GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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HOUSE BILL 725

Short Title:	Ignition Interlock Required/All DWIs.	(Public)		
Sponsors:	Representatives Rapp and McGuirt (Primary Sponsors).			
	For a complete list of Sponsors, see Bill Information on the NCGA Web	Site.		
Referred to:	Judiciary.			

April 7, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO REQUIRE ANYONE WHO IS CONVICTED OF DRIVING WHILE 3 IMPAIRED, DRIVING AFTER CONSUMING ALCOHOL BEING LESS THAN 4 TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, OR ANY OTHER IMPAIRED DRIVING OFFENSE, 5 OR ANY PERSON WHO REFUSES A CHEMICAL ANALYSIS, TO HAVE AN 6 IGNITION INTERLOCK SYSTEM INSTALLED ON EVERY VEHICLE THAT 7 PERSON MAY DRIVE BEFORE THAT PERSON CAN GET A LIMITED DRIVING 8 PRIVILEGE; AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATIVE 9 FEE AND COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH AN IGNITION INTERLOCK SYSTEM AND 10 CREATE AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE FUND TO ASSIST INDIGENT 11 PERSONS.

12 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-16.2(c1) reads as rewritten:

14 "(c1) Procedure for Reporting Results and Refusal to Division. – Whenever a person 15 refuses to submit to a chemical analysis, a person has an alcohol concentration of 0.150.08 or 16 more, or a person's drivers license has an alcohol concentration restriction and the results of the 17 chemical analysis establish a violation of the restriction, the law enforcement officer and the 18 chemical analyst shall without unnecessary delay go before an official authorized to administer 19 oaths and execute an affidavit(s) stating that:

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(1) The person was charged with an implied-consent offense or had an alcohol concentration restriction on the drivers license;

- A law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person had committed an implied-consent offense or violated the alcohol concentration restriction on the drivers license;
 - (3) Whether the implied-consent offense charged involved death or critical injury to another person, if the person willfully refused to submit to chemical analysis;
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- (4) The person was notified of the rights in subsection (a); and
- (5) The results of any tests given or that the person willfully refused to submit to a chemical analysis.

If the person's drivers license has an alcohol concentration restriction, pursuant to G.S. 20-19(c3), and an officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person has violated a provision of that restriction other than violation of the alcohol concentration level, the officer and chemical analyst shall complete the applicable sections of the affidavit and indicate the restriction which was violated. The officer shall immediately mail the affidavit(s) to the



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Division. If the	e officer is also the chemical analyst who has notified the person of the rights			
under subsection	n (a), the officer may perform alone the duties of this subsection."			
SEC	CTION 2. G.S. 20-16.2(e1) reads as rewritten:			
"(e1) Lim	ited Driving Privilege after Six Months in Certain Instances A person whose			
driver's license	has been revoked under this section may apply for and a judge authorized to do			
	ection may issue a limited driving privilege if:			
. (1)	At the time of the refusal the person held either a valid drivers license or a			
	license that had been expired for less than one year;			
(2)	At the time of the refusal, the person had not within the preceding seven			
	years been convicted of an offense involving impaired driving;			
(3)	At the time of the refusal, the person had not in the preceding seven years			
	willfully refused to submit to a chemical analysis under this section;			
(4)	The implied consent offense charged did not involve death or critical injury			
	to another person;			
(5)	The underlying charge for which the defendant was requested to submit to a			
	chemical analysis has been finally disposed of:			
	a. Other than by conviction; or			
	b. By a conviction of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1, at a			
	punishment level authorizing issuance of a limited driving privilege			
	under G.S. 20-179.3(b), and the defendant has complied with at least			
	one of the mandatory conditions of probation listed for the			
	punishment level under which the defendant was sentenced;			
(6)	Subsequent to the refusal the person has had no unresolved pending charges			
(0)	for or additional convictions of an offense involving impaired driving;			
(7)	The person's license has been revoked for at least six months for the refusal;			
(/)	refusal; and			
(8)	The person has obtained a substance abuse assessment from a mental health			
(0)	facility and successfully completed any recommended training or treatment			
	program.program; and			
<u>(9)</u>	All vehicles that the person will be authorized to drive have been equipped			
<u>())</u>	with a type of ignition interlock system approved by the Commissioner.			
Except as mod	fied in this subsection, the provisions of G.S. 20-179.3 relating to the procedure			
-	and conduct of the hearing and the restrictions required or authorized to be			
	limited driving privilege apply to applications under this subsection. If the case			
	posed of in the district court, the hearing shall be conducted in the district court			
•	ed in G.S. 7A-133 in which the refusal occurred by a district court judge. If the			
	disposed of in the superior court, the hearing shall be conducted in the superior			
	r set of districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1 in which the refusal occurred by a			
	udge. A limited driving privilege issued under this section authorizes a person to			
drive if the person's license is revoked solely under this section or solely under this section and				
G.S. 20-17(2). If the person's license is revoked for any other reason, the limited driving				
privilege is inv				
1 0	CTION 3. G.S. 20-17.8 reads as rewritten:			
	Restoration of a license after certain driving while impaired convictions;			
	tion interlock.			
0	be. – This section applies to a person whose license was revoked as a result of a			
	riving while impaired, G.S. 20-138.1, and:			
(1)	The person had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 or more; or 0.08 or more or			
(1)	refused to submit to a chemical analysis; or			
	refused to submit to a chemical analysis, or			

