73</u>	54-74
20	55-75	56-77	57-78	58-79	59-80	60-81	61-83	62-84
21	63-85	64-86	65-87	66-89	67-90	68-91	69-92	70-93
22	7 <u>1-95</u>	72-96	73-97	74-98	75-99	76-101	77-102	78-103
23	79-104	80-105	81-107	82-108	83-109	84-110	85-111	86-113
23 24	87-114	88-115	89-116	90-117	91-119	92-120	93-121	94-122
25	95-123	96-125	97-126	98-127	99-128	100-129	101-131	102-132
25 26	103-133	104-134	105-135	106-137	107-138	100 12) 108-139	101 131 109-140	102 132 <u>110-141</u>
27	103 133 <u>111-143</u>	112-144	103-135 <u>113-145</u>	100-1 <i>37</i> 114-146	107 130 <u>115-147</u>	100 139 116-149	107 110 <u>117-150</u>	110-111 118-151
28	119-152	120-153	121-155	122-156	123-157	124-158	125-159	126-161
29	127-162	128-163	129-164	130-165	131-167	132-168	133-169	134-170
30	135-171	136-173	137-174	138-175	139-176	140-177	141-179	142-180
31	143-181	144-182	145-183	146-185	147-186	148-187	149-188	150-189
32	151-191	152-192	153-193	154-194	155-195	156-197	157-198	158-199
33	159-200	160-201	161-203	162-204	163-205	164-206	165-207	166-209
34	167-210	168-211	169-212	170-213	171-215	172-216	173-217	174-218
35	175-219	176-221	177-222	178-223	179-224	180-225	181-227	182-228
36	183-229	184-230	185-231	186-233	187-234	188-235	189-236	190-237
37	191-239	192-240	193-241	194-242	195-243	196-245	197-246	198-247
38	199-248	200-249	201-251	202-252	203-253	204-254	205-255	206-257
39	207-258	208-259	209-260	210-261	211-263	212-264	213-265	214-266
40	215-267	216-269	217-270	218-271	219-272	220-273	221-275	222-276
41	223-277	224-278	225-279	226-281	227-282	228-283	229-284	230-285
42	231-287	232-288	233-289	234-290	235-291	236-293	237-294	238-295
43	239-296	240-297	241-299	242-300	243-301	244-302	245-303	246-305
44	247-306	248-307	249-308	250-309	251-311	252-312	253-313	254-314
45	255-315	256-317	257-318	258-319	259-320	260-321	261-323	262-324
46	263-325	264-326	265-327	266-329	267-330	268-331	269-332	270-333
47	271-335	272-336	273-337	274-338	275-339	276-341	277-342	278-343
48	279-3 44	280-345	281-347	282-348	283-349	284-350	285-351	286-353
49	287-354	288-355	289-356	290-357	291-359	292-360	293-361	294-362
50	295-363	296-365	297-366	298-367	299-368	300-369	301-371	302-372
51	303-373	304-374	305-375	306-377	307-378	308-379	309-380	310-381

General	Assembly Of	North Caro	lina			Se	ession 2011
311-383	312-384	313-385	314-386	315-387	316-389	317-390	318-391
319-392	320-393	321-395	322-396	323-397	324-398	325-399	326-401
327-402	328-403	329-404	330-405	331-407	332-408	333-409	334-410
335-411	336-413	337-414	338-415	339-416			
15-30	<u>16-32</u>	<u>17-33</u>	<u>18-34</u>	<u>19-35</u>	<u>20-36</u>	<u>21-38</u>	<u>22-39</u>
<u>23-40</u>	<u>24-41</u>	<u>25-42</u>	<u>26-44</u>	<u>27-45</u>	<u>28-46</u>	<u>29-47</u>	<u>30-48</u>
<u>31-50</u>	<u>32-51</u>	<u>33-52</u>	<u>34-53</u>	<u>35-54</u>	<u>36-56</u>	<u>37-57</u>	<u>38-58</u>
<u>39-59</u>	40-60	<u>41-62</u>	<u>42-63</u>	<u>43-64</u>	<u>44-65</u>	<u>45-66</u>	<u>46-68</u>
<u>47-69</u>	<u>48-70</u>	<u>49-71</u>	<u>50-72</u>	<u>51-74</u>	<u>52-75</u>	<u>53-76</u>	<u>54-77</u>
<u>55-78</u>	<u>56-80</u>	<u>57-81</u>	<u>58-82</u>	<u>59-83</u>	<u>60-84</u>	<u>61-86</u>	<u>62-87</u>
<u>63-88</u>	<u>64-89</u>	<u>65-90</u>	<u>66-91</u>	<u>67-93</u>	<u>68-94</u>	<u>69-95</u>	<u>70-96</u>
71-98	72-99	73-100	74-101	75-102	76-104	77-105	78-106
79-107	80-108	81-110	82-111	83-112	84-113	85-114	86-115
87-117	88-118	89-119	90-120	91-122	92-123	93-124	94-125
95-126	96-128	97-129	98-130	99-131	100-132	101-134	102-135
103-136	104-137	105-138	106-140	107-141	108-142	109-143	110-144
111-146	112-147	113-148	114-149	115-150	116-152	117-153	118-154
119-155	120-156	121-158	122-159	123-160	124-161	125-162	126-164
127-165	128-166	129-167	130-168	131-170	132-171	133-172	134-173
135-174	136-176	137-177	138-178	139-179	140-180	141-182	142-183
143-184	144-185	145-186	146-188	147-189	148-190	149-191	150-192
151-194	152-195	153-196	154-197	155-198	156-200	157-201	158-202
159-203	160-204	161-206	162-207	163-208	164-209	165-210	166-212
167-213	168-214	169-215	170-216	171-218	172-219	173-220	174-221
175-222	176-224	177-225	178-226	179-227	180-228	181-230	182-231
183-232	184-233	185-234	186-236	187-237	188-238	189-239	190-240
191-242	192-243	193-244	194-245	195-246	196-248	197-249	198-250
199-251	200-252	201-254	202-255	203-256	204-257	205-258	206-260
207-261	208-262	209-263	210-264	211-266	212-267	213-268	214-269
215-270	216-271	217-273	218-274	219-275	220-276	221-278	222-279
223-280	224-281	225-282	226-284	227-285	228-286	229-287	230-288
231-290	232-291	233-292	234-293	235-294	236-296	237-297	238-298
239-299	240-300	241-302	242-303	243-304	244-305	245-306	246-308
247-309	248-310	249-311	250-312	251-314	252-315	253-316	254-317
255-318	256-320	257-321	258-322	259-323	260-324	261-326	262-327
263-328	264-329	265-330	266-332	267-333	268-334	269-335	270-336
271-338	272-339	273-340	274-341	275-342	276-344	277-345	278-346
279-347	280-348	281-350	282-351	283-352	284-353	285-354	286-356
287-357	288-358	289-359	290-360	291-362	292-363	293-364	294-365
295-366	296-368	297-369	298-370	299-371	300-372	301-374	302-375
<u>303-376</u>	<u>304-377</u>	<u>305-378</u>	<u>306-380</u>	<u>307-381</u>	<u>308-382</u>	<u>309-383</u>	<u>310-384</u>
<u>311-386</u>	312-387	<u>313-388</u>	<u>314-389</u>	<u>315-390</u>	<u>316-392</u>	<u>317-393</u>	<u>318-394</u>
<u>319-395</u>	320-396	<u>321-398</u>	322-399	323-400	324-401	325-402	326-404
327-405	328-408	<u>329-407</u>	330-408		332-411	<u>333-412</u>	334-413
<u>335-414</u>	<u>336-416</u>	<u>337-417</u>		<u>339-419</u> ".	<u> 111</u>	220 112	201 110
200 111		2. (g) G.S. 15			rewritten:		

