GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

Η

HOUSE BILL 1021*

	Short Title:	People First Language 2018.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Representative Davis.	
		For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web	site.
	Referred to:	Health, if favorable, Appropriations	
		May 28, 2018	
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO	O UPDATE THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA	WITH
3	PEOPLE		ENTAL
4	RETARD	ATION" TO "INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY" IN CERTAIN SECTION	S AND
5	TO MAK	E OTHER PEOPLE FIRST LANGUAGE AMENDMENTS AND TECH	NICAL
6	AMENDN	MENTS IN THOSE SECTIONS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GEI	NERAL
7	STATUTI	ES COMMISSION.	
8	The General A	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
9	SE	CCTION 1.(a) G.S. 1-301.2 reads as rewritten:	
10	"§ 1-301.2. T	ransfer or appeal of special proceedings; exceptions.	
11			
12		ception for Incompetency and Foreclosure Proceedings and Proceedings to) Permit
13	Sterilization f	or Medical Necessity. –	
14	(1)		
15		under Chapter 35A of the General Statutes, or proceedings to de	
16		whether a guardian may consent to the sterilization of a mentall	
17		mentally retarded ward ward with a mental illness or intellectual di	
18		under G.S. 35A-1245, shall not be transferred even if an issue of	
19		equitable defense, or a request for equitable relief is raised. Appea	
20		orders entered in these proceedings are governed by Chapter 35A	
21		General Statutes to the extent that the provisions of that Chapter confl	ict with
22		this section.	
23	(2)	• • •	
24		Statutes shall not be transferred even if an issue of fact, an equitable of	
25		or a request for equitable relief is raised. Equitable issues may be rais	
26		as provided in G.S. 45-21.34. Appeals from orders entered in	
27		proceedings are governed by Article 2A of Chapter 45 of the General	
28		to the extent that the provisions of that Article conflict with this section	on.
29	"		
30		ECTION 1.(b) G.S. 35A-1101 reads as rewritten:	
31	"§ 35A-1101.		
32		d in this Subchapter: The following definitions apply in this Subchapter:	
33	(1)	î	
34		disturbances in the developmental rate of physical, social, and languag	· ·
35		abnormal responses to sensations; absence of or delay in speech or la	nguage;



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l		or abnormal ways of relating to people, objects, and events. Autism occurs
2		sometimes by itself and sometimes in conjunction with other
} •		brain-functioning disorders.
	(2)	"Cerebral palsy" means a Cerebral palsy A muscle dysfunction,
		characterized by impairment of movement, often combined with speech
		impairment, and caused by abnormality of or damage to the brain.
	(3)	"Clerk" means the Clerk. – The clerk of superior court.
	(4)	"Designated agency" means the Designated agency The State or local
		human services agency designated by the clerk in the clerk's order to prepare,
		cause to be prepared, or assemble a multidisciplinary evaluation and to
		perform other functions as the clerk may order. A designated agency includes,
		without limitation, State, local, regional, or area mental health, mental
		retardation, intellectual disability, vocational rehabilitation, public health,
		social service, and developmental disabilities agencies, and diagnostic
		evaluation centers.
	(5)	"Epilepsy" means a Epilepsy A group of neurological conditions
	\-·/	characterized by abnormal electrical-chemical discharge in the brain. This
		discharge is manifested in various forms of physical activity called seizures,
		which range from momentary lapses of consciousness to convulsive
		movements.
	(6)	"Guardian ad litem" means a Guardian ad litem A guardian appointed
	(3)	pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 17, Rules of Civil Procedure.
	(7)	"Incompetent adult" means an Incompetent adult. – An adult or emancipated
	(')	minor who lacks sufficient capacity to manage the adult's own affairs or to
		make or communicate important decisions concerning the adult's person,
		family, or property whether the lack of capacity is due to mental illness,
		mental retardation, <u>intellectual disability</u> , epilepsy, cerebral palsy, autism,
		inebriety, senility, disease, injury, or similar cause or condition.
	(8)	"Incompetent child" means a Incompetent child. – A minor who is at least 17
	(0)	1/2 years of age and who, other than by reason of minority, lacks sufficient
		capacity to make or communicate important decisions concerning the child's
		person, family, or property whether the lack of capacity is due to mental
		illness, mental retardation, intellectual disability, epilepsy, cerebral palsy,
		autism, inebriety, disease, injury, or similar cause or condition.
	(9)	"Indigent" means unable Indigent. – Unable to pay for legal representation
	(9)	and other necessary expenses of a proceeding brought under this Subchapter.
	(10)	
	(10)	<u>"Inebriety" means the Inebriety. – The habitual use of alcohol or drugs</u> rendering a person incompetent to transact ordinary business concerning the
		person's estate, dangerous to person or property, cruel and intolerable to
	(10 -)	family, or unable to provide for family.
	<u>(10a)</u>	Intellectual disability. – Significantly subaverage general intellectual
		functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and
	(4.4.)	manifested before age 22.
	(11)	"Interim guardian" means a Interim guardian. – A guardian, appointed prior
		to adjudication of incompetence and for a temporary period, for a person who
		requires immediate intervention to address conditions that constitute
		imminent or foreseeable risk of harm to the person's physical well-being or to
		the person's estate.
	(12)	"Mental illness" means an Mental illness An illness that so lessens the
		capacity of a person to use self-control, judgment, and discretion in the
		conduct of the person's affairs and social relations as to make it necessary or

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		advisable for the person to be under treatment, care, super	-
		control. The term "mental illness" encompasses "menta	
		disorder", "lunacy", "unsoundness of mind", and "insanity	
	(13)	"Mental retardation" means significantly subaverage	
		functioning existing concurrently with deficits in ada	ptive behavior and
		manifested before age 22.	
	(14)	"Multidisciplinary evaluation" means an Multidisciplina	
		evaluation that contains current medical, psychological	·
		evaluations as directed by the clerk and that may include	
		by professionals in other disciplines, including without l	
		vocational rehabilitation, occupational therapy, v	
		psychiatry, speech-and-hearing, and communication	
		evaluation is current if made not more than one year from	n the date on which
		it is presented to or considered by the court. The evaluation	on shall set forth the
		nature and extent of the disability and recommend a gu	ardianship plan and
		program.	
	(15)	"Respondent" means a Respondent A person who	o is alleged to be
		incompetent in a proceeding under this Subchapter.	
	(16)	"Treatment facility" has the Treatment facility Has the	e same meaning as
		"facility" in G.S. 122C-3(14), and includes group homes, 1	halfway houses, and
		other community-based residential facilities.	
	(17)	"Ward" means a Ward. – A person who has been adjudic	ated incompetent or
		an adult or minor for whom a guardian has been appo	
		competent jurisdiction."	
	SEC	TION 1.(c) G.S. 35A-1202 reads as rewritten:	
" § 35 4	A-1202. D	efinitions.	
₩	'hen used i	n this Subchapter, unless a contrary intent is indicated or	the context requires
otherv	vise: The fo	blowing definitions apply in this Subchapter:	
	(1)	"Accounting" means the Accounting. – The financial or	
		with the clerk, designated agency, respondent, or other p	berson or party with
		whom such the reports are required to be filed.	
	(2)	"Clerk" means the Clerk. – The clerk of superior court.	
	(3)	"Designated agency" means the Designated agency	The State or local
		human services agency designated by the clerk in an ord	er to prepare, cause
		to be prepared, or assemble a multidisciplinary evaluat	ion and to perform
		other functions as the clerk may order. A designated agen	cy includes, without
		limitation, State, local, regional regional, or area me	ntal health, mental
		retardation, intellectual disability, vocational rehabilita	
			non, paone nearin,
		social service, and developmental disabilities agenci	-
			-
	(4)	social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers.	es, and diagnostic
	(4)	social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. <u>"Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p</u>	es, and diagnostic
	(4)	social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. <u>"Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p</u> director or assistant directors of a county department of so	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except
	(4)	social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. <u>"Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p</u> director or assistant directors of a county department of so as provided in G.S. 35A-1213(f), the fact that a disinter	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except rested public agent
	(4)	social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. <u>"Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p</u> director or assistant directors of a county department of so as provided in G.S. 35A-1213(f), the fact that a disinter provides financial assistance, services, or treatment to	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except rested public agent
		social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. <u>"Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p</u> director or assistant directors of a county department of so as provided in G.S. 35A-1213(f), the fact that a disinter provides financial assistance, services, or treatment to disqualify that person from being appointed as guardian.	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except rested public agent o a ward does not
	(4)	social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. "Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p director or assistant directors of a county department of so- as provided in G.S. 35A-1213(f), the fact that a disinter provides financial assistance, services, or treatment to disqualify that person from being appointed as guardian. "Estate" means any Estate. – Any interest in real proper	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except rested public agent to a ward does not ty, choses in action,
		 social service, and developmental disabilities agencie evaluation centers. "Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested provided in G.S. 35A-1213(f), the fact that a disinter provides financial assistance, services, or treatment to disqualify that person from being appointed as guardian. "Estate" means any Estate. – Any interest in real proper intangible personal property, and tangible personal property. 	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except rested public agent to a ward does not ty, choses in action,
		social service, and developmental disabilities agenci evaluation centers. "Disinterested public agent" means the Disinterested p director or assistant directors of a county department of so- as provided in G.S. 35A-1213(f), the fact that a disinter provides financial assistance, services, or treatment to disqualify that person from being appointed as guardian. "Estate" means any Estate. – Any interest in real proper	es, and diagnostic <u>ublic agent. – The</u> cial services. Except rested public agent b a ward does not ty, choses in action, ty, and includes any

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		expenditures of the ward's money, sale of the ward's property, or othe transactions involving the ward's property.
	(7)	"General guardian" means a General guardian. – A guardian of both the estat and the person.
	(8)	"Guardian ad litem" means a Guardian ad litem. – A guardian appointe
		pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 17, Rules of Civil Procedure.
	(9)	"Guardian of the estate" means a Guardian of the estate. – A guardia
		appointed solely for the purpose of managing the property, estate, an business affairs of a ward.
	(10)	"Guardian of the person" means a Guardian of the person. – A guardia
	(10)	appointed solely for the purpose of performing duties relating to the care
	(11)	custody, and control of a ward.
	(11)	"Incompetent person" means a Incompetent person. – A person who has bee adjudicated to be an "incompetent adult" or "incompetent child" as defined i
		G.S. 35A-1101(7) or (8).
	(12)	<u>"Minor" means a Minor. – A person who is under the age of 18, is not married</u>
		and has not been legally emancipated.
	(13)	"Multidisciplinary evaluation" means an Multidisciplinary evaluation. – A
		evaluation that contains current medical, psychological, and social wor
		evaluations as directed by the clerk and that may contain current evaluation
		by professionals in other disciplines, including without limitation education
		vocational rehabilitation, occupational therapy, vocational therapy
		psychiatry, speech-and-hearing, and communications disorders. Th
		evaluation is current if made not more than one year from the date on which
		it is presented to or considered by the court. The evaluation shall set forth th
		nature and extent of the disability and recommend a guardianship plan an
		program.
	(14)	"Status report" means the Status report The report required b
		G.S. 35A-1242 to be filed by the general guardian or guardian of the person
	(15)	<u>"Ward" means a Ward. – A person who has been adjudicated incompetent of the second se</u>
		an adult or minor for whom a guardian has been appointed by a court of
		competent jurisdiction."
		FION 1.(d) G.S. 35A-1241 reads as rewritten:
"§ 35A-12	241. Po	owers and duties of guardian of the person.
(a)	To the	e extent that it is not inconsistent with the terms of any order of the clerk or an
other cou	rt of co	ompetent jurisdiction, a guardian of the person has the following powers an
duties:		
	(1)	The guardian of the person is entitled to custody of the person of the guardian
		ward and shall make provision for the ward's care, comfort, and maintenance
		and shall, as appropriate to the ward's needs, arrange for the ward's training
		education, employment, rehabilitation rehabilitation, or habilitation. Th
		guardian of the person shall take reasonable care of the ward's clothing
		furniture, vehicles, and other personal effects that are with the ward.
	(2)	The guardian of the person may establish the ward's place of abode within e
		without inside or outside this State. In arranging for a place of abode, th
		guardian of the person shall give preference to places within inside this Stat
		over places not in outside this State if in-State and out-of-State places ar
		•
		substantially equivalent. The guardian also shall give preference to places that
		substantially equivalent. The guardian also shall give preference to places that are not treatment facilities. If the only available and appropriate places of

