## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

S

## **SENATE BILL 927**

Short Title:	Rental Property/Lithium Battery Smoke Alarms.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Bingham (Primary Sponsor).	
Referred to:	Commerce.	
	May 30, 2012	

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT PROV	/IDING THAT AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2012, LANDLORDS SHALL,
3	WHEN INST	FALLING A NEW SMOKE ALARM OR REPLACING AN EXISTING
4	SMOKE AI	LARM, INSTALL A TAMPER-RESISTANT, TEN-YEAR LITHIUM
5	BATTERY S	MOKE ALARM EXCEPT IN CERTAIN CASES, AND PROVIDING THAT
6	LANDLORD	S MAY DEDUCT FROM THE TENANT SECURITY DEPOSIT DAMAGE
7	TO A SMOR	KE ALARM OR CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM, AS RECOMMENDED
8	BY THE NO	RTH CAROLINA CHILD FATALITY TASK FORCE.
9	The General Asso	embly of North Carolina enacts:
10	SECT	<b>TON 1.</b> G.S. 42-42 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 42-42. Landle	ord to provide fit premises.
12	(a) The la	ndlord shall:
13		
14	(5)	Provide operable smoke detectors, alarms, either battery-operated or
15		electrical, having an Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., listing or other
16		equivalent national testing laboratory approval, and install the smoke
17		detectors <u>alarms</u> in accordance with either the standards of the National Fire
18		Protection Association or the minimum protection designated in the
19		manufacturer's instructions, which the landlord shall retain or provide as
20		proof of compliance. The landlord shall replace or repair the smoke detectors
21		alarms within 15 days of receipt of notification if the landlord is notified of
22		needed replacement or repairs in writing by the tenant. The landlord shall
23		ensure that a smoke detector alarm is operable and in good repair at the
24		beginning of each tenancy. Unless the landlord and the tenant have a written
25		agreement to the contrary, the landlord shall place new batteries in a
26		battery-operated smoke detector alarm at the beginning of a tenancy and the
27		tenant shall replace the batteries as needed during the tenancy.tenancy,
28		except where the smoke alarm is a tamper-resistant, 10-year lithium battery
29		smoke alarm as required by subdivision (5a) of this subsection. Failure of
30		the tenant to replace the batteries as needed shall not be considered as
31	$(\boldsymbol{F}_{-})$	negligence on the part of the tenant or the landlord.
32	<u>(5a)</u>	After December 31, 2012, when installing a new smoke alarm or replacing
33		an existing smoke alarm, install a tamper-resistant, 10-year lithium battery
34 25		smoke alarm. However, the landlord shall not be required to install a tamper registrant. 10 year lithium battery smoke alarm as required by this
35		tamper-resistant, 10-year lithium battery smoke alarm as required by this
36		subdivision in either of the following circumstances:



1

	General A	Assembly of North Carolina	Session 2011
1 2		<u>a.</u> <u>The dwelling unit is equipped with a hardwired</u> <u>battery backup.</u>	smoke alarm with a
3		b. The dwelling unit is equipped with a smoke ala	arm combined with a
4		carbon monoxide alarm that meets the requi	
5		subdivision (7) of this subsection.	tements provided in
6			
7		(7) Provide a minimum of one operable carbon monoxid	e <del>detector <u>alarm</u> per</del>
8		rental unit per level, either battery-operated or electric	al, that is listed by a
9		nationally recognized testing laboratory that is OSHA-	11
10		certify to American National Standards Institute/Unde	
11		Standards ANSI/UL2034 or ANSI/UL2075, and install	
12		detectors <u>alarms</u> in accordance with either the standards	
13		Protection Association or the minimum protection	
14		manufacturer's instructions, which the landlord shall	-
15 16		proof of compliance. A landlord that installs one carbo	
10 17		<u>alarm</u> per rental unit per level shall be deemed to be standards under this subdivision covering the locat	-
17		detectors.alarms. The landlord shall replace or repair t	
18 19		detectors <u>alarms</u> within 15 days of receipt of notificat	
20		notified of needed replacement or repairs in writing	
20		landlord shall ensure that a carbon monoxide detector a	
22		in good repair at the beginning of each tenancy. Unless	-
23		tenant have a written agreement to the contrary, the land	
24		batteries in a battery-operated carbon monoxide de	I I
25		beginning of a tenancy, and the tenant shall replace th	
26		during the tenancy. Failure of the tenant to replace the	e batteries as needed
27		shall not be considered as negligence on the part of	of the tenant or the
28		landlord. A carbon monoxide detector alarm may be c	ombined with smoke
29		detectors alarms if the combined detector alarm does b	
30		(i) complies with ANSI/UL2034 or ANSI/UL2075 f	
31		alarms and ANSI/UL217 for smoke detectors; alarms; and	
32		in a manner that clearly differentiates between detec	• •
33 34		carbon monoxide and the presence of smoke. This sub	
54 35		to dwelling units having a fossil-fuel burning heater, and and in any dwelling unit having an attached garage.	
36		monoxide detector alarm installed before January 1, 20	• •
30 37		to be in compliance with this subdivision.	10, shall be declined
38		"	
39		<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 42-43 reads as rewritten:	
40	"§ 42-43.	Tenant to maintain dwelling unit.	
41	(a)	The tenant shall:	
42			
43		(4) Not deliberately or negligently destroy, deface, damage	• •
44		of the premises, nor render inoperable the smoke dete	
45		monoxide detector alarm provided by the landlord, or k	nowingly permit any
46		person to do so.	
47 19		 (7) Notify the lendlord in writing of the need for replace	ant of our managing to -
48 49		(7) Notify the landlord, in writing, of the need for replacen smoke <u>detector alarm</u> or carbon monoxide <u>detector.alarm</u>	-
49 50		ensure that a smoke detector-alarm and carbon monoxide	
50 51		operable and in good repair at the beginning of each	

