# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2013**

Η

## HOUSE DRH40142-MNz-22A\* (05/13)

	Short Title:	2014 Technical Corrections.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Representative Blust.	
	Referred to:		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
1 2	AN ACT TO	MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE GENERAL ST	LATITES AND
2 3		SSION LAWS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GENERALS	
4	COMMIS		
5		Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
6		ECTION 1. Subsection (c) of G.S. 1A-1, Rule 59, is rewritten to	read:
7		me for serving affidavits. – When a motion for new trial is based	
8		served with the motion. The opposing party has 10 days after suc	_
9	•	e opposing affidavits, which period may be extended for an addi	
10		) days either by the court for good cause shown or by the pa	-
11		he court may permit reply affidavits."	J
12		ECTION 2. G.S. 15-11.2 reads as rewritten:	
13	"§ 15-11.2. D	Disposition of unclaimed firearms not confiscated or seized as t	rial evidence.
14	(a) De	efinition. – For purposes of this section, the term "unclaimed fi	irearm" means a
15	firearm that is	s found or received by a law enforcement agency and that remai	ns unclaimed by
16	the person wh	ho may be entitled to it for a period of 30 days after the publicat	ion of the notice
17	required by su	ubsection (b) of this section. The term does not include a firearm t	hat is seized and
18	disposed of p	ursuant to G.S. 15-11.1 or a firearm that is confiscated and dispose	ed of pursuant to
19	G.S. 14-269.1	l.	
20		Iblished Notice of Unclaimed Firearm When a law enforcement	
21		earm and the firearm remains unclaimed for a period of 180 days,	<b>U</b> .
22		ast one notice in a newspaper published in the county in whic	the agency is
23		notice shall include all of the following:	
24	(1)	·	stody of the law
25		enforcement agency.	
26	(2)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
27		firearm is claimed within 30 days of the date of the publication	
28	(3)	· · · · ·	
29		head of the law enforcement agency may consider necessary	y or advisable to
30		reasonably inform the public about the firearm.	1 2012 1
31		epealed by Session Laws 2013-158, s. 2, effective September	
32	11	any firearm found or received by a local law enforcement agency	·
33 24		y judicial order for the disposition of any firearm on or after that disposition of Lupelaimed Eigener. If the firearm remains unclaimed	
34 25		is position of Unclaimed Firearm. $-$ If the firearm remains unclaimed for the publication of the notice, then the head or chief of the left that the publication of the position.	
35 36	•	fter the publication of the notice, then the head or chief of the l order the disposition of the firearm in one of the following ways:	iaw emorcement
20	agency shall (	or the disposition of the meanin in one of the following ways.	



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(1)	•	aving the firearm destroyed if the	
	-	e identification number or is unsafe	
	-	or modification and will not be dispo	-
		s subsection. The head or chief of	<b>.</b> .
		ain a record of the destruction of the	
(2)	•	le, trade, or exchange by the agend	•
		in accordance with all applicable S	
		of the firearm at a public auction	1
		tors, dealers, importers, or manufact	
		cement agency shall dispose of the fi	-
(2)	-	f the firearm has a legible, unique ide	
(3)	•	naintaining the firearm for training the firearm to a museum or his	• • • • •
(e) Repea		Session Laws 2013-158, s. 2, et	•
· · · •	•	n found or received by a local law en	-
		order for the disposition of any firear	<b>u</b>
• •		t of Proceeds of Sale. – If the law en	
. ,		(2) of subsection (d) of this section,	
-		enforcement agency and used for	-
•		nent agency shall maintain a reco	
-		s section, as well as the disposition of	•
-		a firearm or any firearms or other	<b>.</b> .
trade of a firearm			
SECT	TION 3	• G.S. 42A-15 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 42A-15. Trus			
A landlord or	real es	tate broker may require a tenant to p	bay all or part of any required rent,
security deposit,	or othe	r fees permitted by law in advance of	of the commencement of a tenancy
under this Chapte	er if the	se payments are expressly authorized	d in the vacation rental agreement.
If the tenant is re	equired	to make any advance payments, other	er than a security deposit, whether
the payment is de	enomin	ated as rent or otherwise, the landlord	d or real estate broker shall deposit
		st account in an insured bank or savi	-
		three banking days after the recei	
1 • 1		a trust account shall not earn intere	
		rental agreement that the payn	
0		. The landlord and tenant shall also	provide in the agreement to whom
the accrued intere			
		G.S. 53-244.111 reads as rewritten	
"§ 53-244.111. I			
		ctivities prohibited under other pro-	
unlawful for any	person	in the course of any residential morts	gage loan transaction:
	Eer o	nomen esting of a mentage comi	an to fail to mail at least 45 days
(22)		person acting as a mortgage service e foreclosure is initiated, a notice	•
		wer's last known address with the fol An itemization of all past due ar	-
	a.	default.	mounts causing the total to be Ill
	b.	An itemization of any other char	ges that must be naid in order to
	υ.	bring the loan current.	ges that must be paid in order to
	c.	A statement that the borrower may	v have options available other than
	ς.	for all and that the horrower may	