Maximum Sentences Specified for Class B1 through Class E Felonies for Minimum 47 (e1) 48 Terms of 340 Months or More. - Unless provided otherwise in a statute establishing a punishment for a specific crime, when the minimum sentence is 340 months or more, the 49 corresponding maximum term of imprisonment shall be equal to the sum of the minimum term 50

	General Assem	y Of North Carolina	Session 2011
1	of imprisonment	and twenty percent (20%) of the mini	mum term of imprisonment, rounded to
2	-	onth, plus nine <u>12</u> additional months.	1
3	-		ective December 1, 2011, and applies to
4		ed on or after that date.	
5 6	PART III STA	US OFFENSE OF HABITUAL BR	EAKING AND ENTERING
7			al Statutes is amended by adding a new
8	Article to read:		
9		"Article 2D.	
0		"Habitual Breaking and Entering	<u>g Status Offense.</u>
1	" <u>§ 14-7.25. Defi</u>		
2		definitions apply in this Article:	
3	<u>(1)</u>	"Breaking and entering." - The ter	m means any of the following felony
4		offenses:	
5		a. First degree burglary (G.S. 14	<u>I-51).</u>
6		b. <u>Second degree burglary (G.S.</u>	
7		<u>c.</u> <u>Breaking out of dwelling hous</u>	
8		<u>c.</u> <u>Breaking out of dwelling hous</u> <u>d.</u> <u>Breaking or entering building</u>	
9		e. Breaking or entering a build	ing that is a place of religious worship
)		<u>(G.S. 14-54.1).</u>	
_			offense substantially equivalent to any of
2			on a., b., c., d., or e. of this subdivision.
5			other jurisdiction substantially similar to
4 5		•	subdivision a., b., c., d., or e. of this
)	(2)	subdivision.	
5	<u>(2)</u>		adjudged guilty of or has entered a plea
7 3	(3)	of guilty or no contest to the offense of "Status offender" A person who is	s a habitual breaking and entering status
) }	<u>(3)</u>	offender as described in G.S. 14-7.26	
)	"8 14-7 26 Hab	tual breaking and entering status of	
			time the person commits a breaking and
2			bled guilty to one or more prior felony
	-	-	t or state court in the United States or
			f habitual breaking and entering and is
		•••	ffender. This Article does not apply to a
			it is committed after the conviction of
			y felony to which a pardon has been
	extended shall n	, for the purposes of this Article, con	stitute a felony offense of breaking and
	entering.		
	" <u>§ 14-7.27. Pun</u>	shment.	
			e of breaking and entering and is also
			G.S. 14-7.26, the person must, upon
		tenced and punished as a status offend	
		ge of habitual breaking and entering	
		-	us offender, the person must be charged
		· · ·	ering and for the habitual breaking and
			defendant as a status offender shall be
		indictment charging the person with	the principal felony offense of breaking
	and entering.	interest that abarras a parson with be	aing a status offender must get forth the
		• •	eing a status offender must set forth the ng was committed, the name of the state
1	uate that the price	Terony offense of ofeaking and efficit	ng was commuted, the name of the state

