## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2015**

Η

## **HOUSE BILL 554**

	Short Title:	Protect F	Public from Dan	gerous Wild Animals.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	-		ly, Hurley, Hardister, and Saine (Prima onsors, refer to the North Carolina General Astronomy of the North Carolina General As	• •
	Referred to:	Judiciary	/ II.		
				April 6, 2015	
1 2 3 4 5	AND SAI THE COM	FETY RI /MUNIT	G FOR PROTE SKS THAT CI	LL TO BE ENTITLED CTION OF THE PUBLIC AGAINS' ERTAIN DANGEROUS WILD ANII	
6				A of the General Statutes is amended	by adding a new
7	Article to read		1		, ,
8				" <u>Article 7.</u>	
9				gerous Wild Animals.	
10	" <u>§ 19A-71. D</u>			1 1	
11		-	itions apply in t		• • • • • • •
12 13	<u>(1)</u>			hority" means an entity acting alone of	
13 14 15 16	<u>(2</u> )	<u>the c</u> <u>Circ</u>	ity, county, and cus" means an e	ental units for enforcement of the anim State and the shelter and welfare of an exhibitor holding a valid Class "C" lic	imals. ense issued under
10 17 18 19		<u>have</u> perfo	any permanent rmances featur	Velfare Act (7 U.S.C. Section 2131 et animal facilities in this State and that in this live animals and multiple trained hud appropriate	egularly conducts
20	(3)		ding clowns and gerous wild an	<u>imal" means any live individual anima</u>	l of the following
20	<u>(5</u>		-	ons belonging to Class Mammalia:	i of the following
22		<u>a.</u>	Order Carniv		
23		—	<u>1.</u>	Family Canidae: red wolves (Cani.	s rufus) and gray
24				wolves (Canis lupus).	
25			<u>2.</u>	Family Felidae: all species of	felids, excluding
26				domestic cats (Felis catus), and inc	
27				lions (Panthera leo), tigers (Panther	
28				(Panthera pardus), clouded lee	
29				nebulosa, Neofelis diardi), snow le	-
30				uncia), jaguars (Panthera onca), ch	
31			2	jubatus), and mountain lions (Puma	
32			<u>3.</u> 4.	Family Hyaenidae: all species of hye	ena and aardwolf.
33		1.		Family Ursidae: all species of bears.	
34		<u>b.</u>	Order Primat	es: all species, excluding humans.	



	General Assem	oly of North Carolina	Session 2015
1	(4)	"Law enforcement officer" means an animal c	ontrol officer, an animal
2		cruelty investigator as provided for in Article 4 of	
3		local law enforcement officer, or a public prosecut	-
4	<u>(5)</u>	"Person" means any individual, partnership, cor	
5		any other legal entity, and any officer, memb	
6		employee, agent, or representative of one of those	
7	<u>(6)</u>	"Wildlife Sanctuary" means a charitable organize	-
8	<u></u>	taxation under section $501(c)(3)$ , Internal Reven	-
9		described by section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi), Internal Re	
10		that:	
11		<u>a.</u> <u>Operates a place of refuge where abus</u>	ed neglected unwanted
12		impounded, abandoned, orphaned, or displ	-
13		care for the lifetime of the animal.	acca annuas are provided
14		b. Does not conduct any commercial activity	with respect to dangerous
5		wild animals, including, but not limited to,	
6		or lease of dangerous wild animals or the	
7		dangerous wild animals in any manner in	·
8		operation.	in a tor-profit busiless of
19			entertainment nurnoses or
20		<u>c.</u> <u>Does not use dangerous wild animals for</u> in a traveling exhibit.	entertamment purposes or
21		d. Does not breed any dangerous wild animals	c
22	"8 104-72 Prol	hibited Activities.	<u>.</u>
23		ithstanding any other provision of law, unless exem	nt under this Article it is
23 24		person to possess, sell, transfer, or breed a dangerou	-
25		ithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful	
26		the public to come into direct physical contact with	
20 27		age of the animal.	a dangerous whe annhai,
28	"§ 19A-73. Exer		
29		ons in G.S. 19A-72(a) shall not apply to:	
30	<u>(1)</u>	Institutions accredited or certified by the A	ssociation of Zoos and
31	<u>(1)</u>	Aquariums (AZA).	association of 2005 and
32	( <b>2</b> )	Research facilities, as defined in the federal Anima	al Walfara Act (7 U.S.C. &
	<u>(2)</u>		ai wellale Act (7 0.5.C. §
33 24	(2)	$\frac{2132(e)}{Wildlife}$ sometueries, as defined in G.S. 10A 71(6)	
34 35	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	Wildlife sanctuaries, as defined in G.S. 19A-71(6).	
	<u>(4)</u>	Duly incorporated nonprofit animal protection	-
36		humane societies and shelters, temporarily housing	
37		at the written request of law enforcement officers	acting under the authority
38	(7)	of this Article.	, <b>.</b> , <b>.</b> .
39	<u>(5)</u>	Veterinary hospitals, veterinary clinics, veterinar	• 1
40		and persons employed by such entities, for the	
41		veterinary care or veterinary services to the danger	
12	<u>(6)</u>	Law enforcement officers for purposes of enforcem	<u>nent.</u>
13	<u>(7)</u>	Circuses, as defined in G.S. 19A-71(2).	
44	<u>(8)</u>	A person temporarily transporting a legally owned	
45		through the State if the transit time is not more that	-
46		wild animal is not exhibited, and the dangerous wi	
47		all times in a species-appropriate cage or travel cor	ntainer.
48	" <u>§ 19A-74. Prio</u>		
49	-	ions in G.S. 19A-72(a) shall not apply to persons	• •
50	dangerous wild a	nimal prior to June 1, 2015, provided that the person	<u>ı:</u>

