## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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## **HOUSE BILL 405\***

	Short Title:	Property Protection Act.	(Public)			
	Sponsors:	Representatives Szoka, Whitmire, Jordan, and R. Moore	(Primary Sponsors).			
		For a complete list of Sponsors, refer to the North Carolina Gen	neral Assembly Web Site.			
	Referred to:	Judiciary II.				
		April 1, 2015				
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2	AN ACT TO PROTECT PROPERTY OWNERS FROM DAMAGES RESULTING FROM					
3	INDIVIDUALS ACTING IN EXCESS OF THE SCOPE OF PERMISSIBLE ACCESS					
4	AND CONDUCT GRANTED TO THEM.					
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> Chapter 99A of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:					
7	"Chapter 99A.					
8	"Civil Remedies for Criminal Actions. Interference With Property.					
9	"§ 99A-1. Recovery of damages for interference with property rights.					
10	Notwithstanding any other provisions of the General Statutes of North Carolina, when					
11	personal property is wrongfully taken and carried away from the owner or person in lawful					
12	possession of such property without his consent and with the intent to permanently deprive him					
13	of the use, possession and enjoyment of said property, a right of action arises for recovery of					
14	actual and punitive damages from any person who has or has had, possession of said property					
15	knowing the property to be stolen.					
16	An agent having possession, actual or constructive, of property lawfully owned by his					
17	principal, shall have a right of action in behalf of his principal for any unlawful interference					
18	with that possession by a third person.					
19	In cases of bailments where the possession is in the bailee, a trespass committed during the					
20	existence of the bailment shall give a right of action to the bailee for the interference with his					
21	special property and a concurrent right of action to the bailor for the interference with his					
22	general property.					
23	Any abuse of, or damage done to, the personal property of another or one who is in					
24	possession thereof, unlawfully, is a trespass for which damages may be recovered.					
25	"§ 99A-2. Recovery of damages for exceeding the scope of authorized access to property.					
26		ny person who gains access to the nonpublic areas of	-			
27	engages in an act that exceeds the person's authority to enter those areas is liable to the owner					
28	or operator of the premises for any damages sustained. For the purposes of this section,					
29	"nonpublic areas" shall mean those areas not accessible to or not intended to be accessed by the					
30	•	general public.				
31		or the purposes of this section, acts that exceed a person	-			
32	nonpublic areas of another's premises include, but are not limited to, the following:					

(1) An employee who seeks to enter or enters the nonpublic areas of an employer's premises for a reason other than a bona fide intent of seeking or holding employment or doing business with the employer and thereafter



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1			without authorization captures or removes the employer's data, paper,	
2			records, or any other documents for the purpose of using the information to	
3			breach the person's duty of loyalty to the employer.	
4		<u>(2)</u>	An employee who, without authorization, creates or produces an image or	
5			sound occurring within an employer's premises and uses the recording to	
6			breach the person's duty of loyalty to the employer.	
7		<u>(3)</u>	Knowingly or intentionally placing on the employer's premises an	
8			unattended camera or electronic surveillance device and using that device to	
9			record images or data.	
0		<u>(4)</u>	Conspiring in organized retail theft, as defined in Article 16A of Chapter 14	
1			of the General Statutes.	
2		<u>(5)</u>	Acts that interfere with the ownership or possession of real property.	
3	<u>(c)</u>		person who directs, assists, compensates, or induces another person to violate	
4	this section shall be jointly liable.			
5	<u>(d)</u>		urt may award to a plaintiff who prevails in an action brought pursuant to this	
6	section one or more of the following remedies:			
7		<u>(1)</u>	Equitable relief.	
8		<u>(2)</u>	Damages.	
9		$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	Costs and fees, including reasonable attorneys' fees.	
0		<u>(4)</u>	Exemplary damages in the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each	
1			day, or portion thereof, that a defendant has acted in violation of subsection	
2		NT (1	(a) of this section.	
3	(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish the protections provided to			
4			r Article 21 of Chapter 95 or Article 14 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes.	
5	<u>(f)</u>		section shall not apply to any governmental agency or law enforcement officer	
6	engaged in a lawful investigation of the premises or the owner or operator of the premises.			
7		(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any other remedy available at		
8	common law or provided by the General Statutes."			
29		SEC	<b>TION 2.</b> This act becomes effective January 1, 2016.	