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1		(2)		person has been convicted of another offense	• •
2 3				ng, which offense occurred within seven years im ate of the offense for which the person's license has	
4	For n	Irnosas		polivision (1) of this subsection, the results of a c	
4 5	-	-		r affidavits executed pursuant to G.S. 20-16.2(c1),	-
6	•			at person's alcohol concentration.	shall be used by the
7	(a1)			1. – The provisions of this section apply to a person	n whose license was
8				of a conviction of driving by a person less that	
9				ugs pursuant to G.S. 20-138.3.	<u>1 21 yours one unter</u>
10	(b)	-		rlock Required. – Except as provided in subsection	on (1) of this section,
11	. ,	-		res the license of a person who is subject to this se	
12				condition, it shall require the person to agree to and	
13	person's d	rivers l	icense	the following restrictions for the period designated	in subsection (c):
14	-	(1)	A res	triction that the person may operate only a vehicle	that is equipped with
15			a fu	nctioning ignition interlock system of a type	e approved by the
16			Com	nissioner. The Commissioner shall not unreasonab	ly withhold approval
17			of ar	ignition interlock system and shall consult w	ith the Division of
18			Purch	ase and Contract in the Department of Administ	ration to ensure that
19			-	tial vendors are not discriminated against.	
20		(2)		quirement that the person personally activate the	e ignition interlock
21			•	n before driving the motor vehicle.	
22		(3)	An al	cohol concentration restriction as follows:	
23			a.	If the ignition interlock system is required	
24				subdivision (a)(1) of this section, a requirement	-
25				drive with an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or gro	
26			b.	If the ignition interlock system is required pur $(2)^{(2)}$ of this particular system is required to the second system of the	
27				(a)(2) of this section, a requirement that the pers	
28 29			0	alcohol concentration of greater than 0.00; or 0.00 If the ignition interlock system is required pur	
29 30			c.	(a)(1) of this section, and the person has also be	
31				on the same set of circumstances, of: (i) driving	
32				commercial vehicle, G.S. 20-138.2, (ii) driving	1
33				years old after consuming alcohol or drugs, C	
34				violation of G.S. 20-141.4, or (iv) manslau	
35				homicide resulting from the operation of a mot	
36				offense involved impaired driving, a requirement	
37				drive with an alcohol concentration of greater that	-
38			<u>d.</u>	If the ignition interlock system is required pursua	unt to subsection (a1)
39				of this section, a requirement that the person	not drive with an
40				alcohol concentration greater than 0.00.	
41	(c)	Lengt	h of Re	equirement The requirements of subsection (b) s	hall remain in effect
42	for:				
43		(1)		year from the date of restoration if the original re	vocation period was
44			one y		
45		(2)		e years from the date of restoration if the original re-	evocation period was
46		(2)	•	/ears; or	-1
47 48		(3)		n years from the date of restoration if the origin	al revocation was a
48	(-1)	V-1-	-	anent revocation.	action shall be11
49 50	(c1)			bject to Requirement. $-A$ person subject to this s	
50 51	-			ed by that person equipped with a functioning ignit the Commissioner, unless the Division determin	-
51	or a type	appiov	veu by	une commissioner, unless une Division delefiniti	is that one of more

