GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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Short Title:

SENATE DRS45063-MC-16 (01/07)

Reduce PUV Entry Time for Farmland.

Sponsors:	Senator Bingham (Primary Sponsor).
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO FACILITATE FARMLAND ENTRY INTO THE PRESENT-USE VALUE	
PROGRAM.	
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
SECTION 1. G.S. 105-277.3 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-277.3. Agricultural, horticultural, and forestland – Classifications.	
(a) Cl	asses Defined. – The following classes of property are designated special classes
of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution and	
must be appraised, assessed, and taxed as provided in G.S. 105-277.2 through G.S. 105-277.7.	
(1	Agricultural land. – Individually owned agricultural land consisting of one
	or more tracts, one of which satisfies the requirements of this subdivision.
	For agricultural land used as a farm for aquatic species, as defined in
	G.S. 106-758, the tract must meet the income requirement for agricultural
	land and must consist of at least five acres in actual production or produce at
	least 20,000 pounds of aquatic species for commercial sale annually,
	regardless of acreage. For all other agricultural land, the tract must meet the
	income requirement for agricultural land and must consist of at least 10 acres
	that are in actual production. Land in actual production includes land under
	improvements used in the commercial production or growing of crops,
	plants, or animals.
	To meet the income requirement, agricultural land must, must either (i) for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of
	this section is claimed, have produced an average gross income of at least
	one thousand dollars (\$1,000). (\$1,000) or (ii) for the year preceding January
	1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed have produced a
	gross income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Gross income
	includes income from the sale of the agricultural products produced from the

(2) Horticultural land. – Individually owned horticultural land consisting of one or more tracts, one of which consists of at least five acres that are in actual production and that, for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed, have has met the applicable minimum gross income requirement. Land in actual production includes land

land, any payments received under a governmental soil conservation or land

retirement program, and the amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable

year pursuant to P.L. 108-357, Title VI, Fair and Equitable Tobacco Reform



Act of 2004.

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under improvements used in the commercial production or growing of fruits or vegetables or nursery or floral products. Land that has been used to produce evergreens intended for use as Christmas trees must have met the minimum gross income requirements established by the Department of Revenue for the land. All other horticultural land must have produced either (i) for the last three years preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed an average gross income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000). (\$1,000) or (ii) for the year preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed a gross income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Gross income includes income from the sale of the horticultural products produced from the land and any payments received under a governmental soil conservation or land retirement program.

- (3) Forestland. – Individually owned forestland consisting of one or more tracts, one of which consists of at least 20 acres that are in actual production and are not included in a farm unit.
- Individual Ownership Requirements. In order to come within a classification (b) described in subsection (a) of this section, land owned by an individual must also satisfy one of the following conditions:
 - (1) It is the owner's place of residence.
 - (2) It has been owned by the current owner or a relative of the current owner for the four years year preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed.
 - (3) At the time of transfer to the current owner, it qualified for classification in the hands of a business entity or trust that transferred the land to the current owner who was a member of the business entity or a beneficiary of the trust, as appropriate.

SECTION 2. G.S. 105-320 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-320. Tax receipts; preparation.

- No taxing unit shall adopt a tax receipt form until it has been approved by the Department of Revenue, and no tax receipt form shall be approved unless it shows at least the following information:
 - Repealed by Session Laws 2014-3, s. 14.20(b), effective May 29, 2014. (16)
 - (17)A summary of the tax benefit and the eligibility requirements for agricultural, horticultural, and forestland under G.S. 105-277.3 G.S. 105-277.4.
- Instead of being shown on the tax receipt, the information required in subdivision (b) (16) (17) of subsection (a) may be shown on a separate sheet furnished to the affected taxpayers.
- **SECTION 3.** This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2015.

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