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 11 2 13		<ul> <li>mortgage lender, the mortgage servicer, or a couns the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Develop</li> <li>d. The address, telephone number, and other contact in mortgage lender, the mortgage servicer, or the age them who is authorized to attempt to work with the foreclosure.</li> <li>e. The name, address, telephone number, and other confor one or more HUD-approved counseling agen assist borrowers in North Carolina to avoid forecloss</li> <li>f. The address, telephone number, and other contact in consumer complaint section of the Office of the Banks.<u>State Home Foreclosure Prevention Project Finance Agency.</u></li> </ul>	oment (HUD). Information for the gent for either of borrower to avoid ontact information cies operating to ure. Information for the Commissioner of
5		<b>TON 5.</b> G.S. 95-111.4 reads as rewritten:	
6		vers and duties of Commissioner.	
17		sioner of Labor is hereby empowered:empowered to do all of	
8	(1)	To delegate to the Director of the Elevator and Amusemen	
19 20		such powers, duties and responsibilities as the Commissivilly hast serve the public interest in the safe operation	
20 21		will best serve the public interest in the safe operation devices; devices.	on or annusement
22	(2)	To supervise the Director of the Elevator and An	usement Device
23	(2)	Division; Division.	lusement Device
24	(3)	To adopt, modify, or revoke such rules and regulations as	are necessary for
25		the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Article	•
26		limited to, those governing the design, construction, i	
27		review, testing, inspection, certification, operation, u	
28		alteration and relocation of devices subject to the provisio	ns of this Article.
29		The rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this rule	•
30		shall conform with good engineering and safety standar	ds, formulas and
31		practices; practices.	
32	(4)	To enforce rules and regulations adopted under a	uthority of this
33	(5)	Article; Article.	vale acted deviace
34 35	(5)	To inspect and have tested for acceptance all new and subject to the provisions of this Article. Relocated amuser	
,5 86		be inspected upon reassembly at each new location v	
37		provided that the Commissioner may provide for less fre	
38		when he determines that the device is of such a type and it	
39		nature that inspection less often than upon each reasse	
10		expose the public to an unsafe condition likely to result in	•
41		injury or property damage;damage.	I
12	(6)	To inspect amusement devices which have been substa	ntially rebuilt or
13		substantially modified so as to change the original act	tion, structure or
14		capacity of the device; device.	
15	(7)	To make maintenance and periodic inspections and tes	
16		subject to the provisions of this Article. Devices located in	amusement parks
47 10		shall be inspected at least once annually;annually.	
18	(8)	To issue certificates of operation which certify for use su	
19		found to be in compliance with this Article and the rule	s and regulations
50		promulgated thereunder; thereunder.	