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2011 or other sovereign against whom the felony offense of breaking and entering was committed, 1 2 the dates that the plea of guilty was entered into or conviction returned in the felony offense of 3 breaking and entering, and the identity of the court in which the plea or conviction took place. 4 No defendant charged with being a status offender in a bill of indictment shall be required to go 5 to trial on the charge within 20 days of the finding of a true bill by the grand jury; provided, the defendant may waive this 20-day period. 6 7 "§ 14-7.29. Evidence of prior convictions of breaking and entering. 8 In all cases in which a person is charged under the provisions of this Article with being a 9 status offender, the record of prior conviction of the felony offense of breaking and entering shall be admissible in evidence, but only for the purpose of proving that the person has been 10 convicted of a former felony offense of breaking and entering. A prior conviction may be 11 proved by stipulation of the parties or by the original or a certified copy of the court record of 12 13 the prior conviction. The original or certified copy of the court record, bearing the same name 14 as that by which the defendant is charged, shall be prima facie evidence that the defendant named therein is the same as the defendant before the court and shall be prima facie evidence of 15 16 the facts set out therein. 17 "§ 14-7.30. Verdict and judgment. 18 (a) When an indictment charges a person with a felony offense of breaking and entering 19 as provided by this Article and an indictment also charges that the person is a status offender, 20 the defendant shall be tried for the principal offense of breaking and entering as provided by 21 law. The indictment that the person is a status offender shall not be revealed to the jury unless 22 the jury shall find that the defendant is guilty of the principal felony offense of breaking and 23 entering with which the defendant is charged. 24 (b) If the jury finds the defendant guilty of the felony offense of breaking and entering, 25 the bill of indictment charging the defendant as a status offender may be presented to the same 26 jury. Except that the same jury may be used, the proceedings shall be as if the issue of status 27 offender were a principal charge. 28 If the jury finds that the defendant is a status offender, the trial judge shall enter (c) 29 judgment according to the provisions of this Article. If the jury finds that the defendant is not a 30 status offender, the trial judge shall pronounce judgment on the principal felony offense of 31 breaking and entering as provided by law. 32 "§ 14-7.31. Sentencing of status offenders. When a status offender as defined in this Article commits a felony offense of 33 (a) 34 breaking and entering under the laws of the State of North Carolina, the status offender must, 35 upon conviction or plea of guilty under indictment as provided in this Article, be sentenced as a 36 Class E felon. In determining the prior record level, any conviction used to establish a person's 37 (b) 38 status as a status offender shall not be used. Sentences imposed under this Article shall run 39 consecutively with and shall commence at the expiration of any sentence being served by the 40 person sentenced under this section. A conviction as a status offender under this Article shall not constitute commission 41 (c)42 of a felony for the purpose of either Article 2A or Article 2B of Chapter 14 of the General 43 Statutes." 44 **SECTION 3.(b)** G.S. 14-7.6 reads as rewritten: "§ 14-7.6. Sentencing of habitual felons. 45 46 When an habitual felon as defined in this Article commits any felony under the laws of the 47 State of North Carolina, the felon must, upon conviction or plea of guilty under indictment as provided in this Article (except where the felon has been sentenced as a Class A, B1, or B2 48 49 felon) be sentenced as a Class C felon. at a felony class level that is four classes higher than the 50 principal felony for which the person was convicted; but under no circumstances shall an habitual felon be sentenced at a level higher than a Class C felony. In determining the prior 51

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2011						
1 2 3	record level, convictions used to establish a person's status as an habitual felon shall not be used. Sentences imposed under this Article shall run consecutively with and shall commence at the expiration of any sentence being served by the person sentenced under this section."						
4	SECTION 3.(c) This section becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to						
5	any offense that occurs on or after that date and that is the principal felony offense for a charge						
6	of either the status offenses of habitual breaking and entering or habitual felon. Prosecutions						
7	for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not abated or affected by this						
8	act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those						
9	prosecutions.						
10	prosecutions.						
10	PART IV. LIMIT TIME/CERTAIN VIOLATIONS OF PROBATION						
12	SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 15A-1343(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to						
13	read:						
14	"(3a) Not to abscond, by willfully avoiding supervision or by willfully making the						
15	defendant's whereabouts unknown to the supervising probation officer."						
16	SECTION 4.(b) G.S. 15A-1344(a) reads as rewritten:						
17	"(a) Authority to Alter or Revoke. – Except as provided in subsection (a1) or (b),						
18	probation may be reduced, terminated, continued, extended, modified, or revoked by any judge						
19	entitled to sit in the court which imposed probation and who is resident or presiding in the						
20	district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 or superior court district or set of districts as						
21	defined in G.S. 7A-41.1, as the case may be, where the sentence of probation was imposed,						
22	where the probationer violates probation, or where the probationer resides. Upon a finding that						
23	an offender sentenced to community punishment under Article 81B has violated one or more						
24	conditions of probation, the court's authority to modify the probation judgment includes the						
25	authority to require the offender to comply with conditions of probation that would otherwise						
26	make the sentence an intermediate punishment. The court may revoke probation only for a						
27	violation of G.S. 15A-1343(b)(1) or G.S. 15A-1343(b)(3a). Imprisonment may be imposed						
28	pursuant to G.S. 15A-1344(d2) for a violation of a requirement other than G.S. 15A-1343(b)(1)						
29	or G.S. 15A-1343(b)(3a). The district attorney of the prosecutorial district as defined in						
30	G.S. 7A-60 in which probation was imposed must be given reasonable notice of any hearing to						
31	affect probation substantially."						
32	SECTION 4.(c) G.S. 15A-1344 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:						
33	"(d2) Confinement in Response to Violation. – When a defendant has violated a condition						
34	of probation other than G.S. 15A-1343(b)(1) or G.S. 15A-1343(b)(3a), the court may impose a						
35	90-day period of confinement, but may not revoke probation. If the time remaining on the						
36	defendant's maximum imposed sentence is less than 90 days, then the term of confinement is						
37	for the remaining period of the sentence. Confinement under this section shall be credited						
38	pursuant to G.S. 15-196.1."						
39	SECTION 4.(d) This section is effective December 1, 2011, and applies to						
40	probation violations occurring on or after that date.						
41							
42	PART V. DIVERSION PROGRAM/FELONY DRUG POSSESSION						
43 44	SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 90-96 reads as rewritten: "§ 90-96. Conditional discharge for first offense.						
44 45	(a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any <u>felony</u> offense						
45 46	under this Article or under any statute of the United States or any state relating to those						
40 47	substances included in Article 5 or 5A of Chapter 90 or to that paraphernalia included in Article						
48	5B of Chapter 90 pleads guilty to or is found guilty of (i) a misdemeanor under this Article by						
49	possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules <u>II-I</u> through VI of this Article or						
50	by possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90 113.22, or (ii) a felony under						
51	G.S. 90-95(a)(3), G.S. 90 95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, the court may,						