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		community-based treatment facilities, such as grou over treatment facilities that are not community-b	
	(3)	The guardian of the person may give any conse	
	(3)	necessary to enable the ward to receive medical, le	
		professional care, counsel, treatment, or service;	
		the patient has a health care agent appointed pur	-
		power of attorney, the health care agent shall ha	
		authority granted in the health care power of att	0
		suspended the authority of that health care	•
		G.S. 35A-1208. The guardian shall not, however,	-
		of a mentally ill or mentally retarded ward ward	
		intellectual disability unless the guardian obtains	
		accordance with G.S. 35A-1245. The guardian of	
		other consent or approval on the ward's behalf that	1 98 9
		ward's best interest. The guardian may petition	
		concurrence in the consent or approval.	
(b)	A gu	ardian of the person is entitled to be reimbursed of	out of the ward's estate fo
· · ·	0	proper expenditures incurred in the performance of	
	-	ward's person.	C
(c)		ardian of the person, if he person who has acted w	ithin the limits imposed on
· · ·		ele or the order of appointment or both, shall not be be	
•		e ward's estate, merely by reason of the guardian's:	
	(1)	Authorizing or giving any consent or approval ne	ecessary to enable the ward
		to receive legal, psychological, or other profession	
		or service, in a situation where the damages result	
		acts of a third person; or	
	(2)	Authorizing medical treatment or surgery for hi	s- <u>the</u> ward, if the guardian
		acted in good faith and was not negligent."	
	SEC	TION 1.(e) G.S. 35A-1245 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 35A	-1245. F	rocedure to permit the sterilization of a mentally	ill or a mentally retarded
	ware	-ward with a mental illness or intellectual disabi	<u>llity in the case of medica</u>
	nece		
(a)	•	ardian of the person shall not consent to the steril	
		d ward ward with a mental illness or intellectual dis-	<u>ability</u> unless an order fron
		en obtained in accordance with this section.	
(b)		nentally ill or mentally retarded ward ward with a n	
		to undergo a medical procedure that would result	
		etition the clerk for an order to permit the guardian	to consent to the procedure
The pe		ll contain <u>all of</u> the following:	
	(1)	A sworn statement from a physician licensed in the	
		the ward that the proposed procedure is medicall	
		sole purpose of sterilization or for the purpose of	
	(2)	The name and address of the physician who will p	
	(3)	A sworn statement from a psychiatrist or psycho	-
		who has examined the ward as to whether the men	
		ward ward with a mental illness or intellectual disa	
		the nature of the proposed procedure and its con-	insequences and provide an
	(4 \	informed consent to the procedure.	
	(4)	If the ward is able to comprehend the nature of the	
		consequences, the sworn consent of the ward to the	le procedure.

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1	(c) A cop	by of the petition shall be served on the ward personally. If	the ward is unable to
2	comprehend the	nature of the proposed procedure and its consequences an	d is unable to provide
3	an informed cons	ent, the clerk shall appoint an attorney to represent the wa	rd in accordance with
4	rules adopted by	the Office of Indigent Defense Services.	
5		d the ward or the ward's attorney request a hearing, a h	nearing shall be held.
6		erk may enter an order without the appearance of witnesse	-
7		the ward may present evidence.	6
8	•	clerk finds <u>all of the following</u> , the clerk shall enter an	order permitting the
9	• •	ent to the proposed procedure:	······································
10	(1)	The ward is capable of comprehending the procedure	and its consequences
11	(-)	and has consented to the procedure, or the ward is unab	
12		procedure and its consequences.	
13	(2)	The procedure is medically necessary and is not sole	ly for the nurnose of
14	(2)	sterilization or for hygiene or convenience.	ly for the pulpose of
15	(f) The g	guardian or the ward, the ward's attorney, or any other	interested party may
16		order to the superior court in accordance with G.S. 1-301	1 0 0
17	**	FION 1.(f) G.S. 90-275 reads as rewritten:	1.2(0).
18		ele does not affect duty of guardian to obtain order per	mitting quardian to
19		nt to sterilization of a mentally ill or mentally retarde	
20		al illness or intellectual disability.	u waru, <u>waru</u> witii a
20		is Article shall be deemed to affect affects the provisions	of G S 35A 1245 "
22	-	TION 2. G.S. 7B-1111 reads as rewritten:	010.5.53A-1245.
23		bunds for terminating parental rights.	
23 24		ourt may terminate the parental rights upon a finding o	f one or more of the
24	following:	ourt may terminate the parental rights upon a finding o	
26	(1)	The parent has abused or neglected the juvenile. The juv	anila shall be deemed
20	(1)	to be abused or neglected if the court finds the juve	
28		juvenile within the meaning of G.S. 7B-101 or a neglect	
28 29		meaning of G.S. 7B-101.	eu juvenne wiunn me
29 30	(2)	The parent has willfully left the juvenile in foster care	or placement outside
31	(2)	the home for more than 12 months without showing to	1
32		court that reasonable progress under the circumstance	
33		1 0	
33 34		correcting those conditions which led to the removal of the	-
34 35		however, that no parental rights No parental rights	
		terminated for the sole reason that the parents are up	hable to cale for the
36 37	(2)	juvenile on account of their poverty.	demontment of acciel
	(3)	The juvenile has been placed in the custody of a county	-
38		services, a licensed child-placing agency, a child-caring	
39		home, and the parent, for a continuous period of six m	
40		the filing of the petition or motion, parent has for a cor	
41		months immediately preceding the filing of the petitio	
42		failed for such period to pay a reasonable portion of th	
43		juvenile although physically and financially able to do s	
44	(4)	One parent has been awarded custody of the juvenile by	
45		custody by agreement of the parents, and the other p	
46		rights are sought to be terminated has for a period of o	-
47		preceding the filing of the petition or motion will	-
48		justification to pay for the care, support, and education	on of the juvenile, as
49		required by said the decree or custody agreement.	
50	(5)	The father of a juvenile born out of wedlock has not, p	-
51		petition or motion to terminate parental rights, done any	ot the following:
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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		a. Filed an affidavit of paternity in a central registry	maintained by the
		Department of Health and Human Services; prov	•
		The petitioner or movant shall inquire of the Depart	
		Human Services as to whether such an affidavit ha	
		the Department's certified reply shall be submitted	
		by the court.	
		b. Legitimated the juvenile pursuant to provisio	ns of G.S. 49-10
		G.S. 49-12.1, or filed a petition for this specific pu	
		c. Legitimated the juvenile by marriage to the mother	1
		d. Provided substantial financial support or consister	5
		to the juvenile and mother.	
		e. Established paternity through G.S. 49-14, 11	0-132. 130A-101.
		130A-118, or other judicial proceeding.	o 102, 10011 101,
	(6)	That the parent is incapable of providing for the proper ca	are and supervision
	(0)	of the juvenile, such that the juvenile is a dependent j	-
		meaning of G.S. 7B-101, and that there is a reasonable pr	
		the incapability will continue for the foreseeable future.	•
		this subdivision may be the result of substance abuse,	- ·
		intellectual disability, mental illness, organic brain synd	
		cause or condition that renders the parent unable or unava	-
		juvenile and the parent lacks an appropriate alter	
		arrangement.	
(b)	The	burden in such these proceedings shall be upon is on the peti	tioner or movant to
prove th		ustifying such the termination by clear and convincing evide	
	SEC	TION 3.(a) G.S. 8C-1, Rule 616, reads as rewritten:	
'Rule 6	616. Alt	ernative testimony of witnesses with developmental disa	abilities or mental
	reta ı	dation <u>an intellectual or developmental disability</u> in civi	l cases and special
	proc	eedings.	
(a)	Defi	nitions. – The following definitions apply to this section:	
	(1)	The definitions set out in G.S. 122C-3.	
	(2)	"Remote testimony" means a Remote testimony A n	nethod by which a
		witness testifies outside of an open forum and outside of th	e physical presence
		of a party or parties.	
(b)		ote Testimony Authorized A person with a development	•
		ntal retardation An individual with an intellectual or develo	
	-	nt to testify may testify by remote testimony in a civil pro-	• •
		e court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the w	
		al distress from testifying in the presence of a named party	
•	-	open forum and that the ability of the witness to communica	
		paired by testifying in the presence of a named party or partie	s or from testifying
n an op	en forun	n.	
(f)		exclusive Procedure and Standard Nothing in this sec	-
		e or application of any other method or procedure authorized	- ·
		tion into evidence of statements or testimony of a person wi	
		erson with mental retardation.an individual with an intellectua	al or developmental
<u>disabilit</u>			
		TION 3.(b) G.S. 15A-1225.2 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 15A	-1225.2.	•	I retardation; <u>an</u>
	intel	<u>lectual or developmental disability;</u> remote testimony.	

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1 2	(a) Definit (1)	tions. – The following definitions apply to this section: The definitions set out in G.S. 122C-3.	
3	(2)	"Remote testimony" means a Remote testimony A n	nethod by which a
4		witness testifies outside of an open forum and outside of th	
5		of a party or parties.	
6	(b) Remo	te Testimony Authorized. – A person with a development	ntal disability or a
7		tal retardation-An individual with an intellectual or develo	
8		to testify may testify by remote testimony in a prosecution	
9 10	with violating a	criminal law of this State and in any hearing or proceedin Chapter 7B of the General Statutes where a juvenile is alleged	g conducted under
11	-	ould be a criminal offense if committed by an adult if the c	
12		cing evidence that the witness would suffer serious emot	•
12		resence of the defendant and that the ability of the witness to	
13		ould be impaired by testifying in the presence of the defend	
15	the ther of fact w	ourd be imparted by testifying in the presence of the defend	ant.
16	(e) Testin	nony. – The method of remote testimony shall allow the t	rier of fact and all
17		the demeanor of the witness as the witness testifies in a s	
18	•	testifying in the open forum. The court shall ensure that	
19		pro se defendant, is physically present where the witness tes	
20		ity for examination and cross-examination of the witness. Th	
21		t or juvenile respondent has the ability to communicate priv	
22		ie remote testimony. A party may waive the right to have	-
23		e witness testifies. Nothing in this section shall be construed	
24	provisions of G.S.		
25	1	clusive Procedure and Standard Nothing in this sec	tion shall prohibit
26		or application of any other method or procedure authorized	-
27	-	on into evidence of statements or testimony of a person wi	1 V
28		son with mental retardation.an individual with an intellectua	-
29	disability."		*
30	SECT	TON 4.(a) G.S. 14-27.20 reads as rewritten:	
31	"§ 14-27.20. Def	ïnitions.	
32	As used in thi	s Article, unless the context requires otherwise: The following	ng definitions apply
33	in this Article:		
34	(1)	"Mentally disabled" means (i) a victim who suffers from	mental retardation,
35		or (ii) a victim who suffers from a mental disorder, either of	Ewhich temporarily
36		or permanently renders the victim substantially incapable	e of appraising the
37		nature of his or her conduct, or of resisting the act of vaging	
38		sexual act, or of communicating unwillingness to submit t	o the act of vaginal
39		intercourse or a sexual act.	
40	(2)	"Mentally incapacitated" means a Mentally incapacitated	<u>– A victim who due</u>
41		to any act committed upon the victim is rendered substan	
42		either appraising the nature of his or her conduct, or resisting	ig the act of vaginal
43		intercourse or a sexual act.	
44	<u>(2a)</u>	Person who has a mental disability A victim who	
45		disability or a mental disorder that temporarily or perma	
46		victim substantially incapable of appraising the nature of	
47		or of resisting the act of vaginal intercourse or a	
48		communicating unwillingness to submit to the act of vaging	nal intercourse or a
49 50		sexual act.	• •••
50	(3)	"Physically helpless" means (i) a victim who is unce	mscious; or (ii) a
51		Physically helpless. – Any of the following:	