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1 2		(9)	To have reasonable access, with or without notice, to the d the provisions of this Article during reasonable hours,	•
3			inspection or testing; testing.	
4		(10)	To obtain an Administrative Search and Inspection Warra	
5			with the provisions of Article 4A of Chapter 15	of the General
6			Statutes; Statutes.	
7		(11)	To investigate accidents involving devices subject to the p	
8			Article to determine the cause of such the accider	nt, and <del>he <u>the</u></del>
9			Commissioner shall have full subpoena powers in c	conducting such
10			investigation; the investigation.	
11		(12)	To institute proceedings in the civil courts of this State, whe	en a provision of
12			this Article or the rules and regulations promulgated ther	eunder has been
13			violated;violated.	
14		(13)	To adopt, modify or revoke rules and regulations	governing the
15			qualifications of inspectors; inspectors.	
16		(14)	To grant exceptions from the requirements of the rules	and regulations
17			promulgated under authority of this Article and to permit	
18			devices when such these exceptions and uses will not expose	e the public to an
19			unsafe condition likely to result in serious personal inj	ury or property
20			damage;damage.	
21		(15)	To require that before any device subject to the provisions	of this Article is
22			erected in this State, or before any additions or al	terations which
23			substantially change such the device are made, or before	ore the physical
24			spacing between such the devices is changed, the owner of	r <del>his <u>the</u> owner's</del>
25			authorized agent shall file with the Commissioner a written	notice of his the
26			owner's intention to do so and the type of device in	nvolved. Should
27			circumstances necessitate, the Commissioner may requir	e that <del>such <u>the</u></del>
28			owner or his the owner's authorized agent furnish a cop	py of the plans,
29			diagrams, specifications or stress analyses of such the de	evice before the
30			inspection of same.the device. When such-plans, diagrams,	
31			stress analyses are requested by the Commissioner, he-th	
32			shall review them within 10 days of receipt, and upon ap	pproval, <del>he</del> -shall
33			authorize the device for use by the public; public.	
34		(16)	To prohibit the use of any device subject to the provision	
35			which is found upon inspection to expose the public to an	
36			likely to cause personal injury or property damage. Such a	
37			made operational only upon the Commissioner's determined	nation that such
38			<del>device <u>it</u> has been made <u>safe;safe.</u></del>	
39		(17)	To order the payment of all civil penalties provided by this A	
40			proceeds of funds collected pursuant to a civil penalty order	
41			to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in a	ccordance with
42			G.S. 115C-457.2; and G.S. 115C-457.2.	
43		(18)	To coordinate enforcement and inspection activity relativ	
44			devices and operations covered by this Article in ord	
45			duplication of liability or regulatory responsibility on	the part of the
46			employer or owner.	
47		(19)	To establish fees not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (	
48			inspection and issuance of certificates of operation for devic	es subject to this
49			Article that are in use."	
50			ION 6. G.S. 95-148 reads as rewritten:	
51	"§ 95-148.	Safety	y and health programs of State agencies and local governm	nents.