51 <u>G.S. 90-95(a)(3)</u>, G.S. 90 95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, the court may,

Session 2011

shall, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of such person, defer further 1 2 proceedings and place him on probation upon such reasonable terms and conditions as it may 3 require. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 15A 1342(c) or any other statute or law, 4 probation may be imposed under this section for an offense under this Article for which the 5 prescribed punishment includes only a fine. To fulfill the terms and conditions of probation the 6 court may allow the defendant to participate in a drug education program approved for this 7 purpose by the Department of Health and Human Services. Services or in the Treatment for 8 Effective Community Supervision Program under Article 6B of Chapter 143B of the General 9 Statutes. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and 10 proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge such person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under 11 this section shall be without court adjudication of guilt and shall not be deemed a conviction for 12 13 purposes of this section or for purposes of disgualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon 14 conviction of a crime including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent 15 convictions under this Article. Discharge and dismissal under this section or G.S. 90 113.14 may occur only once with respect to any person. Disposition of a case to determine discharge 16 17 and dismissal under this section at the district court division of the General Court of Justice 18 shall be final for the purpose of appeal. Prior to taking any action to discharge and dismiss 19 under this section the court shall make a finding that the defendant has no record of previous 20 convictions under the "North Carolina Controlled Substances Act", Article 5, Chapter 90, the 21 "North Carolina Toxic Vapors Act", Article 5A, Chapter 90, or the "Drug Paraphernalia Act", 22 Article 5B, Chapter 90.

23

. . .

24 (d) Whenever any person is charged with a misdemeanor under this Article by 25 possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules II-I through VI of this Article or a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, G.S. 90-95(a)(3), 26 27 upon dismissal by the State of the charges against such person, upon entry of a nolle prosequi, 28 or upon a finding of not guilty or other adjudication of innocence, the person may be eligible to 29 apply for expunction of certain records relating to the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.2(b).

30 (e) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of an offense under 31 this Article or under any statute of the United States or any state relating to controlled 32 substances included in any schedule of this Article or to that paraphernalia included in Article 33 5B of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes pleads guilty to or has been found guilty of (i) a 34 misdemeanor under this Article by possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules 35 H-I through VI of this Article, or by possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90-113.22 or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of 36 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ cocaine, G.S. 90-95(a)(3), the person may be eligible to apply for cancellation of the judgment 38 and expunction of certain records related to the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.2(c)."

- 39 40
- 41
- **SECTION 5.(b)** G.S. 15A-145.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-145.2. Expunction of records for first offenders not over 21 years of age at the 42 time of the offense of certain drug offenses.

43

44 (b) Whenever any person is charged with a misdemeanor under Article 5 of Chapter 90 45 of the General Statutes by possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules H-I 46 through VI of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or a felony under 47 G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, G.S. 90-95(a)(3), upon dismissal by the State of the charges against the person, upon entry of a nolle prosequi, or upon a finding 48 49 of not guilty or other adjudication of innocence, such person may apply to the court for an order 50 to expunge from all official records all recordation relating to his or her arrest, indictment or 51 information, or trial. If the court determines, after hearing, that such person was not over 21

Session 2011

years of age at the time the offense for which the person was charged occurred, it shall enter such order. The clerk shall notify State and local agencies of the court's order as provided in G.S. 15A-150. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of the person's failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in response to any inquiry made of him or her for any purpose.

7 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of an offense under (c) 8 Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or under any statute of the United States or any 9 state relating to controlled substances included in any schedule of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the 10 General Statutes or to that paraphernalia included in Article 5B of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes pleads guilty to or has been found guilty of (i) a misdemeanor under Article 5 of 11 12 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes by possessing a controlled substance included within 13 Schedules II-I through VI of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or by possessing 14 drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90-113.22 or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by 15 possessing less than one gram of cocaine, G.S. 90-95(a)(3), the court may, upon application of 16 the person not sooner than 12 months after conviction, order cancellation of the judgment of 17 conviction and expunction of the records of the person's arrest, indictment or information, trial, 18 and conviction. A conviction in which the judgment of conviction has been canceled and the 19 records expunged pursuant to this subsection shall not be thereafter deemed a conviction for 20 purposes of this subsection or for purposes of disqualifications or liabilities imposed by law 21 upon conviction of a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for second or 22 subsequent convictions of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes. Cancellation and 23 expunction under this subsection may occur only once with respect to any person. Disposition 24 of a case under this subsection at the district court division of the General Court of Justice shall 25 be final for the purpose of appeal.

The granting of an application filed under this subsection shall cause the issue of an order to expunge from all official records, other than the confidential files retained under G.S. 15A-151, all recordation relating to the petitioner's arrest, indictment or information, trial, finding of guilty, judgment of conviction, cancellation of the judgment, and expunction of records pursuant to this subsection.