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	<u>a.</u>	A victim who is unconscious.	
	<u>b</u> .	<u>A</u> victim who is physically unable to r	esist an act of vaginal
		intercourse or a sexual act or communicate u	inwillingness to submit to
		an act of vaginal intercourse or a sexual act.	
		exual act" means cunnilingus, <u>Sexual act. – Cunni</u>	
		anal intercourse, but does not include vaginal in	
		eans the penetration, however slight, by any obje	
		bening of another person's body: provided, that	
		firmative defense that the penetration was for acce	
	$(5) = \frac{100}{5}$	exual contact" meansSexual contact. – Any of the	
	<u>a.</u>		, breast, groin, or buttocks
		of any person, person.	
	<u>b</u> .		h their own sexual organ,
		anus, breast, groin, or buttocks, orbuttocks.	
	<u>c.</u>		ing semen, urine, or feces
		upon any part of another person.	
		Couching" as <u>Touching</u> . – As used in subdivision	
	-	nysical contact with another person, whether accor	
		e clothing of the person committing the offense, of a visitim "	or through the clothing of
		e victim." N 4.(b) G.S. 14-27.22 reads as rewritten:	
"8 14_27 /		l-degree forcible rape.	
(a)		is guilty of second-degree forcible rape if the p	erson engages in vaginal
· · /	-	ther person:	cison engages in vagina
mercours		y force and against the will of the other person; or	
		The is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, <u>W</u>	
		who is mentally incapacitated or physically	•
		proforming the act knows or should reasonably k	
	-	entally disabled, mentally incapacitated, has a	-
		entally incapacitated or physically helpless.	
(b)		on who commits the offense defined in this secti	on is guilty of a Class C
felony.			
(c)	Upon con	viction, a person convicted under this section has	no rights to custody of or
rights of i	nheritance	from any child conceived during the commission	of the rape, nor shall does
		rights related to the child under Chapter 48 of	
Subchapte	er <u>1-I</u> of Ch	apter 7B of the General Statutes."	
	SECTIO	N 4.(c) G.S. 14-27.27 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 14-27.2		l-degree forcible sexual offense.	
(a)	-	is guilty of second degree forcible sexual offense	if the person engages in a
sexual act	with anoth	1	
		y force and against the will of the other person; or	
		ho is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, <u>W</u>	-
		who is mentally incapacitated or physically	
		rforming the act knows or should reasonably kno	
		entally disabled, mentally incapacitated, has a	mental disability or is
		entally incapacitated or physically helpless.	
(b)	Any pers	on who commits the offense defined in this secti	on 1s guilty of a Class C
felony."	OF COTO		
	SECTIO	N 4.(d) G.S. 14-27.33 reads as rewritten:	

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(a) A person is guilty of sexual battery if the person, for the purpose of sexual arousal,
sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, engages in sexual contact with another person:
(1) By force and against the will of the other person; or
(2) Who is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, Who has a mental disability
or who is mentally incapacitated or physically helpless, and the person
performing the act knows or should reasonably know that the other person is
mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, has a mental disability or is
mentally incapacitated or physically helpless.
(b) Any person who commits the offense defined in this section is guilty of a Class A1
misdemeanor."
SECTION 4.(e) G.S. 14-205.1 reads as rewritten:
"§ 14-205.1. Solicitation of prostitution.
(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who solicits another for the
purpose of prostitution is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class H felony
for a second or subsequent offense. Any person 18 years of age or older who willfully solicits a
minor for the purpose of prostitution is guilty of a Class G felony. Any person who willfully
solicits a person who is severely or profoundly mentally disabled has a severe or profound mental
disability for the purpose of prostitution is guilty of a Class E felony. Punishment under this
section may include participation in a program devised for the education and prevention of sexual
exploitation (i.e. "John School"), where available. A person who violates this subsection shall
not be is not eligible for a disposition of prayer for judgment continued under any circumstances.
(b) Immunity From Prosecution for Minors. – Notwithstanding any other provision of
this section, if it is determined, after a reasonable detention for investigative purposes, that a
person suspected of or charged with a violation of this section is a minor who is soliciting as a
prostitute, that person shall be immune from prosecution under this section and instead shall be
taken into temporary protective custody as an undisciplined juvenile pursuant to Article 19 of
Chapter 7B of the General Statutes. Pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 7B-301, a law enforcement
officer who takes a minor into custody under this section shall immediately report an allegation
of a violation of G.S. 14-43.11 and G.S. 14-43.13 to the director of the department of social
services in the county where the minor resides or is found, as appropriate, which shall commence
an initial investigation into child abuse or child neglect within 24 hours pursuant to G.S. 7B-301
and G.S. 7B-302."
SECTION 4.(f) G.S. 14-205.2 reads as rewritten:
"§ 14-205.2. Patronizing a prostitute.
(a) Any person who willfully performs any of the following acts with a person not his or
her spouse commits the offense of patronizing a prostitute:
(1) Engages in vaginal intercourse, any sexual act as defined in G.S. 14-27.20, or
any sexual contact as defined in G.S. 14-27.20, for the purpose of sexual
arousal or gratification with a prostitute.
(2) Enters or remains in a place of prostitution with intent to engage in vaginal
intercourse, any sexual act as defined in G.S. 14-27.20, or any sexual contact
as defined in G.S. 14-27.20, for the purpose of sexual arousal or gratification.
(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this section, a first violation of this
section is a Class A1 misdemeanor. Unless a higher penalty applies, a second or subsequent
violation of this section is a Class G felony.
(c) A violation of this section is a Class F felony if the defendant is 18 years of age or
older and the prostitute is a minor.
(d) A violation of this section is a Class D felony if the prostitute is a severely or
profoundly mentally disabled person.has a severe or profound mental disability."
SECTION 4.(g) G.S. 14-205.3 reads as rewritten:
"§ 14-205.3. Promoting prostitution.

• •	erson who willfully performs any of the following acts commits the offense of
	ution of a minor or mentally disabled person:person who has a mental disability:
(1)	Advances prostitution as defined in G.S. 14-203, where a minor or severely
	or profoundly mentally disabled person person who has a severe or profound
	mental disability engaged in prostitution, or any person engaged in
	prostitution in the place of prostitution is a minor or is severely or profoundly
	mentally disabled has a severe or profound mental disability at the time of the
	offense.
(2)	Profits from prostitution by any means where the prostitute is a minor or is severely or profoundly mentally disabled has a severe or profound mental
	disability at the time of the offense.
(3)	Confines a minor or a severely or profoundly mentally disabled person person
	who has a severe or profound mental disability against the person's will by the
	infliction or threat of imminent infliction of great bodily harm, permanent
	disability, or disfigurement or by administering to the minor or severely or
	profoundly mentally disabled person, person who has a severe or profound
	mental disability, without the person's consent or by threat or deception and
	for other than medical purposes, any alcoholic intoxicant or a drug as defined in Article 5 of Chapter 00 of the Congred Statutes (North Caroline Controlled
	in Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes (North Carolina Controlled Substances Act) and does any of the following:
	a. Compels the minor or severely or profoundly mentally disabled person
	person who has a severe or profound mental disability to engage in
	prostitution.
	b. Arranges a situation in which the minor or severely or profoundly
	mentally disabled person person who has a severe or profound mental
	disability may practice prostitution.
	c. Profits from prostitution by the minor or severely or profoundly
	mentally disabled person person who has a severe or profound mental
	disability.
	of this subsection, administering drugs or an alcoholic intoxicant to a minor or
	oundly mentally disabled person, person who has a severe or profound mental
	cribed in subdivision (3) of this subsection, shall be deemed to be without
	ninistering is done without the consent of the parents or legal guardian or if the
	performed or permitted by the parents or legal guardian for other than medical
	e of age is not a defense to a prosecution under this subsection.
" Sect	TON 4.(h) G.S. 14-208.6 reads as rewritten:
"§ 14-208.6. Def	
-	g definitions apply in this Article:
(1a)	"Aggravated offense" means any Aggravated offense. – Any criminal offense
(14)	that includes either of the following: (i) engaging in a sexual act involving
	vaginal, anal, or oral penetration with a victim of any age through the use of
	force or the threat of serious violence; or (ii) engaging in a sexual act involving
	vaginal, anal, or oral penetration with a victim who is less than 12 years old.
(1b)	"County registry" means the County registry. – The information compiled by
× /	the sheriff of a county in compliance with this Article.
(1c)	"Department" means the Department. – The Department of Public Safety.
(1d)	"Electronic mail" means the Electronic mail The transmission of
	information or communication by the use of the Internet, a computer, a
	facsimile machine, a pager, a cellular telephone, a video recorder, or other

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1		electronic means sent to a person identified by a uniqu	e address or address
2		number and received by that person.	
3	(1e)	"Employed" includes Employed Includes employment	
4		part-time for a period of time exceeding 14 days or for a	
5		time exceeding 30 days during any calendar year,	•
6		compensated, volunteered, or for the purpose of govern	nment or educational
7	(1.0	benefit.	1, 1 , ,
8	(1f)	<u>"Entity" means a Entity. – A business or organization t</u>	-
9		service, electronic communications service, remote comp	-
10 11		service, electronic mail service, or electronic instant mes	
11	(1g)	whether the business or organization is within inside or "Instant Message" means a Instant message. – A for	
12	(1g)	communication between two or more people. The commu	
13 14		via computers connected over a network such as the Inte	-
14	(1h)	"Institution of higher education" means any Institution of	
16	(111)	<u>Any postsecondary public or private educational institu-</u>	
17		trade or professional institution, college, or university.	any any
18	(1i)	"Internet" means the Internet. – The global information sy	vstem that is logically
19	(11)	linked together by a globally unique address space b	ē .
20		Protocol or its subsequent extensions; that is able to sup	
21		using the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet	
22		subsequent extensions, or other Internet Protocol comp	
23		that provides, uses, or makes accessible, either pu	-
24		high-level services layered on the communications and	related infrastructure
25		described in this subdivision.	
26	(1j)	"Mental abnormality" means a Mental abnormality.	<u>– A</u> congenital or
27		acquired condition of a person that affects the emotional	
28		of the person in a manner that predisposes that person t	
29		criminal sexual acts to a degree that makes the person a	menace to the health
30	(11)	and safety of others.	
31	(1k)	<u>"Nonresident student" means a Nonresident student. – A</u>	
32		resident of North Carolina but who is enrolled in any t	type of school in the
33	(1)	State on a part-time or full-time basis.	wanaan wika in wata
34 35	(1l)	"Nonresident worker" means a Nonresident worker. – A	-
35 36		resident of North Carolina but who has employment or in the State, on a part-time or full-time basis, with or with	
30 37		government or educational benefit, for more than 14 day	-
38		period exceeding 30 days in a calendar year.	s, or for all aggregate
39	(1m)	"Offense against a minor" means any <u>Offense against a</u>	minor $-$ Any of the
40	(1111)	following offenses if the offense is committed against a	
41		committing the offense is not the minor's parent: G.S.	-
42		G.S. 14-41 (abduction of children), and G.S. 14-43.3 (fel	
43		term also includes the following if the person convicted of	
44		the minor's parent: a solicitation or conspiracy to c	
45		offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.	-
46	(1n)	"Online identifier" means electronic Online identifier	r <u>. – Electronic</u> mail
47		address, instant message screen name, user ID, cha	at or other Internet
48		communication name, but it does not mean social secu	rity number, date of
49		birth, or pin number.	
50	(2)	"Penal institution" means: Penal institution. – Any of the	tollowing:

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1 2 3		a. A detention facility operated under the jurisdicti Prisons of the Division of Adult Correction and Ju Department of Public <u>Safety;Safety.</u>	
4		b. A detention facility operated under the jurisdiction	on of another state or
5		the federal government; orgovernment.	of another state of
6		c. A detention facility operated by a local government.	nent in this State or
7		another state.	
8	(2a)	"Personality disorder" means an Personality disorder	An enduring pattern
9		of inner experience and behavior that deviates markedly f	
10		of the individual's culture, is pervasive and inflexib	le, has an onset in
11		adolescence or early adulthood, is stable over time, and	l leads to distress or
12		impairment.	
13	(2b)	"Recidivist" means a Recidivist. – A person who has a pr	rior conviction for an
14		offense that is described in G.S. 14-208.6(4).	
15	(3)	"Release" means discharged Release. – Discharged or pa	
16	(4)	"Reportable conviction" means: Reportable conviction	on. – Any of the
17		following:	
18		a. A final conviction for an offense against a mino	-
19		offense, or an attempt to commit any of those	
20		conviction is for aiding and abetting. A final conv	-
21 22		abetting is a reportable conviction only if the dividual finds that the maintaining of that is	-
22 23		individual finds that the registration of that in	
23 24		Article furthers the purposes of this Article as starb. A final conviction in another state of an offense,	
2 4 25		in this State, is substantially similar to an offense	
25 26		sexually violent offense as defined by this section,	•
20 27		in another state of an offense that requires regist	
28		offender registration statutes of that state.	
29		c. A final conviction in a federal jurisdiction (inclu	ding a court martial)
30		of an offense, which is substantially similar to	-
31		minor or a sexually violent offense as defined by	
32		d. A final conviction for a violation of G.S. 14-202(d), (e), (f), (g), or (h),
33		or a second or subsequent conviction for a violation	on of G.S. 14-202(a),
34		(a1), or (c), only if the court sentencing the indiv	idual issues an order
35		pursuant to G.S. 14-202(l) requiring the individua	-
36		e. A final conviction for a violation of G.S. 14-43.	-
37		sentencing the individual issues an order pursuan	t to G.S. 14-43.14(e)
38		requiring the individual to register.	
39	(5)	"Sexually violent offense" means a Sexually violent offe	
40		former G.S. 14-27.6 (attempted rape or sexual offe	
41		(first-degree forcible rape), G.S. 14-27.22 (second-de	
42		G.S. 14-27.23 (statutory rape of a child by an ad	
43 44		(first-degree statutory rape), G.S. 14-27.25(a) (statutory rape), is 15 years of ago or younger and where the defendent	1 1
44 45		is 15 years of age or younger and where the defendant older), G.S. 14-27.26 (first-degree forcible sexual offer	•
43 46		(second-degree forcible sexual offense), G.S. 14-27.20	
40 47		offense with a child by an adult), G.S. 14-27.29 (first-de	· •
48		offense), G.S. 14-27.30(a) (statutory sexual offense with	•
49		years of age or younger and where the defendant is at lo	1
50		G.S. 14-27.31 (sexual activity by a substitute par	•
51		G.S. 14-27.32 (sexual activity with a student), G.S. 14-27	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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	G.S. 14-43.11 (human trafficking) if (i) the offens	e is committed against a
	minor who is less than 18 years of age or (ii) the off	ense is committed against
	any person with the intent that they be held in sexua	l servitude, G.S. 14-43.13
	(subjecting or maintaining a person for sexual servit	
	between near relatives), G.S. 14-190.6 (employing	
	assist in offenses against public morality and dec	• * *
	(felonious indecent exposure), G.S. 14-190.16	ι υ
	exploitation of a minor), G.S. 14-190.17 (second d	0
	of a minor), G.S. 14-190.17A (third degree sexual	1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	G.S. 14-202.1 (taking indecent liberties with	
	(Solicitation of child by computer or certain oth	
	commit an unlawful sex act), G.S. 14-202.4(a) (taki	0
	a student), G.S. 14-205.2(c) or (d) (patronizing a pr	
	a mentally disabled person), has a mental disa	
	(promoting prostitution of a minor or a mentally disc	
	has a mental disability), G.S. 14-318.4(a1) (paren permit act of prostitution with or by a juvenil	
	(commission or allowing of sexual act upon a juveni	
	The term also includes the following: a solicitation	7 1 C <i>i</i>
	any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of the	1 1
(6)	"Sexually violent predator" means a Sexually viol	
	who has been convicted of a sexually violent offens	
	mental abnormality or personality disorder that m	
	engage in sexually violent offenses directed at stra	
	whom a relationship has been established or promote	0 1
	of victimization.	
(7)	"Sheriff" means the Sheriff. – The sheriff of a count	ty in this State.
(8)	"Statewide registry" means the Statewide registry	<u>y. – The central registry</u>
	compiled by the Department in accordance with G.S.	5. 14-208.14.
(9)	<u>"Student" means a Student. – A person who is e</u>	
	part-time basis, in any postsecondary public or priva	
	including any trade or professional institution, or o	other institution of higher
	education."	
	FION 4.(i) G.S. 15-144.1 reads as rewritten:	
	sentials of bill for rape.	
	lictments for rape it is not necessary to allege every ma	
	in the body of the indictment, after naming the person	
	ty in which the offense of rape was allegedly committe ' as is now usual, it is sufficient in describing rape t	
	ly, willfully, and feloniously did ravish and carnally	
-	against her will and concluding as is now required by la	
-	verments and allegations herein-named in this sect	•
-	as an indictment for rape in the first degree and will s	-
	st degree, rape in the second degree, attempted rape rai	
-	victim is a female child under the age of 13 years year	
	unlawfully, willfully, and feloniously did carnally kno	
	and concluding as aforesaid. <u>required by law.</u> Any bill	
-	d allegations herein named in this section shall be is g	-
	for the rape of a female child under the age of 13 year	ars and all lesser included
offenses.		

1 If the victim is a person who is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, has a mental (c) 2 disability or who is mentally incapacitated or physically helpless helpless, it is sufficient to allege 3 that the defendant unlawfully, willfully, and feloniously did carnally know and abuse a person 4 who was mentally disabled, had a mental disability or who was mentally incapacitated or 5 physically helpless, naming such the victim, and concluding as aforesaid. required by law. Any 6 bill of indictment containing the averments and allegations herein-named in this section shall be 7 is good and sufficient in law for the rape of a mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated or 8 physically helpless person person who has a mental disability or who is mentally incapacitated 9 or physically helpless and all lesser included offenses." SECTION 4.(j) G.S. 15-144.2 reads as rewritten:

10 11

"§ 15-144.2. Essentials of bill for sex offense.

In indictments for sex offense it is not necessary to allege every matter required to be 12 (a) 13 proved on the trial; but in the body of the indictment, after naming the person accused, the date 14 of the offense, the county in which the sex offense was allegedly committed, and the averment 15 "with force and arms," as is now usual, it is sufficient in describing a sex offense to allege that 16 the accused person unlawfully, willfully, and feloniously did engage in a sex offense with the 17 victim, naming the victim, by force and against the will of such the victim and concluding as is 18 now required by law. Any bill of indictment containing the averments and allegations herein 19 named in this section shall be is good and sufficient in law as an indictment for a first degree sex 20 offense and will support a verdict of guilty of a sex offense in the first degree, a sex offense in 21 the second degree, an attempt to commit a sex offense offense, or an assault.

(b) If the victim is a person under the age of 13 years, it is sufficient to allege that the defendant unlawfully, willfully, and feloniously did engage in a sex offense with a child under the age of 13 years, naming the child, and concluding as aforesaid. required by law. Any bill of indictment containing the averments and allegations herein-named in this section shall be is good and sufficient in law as an indictment for a sex offense against a child under the age of 13 years and all lesser included offenses.

28 If the victim is a person who is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, has a mental (c) 29 disability or who is mentally incapacitated or physically helpless helpless, it is sufficient to allege 30 that the defendant unlawfully, willfully, and feloniously did engage in a sex offense with a person 31 who was mentally disabled, had a mental disability or who was mentally incapacitated or 32 physically helpless, naming such the victim, and concluding as aforesaid. required by law. Any 33 bill of indictment containing the averments and allegations herein named in this section shall be 34 is good and sufficient in law for a sex offense against a mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated 35 or physically helpless person person who has a mental disability or who is mentally incapacitated 36 or physically helpless and all lesser included offenses."

SECTION 4.(k) G.S. 15A-290 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-290. Offenses for which orders for electronic surveillance may be granted.

(a) Orders authorizing or approving the interception of wire, oral, or electronic
 communications may be granted, subject to the provisions of this Article and Chapter 119 of
 <u>Title 18 of the United States Code</u>, when the interception: interception does any of the following:

- 42 (1) May provide or has provided evidence of the commission of, or any conspiracy to commit; commit, any of the following:
- 44 45

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- a. Any of the drug-trafficking violations listed in G.S. 90-95(h); orG.S. 90-95(h).
- b. A continuing criminal enterprise in violation of G.S. 90-95.1.
 (2) May expedite the apprehension of persons indicted for the commission
 - (2) May expedite the apprehension of persons indicted for the commission of, or any conspiracy to commit, an offense listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

50 (b) Orders authorizing or approving the interception of wire, oral, or electronic 51 communications may be granted, subject to the provisions of this Article and Chapter 119 of

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1 2	<u>Title 18 of the United States Code, when the interception may provide, or has of any offense that involves the commission of, or any conspiracy to be the commission of the provide of th</u>	commit, murder,	
3 4	kidnapping, hostage taking, robbery, extortion, bribery, rape, or any sexual or interception may expedite the apprehension of persons indicted for the co	,	
5	offenses.	1 1	
6	(c) Orders authorizing or approving the interception of wire, of		
7 8	communications may be granted, subject to the provisions of this Article a Title 18 of the United States Code, when the interception may provide, or has	· —	
o 9	of any of the following offenses, or any conspiracy to commit these offe	L '	
10	interception may expedite the apprehension of persons indicted for the co		
11	offenses:		
12	(1) Any felony offense against a minor, including any violation	on of G.S. 14-27.31	
13	(Sexual activity by a substitute parent or custodian), G.S		
14	activity with a student), G.S. 14-41 (Abduction of childr	en), G.S. 14-43.11	
15	(Human trafficking), G.S. 14-43.12 (Involuntary servitu	de), G.S. 14-43.13	
16	(Sexual servitude), G.S. 14-190.16 (First degree sexual	1	
17	minor), G.S. 14-190.17 (Second degree sexual exploita		
18	G.S. 14-202.1 (Taking indecent liberties with children), G		
19 20	(d)(Patronizing a prostitute who is a minor or a mentally diagonal discription of $C = 14,205,2(h)$ (Promoting prosti	± ,	
20 21	<u>a mental disability)</u> , or G.S. 14-205.3(b) (Promoting prosting a mentally disabled person).person who has a mental disabled person.		
21	a mentany disabled person). person wito has a mentar disac	<u>)))))))</u>	
23	(d) When an investigative or law enforcement officer, while engaged in	n intercepting wire.	
24	oral, or electronic communications in the manner authorized, intercepts wire		
25	communications relating to offenses other than those specified in the order		
26	approval, the contents thereof, and evidence derived therefrom, of the communications and		
27	evidence derived from the communications may be disclosed or used as provided in		
28	G.S. 15A-294(a) and (b). <u>Such The</u> contents <u>of the communications</u> and any evidence derived		
29	therefrom from the communications may be used in accordance with G.S. 15A-294(c) when		
30 31	authorized or approved by a judicial review panel where the panel finds, on subsequent application made as soon as practicable, that the contents were otherwise intercepted in		
32	accordance with this Article or Chapter 119 of Title 18 of the United States C	-	
33	(e) No otherwise privileged wire, oral, or electronic communicat		
34	accordance with, or in violation of, the provisions of this Article or Chapter	_	
35	the United States Code, shall lose its privileged character."		
36	SECTION 4. (<i>l</i>) G.S. 115C-270.35 reads as rewritten:		
37	"§ 115C-270.35. License suspension and revocation.		
38	(a) <u>Rules. –</u> The State Board shall adopt rules to establish the reasons	_	
39	the suspension and revocation of licenses, subject to the requirements of this		
40	(b) Automatic Revocation With No Hearing. – The State Board shall automatically		
41 42	revoke the license of a professional educator without the right to a hearing upon receiving verification of the identity of the professional educator together with a certified copy of a criminal		
42 43	record showing that the professional educator has entered a plea of guilty or		
44	or has been finally convicted of any of the following crimes:		
45			
46	(21) Patronizing a prostitute who is a minor or a mentally disc	abled person, has a	
47	mental disability, G.S. 14-205.2(c) or (d).	-	
48	(22) Promoting prostitution of a minor or a mentally disabled p	erson, person who	
49 50	$\frac{\text{has a mental disability, G.S. 14-205.3(b).}}{\text{Clifthere}}$		
50	(23) Child abuse under G.S. 14-318.4.		