2	or other agency of the State and of counties, cities, towns and subdivisions of government to
3	establish and maintain an effective and comprehensive occupational safety and health program
4	which is consistent with the standards and regulations promulgated under this Article. The head
5	of each agency shall:
6	(1) Provide safe and healthful places and conditions of employment, consistent
7	with the standards and regulations promulgated by this Article; Article.
8	(2) Acquire, maintain, and require the use of safety equipment, personal
9	protective equipment, and devices reasonably necessary to protect
10	employees; employees.
11	(3) Consult with and encourage employees to cooperate in achieving safe and
12	healthful working conditions; conditions.
13	(4) Keep adequate records of all occupational accidents and illnesses for proper
14	evaluation and corrective action; action.
15	(5) Consult with the Commissioner as to the adequacy as to form and content of
16	records kept pursuant to this section; section.
17	(6) Make an annual report to the Commissioner with respect to occupational
18	accidents and injuries and the agency's program under this section.
19	The Commissioner shall transmit annually to the Governor and the General Assembly a
20	•
20 21	report of the activities of the State agency and instrumentalities under this section. If the
	Commissioner has reason to believe that any local government program or program of any
22	agency of the State is ineffective, he the Commissioner shall, after unsuccessfully seeking by
23	negotiations to abate such this failure, include this in his the Commissioner's annual report to
24	the Governor and the General Assembly, together with the reasons therefor, and may
25	recommend legislation intended to correct such the condition.
26	The Commissioner shall have access to the records and reports kept and filed by State
27	agencies and instrumentalities pursuant to this section unless such records and reports are
28	required to be kept secret in the interest of national defense, in which case the Commissioner
29	shall have access to such information as will not jeopardize national defense.
30	Employees of any agency or department covered under this section are afforded the same
31	rights and protections as granted employees in the private sector.
32	This section shall not apply to volunteer fire departments not a part of any municipality.
33	Any municipality with a population of 10,000 or less may exclude its fire department from
34	the operation of this section by a resolution of the governing body of the municipality, except
35	that the resolution may not exclude those firefighters who are employees of the municipality.
36	The North Carolina Fire and Rescue Commission shall recommend regulations and
37	standards for fire departments."
38	SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 111-47.1 reads as rewritten:
39	"§ 111-47.1. Food service at North Carolina aquariums.
40	(a) Notwithstanding Article 3 of Chapter 111 of the General Statutes, this Article, the
41	North Carolina Aquariums may operate or contract for the operation of food or vending
42	services at the North Carolina Aquariums. Notwithstanding G.S. 111-43, the net proceeds of
43	revenue generated by food and vending services that are provided at the North Carolina
44	Aquariums and are operated by or whose operation is contracted for by the Division of North
45	Carolina Aquariums shall be credited to the North Carolina Aquariums Fund.
46	(b) This section shall not be construed to alter any contract for food or vending services
47	at the North Carolina Aquariums that is in force at the time this section becomes law. <u>on July 1</u> ,
48	1999."
40 49	<b>SECTION 7.(b)</b> G.S. 111-47.2 reads as rewritten:
49 50	"§ 111-47.2. Food service at museums and historic sites operated by the Department of
50 51	Cultural Resources.
51	
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It shall be the responsibility of each administrative department, commission, board, division

or other agency of the State and of counties, cities, towns and subdivisions of government to

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Notwithstanding Article 3 of Chapter 111 of the General Statutes, this Article, the North 1 2 Carolina Department of Cultural Resources may operate or contract for the operation of food or 3 vending services at museums and historic sites operated by the Department. Notwithstanding 4 G.S. 111-43, the net proceeds of revenue generated by food and vending services provided at 5 museums and historic sites operated by the Department or a vendor with whom the Department has contracted shall be credited to the appropriate fund of the museum or historic site where the 6 7 funds were generated and shall be used for the operation of that museum or historic site." 8 **SECTION 8.** G.S. 113-133.1(e) reads as rewritten: 9 "(e) Because of strong community interest expressed in their retention, the local acts or 10 portions of local acts listed in this section are not repealed. The following local acts are retained 11 to the extent they apply to the county for which listed: 12 Alleghany: Session Laws 1951, Chapter 665; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 526; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 556. 13 14 Anson: Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by Session Laws 1955, Chapter 286. 15 Ashe: Former G.S. 113-111; Session Laws 1951, Chapter 665. 16 Avery: Former G.S. 113-122. 17 Beaufort: Session Laws 1947, Chapter 466, as amended by Session Laws 1979, Chapter 18 219; Session Laws 1957, Chapter 1364; Session Laws 1971, Chapter 173. 19 Bertie: Session Laws 1955, Chapter 1376; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 287. 20 Bladen: Public-Local Laws 1933, Chapter 550, Section 2 (as it pertains to fox season); 21 Session Laws 1961, Chapter 348 (as it applies to Bladen residents fishing in Robeson County); 22 Session Laws 1961, Chapter 1023; Session Laws 1971, Chapter 384. 23 Brunswick: Session Laws 1975, Chapter 218. 24 Buncombe: Public-Local Laws 1933, Chapter 308. 25 Burke: Public-Local Laws 1921, Chapter 454; Public-Local Laws 1921 (Extra Session), Chapter 213, Section 3 (with respect to fox seasons); Public-Local Laws 1933, Chapter 422, 26 27 Section 3; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 636. 28 Caldwell: Former G.S. 113-122; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 636; Session Laws 1979, 29 Chapter 507. 30 Camden: Session Laws 1955, Chapter 362 (to the extent it applies to inland fishing waters); 31 Session Laws 1967, Chapter 441. 32 Carteret: Session Laws 1955, Chapter 1036; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 695. 33 Caswell: Public-Local Laws 1933, Chapter 311; Public-Local Laws 1937, Chapter 411. 34 Catawba: Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by Session Laws 1955, Chapter 1037. 35 Chatham: Public-Local Laws 1937 Chapter 236; Session Laws 1963, Chapter 271. 36 Chowan: Session Laws 1979, Chapter 184; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 582. 37 Cleveland: Public Laws 1907, Chapter 388; Session Laws 1951, Chapter 1101; Session 38 Laws 1979, Chapter 587. 39 Columbus: Session Laws 1951, Chapter 492, as amended by Session Laws 1955, Chapter 40 506. 41 Craven: Session Laws 1971, Chapter 273, as amended by Session Laws 1971, Chapter 629. 42 Cumberland: Session Laws 1975, Chapter 748; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 471. 43 Dare: Session Laws 1973, Chapter 259. 44 Davie: Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by Session Laws 1947, Chapter 333. 45 Duplin: Session Laws 1965, Chapter 774; Session Laws 1973 (Second Session 1974), 46 Chapter 1266; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 466. 47 Edgecombe: Session Laws 1961, Chapter 408. 48 Gates: Session Laws 1959, Chapter 298; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 269; Session Laws 49 1975, Chapter 748. 50 Granville: Session Laws 1963, Chapter 670.