The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer 31 32 for additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct since conviction. If the 33 court determines that the petitioner was convicted of (i) a misdemeanor under Article 5 of 34 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes for possessing a controlled substance included within 35 Schedules H-I through VI of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or for possessing 36 drug paraphernalia as prohibited in G.S. 90-113.22 or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) for 37 possession of less than one gram of cocaine, G.S. 90-95(a)(3), that the petitioner was not over 38 21 years of age at the time of the offense, that the petitioner has been of good behavior since his 39 or her conviction, that the petitioner has successfully completed a drug education program 40 approved for this purpose by the Department of Health and Human Services, and that the petitioner has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation 41 42 under the laws of this State at any time prior to or since the conviction for the offense in 43 question, it shall enter an order of expunction of the petitioner's court record. The effect of such 44 order shall be to restore the petitioner in the contemplation of the law to the status the petitioner 45 occupied before arrest or indictment or information or conviction. No person as to whom such 46 order was entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of the person's failures to recite or acknowledge 47 such arrest, or indictment or information, or conviction, or trial in response to any inquiry made 48 49 of him or her for any purpose. The judge may waive the condition that the petitioner attend the 50 drug education school if the judge makes a specific finding that there was no drug education 51 school within a reasonable distance of the defendant's residence or that there were specific

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2011
1 2	extenuating circumstances which made it likely that the petitioner would no program of instruction.	t benefit from the
3	The court shall also order all law enforcement agencies, the Department	of Correction, the
4	Division of Motor Vehicles, and any other State or local agencies identified b	
5	bearing records of the conviction and records relating thereto to expunge th	
6	conviction. The clerk shall notify State and local agencies of the court's ord	
7	G.S. 15A-150."	Ĩ
8	SECTION 5.(c) Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the General Statu	tes is amended by
9	adding a new section to read:	-
10	" <u>§ 15A-1340.18. Advanced supervised release.</u>	
11	(a) <u>Definitions. – For the purposes of this section, the following defini</u>	
12	(1) "Advanced supervised release" or "ASR" means release	from prison and
13	placement on post-release supervision under this section	on if an eligible
14	defendant is sentenced to active time.	
15	(2) "Eligible defendant" means a defendant convicted and sent	enced based upon
16	any of the following felony classes and prior record levels:	
17	a. <u>Class D, Prior Record Level I-III.</u>	
18	b. <u>Class E, Prior Record Level I-IV.</u>	
19	<u>c.</u> <u>Class F, Prior Record Level I-V.</u>	
20	d. <u>Class G, Prior Record Level I-VI.</u>	
21 22	 <u>e.</u> <u>Class H, Prior Record Level I-VI.</u> "Risk reduction incentive" is a sentencing condition which 	upon successful
22	(3) <u>"Risk reduction incentive" is a sentencing condition which</u> completion during incarceration, results in a prisoner being	
23 24	(b) The Department of Correction is authorized to create risk rec	-
25	<u>consisting of treatment, education, and rehabilitative programs. The inc</u>	
26	designed to reduce the likelihood that the prisoner who receives the incentive	
27	(c) The court, in its discretion and without objection from the prosecu	
28	risk reduction incentive or incentives in sentencing an eligible defendant to an	
29	(d) The court shall impose a sentence calculated pursuant to Article 8	
30	Statutes. The ASR date shall be the shortest mitigated sentence for the offens	e at the offender's
31	prior record level. If the court utilizes the mitigated range in sentencing the d	efendant, then the
32	ASR date shall be eighty percent (80%) of the minimum sentence imposed.	
33	(e) The defendant shall be notified at sentencing that if the defendant	
34	reduction incentives as identified by the Department, then he or she will be	
35	ASR date. If the Department determines that the defendant is unable to comp	
36	by the ASR date, through no fault of the defendant, then the defendant shall	be released at the
37	ASR date.	-11
38	(f) <u>Termination from the risk reduction incentive program sha</u>	
39 40	nullification of the ASR date, and the defendant's release date shall be calculated the adjudged contained. A prisoner who has completed the risk reduction income	•
40 41	the adjudged sentence. A prisoner who has completed the risk reduction ince ASR date may have the ASR date nullified due to noncompliance with De	-
42	regulations.	partment rules of
43	(g) The Department shall adopt policies and procedures for the asses	sment to occur at
44	diagnostic processing, for documentation of the inmate's progress, and for ter	
45	incentive program due to a lack of progress or a pattern of noncompliance	
46	with other Department rules or regulations."	<u></u>
47	SECTION 5.(d) G.S. 15A-1340.13(d) reads as rewritten:	
48	"(d) Service of Minimum Required; Earned Time Authorization.	– An offender
49	sentenced to an active punishment shall serve the minimum term imposed. in	
50	provided in G.S. 15A-1340.18. The maximum term may be reduced to, b	ut not below, the
51	minimum term by earned time credits awarded to an offender by the Departm	nent of Correction