specific registered vehicles owned by that person are relied upon by another member of that 1 2 person's family for transportation and that the vehicle is not in the possession of the person 3 subject to this section. 4 (d) Effect of Limited Driving Privileges. – If the person was eligible for and received a 5 limited driving privilege under G.S. 20-179.3, with the ignition interlock requirement contained in G.S. 20-179.3(g5), the period of time for which that limited driving privilege was held shall 6 7 be applied towards the requirements of subsection (c). 8 Notice of Requirement. - When a court reports to the Division a conviction of a (e) 9 person who is subject to this section, the Division must send the person written notice of the 10 requirements of this section and of the consequences of failing to comply with these requirements. The notification must include a statement that the person may contact the 11 12 Division for information on obtaining and having installed an ignition interlock system of a 13 type approved by the Commissioner. 14 (e1) Installation of Ignition Interlock Systems. - The Division shall not issue a drivers license with an ignition interlock restriction unless the applicant presents proof, satisfactory to 15 the Division, that an approved ignition interlock system has been installed on all vehicles 16 17 subject to the ignition interlock requirements of subsection (c1) of this section. Disabling or Removing of Ignition Interlock System. - If an ignition interlock 18 (e2) system is disabled or removed from a vehicle in which it is required to be installed pursuant to 19 20 subsection (c1) of this section, the Division shall revoke the drivers license of the person 21 subject to the provisions of this section and shall provide notice in accordance with G.S. 20-48. Effect of Violation of Restriction. - A person subject to this section who violates 22 (f) 23 any of the restrictions of this section commits the offense of driving while license revoked 24 under G.S. 20-28(a) and is subject to punishment and license revocation as provided in that 25 section. If a law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person subject to 26 this section has consumed alcohol while driving or has driven while he has remaining in his 27 body any alcohol previously consumed, the suspected offense of driving while license is 28 revoked is an alcohol-related offense subject to the implied-consent provisions of G.S. 20-16.2. 29 If a person subject to this section is charged with driving while license revoked by violating a 30 condition of subsection (b) of this section, and a judicial official determines that there is probable cause for the charge, the person's license is suspended pending the resolution of the 31 32 case, and the judicial official must require the person to surrender the license. The judicial 33 official must also notify the person that he is not entitled to drive until his case is resolved. An 34 alcohol concentration report from the ignition interlock system shall not be admissible as 35 evidence of driving while license revoked, nor shall it be admissible in an administrative 36 revocation proceeding as provided in subsection (g) of this section, unless the person operated a 37 vehicle when the ignition interlock system indicated an alcohol concentration in violation of the 38 restriction placed upon the person by subdivision (b)(3) of this section. If a person subject to 39 this section is charged with driving while license revoked by violating the requirements of 40 subsection (c1) of this section, and no other violation of this section is alleged, the court may make a determination at the hearing of the case that the vehicle, on which the ignition interlock 41 42 system was not installed, was relied upon by another member of that person's family for 43 transportation and that the vehicle was not in the possession of the person subject to this 44 section, and therefore the vehicle was not required to be equipped with a functioning ignition 45 interlock system. If the court determines that the vehicle was not required to be equipped with a 46 functioning ignition interlock system and the person subject to this section has committed no 47 other violation of this section, the court shall find the person not guilty of driving while license 48 revoked. 49 Effect of Violation of Restriction When Driving While License Revoked Not (g)

50 Charged. – A person subject to this section who violates any of the restrictions of this section, 51 or who disables or removes an ignition interlock system required by this section, but is not charged or convicted of driving while license revoked pursuant to G.S. 20-28(a), shall have the
person's license revoked by the Division for a period of one year.

3 (h) Beginning of Revocation Period. – If the original period of revocation was imposed 4 pursuant to G.S. 20-19(d) or (e), any remaining period of the original revocation, prior to its 5 reduction, shall be reinstated and the revocation required by subsection (f) or (g) of this section 6 begins after all other periods of revocation have terminated.

7 (i) Notification of Revocation. – If the person's license has not already been 8 surrendered to the court, the Division must expeditiously notify the person that the person's 9 license to drive is revoked pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section effective on the tenth 10 calendar day after the mailing of the revocation order.