51 Greene: Session Laws 1975, Chapter 219; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 360.

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Halifax: Public-Local Laws 1925, Chapter 571, Section 3 (with respect to fox-hunting
seasons); Session Laws 1947, Chapter 954; Session Laws 1955, Chapter 1376.
Haywood: Former G.S. 113-111, as modified by Session Laws 1963, Chapter 322.
Henderson: Former G.S. 113-111.
Hertford: Session Laws 1959, Chapter 298; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 269; Session Laws
1975, Chapter 748; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 67.
Hoke: Session Laws 1963, Chapter 267.
Hyde: Public-Local Laws 1929, Chapter 354, Section 1 (as it relates to foxes); Sessior
Laws 1951, Chapter 932.
Iredell: Session Laws 1979, Chapter 577.
Jackson: Session Laws 1965, Chapter 765.
Johnston: Session Laws 1975, Chapter 342.
Jones: Session Laws 1979, Chapter 441.
Lee: Session Laws 1963, Chapter 271; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 636.
Lenoir: Session Laws 1979, Chapter 441.
Lincoln: Public-Local Laws 1925, Chapter 449, Sections 1 and 2; Session Laws 1955
Chapter 878.
Madison: Public-Local Laws 1925, Chapter 418, Section 4; Session Laws 1951, Chapter
1040.
Martin: Session Laws 1955, Chapter 1376; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 636.
Montgomery: Session Laws 1977 (Second Session 1978), Chapter 1142.
Nash: Session Laws 1961, Chapter 408.
New Hanover: Session Laws 1971, Chapter 559; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 95.
Northampton: Session Laws 1955, Chapter 1376; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 269; Session
Laws 1975, Chapter 748; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 67; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 548.
Orange: Public-Local Laws 1913, Chapter 547.
Pamlico: Session Laws 1977, Chapter 636.
Pender: Session Laws 1961, Chapter 333; Session Laws 1967, Chapter 229; Session Laws
1969, Chapter 258, as amended by Session Laws 1973, Chapter 420; Session Laws 1977
Chapter 585, as amended by Session Laws 1985, Chapter 421; Session Laws 1977, Chapter
805; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 546.
Perquimans: Former G.S. 113-111; Session Laws 1973, Chapter 160; Session Laws 1973
Chapter 264.
Polk: Session Laws 1975, Chapter 397; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 269, as amended by
Session Laws 1977, Chapter 167.
Randolph: Public-Local Laws 1941, Chapter 246; Session Laws 1947, Chapter 920.
Robeson: Public-Local Laws 1924 (Extra Session), Chapter 92; Session Laws 1961
Chapter 348.
Rockingham: Former G.S. 113-111; Public-Local Laws 1933, Chapter 310.
Rowan: Session Laws 1975, Chapter 269, as amended by Session Laws 1977, Chapter 106
and Session Laws 1977, Chapter 500; Session Laws 1979, Chapter 556.
Rutherford: Session Laws 1973, Chapter 114; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 397. Chapter
114.
Sampson: Session Laws 1979, Chapter 373.
Scotland: Session Laws 1959, Chapter 1143; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 436.
Stokes: Former G.S. 113-111; Public-Local Laws 1933, Chapter 310; Session Laws 1979
Chapter 556.
Surry: Public-Local Laws 1925, Chapter 474, Section 6 (as it pertains to fox seasons)
Session Laws 1975, Chapter 269, as amended by Session Laws 1977, Chapter 167.
Swain: Public-Local Laws 1935, Chapter 52; Session Laws 1953, Chapter 270; Session