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1	The State Board shall mail notice of its intent to act pursuant to this subsection by certifie	ed
2	mail, return receipt requested, directed to the professional educator's last known address. The	
3	notice shall inform the professional educator that it will revoke the person's license unless the	
4	professional educator notifies the State Board in writing within 10 days after receipt of the notion	
5	that the defendant identified in the criminal record is not the same person as the profession	
6	educator. If the professional educator provides this written notice to the State Board, the Sta	
7	Board shall not revoke the license unless it can establish as a fact that the defendant and the	ne
8 9	professional educator are the same person.	
9 10	(e) Subpoena Power. – The State Board may issue subpoenas for the purpose of obtaining	nσ
11	documents or the testimony of witnesses in connection with proceedings to suspend or revol	
12	licenses. In addition, the Board shall have the authority to may contract with individuals who a	
13	qualified to conduct investigations in order to obtain all information needed to assist the Boar	
14	in the proper disposition of allegations of misconduct by licensed persons."	
15	SECTION 4.(m) G.S. 14-32.1 reads as rewritten:	
16	"§ 14-32.1. Assaults on handicapped persons; individuals with a disability; punishments.	•
17	(a) For purposes of this section, a "handicapped person" is a person an "individual wi	
18	a disability" is an individual who has: has one or more of the following that would substantial	<u>ly</u>
19	impair the ability to defend oneself:	
20	(1) A physical or mental disability, such as <u>a</u> decreased use of arms or leg	-
21	blindness, deafness, mental retardation intellectual disability, or ment	al
22	illness; or <u>illness.</u>	
23 24	(2) Infirmity <u>An infirmity.</u>	
24 25	 which would substantially impair that person's ability to defend himself. (b) through (d) Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994), c. 767, s. 31, effective 	VA
25 26	October 1, 1994.	ve
20 27	(e) Unless <u>his-the</u> conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing great	er
28	punishment, any person who commits any aggravated assault or assault and battery on	
29	handicapped person an individual with a disability is guilty of a Class F felony. A person commi	
30	an aggravated assault or assault and battery upon a handicapped person an individual with	
31	disability if, in the course of the assault or assault and battery, that person:person does any of the	ne
32	following:	
33	(1) Uses a deadly weapon or other means of force likely to inflict serious injut	•
34	or serious damage to a handicapped person; or an individual with a disability	_
35	(2) Inflicts serious injury or serious damage to a handicapped person; or	an
36	individual with a disability.	
37	(3) Intends to kill a handicapped person.an individual with a disability.	
38	(f) Any person who commits a simple assault or battery upon a handicapped person a findividual with a disability is guilty of a Class A1 misdameanan "	<u>an</u>
39 40	<u>individual with a disability</u> is guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor." SECTION 4.(n) G.S. 15A-266.3A reads as rewritten:	
40 41	"§ 15A-266.3A. DNA sample required for DNA analysis upon arrest for certain offenses.	
42	(a) Unless a DNA sample has previously been obtained by lawful process and the DN	
43	record stored in the State DNA Database, and that record and sample has not been expunge	
44	pursuant to any provision of law, a DNA sample for DNA analysis and testing shall be obtained	
45	from any person who is arrested for committing an offense described in subsection (f) or (g) of	
46	this section.	
47		
48	(f) This section shall apply applies to a person arrested for violating any one of the	ne
49	following offenses in Chapter 14 of the General Statutes:	
50		

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1	(4)	G.S. 14-28, Malicious castration; G.S. 14-29, Castration	or other maiming
2 3		without malice aforethought; G.S. 14-30, Malicious main	0
		Malicious throwing of corrosive acid or alkali; G.S.	14-31, Maliciously
4		assaulting in a secret manner; G.S. 14-32, Felonious a	
5		weapon with intent to kill or inflicting serious injury	
6		Aggravated assault or assault and battery on handie	
7		individual with a disability; G.S. 14-32.2(a) when puni	-
8		G.S. 14-32.2(b)(1), Patient abuse and neglect, in	
9		proximately causes death; G.S. 14-32.3(a), Domestic ab	
10		elder adults resulting in injury; G.S. 14-32.4, Assault inflic	
11		injury or injury by strangulation; G.S. 14-33.2, Habitual mi	
12		G.S. 14-34.1, Discharging certain barreled weapons or a fin	1
13		property; G.S. 14-34.2, Assault with a firearm or other de	• • •
14		governmental officers or employees, company police o	-
15		police officers; G.S. 14-34.4, Adulterated or misbranded	-
16		intent to cause serious injury or death; intent to extort; G.	
17		with a firearm on a law enforcement, probation, or pare	
18		person employed at a State or local detention facility; G.	
19 20		or affray on a firefighter, an emergency medical terresponder, emergency department nurse, or emergency dep	
20 21		G.S. 14-34.7, Assault inflicting serious injury on a	
21		probation, or parole officer or on a person employed a	
22		detention facility; G.S. 14-34.9, Discharging a firearn	
23 24		enclosure; and G.S. 14-34.10, Discharge firearm within	
25		fear.	chelosure to mene
26		iour.	
27	(g) This	section shall also apply also applies to a person arrest	ed for attempting.
28		nother to commit, conspiracy to commit, or aiding and a	
29		ne violations included in subsection (f) of this section.	8
30			
31	(j) Prior	to June 1, 2012, within 30 days of the receipt of the form req	uired by subsection
32		n or the occurrence of one of the events in sub-subdivis	
33	subdivision (1) o	f subsection (h) of this section; and on or after June 1, 2012	, within 30 days of
34	the occurrence of	of one of the events in subdivision (1) of subsection (h) of	of this section, the
35	prosecuting distri	ict attorney shall determine if a DNA sample was taken purs	uant to this section,
36	and if so, shall: sh	nall do all of the following:	
37	(1)	Verify and indicate the facts of the qualifying event on	a verification form
38		promulgated by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	
39	(2)	Include the last known address of the defendant, as reflected	ed in the court files,
40		on the verification form.	
41	(3)	Sign the verification form or, if the defendant was acqui	_
42		were dismissed by the court, obtain the signature of a judg	je.
43	(4)	Transmit the verification form to the Crime Laboratory.	
44		n 90 days of receipt of the verification form, the Crime La	boratory shall:<u>shall</u>
45	do all of the follo	-	
46 47	(1)	Determine whether the requirement of subdivision (2) of su	ibsection (h) of this
47 48	(2)	section has been met.	DNA macand and
48 49	(2)	If the requirement has been met, remove the defendant's samples as required by subsection (h) of this section.	s DINA record and
49 50	(3)	Mail to the defendant, at the address specified in the verific	ation form a notice
50 51	(\mathbf{J})	doing either of the following:	
51		doing ender of the following.	

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	a. Documenting expunction of the DNA record and destruction of the DNA sample.
	b. Notifying the defendant that the DNA record and sample do not qualify for expunction pursuant to subsection (h) of this section.
"	SECTION $A(a) \subset C = 15A - 266A$ reads as rewritten:
"8 154-2	SECTION 4.(o) G.S. 15A-266.4 reads as rewritten: 6.4. DNA sample required for DNA analysis upon conviction or finding of not
5 10/1-2	guilty by reason of insanity.
(b)	Crimes covered by this Article include all of the following:
	(1) All felonies.
	(2) G.S. 14-32.1 – Assaults on handicapped persons.individuals with a disability.
	(3) Former G.S. 14-277.3 – Stalking.
	(4) Repealed by Session Laws 2010-94, s. 5, effective February 1, 2011.
	(5) All offenses described in G.S. 15A-266.3A."
S 154 4	SECTION 5. G.S. 15A-2000 reads as rewritten:
'§ 15A-2	
(\mathbf{n})	proceedings to determine sentence. Separate Proceedings on Issue of Penalty. –
(a)	 Except as provided in G.S. 15A-2004, upon conviction or adjudication of guilt
	of a defendant of a capital felony in which the State has given notice of its
	intent to seek the death penalty, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing
	proceeding to determine whether the defendant should be sentenced to death
	or life imprisonment. A capital felony is one which may be punishable by
	death.
	(2) The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the trial jury as
	soon as practicable after the guilty verdict is returned. If prior to the time that
	the trial jury begins its deliberations on the issue of penalty, any juror dies
	becomes incapacitated or disqualified, or is discharged for any reason, an
	alternate juror shall become a part of the jury and serve in all respects as those
	selected on the regular trial panel. An alternate juror shall become a part of
	the jury in the order in which he the alternate juror was selected. If the trial
	jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on the issue of penalty after having
	determined the guilt of the accused, the trial judge shall impanel a new jury to
	determine the issue of the punishment. If the defendant pleads guilty, the
	sentencing proceeding shall be conducted before a jury impaneled for that
	purpose. A jury selected for the purpose of determining punishment in a
	capital case shall be selected in the same manner as juries are selected for the
	trial of capital cases.
(b)	 Sontance Decommondation by the Jury Instructions determined by the trial judge
(b) to be war	Sentence Recommendation by the Jury. – Instructions determined by the trial judge anted by the evidence shall be given by the court in its charge to the jury prior to its
	n in determining sentence. The court shall give appropriate instructions in those cases
	evidence of the defendant's mental retardation intellectual disability requires the
	ion by the jury of the provisions of G.S. 15A-2005. In all cases in which the death
	ay be authorized, the judge shall include in his the judge's instructions to the jury that
	nsider any aggravating circumstance or circumstances or mitigating circumstance or
	aces from the lists provided in subsections (e) and (f) of this section which may be
circumsta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	by the evidence, and shall furnish to the jury a written list of issues relating to such

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		g the evidence, argument of counsel, and instructions of the c ender a sentence recommendation to the court, based upon \underline{a}	
	(1)	Whether any sufficient aggravating circumstance or enumerated in subsection (e) exist; of this section exist.	circumstances as
	(2)	Whether any sufficient mitigating circumstance or enumerated in subsection (f), (f) of this section, wh aggravating circumstance or circumstances found, exist; an	ich outweigh the
	(3)	Based on these considerations, whether the defendant shou death or to imprisonment in the State's prison for life.	
The s	entence	e recommendation must be agreed upon by a unanimous vot	e of the 12 jurors.
Upon del	livery o	of the sentence recommendation by the foreman of the jury	, the jury shall be
		led to establish whether each juror concurs and agrees returned.	to the sentence
		cannot, within a reasonable time, unanimously agree	
recomme	ndation	, the judge shall impose a sentence of life imprisonment; p	rovided, however,
	-	nment. The judge shall in no instance impose the death pena	alty when the jury
C		nimously to its sentence recommendation.	
(c)		ngs in Support of Sentence of Death When the jury recon	
		eman of the jury shall sign a writing on behalf of the jury w	hich writing shall
show:that		all of the following:	
	(1)	The statutory aggravating circumstance or circumstances w	thich the jury finds
	(\mathbf{a})	beyond a reasonable doubt; and <u>doubt.</u>	
	(2)	That the statutory aggravating circumstance or circumstance in a sufficiently substantial to call for the imposition of	•
		jury are sufficiently substantial to call for the imposition of and,penalty.	the death penany,
	(3)	That the mitigating circumstance or circumstances are insuf	ficient to outweigh
	(\mathbf{J})	the aggravating circumstance or circumstances found.	licient to outweigh
(d)	Revie	ew of Judgment and Sentence. –	
(u)	Revit	ow of sudgment and benchee.	
	(2)	The sentence of death shall be overturned and a sentence of	life imprisonment
		imposed in lieu thereof by the Supreme Court upon a find	-
		does not support the jury's findings of any aggravating	g circumstance or
		circumstances upon which the sentencing court based its se	ntence of death, or
		upon a finding that the sentence of death was imposed und	
		passion, prejudice, or any other arbitrary factor, or upon	-
		sentence of death is excessive or disproportionate to the p	• •
		similar cases, considering both the crime and the defend	-
		Court may suspend consideration of death penalty cases un	
		court determines it is prepared to make the comparisons i	required under the
		provisions of this section.	
(\mathbf{a})	 A gar	avating Circumstances Aggravating circumstances which	now be considered
(e)		avating Circumstances. – Aggravating circumstances which i ed to the following:	hay be considered
shan oe <u>a</u>	<u>ne min</u>	ed to the following.	
(f)	 Mitio	ating Circumstances. – Mitigating circumstances which may b	e considered shall
× ,	-	be are not limited to, the following:	e considered sindir
		<u> </u>	
	(4)	The defendant was an accomplice in or accessory to t	the capital felony
	~ /	committed by another person and <u>his</u> <u>the defendant's</u> relatively minor.	