	General Assemb	oly of North Carolina	Session 2015
1	<u>(1)</u>	Shall maintain veterinary records, acquisition papers, or o	other documents or
2		records that establish that the person lawfully possessed t	
3		June 1, 2015.	-
4	<u>(2)</u>	May not acquire additional dangerous wild animals af	ter June 1, 2015,
5		whether by purchase, donation, relinquishment, or breed	ing; however, this
6		subdivision does not prohibit such a person from possessi	ng the offspring of
7		a lawfully-possessed dangerous wild animal if writter	n medical records
8		demonstrate that the animal was pregnant on June 1, 2015.	=
9	<u>(3)</u>	Shall not have been convicted of an offense involving the	abuse or neglect of
10		any animal pursuant to any State, local, or federal law.	
11	<u>(4)</u>	Shall not have had a license or permit regarding the	-
12		exhibition, breeding, or sale of animals revoked or suspen	nded by any State,
13		local, or federal agency.	
14	<u>(5)</u>	Shall develop and be prepared to implement escape, succe	
15		plans and maintain a current animal inventory, to be made	le available to law
16		enforcement officers upon request.	
17	<u>(6)</u>	Shall allow a law enforcement officer to enter the pr	
18		dangerous wild animal is kept at any reasonable time to	ensure compliance
19		with this Chapter.	
20	<u>(7)</u>	Shall register with, and pay a registration fee to, the lo	
21		authority by September 1, 2015, and annually thereaft	
22		number of animals of each dangerous wild animal spe	
23		possession, and showing proof of liability insurance in an	
24 25		than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), with a	
25		more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00), for ea	
26 27		property damage, bodily injury, or death caused by an	ly dangerous wild
27	(9)	<u>animal possessed by the person.</u> Shall provide written notification to the animal control at	uthority in the sity
28 29	<u>(8)</u>	or county where the person resides of the death of a dang	
30		possessed under this section. The notice shall include the	
31		sex, and age of the animal, the date the animal was acquire	
32		identification marks to properly identify the animal.	cu, and any unique
33	<u>(9)</u>	At least 72 hours prior to sale or transfer of an existin	ng dangerous wild
34	<u>(2)</u>	animal, shall notify in writing the local animal control aut	
35		the recipient of the animal. At all times, possession, s	
36		transport of the dangerous wild animal shall conform v	
37		State, local, and federal laws.	
38	<u>(10)</u>	Shall have continuously posted and displayed at each post	sible entrance onto
39	<u>()</u>	the premises where a dangerous wild animal is housed a	
40		clearly legible, and easily readable by the public, warning	
41		wild animal is on the premises.	<u> </u>
42	"§ 19A-75. Trar	nsport and containment.	
43	(a) Any p	person transporting a dangerous wild animal shall keep the	animal at all times
44		propriate cage or travel container and shall comply with	
45	requirements (9 C	C.F.R. Part 3).	-
46	<u>(b)</u> <u>Any</u>	person possessing a dangerous wild animal shall keep	the animal in a
47	permanent enclos	sure that is designed to be escape-proof and has an operable	<u>lock. It is unlawful</u>
48		allow members of the public within 15 feet of a dangerous	
49	· ·	nent barrier in place that prevents the risk of direct physical	contact between a
50	member of the pu	iblic and the animal.	