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	Transylvania	Public Laws 1935, Chapter 107, Section 2, as amended by	Public Laws 1935,
C	Chapter 238.		
	Tyrrell: Forn	ner G.S. 113-111; Session Laws 1953, Chapter 685.	
	~	on Laws 1973 (Second Session 1974), Chapter 1382.	
		Session Laws 1947, Chapter 620.	
	•	ion Laws 1975, Chapter 269; Session Laws 1975, Chapter	342, as amended by
	Session Laws 1	977, Chapter 43; Session Laws 1975, Chapter 343, as an	
L		pter 45; Session Laws 1977, Chapter 695.	
-		ner G.S. 113-111, as amended by Session Laws 1971, Cl	<b>-</b>
L	-	pter 665; Session Laws 1973, Chapter 106; Session Laws 19	-
_		mer G.S. 113-111, as amended by Session Laws 1953, Cl	hapter 199; Session
L	Laws 1979, Cha		
		sion Laws 1965, Chapter 522."	
		<b>TION 9.</b> G.S. 115C-325(h)(7) reads as rewritten:	
	"(7)	Within five days of being notified of the request for	0
		hearing officer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction	
		parties a list of hearing officers trained and approved by	
		Education. Within five days of receiving the list, the	
		select a hearing officer from that list, or, if the parties	-
		hearing officer, each party may strike up to one-third of t	he names on the list
		and submit its strikeout list to the Superintendent of Pub	
		Superintendent of Public Instruction shall then appoint	a hearing officer
		from those individuals remaining on the list. Further, the	parties may jointly
		agree on another hearing officer not on the State B	oard of Eduation's
		Education's list, provided that individual is available to	proceed in a timely
		manner and is willing to accept the terms of appointm	ent required by the
		State Board of Education. No person eliminated by the	career employee or
		superintendent shall be designated as the hearing officer f	for that case."
	SEC	<b>TION 10.</b> G.S. 130A-294.1(b) reads as rewritten:	
	"(b) Fund	s collected pursuant to this section shall be used for p	ersonnel and other
r	esources necess	ary to:	
	(1)	Provide a high level of technical assistance and waste	minimization effort
		for the hazardous waste management program; program.	
	(2)	Provide timely review of permit applications; applications	<u>.</u>
	(3)	Insure that permit decisions are made on a sound tech	
		permit decisions incorporate all conditions necessary	to accomplish the
		purposes of this Part; Part.	-
	(4)	Improve monitoring and compliance of the hazardous	waste management
		<del>program;program.</del>	U
	(5)	Increase the frequency of inspections; inspections.	
	(6)	Provide chemical, biological, toxicological, and analyti	cal support for the
		hazardous waste management program; and program.	11
	(7)	Provide resources for emergency response to imminent	hazards associated
	~ /	with the hazardous waste management program; program.	
	(8)	Implement and provide oversight of necessary response	
	x-7	inactive hazardous substance or waste disposal sites; sites	-
	(9)	Provide compliance and prevention activities within the s	
	(-)	to ensure that hazardous waste is not disposed in solid	
		facilities."	