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1	(5) The defendant acted under duress or under the domin	nation of another person.
2	(6) The capacity of the defendant to appreciate the	_
3	defendant's conduct or to conform his that conduct to	•
4	was impaired.	
5	(7) The age of the defendant at the time of the crime.	
6	(8) The defendant aided in the apprehension of another	capital felon or testified
7	truthfully on behalf of the prosecution in another pro	secution of a felony.
8	(9) Any other circumstance arising from the evidence v	which the jury deems to
9	have mitigating value."	
10	SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 58-32-10 reads as rewritten:	
11	"§ 58-32-10. Powers and duties of Commission.	
12	The Commission may acquire from an insurance company or insur	1 0 1
13	plan of professional liability insurance covering the law-enforcement	
14	officers and employees of any political subdivision of the State. The Co	
15	full authority to negotiate with insurance companies submitting bids or p	1
16	its group plan master contract on the basis of the company or company	
17	maximum coverage at the most reasonable premium. The Commission is	
18	into a master policy contract of such any term as that it finds to be in	
19	law-enforcement officers and/or public officers and employees of the	1
20	the State, not to exceed five years. The Commission, in negotiating for	
21	authorized to pledge or offer the credit of the State of North Carolina.	-
22	shall be paid by the political subdivisions whose employees are cover	• •
23	liability insurance. Any political subdivision may elect coverage for an	
24	on a departmental basis; provided all basis. All employees in a departmental	
25	coverage is elected for that department. Nothing contained herein shall	
26	in this section requires any political subdivision to participate in any gr	oup plan of professional
27	liability insurance.	
28	The Commission may, in its discretion, employ professional and cle	rical staff whose salaries
29	shall be as established by the State Human Resources Commission.	
30	Should If the Commission determine determines that reasonable cov	
31	a reasonable cost, the Commission may undertake such any studies and in	-
32	and alternatives, including self insurance self-insurance and	
33	<u>State-administered</u> funds, as that the Commission deems appropriate. Th	
34	bring before the General Assembly such any recommendations as that i	
35	The Commission may acquire information regarding loss ratios, loss	-
36	experience, and other such facts and figures from any agency or comp	
37	liability insurance covering public officers, employees employees, or l	
38	in the State of North Carolina. this State. Such This information shall	
39 40	public record within the meaning of Chapter 132 of the General State	
40	company divulging such the information, but the Commission may	· · ·
41	information to show aggregate statistics in respect to the experience of t	
42	information shall be provided to the Commission upon its written demar	
43	to the Commission by such the company or companies upon sworn af	
44 45	company shall fail fails or refuse refuses to supply such the information to	
45 46	a reasonable time following receipt of the demand, the Commission m	
46 47	Court sitting in Wake County for appropriate orders to enforce the dema For purposes of this section, the term "political subdivision" include	
47 48	For purposes of this section, the term "political subdivision" include	
48 49	incorporated village, sanitary district, metropolitan water district, county water and sewer authority, hospital authority, parking authority, local AE	
49 50	airport district, airport authority, soil and water conservation distr	-

1	parks and recreation commissions, commission, area mental health boards, board, area mental			
2	health, mental retardation developmental disabilities, and substance abuse authority as described			
$\frac{2}{3}$	in G.S. 122C-117, domiciliary home community advisory committees, committee, county and or			
4	district boards-board of health, nursing home advisory committees, committee, county boards			
5	<u>board</u> of social services, local school administrative units, unit, local boards board of education,			
6	community colleges, <u>college</u>, and all other persons, bodies, or agencies authorized or regulated			
7	by Chapters 108A, 115C, 115D, 118, 122C, 130A, 131A, 131D, 131E, 153A, 160A, and 160B			
8	of the General Statutes."			
9	SECTION 6.(b) G.S. 62-289.3 reads as rewritten:			
10	"§ 62-289.3. Definitions.			
11	As used in this Article: The following definitions apply in this Article:			
12	(1) "Human service agency" means any Human service agency. – Any charitable			
13	or governmental agency including, but not limited to: county departments of			
14	social services, area mental health, mental retardation or developmental			
15	disabilities, and substance abuse authorities, local health departments,			
16	councils on aging, community action agencies, sheltered workshops, group			
17	homes homes, and State residential institutions.			
18	(2) <u>"Human service transportation" means motor Human service transportation. –</u>			
19	Motor vehicle transportation provided on a nonprofit basis by a human service			
20	agency for the purpose of transporting clients or recipients in connection with			
21	programs sponsored by the agency. "Human service transportation" shall also			
22	mean-also means motor vehicle transportation provided by for-profit persons			
23	under exclusive contract with a human service agency for the transportation			
24	of clients or recipients, and such provider shall also qualify as a human service			
25	agency for the purpose of motor vehicle registration during the term of the			
26	contract. The motor vehicle may be owned, leased, borrowed, or contracted			
27	for use by or from the human service agency.			
28	(3) <u>"Nonprofit" as Nonprofit. – As applied to human service transportation</u>			
29	transportation, means motor vehicle transportation provided at cost.			
30	(4) <u>"Person" means an Person. – An individual, corporation, company,</u>			
31	association, partnership <u>partnership</u> or other legal entity .			
32	(5) <u>"Volunteer transportation" means motor Volunteer transportation. – Motor</u>			
33	vehicle transportation provided by any person under the direction,			
34 25	sponsorship, or supervision of a human service agency. The person may			
35	receive an allowance to defray the actual cost of operating the vehicle but shall			
36	not receive any other compensation."			
37 38	SECTION 6.(c) G.S. 143B-152.14 reads as rewritten:			
38 39	"§ 143B-152.14. Cooperation of State and local agencies.			
39 40	All agencies of the State and local government, including the Juvenile Justice Section of the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Sefety			
40 41	Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety,			
42	departments of social services, health departments, local mental health, mental retardation, <u>developmental disabilities</u> , and substance abuse authorities, court personnel, law enforcement			
43	agencies, The University of North Carolina, the community college system, and cities and			
44	counties, shall cooperate with the Department of Health and Human Services, and local nonprofit			
45	corporations that receive grants in coordinating the program at the State level and in			
46	implementing the program at the local level. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, after			
47	consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall develop a plan for ensuring the			
48	cooperation of State agencies and local agencies and encouraging the cooperation of private			
49	entities, especially those receiving State funds, in the coordination and implementation of the			
50	program."			
51	SECTION 6.(d) G.S. 153A-247 reads as rewritten:			

1 "§ 153A-247. Provision for public health and mental health. 2 A county may provide for and regulate the public health pursuant to Chapter 130A of the 3 General Statutes and any other law authorizing local public health activities and may provide 4 mental health[,] mental retardation, mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance 5 abuse programs pursuant to Chapter 122C of the General Statutes." 6 SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 58-51-25 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 58-51-25. Policy coverage to continue as to mentally retarded or physically handicapped 8 children; children with an intellectual or physical disability; coverage of or 9 dependent students on medically necessary leave of absence. 10 An individual or group accident and health insurance policy, hospital service plan (a) 11 policy, or medical service plan policy that provides that coverage of a dependent child shall terminate upon attainment of the limiting age for dependent children specified in the policy or 12 13 contract, shall also provide in substance that attainment of such the limiting age shall not operate 14 or terminate the coverage of such the child while the child is and continues to be (i) incapable of 15 self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap; an intellectual 16 or physical disability; and (ii) chiefly dependent upon the policyholder or subscriber for support 17 and maintenance: Provided, maintenance. The proof of such incapacity and dependency is shall be furnished to the insurer, hospital service plan corporation, or medical service plan corporation 18 19 by the policyholder or subscriber within 31 days of the child's attainment of the limiting age and 20 subsequently as may be required by the insurer or corporation, but not more frequently than 21 annually after the child's attainment of the limiting age. 22 All health benefit plans, as defined in G.S. 58-3-167, that provide that coverage of a (b) 23 dependent child shall terminate upon a change in enrollment of the child in a postsecondary 24 educational institution shall provide for the continued eligibility of the dependent child during a 25 medically necessary leave of absence from the postsecondary educational institution in 26 accordance with all applicable requirements of Public Law 110-381, known as Michelle's Law." 27 **SECTION 7.(b)** G.S. 58-51-35 reads as rewritten: "§ 58-51-35. Insurers and others to afford coverage to mentally retarded and physically 28 29 handicapped children.children with an intellectual or physical disability. 30 (a) No insurance company licensed in this State pursuant to the provisions of Articles 1 31 through 64 of this Chapter and no corporation governed by the provisions of Articles 65 and 66 32 of this Chapter shall refuse to issue or deliver any individual or group accident and health 33 insurance policy of or hospital or medical service plan policy in this State which it is currently 34 issuing for delivery in this State and which affords benefits or coverage for minor children of the 35 applicant, by reason of the physical handicap or mental retardation an intellectual or physical 36 disability of any minor children of the applicant; nor shall any such policy issued and delivered 37 in this State carry a higher premium rate or charge or restrict or exclude coverage or benefits by 38 reason of said mental retardation or physical handicap. Provided, however, such policy the 39 intellectual or physical disability. The policy, however, may exclude benefits, otherwise payable 40 for disability, hospitalization, or medical or other therapeutic expense directly and solely 41 attributable to such mental retardation or such physical handicap.the intellectual or physical 42 disability. 43 44 (c) The provisions of this section shall apply to corporations governed by the provisions 45 of Articles 65 and 66 of this Chapter." SECTION 7.(c) G.S. 58-51-40 reads as rewritten: 46 47 "§ 58-51-40. Insurers and others to afford coverage for active medical treatment in

tax-supported institutions.

49 (a) Whenever any policy of insurance governed by Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter
 50 provides for benefits for charges of hospitals or physicians, the policy shall provide for payments
 51 of benefits for charges made for medical care rendered in or by duly licensed State tax-supported

48

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1 2 3 4	disabilities, mental and nervous alcoholism and drug or chemical than the basis which would apply	r medical care of cerebral palsy, other ortho diseases or disorders, mental retardation, <u>int</u> dependency, and respiratory illness, on a bas y had the medical care been rendered in or b	ellectual disability, is no less favorable by any other public	
5 6 7		er. The term "State tax-supported instituti alth centers and other health clinics whic		
8				
9	(c) The restrictions and re	egulations of this section shall <u>do</u> not apply t	o any policy which	
10	is individually underwritten or p	provided for a specific individual and the n	nembers of his the	
11	individual's family as a nongro	up policy but shall-apply to any group p	olicy of insurance	
12	governed by Articles 1 through 6	1		
13		5. 58-65-2 reads as rewritten:		
14	"§ 58-65-2. Other laws applica			
15	01	this Chapter are applicable to service co	rporations that are	
16	subject to this Article:			
17		~		
18	G.S. 58-51-17	Portability for accident and health insuran		
19 20	G.S. 58-51-25.	Policy coverage to continue as to me	•	
20		physically handicapped children.children		
21 22		or physical disability or dependent stud	ents on medically	
22	G.S. 58-51-95(h),(i),(j).	necessary leave of absence. Approval by Commissioner of forms, class	sification and rates.	
23 24	U.S. 58-51-95(II),(I),(J).	hearings; exceptions."	sincation and fates,	
2 4 25	SECTION 7 (e) G S	. 58-65-65 reads as rewritten:		
26		ve medical treatment in tax-supported ins	titutions.	
27	_	ical or dental service plan, contract <u>cont</u>		
28		s Article and Article 66 of this Chapter shall b		
29	č i	this State, or approved for issuance or rene		
30	the Commissioner of Insurance	e, after May 21, 1975, State, unless such	-plan, contract or	
31	certificate it provides for the pay	certificate it provides for the payment of benefits for charges made for medical care rendered in		
32	or by duly licensed state State tax-supported institutions, including charges for medical care of			
33		and crippling disabilities, mental and ner		
34		coholism and drug or chemical dependence	• • •	
35		b less favorable than the basis which that w		
36		-by any other public or private institution or	-	
37		utions" shall include includes community me	ental health centers	
38 39		e certified as Medicaid providers.	of a duly licenced	
39 40	1	certificate shall exclude payment for charges on because of its being a specialty facility for	•	
40 41	11	not have an operating room and related	1 1	
42		not required that benefits be payable for domi		
43	care, rehabilitation, training, scho		emary of custodiar	
44		equirements of this This section shall does no	t apply to any plan	
45		<u>hat</u> is individually underwritten or provid		
46			-	
47	individual and the members of his the individual's family as a nongroup policy, but shall apply only to those hospital service and medical service subscriber plans, contracts, or certificates			
48	• •	ssued or renewed in this State on and after Ju		
49	SECTION 7.(f) G.S. 58-67-171 reads as rewritten:			
50	"§ 58-67-171. Other laws appli	cable to HMOs.		

