GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

H.B. 643 Apr 13, 2015 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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Short Title:

"§ 75-151. Construction of Article.

HOUSE DRH40357-MD-49 (03/04)

Roofing Contractors/Consumer Protection.

(Public)

Sponsors: Re	epresentative Arp.
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO	PROVIDE CONSUMER PROTECTIONS RELATED TO ROOFING
CONTRACT	ORS.
The General Asso	embly of North Carolina enacts:
SECT	TION 1. Chapter 75 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
Article to read:	
	" <u>Article 9.</u>
	"Roofing Contractors.
" <u>§ 75-150. Defin</u>	
The following	g definitions apply in this Article:
<u>(1)</u>	Nonresident roofing contractor. – A roofing contractor who (i) has not
	established and maintained a place of business as a roofing contractor in this
	State within the preceding year, (ii) claims residency in another state, and
	(iii) has not submitted an income tax return as a resident of this State within
	the preceding year.
<u>(2)</u>	Public contract. – A contract with the State of North Carolina, its political
	subdivisions, or any board, commission, agency, or department thereof or
	with any board of county commissioners or with any city council, school
	board, or with any State or municipal agency or with any other public board,
	body, commission, or agency authorized to award contracts for the
	construction or reconstruction of public work. The term includes
	subcontracts undertaken to perform works covered by the original contract
(2)	or any part thereof.
<u>(3)</u>	Roofing contractor. – A person, including a nonresident roofing contractor,
	engaged in the business of residential roofing services for a fee or who offers
	to engage in or solicits roofing-related services, including construction,
	installation, renovation, repair, maintenance, alteration, or waterproofing.
	The term shall not include any of the following:
	a. A person engaged in the demolition of a structure or the cleanup of
	construction waste and debris that contains roofing material.
	b. A person working under the direct supervision of a roofing contractor
	who is hired either as an employee, day laborer, or contract laborer.
	c. A person providing roofing related services as a subcontractor,
	regardless of tier, under a licensed North Carolina general contractor.



The requirements of this Article shall be construed to be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any required licensure of persons for certain professions and trades in this State. This Article shall not be deemed to conflict with or affect the authority of any State or local agency, board, or commission whose duty and authority is to administer or enforce any law or ordinance or to establish, administer, or enforce any policy, rule, qualification, or standard for any trade or profession.

"§ 75-152. Prohibited conduct.

- (a) A roofing contractor shall not do any of the following:
 - (1) Advertise or promise or offer to pay or rebate all or any portion of any insurance deductible as an inducement to the sale of any goods or services.
 - Offer or provide any upgraded work, material, or product, grant any allowance or offer any discount against the fees to be charged, or pay the consumer or any person directly or indirectly associated with the property any form of compensation, gift, prize, bonus, coupon, credit, referral fee, trade-in or trade-in payment, advertising, or other fee or payment as an inducement to the sale of any goods or services.
 - (3) Offer or provide anything of value in exchange for permitting the roofing contractor to display a sign or any other type of advertisement at the consumer's premises.
 - (4) Seek to obtain a power of attorney from or on behalf of a consumer, offer to report or adjust a claim on behalf of a consumer, represent or negotiate, or offer or advertise to represent or negotiate, obtain, or attempt to obtain an assignment of claims rights or assignment of benefits or assignment of proceeds, from or on behalf of either a consumer or of an owner or possessor of residential real estate, on any insurance claim in connection with the repair or replacement of roof systems, or the performance of any other exterior repair, replacement, construction, or reconstruction work.
- (b) An adjuster as defined in G.S. 58-33-10(2) or a public adjuster as defined in G.S. 58-33A-5(7) shall not act as a roofing contractor.

"§ 75-153. Written contract required; required contents.

A contract for roofing repairs, including a public contract, shall be in writing, signed by both parties, and shall do all of the following:

- (1) <u>Include a copy of a repair estimate that contains all of the following disclosures:</u>
 - <u>a.</u> A precise description and location of all damage claimed on the repair estimate.
 - b. An itemized estimate of repair costs, including the cost of raw materials, hourly labor rate, and the number of hours for each item of repair or a unit cost basis.
 - c. If damaged areas are not included on the repair estimate, a specification of those areas and any reason for their exclusion from the repair estimate.
 - d. A statement of whether or not the property was inspected prior to the preparation of the estimate and a description of the nature of that inspection, including a statement of whether or not the roof was physically accessed.
 - e. A statement that the roofing contractor has made no assurances that the claimed loss will be covered by an insurance policy.
- (2) Include a disclosure that the consumer is responsible for payment for any work performed if the insurer should deny payment or coverage on any part of the loss.

"§ 75-154. Consumer's right to cancel contract if not covered by insurance.

(a) Right to Cancel. – A consumer who has entered into a written contract with a roofing contractor to provide goods or services to be paid from the proceeds of a property and casualty insurance policy may cancel the contract at any time prior to midnight of the third business day after the consumer has received written notification from the insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss under the insurance policy.

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- In addition to the other penalties set forth in this Article, a violation of this Article shall constitute an unfair and deceptive trade practice under G.S. 75-1.1."

Procedure for Cancellation. - Cancellation shall be evidenced by the consumer

Refund of Payments to Consumer. - Within 10 days after a contract for roofing

giving written notice of cancellation to the roofing contractor at the address stated in the

contract. Notice of cancellation, if given by mail, is effective upon deposit into the United

States mail, postage prepaid, and properly addressed to the roofing contractor. Notice of

cancellation need not take a particular form and is sufficient if it indicates, by any form of

repairs has been cancelled, the roofing contractor shall tender to the consumer any payments,

partial payments, or deposits made by the consumer and any note or other evidence of

indebtedness. If, however, the roofing contractor has performed any emergency services,

acknowledged by the consumer in writing to be necessary to prevent damage to the premises, the roofing contractor is entitled to the reasonable value of such services. Any provision in a

contract for roofing repairs that in the event of cancellation requires the payment of any fee for

anything except emergency services shall constitute a violation of G.S. 75-1.1 and shall not be

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2016.

enforceable against any consumer who has cancelled a contract under this section.

"§ 75-155. Violations an unfair and deceptive trade practice.

written expression, the intention of the consumer not to be bound by the contract.