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1	"(b) Except as provided in G.S. 136-133.1(g), no veget	ation, including any tree, shrub,
2	or underbrush, in or on any right-of-way of a State road or Sta	te highway shall be planted, cut,
3	trimmed, pruned, or removed without a written selective ve	egetation removal permit issued
4	pursuant to G.S. 136-133.2 and in accordance with the rules o	f the Department. Requests for a
5	permit for selective vegetation cutting, thinning, pruning, or	removal shall be made by the
6	owner of an outdoor advertising sign or the owner of a bus	siness facility to the appropriate
7	person in the Division of Highways office on a form pres	scribed by the Department. For
8	purposes of this section, G.S. 136-133.1, 136-133.2, and	136-133.4, the phrase "outdoor
9	advertising" shall mean the outdoor advertising expressly per	mitted under G.S. 136-129(a)(4)
10	<u>G.S. 136-129(4)</u> or <del>G.S. 136-129(a)(5).</del> <u>G.S. 136-129(5).</u> Thes	e provisions shall not be used to
11	provide visibility to on-premises signs."	
12	SECTION 12. G.S. 143-151.57 reads as rewritten:	
13	"§ 143-151.57. Fees.	
14	(a) Maximum Fees. – The Board may adopt fees that a	do not exceed the amounts set in
15	the following table for administering this Article:	
16	Item	Maximum Fee
17	Application for home inspector license	\$35.00
18	Home inspector examination	80.00
19	Issuance or renewal of home inspector license	160.00
20	Late renewal of home inspector license	30.00
21	Application for course approval	150.00
22	Renewal of course approval	75.00
23	Course fee, per credit hour per licensee	5.00
24	Credit for unapproved continuing education course	50.00
25	Copies of Board rules or licensure standards	Cost of printing
26		and mailing.
27	Or renewal 20.00 110.00 20.00	
20	(b) Subsequent Application Application who	nnlight for a ligance of a home

(b) Subsequent Application. – An individual who applied for a license as a home
inspector and who failed the home inspector examination is not required to pay an additional
application fee if the individual submits another application for a license as a home inspector.
The individual must pay the examination fee, however, to be eligible to take the examination
again. An individual may take the examination only once every 180 days."

33

SECTION 13. G.S. 143-151.77 reads as rewritten:

## 34 "§ 143-151.77. Enforcement and penalties.

35 (a) In addition to injunctive relief, the Commissioner may assess and collect a civil 36 penalty against any person who violates any of the provisions of this Article or rules adopted 37 pursuant to this Article, as provided in this subsection. section. The maximum civil penalty for 38 a violation is five thousand dollars (\$5,000). A civil penalty may be assessed from the date of 39 the violation. Each day of a continuing violation may constitute a separate violation.

40 The Commissioner shall determine the amount of the civil penalty and shall notify (b) 41 the person who is assessed the civil penalty of the amount of the penalty and the reason for 42 assessing the penalty. The notice of assessment shall be served by any means authorized under 43 Rule 4 of G.S. 1A-1 and shall direct the violator to either pay the assessment or contest the assessment within 30 calendar days by filing a petition for a contested case under Article 3 of 44 45 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. If a violator does not pay a civil penalty assessed by the Commissioner within 30 calendar days after it is due, the Commissioner shall request that the 46 47 Attorney General institute a civil action to recover the amount of the assessment. The civil 48 action may be brought in the superior court of any county where the violation occurred. A civil 49 action must be filed within one year of the date the assessment was due. An assessment that is 50 not contested is due when the violator is served with a notice of assessment. An assessment that 51 is contested is due at the conclusion of the administrative and judicial review of the assessment.