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	The following provision Article:	is of this Chapter are applicable to HMOs	s that are subject to this
	 G.S. 58-51-17	Portability for accident and health in	surance
	G.S. 58-51-25.	Policy coverage to continue as t	
	0.5. 56-51-25.	physically handicapped children.chi	
		or physical disability or dependen	
		necessary leave of absence.	<u>i students on medicany</u>
	G.S. 58-51-35.	Insurers and others to afford covera	age to mentally retarded
	0.5. 50 51 55.	and physically handicapped chil	6
		intellectual or physical disability.	laren. <u>ennaren with an</u>
	G.S. 58-51-45.	Policies to be issued to any person p	ossessing the sickle-cell
	0.5. 50 51 15.	trait or hemoglobin C trait."	bissessing the sterie cen
	SECTION 8. G	.S. 110-20.1 reads as rewritten:	
		certain children prohibited.	
	-	ent otherwise provided in subsection (d) of t	his section it is unlawful
		purpose, or to exhibit privately for the purp	
		atisfaction of the curiosity of any observer,	
		ill or mentally retarded has a mental illness	
		ance of having any deformity or unnatura	
		ot the exhibiting of the child is in return	
	consideration.		
		employ, use, have custody of, or in any wa	v be associated with any
		(a) <u>of this section</u> for the purpose of an exh	•
) of this section, or for one who has the c	
		ent, relative, guardian, employer employer,	
	or refuse to restrain the child from participating in the exhibition.		
	(c) It is unlawful to procure or arrange for, or participate in procuring or arranging for,		
	anything made unlawful by subsections (a) and (b).(b) of this section.		
	(d) This section does not apply to the transmission of an image by television by a duly		
licensed television station, or to any exhibition by a federal, State, county county, or municipal			
government, or political subdivision or agency thereof, or to any exhibition by any corporation,			
	unincorporated association,	or other organization organized and o	perated exclusively for
	religious, charitable, or educ	cational purposes, no part of the net earning	gs of which inures to the
	benefit of any private shareh	older or individual.	
	(e) Any violation of t	this Article shall be <u>is</u> a Class 3 misdemeano	r. Each day during which
		continues after notice to the violator, from a	• •
		from any violation of this section shall co	1
	•	omission forbidden <u>p</u>rohibited by this Arti	
	-	ed therein constitute <u>child</u>, a separate and d	istinct offense."
	SECTION 9. G.S. 115C-106.3 reads as rewritten:		
	"§ 115C-106.3. Definitions		
	The following definition		
		ith a disability" means a Child with a disa	
		disability who because of that disability re	equires special education
		d services.	
		y" includes mental retardation; Disability	
	-	<u>hearing</u> impairment, including deafnes	
	1	nt; visual impairment, including blindr	
		ce; orthopedic impairment; autism; traum	
	health imp	pairments, specific learning disability, or o	ther disability as may be

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1		required to be included under IDEA. For a child age	es three through seven, this
2		term also includes developmental delay.	
3	(3)	"Dispute" means a Dispute. – A disagreement betw	
4	(3a)	"Educational services" means all Educational services	<u>ces. – All</u> of the following:
5		a. The necessary instructional hours per week	in the form and format as
6		determined by the child's IEP team and co	onsistent with federal and
7		State law. The instruction shall be deliv	ered by an appropriately
8		qualified teacher to the extent required by fe	deral and State law, which
9		requires a free appropriate public education	and the opportunity for a
10		sound basic education.	
11		b. Related services included in the child's IEP.	
12		c. Behavior intervention services to the extent	required by federal law.
13	(4)	"Free appropriate public education" means specia	al-Free appropriate public
14		education Special education and related services	s that: that satisfy all of the
15		following:	
16		a. Are provided at public expense, under	public supervision and
17		direction, and without charge; charge.	
18		b. Meet the standards of the State Board;Board	<u>d.</u>
19		c. Include an appropriate preschool, element	tary school, or secondary
20		school education in the State; and State.	
21		d. Are provided in conformity with an individu	alized education program.
22	(5)	"Hearing officers" include Hearing officers In	nclude administrative law
23		judges as defined in G.S. 150B-2(1) and hearing re	view officers.
24	(5a)	"Homebound instruction" means educational H	omebound instruction. –
25		Educational services provided to a student outside	the school setting.
26	(6)	"IDEA" means IDEA. – The Individuals wit	h Disabilities Education
27		Improvement Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1400, et seq., (2004), as amended, and federal
28		regulations adopted under this act.	
29	(7)	"IEP Team" is as IEP Team. – As defined in IDEA	
30	(8)	"Individualized education program" or "IEP"	
31		education program (IEP). – A written statement for	-
32		that is developed, reviewed, implemented, and revi	ised consistent with IDEA
33		and State law.	
34	(9)	"Infant or toddler with a disability" is as Infant or t	<u>toddler with a disability. –</u>
35		<u>As defined in IDEA.</u>	
36	(10)	"Least restrictive environment" means to Least res	
37		the maximum extent appropriate, children with dis	
38		children who are not disabled, do not have disabi	
39		separate schooling, or other removal of children	
40		regular educational environment occurs only when	•
41		is such that education in regular classes with the	use of supplementary aids
42		and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.	
43	(11)	"Local educational agency" includes Local education	
44		of the following that provides special education	n and related services to
45		children with disabilities:	
46		a. A local school administrative unit.	
47		b. A charter school.	
48		c. The Department of Health and Human Serv	
49		d. The Division of Adult Correction and	Juvenile Justice of the
50		Department of Public Safety.	

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1 2		e. Repealed by Session Laws 2017-186, s. 2(yyyy) 1, 2017.	, effective December
3		f. Any other State agency or unit of local governme	ent
4	(12)	"Mediation" means an Mediation. – An informal pro-	
5	()	mediator with the objective of helping parties voluntarily	
6	(13)	"Mediator" means a Mediator. – A neutral person who a	
7		facilitate a resolution of a dispute.	U
8	(14)	"Parent" means: Parent. – Any of the following:	
9		a. A natural, adoptive, or foster parent; parent.	
10		b. A guardian, but not the State if the child is a war	
11		c. An individual acting in the place of a natural	
12		including a grandparent, stepparent, or other rela	tive, and with whom
13		the child lives; <u>lives</u>.	
14		d. An individual who is legally responsible for	the child's welfare;
15		or welfare.	100.2
16	$(1 \mathbf{r})$	e. A surrogate if one is appointed under G.S. 115C-	
17	(15)	"Party" or "Parties" means the Party or parties. – The loca	al educational agency
18 19	(16)	or the parents, or both. "Potition" means a Patition A request for a due process	a haaring as provided
19 20	(16)	<u>"Petition" means a Petition. – A request for a due procest</u> for under IDEA.	s nearing as provided
20 21	(17)	"Preschool child with a disability" means a Preschool cl	hild with a disability
21	(17)	- A child with one or more disabilities who meets all of t	-
23		a. Has reached his or her third birthday and whose pa	-
24		services from the public schools.	aronts nave requested
25		b. Is not eligible to enroll in public kindergarten.	
26		c. Because of the disability, needs special education	n and related services
27		in order to prepare the child to benefit from the e	
28		provided by the public schools, beginning with k	
29	(18)	"Related services" is as Related services As defined in	ı IDEA.
30	(18a)	"Residence" or "reside" means the Residence The place	
31		a disability is entitled to be enrolled in a North Carolina	-
32		G.S. 115C-366 except for the age requirements of that se	
33		shall-does not apply to children with disabilities who w	
34		particular local school administrative unit on the last d	•
35		2006-2007 school year, or (ii) enrolled in and attending a	1
36		local school administrative unit on August 1, 2007, for t	
37 38		year for as long as they live within and are continuously	
38 39		school administrative unit. <u>"Reside" means to have a res</u> this subdivision.	sidence as defined in
39 40	(19)	"Rules" includes Rules. – Includes rules, policies, and	procedures Rules as
40 41	(1)	defined in G.S. 150B-2(8a) shall be adopted in accordan	
42		Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.	
43	(20)	"Special education" means specially Special education.	- Specially designed
44	(20)	instruction, at no cost to parents, to meet the unique ne	
45		disability. The term includes instruction in physical educ	
46		conducted in a classroom, the home, a hospital or in	
47		settings."	,
48	SECT	TON 10.(a) G.S. 130A-399 reads as rewritten:	
49		stmortem examination of inmates of certain public ins	titutions.
50	-	th of any inmate of an institution maintained by the Sta	
51	<u>county,</u> or other p	olitical subdivision of the State, for the care of the sick, me	entally ill or mentally

retarded, individuals with a sickness, mental illness, or intellectual disability, the administrator 1 2 of the institution in which the death occurs is empowered to may authorize a postmortem 3 examination of the deceased person. The examination shall be of a scope and nature necessary 4 to promote knowledge of the human organism and its disorders." 5

SECTION 10.(b) G.S. 130A-415 reads as rewritten:

"§ 130A-415. Unclaimed bodies; bodies claimed by the Lifeguardianship Council of the Association for Retarded Citizens of North Carolina; The Arc of North Carolina, Inc.; disposition.

9 (a) Any person, including officers, employees employees, and agents of the State or of 10 any unit of local government in the State, undertakers doing business within the State, hospitals, 11 nursing homes homes, or other institutions, having physical possession of a dead body shall make reasonable efforts to contact relatives of the deceased or other persons who may wish to claim 12 13 the body for final disposition. If the body remains unclaimed for final disposition for 10 days, 14 the person having possession shall notify the Commission of Anatomy. Upon request of the 15 Commission of Anatomy, the person having possession shall deliver the dead body to the 16 Commission of Anatomy at a time and place specified by the Commission of Anatomy or shall 17 permit the Commission of Anatomy to take and remove the body.

18 (b) All dead bodies not claimed for final disposition within 10 days of the decedent's 19 death may be received and delivered by the Commission of Anatomy pursuant to the authority 20 contained in G.S. 130A-33.30 and this Part and in accordance with the rules of the Commission 21 of Anatomy. Upon receipt of a body by the Commission of Anatomy all interests in and rights to 22 the unclaimed dead body shall vest in the Commission of Anatomy. The recipient to which the 23 Commission of Anatomy delivers the body shall pay all expenses for the embalming and delivery 24 of the body, and for body and the reasonable expenses arising from efforts to notify relatives or 25 others.

26

. . .

27

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Due caution shall be taken to shield the unclaimed body from public view. (e)

28 (f) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, an unclaimed body shall does not 29 mean a dead body for which the deceased has made a gift pursuant to Part 3A of this Article.

30 (g) Nothing in this Part shall require requires the officers, employees employees, or 31 agents of a county to notify the Commission of Anatomy regarding the bodies of minors who 32 were in the custody of the county at the time of death and whose final disposition will be arranged 33 by the county. In the absence of notification, the expenses of the final disposition shall be a charge 34 upon the county having custody.

35 The provisions of this Part shall This Part does not apply to bodies within the (h) 36 jurisdiction of the medical examiner under G.S. 130A-383 or G.S. 130A-384.