Right to Hearing Before Division; Issues. - If the person's license is revoked 11 (i) 12 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, before the effective date of the order issued under 13 subsection (i) of this section, the person may request in writing a hearing before the Division. Except for the time referred to in G.S. 20-16.5, if the person shows to the satisfaction of the 14 Division that the person's license was surrendered to the court and remained in the court's 15 possession, then the Division shall credit the amount of time for which the license was in the 16 17 possession of the court against the revocation period required by subsection (g) of this section. 18 If the person properly requests a hearing, the person retains the person's license, unless it is 19 revoked under some other provision of law, until the hearing is held, the person withdraws the 20 request, or the person fails to appear at a scheduled hearing. The hearing officer may subpoena 21 any witnesses or documents that the hearing officer deems necessary. The person may request the hearing officer to subpoen the charging officer, the chemical analyst, or both to appear at 22 23 the hearing if the person makes the request in writing at least three days before the hearing. The 24 person may subpoen any other witness whom the person deems necessary, and the provisions 25 of G.S. 1A-1, Rule 45, apply to the issuance and service of all subpoenas issued under the 26 authority of this section. The hearing officer is authorized to administer oaths to witnesses 27 appearing at the hearing. The hearing must be conducted in the county where the charge was 28 brought, and must be limited to consideration of whether:

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The drivers license of the person had an ignition interlock requirement; and

(2) The person:

(1)

- a. Was driving a vehicle that was not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock system; or system.
- b. Did not personally activate the ignition interlock system before driving the vehicle; or vehicle.
- c. Drove the vehicle in violation of an applicable alcohol concentration restriction prescribed by subdivision (b)(3) of this section.
- <u>d.</u> <u>Allowed an ignition interlock system required by this section to be</u> <u>disabled or removed.</u>
- 39If the Division finds that the conditions specified in this subsection are met,40it must order the revocation sustained. If the Division finds that the condition41of subdivision (1) is not met, or that none of the conditions of subdivision42(2) are met, it must rescind the revocation. If the revocation is sustained, the43person must surrender the person's license immediately upon notification by44the Division. If the revocation is sustained, the person may appeal the45decision of the Division pursuant to G.S. 20-25.

(k) Restoration After Violation. – When the Division restores the license of a person whose license was revoked pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section and the revocation occurred prior to completion of time period required by subsection (c) of this section, in addition to any other restriction or condition, it shall require the person to comply with the conditions of subsection (b) of this section until the person has complied with those conditions for the cumulative period of time as set forth in subsection (c) of this section. The period of

time for which the person successfully complied with subsection (b) of this section prior to 1 2 revocation pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section shall be applied towards the 3 requirements of subsection (c) of this section.

4 Medical Exception to Requirement. - A person subject to this section who has a (1)5 medically diagnosed physical condition that makes the person incapable of personally 6 activating an ignition interlock system may request an exception to the requirements of this 7 section from the Division. The Division shall not issue an exception to this section unless the 8 person has submitted to a physical examination by two or more physicians or surgeons duly 9 licensed to practice medicine in this State or in any other state of the United States and unless 10 such examining physicians or surgeons have completed and signed a certificate in the form prescribed by the Division. Such certificate shall be devised by the Commissioner with the 11 12 advice of those qualified experts in the field of diagnosing and treating physical disorders that 13 the Commissioner may select and shall be designed to elicit the maximum medical information 14 necessary to aid in determining whether or not the person is capable of personally activating an 15 ignition interlock system. The certificate shall contain a waiver of privilege and the 16 recommendation of the examining physician to the Commissioner as to whether the person is 17 capable of personally activating an ignition interlock system.

The Commissioner is not bound by the recommendations of the examining physicians but 18 19 shall give fair consideration to such recommendations in acting upon the request for medical 20 exception, the criterion being whether or not, upon all the evidence, it appears that the person is 21 in fact incapable of personally activating an ignition interlock system. The burden of proof of 22 such fact is upon the person seeking the exception.

23 Whenever an exception is denied by the Commissioner, such denial may be reviewed by a 24 reviewing board upon written request of the person seeking the exception filed with the 25 Division within 10 days after receipt of such denial. The composition, procedures, and review 26 of the reviewing board shall be as provided in G.S. 20-9(g)(4)."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-138.3(d) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

28 "(d) Limited Driving Privilege. – A person who is convicted of violating subsection (a) 29 of this section and whose drivers license is revoked solely based on that conviction may apply 30 for a limited driving privilege as provided in G.S. 20-179.3. This subsection shall apply only if 31 the person meets both of the following requirements:

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- Is 18, 19, or 20 years old on the date of the offense. (1)
- (2) Has not previously been convicted of a violation of this section.
- 34 35
- (3) Has equipped all vehicles to be operated under a limited driving privilege with approved ignition interlock systems.