General A	ssembly Of North Carolina	Session 2011
or the cust law."	odian of the local confinement facility, pursuant to rules adopted	ed in accordance with
14.00.	SECTION 5.(e) This section becomes effective January 1,	2012 and applies to
persons en	tering a plea or who are found guilty of an offense on or after th	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PART VI	REFOCUS CRIMINAL JUSTICE PARTNERSHIP PROG	RAM
	SECTION 6.(a) Article 6A of Chapter 143B of the General St	
	SECTION 6.(b) Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amer	-
Article to		idea by adding a new
Inticie to	" <u>Article 6B.</u>	
	"Treatment for Effective Community Supervision Progra	am.
"§ 143B-2	74.1. Short title.	
	rticle is the "Treatment for Effective Community Supervision A	ct of 2011" and may
	γ that name.	
	74.2. Legislative policy.	
	licy of the General Assembly with respect to the Treatment for I	Effective Community
	n Program is to support the use of evidence-based practices to r	•
	coordination between State and community-based corrections	
	74.3. Definitions.	<u> </u>
	llowing definitions apply in this Article:	
	(1) Certified and licensed. – North Carolina Substance	Abuse Professional
	Practice Board certified or licensed substance abu	
	Department of Health and Human Services licensed age	
	(2) Department. – The Department of Correction.	
	(3) Division. – The Department of Correction, Divis	sion of Community
	Corrections.	<i>_</i>
	(4) Eligible entity. – A local or regional government, a nor	ngovernmental entity,
	or collaborative partnership that demonstrates capacity	
	that address the criminogenic needs of offenders.	
	(5) Program. – A community-based corrections program.	
	(6) Secretary. – The Secretary of the Department of Correct	tion.
	(7) State Board. – The State Community Corrections Advis	ory Board.
" <u>§</u> 143B-2	274.4. Goals of community-based corrections programs	funded under this
	Article.	
The go	als of community-based programs funded under this Article are	e to reduce recidivism
and to red	uce the rate of probation and post-release supervision revocation	ns from the rate in the
2009-2010	fiscal year.	
" <u>§ 143B-2</u>	74.5. Eligible population.	
<u>(a)</u>	An eligible offender is an adult offender who was convicted o	f a misdemeanor or a
felony offe	ense or is sentenced under the conditional discharge program as	defined in G.S. 90-96
and meets	any one of the following criteria:	
	(1) <u>Received a nonincarcerative sentence of a community p</u>	
	(2) <u>Received a nonincarcerative sentence of an intermediate</u>	e punishment.
	(3) Is serving a term of parole or post-release supervision a	fter serving an active
	sentence of imprisonment.	
<u>(b)</u>	The priority populations for programs funded under this Article	
	(1) Offenders convicted of a felony or offenders sentence	ed under G.S. 90-96
	conditional discharge for a felony offense.	
	(2) Offenders identified by the Department of Correction	using a validated risk
	• •	
	assessment instrument to have a high likelihood o moderate to high need for substance abuse treatment.	

General Asser	nbly Of North CarolinaSession 2011
" <u>§ 143B-274.6</u>	. Duties of Department of Correction.
(a) In a	addition to those otherwise provided by law, the Department of Correction shall
have the follow	ving duties:
(1)	To enter into contractual agreements with eligible entities for the operation
	of community-based corrections programs and monitor compliance with
	those agreements.
(2)	To develop the minimum program standards, policies, and rules for
<u></u>	community-based corrections programs and to consult with the Department
	of Health and Human Services on those standards, policies, and rules that are
	applicable to licensed and credentialed substance abuse services.
<u>(3)</u>	To monitor, oversee, and evaluate contracted service providers.
(4)	To act as an information clearinghouse regarding community-based
	corrections programs.
<u>(5)</u>	To collaborate with the Department of Health and Human Services on
	focusing treatment resources on high-risk and moderate to high need
	offenders on probation, parole, and post-release supervision.
(b) The	e Department of Correction Division of Community Corrections shall develop
	ecidivism reduction plan for the State that accomplishes the following:
<u>(1)</u>	Articulates a goal of reducing revocations among people on probation and
<u></u>	post-release supervision by twenty percent (20%) from the rate in the
	2009-2010 fiscal year.
(2)	Identifies the number of people on probation and post-release supervision in
	each county that are in the priority population and have a likely need for
	substance abuse and/or mental health treatment, employment, education,
	and/or housing.
<u>(3)</u>	Identifies the program models that research has shown to be effective at
	reducing recidivism for the target population and ranks those programs
	based on their cost-effectiveness.
<u>(4)</u>	Propose a plan to fund the provision of the most cost-effective programs and
	services across the State. The plan shall describe the number and types of
	programs and/or services to be funded in each region of the State and how
	that program capacity compares with the needs of the target population in
	that region.
<u>(c)</u> <u>The</u>	e Department of Correction shall report by March 1 of each year to the Chairs of
the Senate an	d House Appropriations Committees, the Senate and House Appropriations
Subcommittee	s on Justice and Public Safety, and the Joint Legislative Corrections, Crime
Control, and Ju	avenile Justice Oversight Committee on the status of the Treatment for Effective
Community Su	pervision Program. The report shall include the following information:
<u>(1)</u>	The dollar amount and purpose of funds provided on a contractual basis to
	service providers for the previous fiscal year.
<u>(2)</u>	An analysis of offender participation data received, including the following:
	a. <u>The number of people on probation and post-release supervision that</u>
	are in the priority population that received services.
	b. The number of people on probation and post-release supervision that
	are in the priority population that did not receive services.
	c. <u>The number of people on probation and post-release supervision</u>
	outside of the priority population that received services.
	<u>d.</u> <u>The type of services provided to these populations.</u>
	e. <u>The rate of revocations and successful completions for people who</u>
	received services.
	<u>f.</u> <u>Other measures as determined appropriate.</u>