General Assembly of North CarolinaSession 2011
landlord and the tenant have a written agreement to the contrary, the
landlord shall place new batteries in a battery-operated smoke detector alarm
and battery-operated carbon monoxide detector-alarm at the beginning of a
tenancy and the tenant shall replace the batteries as needed during the
tenancy.tenancy, except where the smoke alarm is a tamper-resistant,
<u>10-year lithium battery smoke alarm as required by G.S. 42-42(a)(5a).</u>
Failure of the tenant to replace the batteries as needed shall not be
considered as negligence on the part of the tenant or the landlord.
<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 42-44 reads as rewritten:
"§ 42-44. General remedies, penalties, and limitations.
(a1) If a landlord fails to provide, install, replace, or repair a smoke detector <u>alarm</u> under
the provisions of G.S. 42-42(a)(5) or G.S. 42-42(a)(5a) or to provide, install, replace, or repair a
carbon monoxide detector alarm under the provisions of G.S. 42-42(a)(7) within 30 days of
having received written notice from the tenant or any agent of State or local government of the
landlord's failure to do so, the landlord shall be responsible for an infraction and shall be
subject to a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for each violation. The
landlord may temporarily disconnect a smoke detector alarm or carbon monoxide detector
<u>alarm</u> in a dwelling unit or common area for construction or rehabilitation activities when such
activities are likely to activate the smoke detector alarm or carbon monoxide detector alarm or
make it inactive.
(a2) If a smoke <u>detector alarm</u> or carbon monoxide <u>detector alarm</u> is disabled or
damaged, other than through actions of the landlord, the landlord's agents, or acts of God, the
tenant shall reimburse the landlord the reasonable and actual cost for repairing or replacing the
smoke <u>detector alarm</u> or carbon monoxide <u>detector alarm</u> within 30 days of having received
written notice from the landlord or any agent of State or local government of the need for the

written notice from the landlord or any agent of State or local government of the need for the
tenant to make such reimbursement. If the tenant fails to make reimbursement within 30 days,
the tenant shall be responsible for an infraction and subject to a fine of not more than one
hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each violation. The tenant may temporarily disconnect a smoke
detector alarm or carbon monoxide detector alarm in a dwelling unit to replace the batteries or
when it has been inadvertently activated.
...."

33 34

47

SECTION 4. G.S. 42-51 reads as rewritten:

## 35 "§ 42-51. Permitted uses of the deposit.

36 Security deposits for residential dwelling units shall be permitted only for the tenant's 37 possible nonpayment of rent and costs for water or sewer services provided pursuant to 38 G.S. 62-110(g) and electric service pursuant to G.S. 62-110(h), damage to the premises, 39 including damage to or destruction of a smoke alarm or carbon monoxide alarm, nonfulfillment 40 of rental period, any unpaid bills that become a lien against the demised property due to the 41 tenant's occupancy, costs of re-renting the premises after breach by the tenant, costs of removal 42 and storage of tenant's property after a summary ejectment proceeding or court costs in 43 connection with terminating a tenancy. The security deposit shall not exceed an amount equal 44 to two weeks' rent if a tenancy is week to week, one and one-half months' rent if a tenancy is 45 month to month, and two months' rent for terms greater than month to month. These deposits 46 must be fully accounted for by the landlord as set forth in G.S. 42-52."

**SECTION 5.** This act becomes effective December 31, 2012.