36 The judge may issue the limited driving privilege only if the person meets the eligibility 37 requirements of G.S. 20-179.3, other than the requirement in G.S. 20-179.3(b)(1)c. 38 G.S. 20-179.3(e) shall not apply. All other terms, conditions, and restrictions provided for in 39 G.S. 20-179.3 shall apply. G.S. 20-179.3, rather than this subsection, governs the issuance of a 40 limited driving privilege to a person who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this section 41 and of driving while impaired as a result of the same transaction."

- 42 43
- SECTION 5. G.S. 20-179.3(b) reads as rewritten:
- "(b) Eligibility. –
- 44 (1)A person convicted of the offense of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1 is 45 eligible for a limited driving privilege if:
- 46 At the time of the offense he held either a valid driver's license or a a. 47 license that had been expired for less than one year; year.
- 48 At the time of the offense he had not within the preceding seven b. 49 vears been convicted of an offense involving impaired 50 driving;driving.

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1	с.	Punishment Level Three, Four, or Five was impo	osed for the offense
2	1	of impaired driving;driving.	
3	d.	Subsequent to the offense he has not been conv	
4		unresolved charge lodged against him for, an	offense involving
5		impaired driving; and driving.	1, 1
6 7	e.	The person has obtained and filed with the court $c_{1} = c_{2} + c_{1} + c_{2} + c_{3} + c_{4} + c_{5} + c_{$	
8		assessment of the type required by G.S. 20-17.6 for a drivers license.	or the restoration of
o 9	f	The person has installed an approved ignition inter	rlook ayatam on all
9 10	<u>f.</u>	vehicles subject to ignition interlock requirement	•
10		the applicant under a limited driving privilege.	<u>s to be operated by</u>
12	A net	rson whose North Carolina driver's license is rev	oked because of a
12	-	ction in another jurisdiction substantially similar t	
13		G.S. 20-138.1 is eligible for a limited driving privi	
15		le for it had the conviction occurred in North Caroli	
16		d driving privilege following a revocation under	
17		ned by G.S. 20-16.2(e1)."	
18	-	• G.S. 20-179.3(g5) reads as rewritten:	
19		rlock Required. – If a person's drivers license	is revoked for a
20		38.1, and the person had an alcohol concentration of	
21		a chemical analysis, a judge shall include all of	
22	limited driving privilege		C
23	(1) A rest	triction that the applicant may operate only a designation	ated motor vehicle.
24	(2) A red	quirement that the designated motor vehicle be	equipped with a
25	functi	oning ignition interlock system of a type	approved by the
26		nissioner, which is set to prohibit driving with an ale	
27	-	eater than 0.00. The Commissioner shall not unre	-
28		val of an ignition interlock system and shall consul	
29		rchase and Contract in the Department of Administr	ation to ensure that
30		tial vendors are not discriminated against.	
31		uirement that the applicant personally activate the	e ignition interlock
32	•	n before driving the motor vehicle.	
33		s subsection, the results of a chemical analysis p	
34		cient to prove a person's alcohol concentration, shall	
35		odification by any party, with or without approval by	
36 37	a new section to read:	• Article 3 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is	amended by adding
37		interlock; administrative fee and costs for	installation and
38 39		Ignition Interlock Device Fund.	instanation anu
40		curred in order to comply with the ignition inte	rlock requirements
41		rsuant to this Article, including costs for installation	•
42	· · · ·	stem, shall be paid by the person ordered to insta	
43		n ignition interlock administrative fee, in an amo	-
44		sion and which shall be not less than thirty dollars	
45	-	0). The administrative fee shall be collected at the	
46	-	the ignition interlock system. Costs for installation	
47		stem shall be collected under terms agreed upon by	
48		l the ignition interlock system.	
49	(b) The vendor s	hall remit fees collected pursuant to subsection (a) of	of this section to the
50	Division on a quarterly	basis. Fifty percent (50%) of the fees collected sh	nall be used to pay

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costs incurred by the Division in administering the interlock program; the remaining fifty
percent (50%) of the fees shall be deposited in the Ignition Interlock Device Fund.

3 (c) There is created in the Department of Transportation the Ignition Interlock Device

4 Fund to be used for the purpose of installing and removing the ignition interlock systems of

5 persons deemed by the court to be indigent. If the court determines that the convicted person is

6 <u>unable to pay for the installation of an ignition interlock system, the court may order that the</u>

- 7 Division pay the cost of installation out of the Ignition Interlock Device Fund, provided the
- 8 person agrees to pay the required costs for monitoring the system."
- 9 SECTION 8. This act becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to 10 offenses committed on or after that date.