Gen	eral Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2011
	<u>(3)</u>	The dollar amount needed to provide additional services t	o meet the needs of
		the priority population in the upcoming budget year.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Details of personnel, travel, contractual, operating	g, and equipment
		expenditures for each program type.	
" <u>§ 1</u>	43B-274.7.	Contract for services.	
((a) The	Department of Correction shall contract with service p	roviders through a
com	petitive pro	curement process to provide community-based service	s to offenders on
prob	ation, parole	, or post-release supervision.	
<u>(</u>	(b) <u>Contr</u>	acts for substance abuse treatment services shall be away	rded to certified or
licer	nsed substand	ce abuse professionals and appropriately licensed agencies	to provide services
and	use practices	that have a demonstrated evidence base.	
((c) The I	Department of Correction, in partnership with the Departn	ment of Health and
Hun	nan Services	, shall develop standard service definitions and perform	ance measures for
<u>subs</u>	stance abuse	and aftercare support services for inclusion in the contracts.	
<u>(</u>	(d) The	percentage of funds received by a service provider that	t may be used for
<u>adm</u>	<u>inistrative pu</u>	rposes is up to fifteen percent (15%).	
" <u>§ 1</u>	43B-274.8.	State Community Corrections Advisory Board.	
((a) The S	state Board shall act as an advisory body to the Secretary	with regard to this
Arti	cle. The Stat	e Board shall consist of 23 members as follows, to be apport	inted as provided in
<u>subs</u>	section (b) of	this section:	
	<u>(1)</u>	A member of the Senate.	
	<u>(2)</u>	A member of the House of Representatives.	
	<u>(3)</u>	A judge of the superior court.	
	<u>(4)</u>	A judge of the district court.	
	<u>(5)</u>	A district attorney.	
	<u>(6)</u>	A criminal defense attorney.	
	<u>(7)</u>	A county sheriff.	
	<u>(8)</u>	A chief of a city police department.	
	<u>(9)</u>	Two county commissioners, one from a predominantly un	ban county and one
		from a predominantly rural county.	
	<u>(10)</u>	A representative of an existing community-based correction	
	<u>(11)</u>	A member of the public who has been the victim of a crim	<u>ne.</u>
	<u>(12)</u>	Two rehabilitated ex-offenders.	
	<u>(13)</u>	<u>A member of the business community.</u>	
	<u>(14)</u>	Three members of the general public, one of whom is a	
		from chemical dependency or who is a previous cons	sumer of substance
		abuse treatment services.	
	<u>(15)</u>	<u>A victim service provider.</u>	
	<u>(16)</u>	A member selected from each of the following service a	reas: mental health,
		substance abuse, and employment and training.	
	<u>(17)</u>	<u>A clerk of superior court.</u>	
<u>(</u>		nembership of the State Board shall be selected as follows:	
	<u>(1)</u>	The Governor shall appoint the following members: the	
		chief of a city police department, the member of the publ	
		victim of a crime, a rehabilitated ex-offender, and the	members selected
		from each of the service areas.	. .
	<u>(2)</u>	The Lieutenant Governor shall appoint the following me	
		of the business community, one member of the gener	
		person recovering from chemical dependency or who is a	previous consumer
		of substance abuse treatment services, and the victim serv	

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2011
1	(3)	The Chief Justice of the North Carolina Supreme Court	shall appoint the
2	<u>x=</u> ,	following members: the superior court judge, the distric	* *
3		district attorney, the clerk of superior court, the criminal	
4		and the representative of an existing community-based corr	
5	<u>(4)</u>	The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall appo	· ·
6	<u> </u>	members: the member of the Senate, the county com	
7		predominantly urban county, and one member of the gener	
8	<u>(5)</u>	The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appo	
9	<u></u>	members: the member of the House of Representat	
10		commissioner from a predominantly rural county, and or	•
11		general public.	
12	In appointing	g the members of the State Board, the appointing authorities	s shall make every
13		air geographic representation of the State Board membership	
14		and women are fairly represented.	
15		nitial members shall serve staggered terms, one-third shall	be appointed for a
16		r, one-third shall be appointed for a term of two years, and	* *
17		term of three years. The members identified in subdivisions	
18	subsection (a) of	f this section shall be appointed initially for a term of one y	ear. The members
19		divisions (8) through (13) in subsection (a) of this section s	
20	initially for a ter	m of two years. The members identified in subdivisions (14	4) through (16) of
21	subsection (a) of	f this section shall each be appointed for a term of three year	ars. The additional
22	member identifi	ed in subdivision (17) in subsection (a) of this section s	hall be appointed
23	initially for a ter	m of three years.	
24	At the end of	their respective terms of office their successors shall be appo	ointed for terms of
25	three years. A va	cancy occurring before the expiration of the term of office sh	hall be filled in the
26	same manner a	s original appointments for the remainder of the term. I	Members may be
27	reappointed with	out limitation.	
28	(d) Each	appointing authority shall have the power to remove a me	mber it appointed
29		oard for misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance.	
30		members of the State Board shall, within 30 days after	
31		nade, meet and elect one member as Chair and one member a	
32		State Board shall meet at least quarterly and may also hold s	
33		hair. For purposes of transacting business, a majority of the	membership shall
34	constitute a quor		
35		member who has an interest in a governmental agency of	
36		y which is applying for a Treatment for Effective Comm	• •
37		t or which has received a contract and which is the subject	
38	-	ct oversight committee, shall publicly disclose that interest	
39		t in discussion or have any vote in regard to any matter dire	
40		applicant or grantee. "Interest" in a grant applicant or grante	
41		ection to the entity, including, but not limited to, employing	* *
42		cted official, board member, director, officer, or trustee, or be	
43		of someone who has such a connection to the grant applicant of the State Board shall some without compared	
44		members of the State Board shall serve without compensations	ation but shall be
45 46		ecessary travel and subsistence expenses. State Community Corrections Advisory Board; powers a	nd dution
40 47		State Community Corrections Advisory Board, as defined unc	
48		ties and responsibilities:	ici uno mucie ildo
40 49	(1)	<u>To review the criteria for monitoring and evaluating</u>	community_based
5 0	(1)	corrections programs.	<u>community-based</u>
51	<u>(2)</u>	To recommend community-based corrections program prior	orities.
~ -		<u></u>	

