GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 317* Committee Substitute Favorable 3/27/13 Senate Education/Higher Education Committee Substitute Adopted 5/29/13

Short Title: Improve Ed. for Children Who Are Deaf.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 18, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO IMPROVE EDUCATIONAL OUTCOMES FOR NORTH CAROLINA3 CHILDREN WHO ARE DEAF OR HARD OF HEARING.

4 Whereas, children with low-incidence disabilities, as a group, make up 5 approximately one percent (1%) of the total statewide enrollment in public schools; and

6 Whereas, children with low-incidence disabilities may require highly specialized 7 services, equipment, and materials from the age of onset; and

8 Whereas, the acquisition of language is essential to the achievement of literacy and 9 academic success; and

Whereas, children who are deaf or hard of hearing, regardless of communication modality, are entitled to the same opportunity to achieve grade and age-level literacy as other children; and

Whereas, skill in signing or speaking does not guarantee skill in reading and writing, and reading and writing must be taught using the mode of the individual child's communication; and

16 Whereas, children who have a solid language base, regardless of whether it is 17 spoken or signed, become better readers than those who do not; and

Whereas, all children who come to school and who are not proficient in reading and writing English, including children whose spoken language is not English and children who use non-English American Sign Language (ASL) or other combined signing systems, must receive specialized instruction in order to read and write English; and

Whereas, some children who are deaf or hard of hearing and who are not proficient in reading and writing English may be eligible for special education services if an Individualized Education Program (IEP) team determines the child's hearing loss is the reason the child has not obtained proficiency in reading and writing English; and

Whereas, some children who are deaf or hard of hearing require instruction from highly qualified and certified personnel who can communicate using the individual child's communication mode; and

Whereas, children who are deaf or hard of hearing may be classified as having a primary disability other than hearing loss for purposes of special education and, therefore, may not be tracked within existing Department of Public Instruction databases as having a hearing loss, thus making it challenging to monitor their language development and literacy achievement; and



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	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 201	.3
1	Whereas, children who are deaf or hard of hearing may be best served by havin	g
2	opportunities to interact with a sufficient number of same language and communication mod	le
3	peers who are of the same age and ability level; and	
4	Whereas, it is desirable for children who are deaf or hard of hearing to hav	'e
5	opportunities to interact with adult role models who are deaf or hard of hearing; and	
6	Whereas, children who are deaf or hard of hearing should be offered equa	al
7	opportunity to benefit from all services and programs at their school; and	
8	Whereas, North Carolina has adopted the Common Core State and NC Essentia	al
9	Standards; Now, therefore,	
10	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
11	SECTION 1. The State Board of Education shall do at least all of the following t	0
12	improve the educational outcomes for North Carolina children who are deaf or hard of hearing	
13	(1) Develop assessment procedures and protocols to measure, at least annual	
14	or more frequently if specified in a child's Individualized Education Program	-
15	(IEP), the acquisition of language skills necessary for literacy usin	
16	linguistically and culturally appropriate assessment tools. The results of	
17	these assessments shall be used to determine whether further support an	
18	services, if any, are needed for a child.	
19	(2) Require an IEP team to use the Communication Plan Worksheet for Studer	nt
20	Who is Deaf or Hard of Hearing to document (i) the team's consideration of	
21	the language and communication needs of the individual child as the IEP i	
22	developed, reviewed, or revised, (ii) data to be used in the placement	
23	decisions made for that child, and (iii) the team's review, at least annually, o	
24	the child's placement and language and communication needs.	
25	(3) Ensure that personnel who are highly qualified in the education of childre	n
26	who are deaf or hard of hearing are available to meet the unique needs of	
27	each child, including interactions in the child's language and communicatio	
28	modality to meet academic and social goals.	
29	(4) Develop and implement strategies to ensure that parents of a child who	is
30	deaf or hard of hearing know they are entitled to request that the child's IE	
31	team consider placement of their child in a residential setting and, if such	a
32	request is made, that a representative from one of the two North Carolin	ia
33	residential/day program schools for the deaf shall be a member of the IE	
34	team.	
35	SECTION 2. The Department of Health and Human Services and other Stat	te
36	agencies and organizations upon the request of the Department of Public Instruction (DPI) sha	
37	make databases containing information on children under the age of 22 who are diagnosed a	ıs
38	deaf or hard of hearing available to DPI. DPI shall use this information to develop and maintai	
39	a statewide data tracking system for the purpose of coordinating with other State agencies an	
40	organizations and ensuring literacy achievement for all such children who are deaf or hard or	
41	hearing.	
42	SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.	

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