37 (i) In addition to the other duties of the Commission of Anatomy, when the Commission 38 of Anatomy is notified by the Lifeguardianship Council of the Association of Retarded Citizens 39 of North Carolina, Inc., The Arc of North Carolina, Inc., that the Council intends to claim a body, 40 the Commission shall release the body to the Council. The Lifeguardianship Council shall notify 41 the Commission of Anatomy within 24 hours after death of its intent to claim a body for burial 42 or other humane and caring disposition."

43

SECTION 11. G.S. 143-282 reads as rewritten:

44 "§ 143-282. Duties of Commission; recommendations.

45 This Commission shall study the problems relating to the care of the aged with especial special reference to those failing mentally and shall inquire into the methods of meeting and 46 handling this problem in other states. It shall make a similar study of the problem of the care of 47 48 the feebleminded, individuals with an intellectual disability, with especial special attention to the 49 those requiring custodial care of intellectually handicapped persons not teachable or trainable. 50 care. It shall make a study of the problems relating to the care of the physically handicapped 51 individuals with a physical disability with a special reference to those whose physical handicap

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1	disability renders them incapable of self-support and shall inquire into the methods of meeting			
2	and handling this problem in other states.			
3		It shall make recommendations to the Governor offering plans for dealing with the problem		
4		ed for this group, and means of clarification of the responsil	bility of the State and	
5	1	respective counties."		
6		CTION 12. G.S. 159-40 reads as rewritten:		
7	_	cial regulations pertaining to nonprofit corporations rec		
8	• • •	city or county grants or appropriates one thousand dollars (\$	•	
9		nonprofit corporation or organization, the city or county		
10	nonprofit corporation or organization have an audit performed for the fiscal year in which the			
11	funds are received and may require that the nonprofit corporation or organization file a copy of			
12	the audit report with the city or county.			
13	· · · •	nonprofit corporation or organization which receives o		
14		re in State funds shall, at the request of the State Auditor, s	•	
15		e State Auditor for the fiscal year in which such the funds we		
16 17		ry nonprofit corporation or organization which has an audit		
17 18		hall file a copy of the audit report with the office of the Stat		
18 19		provisions of this section shall <u>This section does</u> not apply a sheltered workshops or to <u>Sheltered workshops</u> .	to <u>the following.</u>	
20	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Adult Development Activity Programs or to Adult d	levelopment activity	
20 21	<u>(2)</u>	programs.	levelopment activity	
21	<u>(3)</u>	private residential facilities for the mentally retarded a	and developmentally	
22	<u>(5)</u>	disabled or to Private residential facilities for individual	1 •	
24		or developmental disability.	s with an interfectuar	
25	<u>(4)</u>	Developmental Day Care Centers or to Developmental d	lav care centers.	
26	$\frac{(5)}{(5)}$	any Any nonprofit corporation or organization whose sol		
27	<u>,</u>	is to provide hospital services or operate as a volunteer fin		
28		squad, <u>or ambulance</u> squad, or which operates as a ju		
29		<u>college</u> , or university duly accredited by the southern		
30		association.	6 6	
31	(e) Rep	ealed by Session Laws 1979, c. 905."		
32	SEC	CTION 13. G.S. 168-21 reads as rewritten:		
33	"§ 168-21. Def	initions.		
34	As used in t	his Article: The following definitions apply in this Article:		
35	(1)	"Family care home" means a Family care home. – A ho		
36		supervisory personnel that provides room and board, pe		
37		habilitation services in a family environment for not m	ore than six resident	
38		persons with disabilities.		
39	(2)	"Person with disabilities" means a Person with disabilities		
40		temporary or permanent physical, emotional, or mental		
41		but not limited to mental retardation, an intellectual disa		
42		epilepsy, autism, hearing and sight impairments, emotion		
43		orthopedic impairments but not including mentally	ill persons who are	
44	SE (dangerous to others as defined in G.S. 122C-3(11)b."		
45 46	SECTION 14. G.S. 168A-3 reads as rewritten: "§ 168A-3. Definitions.			
46			ving definitions and	
47 48		his Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: <u>The follow</u>	ang demnitions apply	
48 49	in this Chapter:		vornmantal antitu	
49 50	(1)	"Covered governmental entity" means any Covered go Any State department, institution, agency, or any politic	-	
50 51		State or any person that contracts with a State department		
51		State of any person that contracts with a state department	i, montunon, agency,	

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1 2 3		or political subdivision of the State for the delivery including, but not limited to, education, health, social ser rehabilitation.	-
4	(1a)	"Disabling condition" means any Disabling condition.	<u>Any</u> condition or
5		characteristic that renders a person a person with a disab	
6	(1b)	"Discriminatory practice" means any Discriminatory practice	actice. – Any practice
7		prohibited by this Chapter.	
8	(2)	"Employer" means any Employer Any person em	
9		full-time employees within the State, but excluding a	
10		employees are hired to work as domestic or farm workers	at that person's home
11		or farm.	
12	(3)	"Employment agency" means a Employment agency.	
13		undertaking with or without compensation to pro	
14		opportunities to work for an employer and includes an ag	gent of such a person.
15	(4)	Recodified as G.S. 168A-3(7a).	
16	(4a)	"Information technology" has the same meaning as Infor	
17		<u>As defined in G.S. 143B-1320</u> . The term also s	specifically includes
18 19	(5)	information transaction machines.	
19 20	(5)	Recodified as G.S. 168A-3(1). "Labor organization" means an Labor organization. – A	n organization of any
20 21	(6)	kind, an agency or employee representation committee.	
21		or a plan, in which employees participate and which exi	• •
23		whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerni	
23 24		disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours, or other terr	
25		employment.	
26	(7)	"Person" includes any Person. – Any individual, par	tnership, association.
27		corporation, labor organization, legal representative, true	
28		State and its departments, agencies, and political subdiv	
29	(7a)	"Person with a disability" means any Person with a dis	
30		who (i) has a physical or mental impairment which subs	tantially limits one or
31		more major life activities; (ii) has a record of such an i	mpairment; or (iii) is
32		regarded as having such an impairment. As used in-	this subdivision, the
33		term: The following definitions apply in this subdivision	
34		a. <u>"Physical or mental impairment" means</u> <u>F</u>	Physical or mental
35		impairment. – Any of the following:	
36		<u>1.</u> (i) any <u>Any</u> physiological disorder or	
37		cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical lo	
38		injury, birth defect <u>defect</u> o r illness, affe	.
39 40		including, but not limited to, neurologi	
40 41		special sense organs; respiratory, inclu	• •
41 42		cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive;	
42 43		and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; or <u>en</u> <u>2.</u> (ii) any <u>Any</u> mental disorder, such as	
44		<u>intellectual disabilities, organic brain</u>	
45		illness, specific learning disabilities, and	•
46		disabilities, disabilities.	other developmental
47		but (iii) "Physical or mental impairment" exc	ludes (A) (i) sexual
48		preferences; (B) (ii) active alcoholism or drug ac	
49		(C)-(iii) any disorder, condition <u>condition</u> , or di	
50		temporary in nature, lasting six months or fe	-
51		residual impairment. A disorder, condition, or	-

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1 2		episodic or in remission is a physical or m substantially limit a major life activity wh	nen active.
3		b. <u>"Major life activities" means function</u>	
4 5		Functions, including, but not limited	
		performing manual tasks, walking, seein	
6		sleeping, lifting, bending, standing, br	
7		concentrating, thinking, communicating,	ē 5
8		activity also includes the operation of	•
9		including, but not limited to, functions of	•
10		cell growth, and digestive, bowel, bl	-
11		respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and re	-
12		c. <u>"Has a record of such an impairment" me</u>	
13		<u>an impairment. – Has</u> a history of, or has b	
14 15		a mental or physical impairment that su	istantially limits major life
15 16		activities.	angle recorded as having an
10 17		d. <u>"Is regarded as having an impairment" me</u>	sansis regarded as naving an
17		<u>impairment. – Any of the following:</u> <u>1.</u> (i) has- <u>Has</u> a physical or menta	l impairment that does not
18 19		substantially limit major life acti	-
20		constituting such a limitation;limi	
21		<u>2.</u> (ii) has <u>Has</u> a physical or mental i	
22		limits major life activities becaus	-
23		or others.	
24		<u>3.</u> (iii) has <u>Has</u> none of the impair	ments defined in paragraph
25		<u>sub-subdivision</u> a. of this subdivi	
26		such an impairment.	C
27		The determination of whether an impairment sub	ostantially limits a major life
28		activity shall be made without regard to the amel	iorative effects of mitigating
29		measures, such as (i) medication, medical supplie	es, equipment, or appliances,
30		low-vision devices, which do not include ord	inary eyeglasses or contact
31		lenses, prosthetics, including limbs and devices	, hearing aids and cochlear
32		implants or other implantable hearing devices, i	
33		therapy equipment and supplies; (ii) use of	•••
34		reasonable accommodations or auxiliary aids	
35		behavioral or adaptive neurological modification	
36	(8)	"Place of public accommodations" includes, Place	
37		<u>– Includes, but is not limited to, any place, facilit</u>	-
38		hotel, or motel, which supplies goods or services	
39		or which solicits or accepts the patronage or trade	
40	(9)	"Qualified person with a disability" means:Quali	fied person with a disability.
41		<u>– All of the following:</u>	
42		a. With regard to employment, a person	
43 44		satisfactorily perform the duties of the job	-
44 45		reasonable accommodation, (i) provide	
43 46		disability shall not be held to standards of other employees similarly employed, and	
40 47		disabling condition does not create an un	-
47 48		or health of the person with a disabi	•
48 49		employer's customers, or the public; publi	
77		employer s customers, or the public,<u>publi</u>	<u>v.</u>

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	b.	With regard to places of public ac	1
		disability who can benefit from the g place of public accommodation; and a	1 · ·
	с.	With regard to public services and pu	
	с.	a disability who meets prerequisi	
		uniformly applied to all participants,	
		that do not have the effect of discrin	
		disability.	and a second foregoing with a
(10)) "Reas	conable accommodations" means:Reaso	nable accommodations. – All of
	<i>,</i>	llowing:	
	a.	With regard to employment, making	reasonable physical changes in
		the workplace, including, but not	
		accessible, modifying equipment an	-
		assist in operating equipment, or ma	king reasonable changes in the
		duties of the job in question that v	vould accommodate the known
		disabling conditions of the person wi	th a disability seeking the job in
		question by enabling him or her to sa	• •
		that job; provided that "reasonable job	
		does not require that an employer:em	
			s, other than the person with a
		• • • •	whole or in part, of enabling the
		person with a disability to be	
			n question to other employees
		••••	oyee with a disability duties that
		would compensate for those #Reassign duties of the job in	
		e ş	a question to one or more other eassignment would increase the
			bility required of such the other
		-	that required prior to the change
		in duties; or duties.	that required prior to the change
			ge, or deviate from bona fide
		seniority policies or practices;	
			a personal nature, including, but
			aring aids, or prostheses, except
			litions as such items are provided
		to the employer's employees g	enerally; orgenerally.
		6. Repealed by Session Laws 20	02-163, s. 2, effective January 1,
		2003.	
			ld impose on the employer an
		undue hardship.	
	b.	With regard to a place of public a	
		governmental entity, making reasona	
		disabling conditions of a person with	
		limited to, making facilities accessible	• 1
		a disability, redesigning equipment	
		services needed to make aurally an	•
		available, as needed, to individuals w	• • •
		providing mechanical aids or other	
		accessible locations, provided that re	
		accommodations <u>does</u> <u>do</u> not require undue hardship on the entity involved	
		- module narosnih on the entity involved	

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1	(11) "Undue hardship" means a Undue hardship. – A significant difficulty or
2	expense. The following factors shall be considered in determining whether an
3	accommodation would impose an undue hardship:
4	"
5	SECTION 15. This act does not affect the coverage, eligibility, rights,
6	responsibilities, or provision of State or federal services or benefits for individuals who have
7	been diagnosed with mental retardation and whose diagnosis has not been changed to a diagnosis
8	of intellectual disability.
9	SECTION 16. Sections 1 and 2 become effective October 1, 2018, and apply to
10	proceedings commenced on or after that date. Sections 3 and 5 become effective December 1,
11	2018, and apply to hearings or trials commenced on or after that date. Sections 4 and 8 become
12	effective December 1, 2018, and apply to offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder
13	of this act is effective when it becomes law.