	General A	Assemb	oly of North Carolina	Session 2015
1	(c)	It is u	nlawful for any person to knowingly release a dangerous v	wild animal into the
2	wild.			
3	" <u>§ 19A-7</u> (	6. Enfo	prcement.	
4	<u>(a)</u>	The p	provisions of this Article shall be enforced by any Stat	e law enforcement
5	officer, or	r by any	y other law enforcement officer in whose jurisdiction a vio	lation occurs, or by
6	any anima	al conti	ol authority for the jurisdiction in which a violation occu	urs. Nothing in this
7	Article sh	all be c	onstrued to prohibit a city or county from adopting or enfor	rcing any ordinance
8	or other la	aw that	places further restrictions or additional requirements on the	he possession, sale,
9	<u>transfer, c</u>	or breed	ing of dangerous wild animals.	-
10	<u>(b)</u>	Anim	als may be seized pursuant to this Article as follows:	
11		<u>(1)</u>	Law-enforcement officers shall, after obtaining a warrant	t from any judge or
12			magistrate upon probable cause, seize or impound an	ny dangerous wild
13			animal possessed, sold, transferred, bred, or exhibited	in violation of this
14			Article. If the dangerous wild animal poses a direct threat	t to public safety or
15			is suffering from apparent animal neglect or cruelty, the	nat animal shall be
16			immediately placed in the custody and control of an instit	tution accredited by
17			the Association of Zoos and Aquariums, a wildlife sanctu	ary, or a temporary
18			holding facility, as described in G.S. 19A-73(4). If then	re is no immediate
19			threat to public safety or animal welfare, law enforces	ment officers shall
20			impound the dangerous wild animal in place.	
21		<u>(2)</u>	Upon seizing or impounding a dangerous wild animal,	a law enforcement
22			officer shall petition the district court for the district in w	hich the dangerous
23			wild animal was seized or impounded for a hearing to det	ermine whether the
24			dangerous wild animal was in fact possessed, sold, tr	ansferred, bred, or
25			exhibited in violation of this Article. The hearing shall be	held not more than
26			14 days from the date of the seizure or impoundr	nent and the law
27			enforcement officer shall provide written notice of the h	learing at least five
28			days prior to the hearing to the person from whom t	he dangerous wild
29			animal was seized or impounded.	
30		<u>(3)</u>	Upon judicial determination of a violation of any provis	
31			the seized or impounded dangerous wild animal shall b	e deemed forfeited
32			and the court shall order the violator to pay all reasonable	-
33			in caring and providing for the dangerous wild animal,	
34			dangerous wild animal is seized until the time that dange	
35			forfeited, to the AZA institution, wildlife sanctuary, or	
36			facility in possession of the dangerous wild animal. T	
37			prohibit the possession or ownership of dangerous wild	
38			nonnative wild animals, by the person found to have viola	
39		<u>(4)</u>	A forfeited dangerous wild animal shall be transferre	
40			accredited by the Association of Zoos and Aquarium	
41			sanctuary that is willing and able to take custody of the	
42			wild animal. Nothing in this Article shall be constru	÷
43			enforcement officers from humanely euthanizing a dange	
44			compliance with State and federal law if, after reasonab	
45			institution or wildlife sanctuary is willing and able to pro-	vide long-term care
46		~ <b>~</b> ``	for the dangerous wild animal.	
47		<u>(5)</u>	Nothing in this Article shall be construed to preve	•
48			permanent relinquishment of any dangerous wild anima	•
49 50			person legally able to possess the dangerous wild anim	
50			able to take possession. Voluntary relinquishment shall	nave no effect on
51			any criminal charges for violations of this Article.	

	General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2015
1	(c) Any dangerous wild animal found to be not properly confined, whether on the
2	property of the owner or running at large, may be humanely destroyed by law enforcement
3	officers in order to protect public safety. The owner of a dangerous wild animal will be liable
4	for costs accrued to law enforcement officers in humanely destroying or otherwise securing that
5	<u>animal.</u>
6	" <u>§ 19A-77. Penalties.</u>
7	(a) Each violation of this Article shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor and a person
8	who violates this Article is liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars
9	(\$5,000). Each animal possessed, sold, transferred, or bred in violation of this Article
10	constitutes a separate offense.
11	(b) Any dangerous wild animal owner or custodian whose act or omission in the care,
12	control, or containment of that animal that results in the animal running loose or causing
13	property damage shall constitute a Class A1 misdemeanor. If that act or omission resulting in a
14	dangerous wild animal running loose results in serious bodily injury to any person, the owner
15	of the animal shall be strictly liable and the offense is punishable as a Class I felony.
16	(c) Any person who lives in the county in which a dangerous wild animal is kept may
17	bring a civil action against an owner or custodian of the dangerous wild animal to enjoin a
18	violation of this Article."
19	<b>SECTION 2.</b> If any part of this Article is determined to be unconstitutional or
20	unenforceable, it shall not affect the constitutionality or enforceability of any other part.
21	SECTION 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 2015, and applies to
22	offenses committed on or after that date.