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2011
1	(3) To review the minimum program standards, policies, and rules for
2 3	community-based corrections programs.
	(4) To review the evaluation of programs funded by this Article.
	" <u>§ 143B-274.10. North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission report.</u>
	The North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission shall report by April 30
	of each even-numbered year to the General Assembly and the Governor on recidivism rates for
	offenders on probation, parole, and post-release supervision participating in programming
	funded through this Article according to risk level.
	" <u>§ 143B-274.11. Program types eligible for funding; community-based corrections</u>
	programs. Based on the prioritized populations in G.S. 143B-274.5(b), program types eligible for
	funding may include, but are not limited to, the following:
	(1) <u>Substance abuse treatment services, to include co-occurring substance abuse</u> and mental health disorder services, residential, intensive outpatient,
	outpatient, peer support, and relapse prevention.
	(2) Cognitive behavioral programming and other evidence-based programming
	deemed to be the most cost-effective method to reduce criminogenic needs
	identified by the risk/needs assessment."
	SECTION 6.(c) This section becomes effective July 1, 2011.
	PART VII. MISDEMEANANTS TO SERVE SENTENCES IN JAIL
	SECTION 7.(a) Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by
	adding a new section to read:
	"§ 15A-1340.24. Local government confinement facility; sentence.
	A defendant convicted solely on a misdemeanor or misdemeanor charges under this Article,
	with an imposed sentence less any time credited for time served that results in a period of
	confinement of six months or less, shall serve the period of confinement in a local confinement
	facility."
	SECTION 7.(b) G.S. 148-32.1(b) reads as rewritten:
	"(b) In the event that the custodian of the local confinement facility certifies in writing to
	the clerk of the superior court in the county in which said local confinement facility is located
	that the local confinement facility is filled to capacity, or that the facility cannot reasonably
	accommodate any more prisoners due to segregation requirements for particular prisoners, or
	that the custodian anticipates, in light of local experiences, an influx of temporary prisoners at
	that time, or if the local confinement facility does not meet the minimum standards published
	pursuant to G.S. 153A-221, any judge of the district court in the district court district as defined
	in G.S. 7A-133 where the facility is located, or any superior court judge who has jurisdiction
	pursuant to G.S. 7A-47.1 or G.S. 7A-48 in a district or set of districts as defined in
	G.S. 7A-41.1 where the facility is located may order that the prisoner be transferred to any
	other qualified local confinement facility within that district or within another such district
	where space is available, including a satellite jail unit operated pursuant to G.S. 153A-230.3 if
	the prisoner is a non-violent misdemeanant, which local facility shall accept the transferred
	prisoner, if the prison population has exceeded a manageable level as provided for in $C \leq 148 \leq 1(2)$. If no much level configurate facility is englished then any such index man
	G.S. 148-4.1(a). If no such local confinement facility is available, then any such judge may
	order the prisoner transferred to such camp or facility as the proper authorities of the
	Department of Correction shall designate, notwithstanding that the term of imprisonment of the prisoner is 90 days six months or less. In no event, however, shall a prisoner whose term of
	prisoner is <u>90 days six months</u> or less. In no event, however, shall a prisoner whose term of imprisonment is less than <u>3090</u> days be assigned or ordered transferred to any such camp or
	facility."
	SECTION 7.(c) G.S. 15A-1352(a) reads as rewritten:
	SECTION $f_{i}(t)$ 0.5. 15A-1552(a) leads as lewillell.

A person sentenced to imprisonment for a misdemeanor under this Article or for 1 "(a) 2 nonpayment of a fine under Article 84 of this Chapter shall be committed for the term 3 designated by the court to the custody of the Department of Correction or to a local 4 confinement facility. If the sentence imposed for a misdemeanor less any time credited for time 5 served that results in a period of confinement of is for a period of 90 days six months or less, the commitment must be to a facility other than one maintained by the Department of 6 7 Correction, except as provided in G.S. 148-32.1(b).

8 If a person is sentenced to imprisonment for a misdemeanor under this Article or for 9 nonpayment of a fine under Article 84 of this Chapter, the sentencing judge shall make a 10 finding of fact as to whether the person would be suitable for placement in a county satellite jail/work release unit operated pursuant to G.S. 153A-230.3. If the sentencing judge makes a 11 finding of fact that the person would be suitable for placement in a county satellite jail/work 12 13 release unit and the person meets the requirements listed in G.S. 153A-230.3(a)(1), then the 14 custodian of the local confinement facility may transfer the misdemeanant to a county satellite jail/work release unit." 15

SECTION 7.(d) 16 This section becomes effective July 1, 2011, and applies to 17 sentences imposed on or after that date.

18 19

PART VIII. ANNUAL REPORT

20 SECTION 8. Article 4 of Chapter 164 of the General Statutes is amended by 21 adding a new section to read:

22 "§ 164-50. Annual report on implementation of Justice Reinvestment Project.

23 The Judicial Department, through the North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory 24 Commission, and the Department of Correction shall jointly conduct ongoing evaluations 25 regarding the implementation of the recommendations of the Justice Reinvestment Project. The 26 commission shall present the first evaluation report to the Joint Legislative Correction, Crime 27 Control, and Juvenile Justice Oversight Committee and to the Chairs of the Senate and House of Representatives Appropriations Subcommittees on Justice and Public Safety by April 15, 28 29 2012, and future reports shall be made annually by April 15 of each year." 30

31 PART IX. TITLE

32 33 SECTION 9. This act shall be known as "The Justice Reinvestment Act of 2011."

34 PART X. EFFECTIVE DATE

35 **SECTION 10.** Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act is effective when it 36 becomes law. Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not 37 abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain

38 applicable to those prosecutions.