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1 In determining the amount of the penalty, the Commissioner shall consider the (c) 2 degree and extent of harm caused by the violation, the cost of rectifying the damage, the 3 amount of money the violator saved by noncompliance, whether the violation was committed 4 willfully, the prior record of the violator in complying or failing to comply with this Article, 5 and the action of the person to remedy the violation.

6 The clear proceeds of civil penalties collected by the Commissioner under this (d)7 subsection shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with 8 G.S. 115C-457.2." 9

SECTION 14. G.S. 150B-41 reads as rewritten:

#### 10 "§ 150B-41. Evidence; stipulations; official notice.

11 In all contested cases, irrelevant, immaterial, and unduly repetitious evidence shall (a) 12 be excluded. Except as otherwise provided, the rules of evidence as applied in the trial division of the General Court of Justice shall be followed; but, when evidence is not reasonably 13 14 available under such rules to show relevant facts, they may be shown by the most reliable and 15 substantial evidence available. It shall not be necessary for a party or his attorney to object to 16 evidence at the hearing in order to preserve the right to object to its consideration by the agency 17 in reaching its decision, or by the court of judicial review.

18 (b) Evidence in a contested case, including records and documents shall be offered and 19 made a part of the record. Other factual information or evidence shall not be considered in 20 determination of the case, except as permitted under G.S. 150B-30. subsection (d) of this 21 section. Documentary evidence may be received in the form of a copy or excerpt or may be 22 incorporated by reference, if the materials so incorporated are available for examination by the 23 parties. Upon timely request, a party shall be given an opportunity to compare the copy with the 24 original if available.

25 The parties in a contested case under this Article by a stipulation in writing filed (c) 26 with the agency may agree upon any fact involved in the controversy, which stipulation shall be 27 used as evidence at the hearing and be binding on the parties thereto. Parties should agree upon 28 facts when practicable. Except as otherwise provided by law, disposition may be made of a 29 contested case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent order, waiver, default, or other method 30 agreed upon by the parties.

31 Official notice may be taken of all facts of which judicial notice may be taken and (d) 32 of other facts within the specialized knowledge of the agency. The noticed fact and its source 33 shall be stated and made known to affected parties at the earliest practicable time, and any party 34 shall on timely request be afforded an opportunity to dispute the noticed fact through 35 submission of evidence and argument. An agency may use its experience, technical 36 competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of evidence presented to it."

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**SECTION 15.(a)** G.S. 153A-357(d) is repealed.

**SECTION 15.(b)** G.S. 160A-417(c) is repealed.

39 SECTION 16.(a) On March 13, 1895, the General Assembly enacted "An act to 40 incorporate the town of Columbus." The act was published in the 1895 "Private Laws of North 41 Carolina," appearing on pages 404 through 406. The session law designation that appears at the 42 beginning of the act is "Chapter 354," although (i) the act is physically located between 43 Chapters 253 and 255, and (ii) pages 404 through 406 have a running header showing Chapter 44 254 as the session law contained on those pages. There is otherwise no Chapter 254 in the 1895 45 "Private Laws of North Carolina," and the last session law in that volume is Chapter 353. It 46 therefore appears that the intended session law designation for the act was Chapter 254 and that 47 the published session law number contains a typographical error. The act has been cited at least 48 once in a subsequent session law as "Chapter 354 of the Private Laws of 1895" and was 49 repealed in Chapter 46 of the 1985 Session Laws ("An act to revise and consolidate the charter 50 of the town of Columbus").

## General Assembly of North Carolina

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1	<b>SECTION 16.(b)</b> To remove any ambiguity, any reference to "Chapter 354" of the
2	1895 Private Laws of this State or to "Chapter 254" of the 1895 Private Laws of this State shall
3	be construed as a reference to the act enacted by the General Assembly on March 13, 1895,
4	entitled "An act to incorporate the town of Columbus."
5	<b>SECTION 17.</b> Section 60(c) of S.L. 2013-413 reads as rewritten:
6	"SECTION 60.(c) This act Part becomes effective July 1, 2015."

**SECTION 18.** This act is effective when it becomes law.