# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

S SENATE BILL 352

Short Title:	Remove Foreign Citizens from Voting Rolls.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Burgin (Primary Sponsor).	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

March 23, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CODIFY THE COMMON LAW REQUIREMENT FOR UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP TO QUALIFY AS A JUROR, TO ALLOW A CLERK OF COURT TO HEAR JURY EXCUSES IF SO DESIGNATED BY THE CHIEF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE, AND TO PROVIDE THAT THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF PERSONS REQUESTING TO BE EXCUSED FROM JURY DUTY BASED ON DISQUALIFICATION SHALL BE SHARED WITH THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS IF THE DISQUALIFICATION IS DUE TO UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 9-3 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 9-3. Qualifications of prospective jurors.

All persons are qualified to serve as jurors and to be included on the master jury list who are citizens of the State-United States, residents of the State, and residents of the county, who have not served as jurors during the preceding two years or who have not served a full term of service as grand jurors during the preceding six years, who are 18 years of age or over, who are physically and mentally competent, who can understand the English language, who have not been convicted of a felony or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to an indictment charging a felony (or if convicted of a felony or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to an indictment charging a felony have had their citizenship restored pursuant to law), and who have not been adjudged non compos mentis. Persons not qualified under this section are subject to challenge for cause."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 9-6 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 9-6. Jury service a public duty; excuses to be allowed in exceptional cases; procedure.

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- (a1) All applications for excuses from jury duty, including applications based on disqualification under G.S. 9-3, shall be made on a form developed and furnished by the Administrative Office of the Courts. Applications shall allow prospective jurors to specify the reason for excusal based on disqualification, including lack of United States citizenship.
- (b) Pursuant to the foregoing policy, each chief district court judge shall promulgate procedures whereby the chief district court judge or any district court judge of the chief district court judge's district court district designated by the chief district court judge, prior to the date that a jury session (or sessions) of superior or district court convenes, shall receive, hear, and pass on applications for excuses from jury duty. The procedures shall provide for the time and place, publicly announced, at which applications for excuses will be heard, and prospective jurors who have been summoned for service shall be so informed. The chief district court judge, after consultation with and with the consent of the clerk of superior court, may delegate the authority



to receive, hear, and pass on applications for excuses from jury duty to the clerk of superior court. The chief district judge may <u>also</u> assign the duty of passing on applications for excuses from jury service to judicial support staff. In all cases concerning excuses, the clerk of <u>superior</u> court or judicial support staff shall notify prospective jurors of the disposition of their excuses.

...

(e) The judge shall inform the clerk of superior court of persons excused under this section, and the clerk of superior court shall keep a record of excuses separate from the master jury list.list in accordance with G.S. 9-6.2.

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#### **SECTION 3.** G.S. 9-6.1 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 9-6.1. Requests to be excused.

- (a) Any person summoned as a juror who is a full-time student and who wishes to be excused pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b1) or who is 72 years or older and who wishes to be excused, deferred, or exempted, may make the request without appearing in person by filing a signed statement of the ground of grounds for the request with the chief district court judge of that district, or the district court judge judge, clerk of superior court, or judicial support staff member member, if so designated by the chief district court judge pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b), at any time five business days before the date upon which the person is summoned to appear.
- (b) Any person summoned as a juror who has a disability that could interfere with the person's ability to serve as a juror and who wishes to be excused, deferred, or exempted may make the request without appearing in person by filing a signed statement of the ground of the request, including a brief explanation of the disability that interferes with the person's ability to serve as a juror, with the chief district court judge of that district, or the district court judge-judge, clerk of superior court, or judicial support staff member-member, if so designated by the chief district court judge pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b), at any time five business days before the date upon which—the person is summoned to appear. Upon—At the request of the court, medical documentation of any disability may be submitted. Any privileged medical information or protected health information described in this section shall be is confidential and shall be is exempt from the provisions of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes or any other provision requiring information and records held by State agencies to be made public or accessible to the public.
- (c) A person may request either a temporary or permanent exemption under this section, and the <u>judge judge</u>, <u>clerk of superior court</u>, or judicial support staff member may accept or reject either in the exercise of discretion conferred by G.S. 9-6(b), including the substitution of a temporary exemption for a requested permanent exemption. In the case of supplemental jurors summoned under G.S. 9-11, notice may be given when summoned. In case the chief district court judge, or the <u>judge judge</u>, <u>clerk of superior court</u>, or judicial support staff member designated by the chief district court judge pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b), rejects the request for exemption, the prospective juror shall be immediately notified by the judicial support staff member or the clerk of court by telephone, letter, or personally."

**SECTION 4.** Article 1 of Chapter 9 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

### "§ 9-6.2. Reports of excusals from jury duty based on disqualification.

- (a) The name and address provided by each person who requests to be excused from jury duty on the basis that the person is not qualified to serve as a juror, along with the reason for that request, shall be retained by the clerk of superior court for the remainder of the biennium as described in G.S. 9-2. The records retained by the clerk are not public records under G.S. 132-1. The clerk of superior court may destroy the records at the end of each biennium as described in G.S. 9-2.
- (b) If a person is disqualified from jury duty because the person is not a citizen of the United States, the clerk of superior court shall, on a quarterly basis, report this information

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Nothing in this section should be construed to restrict the authority of a local board of elections or the State Board of Elections to determine a person's eligibility to vote."

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 163-82.14 reads as rewritten:

# **"§ 163-82.14. List maintenance.**

- (c1)Noncitizens. –
  - (1) Report of disqualification from jury duty from clerk of superior court. – As provided in G.S. 9-6.2, the clerk of superior court shall transmit quarterly to the State Board of Elections an electronic file for each person disqualified from jury duty on the basis the person is not a citizen of the United States.
  - State Board of Elections review. Within 30 days of receipt of the report <u>(2)</u> transmitted as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the State Board of Elections shall do each of the following:
    - Review the voter registration and citizenship status of each person a. identified as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, including matching of available information in State and federal databases.
    - Distribute to each county board of elections a report of the persons <u>b.</u> identified as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection who are registered to vote in that county. The report shall include the information in the electronic file provided by the clerk of superior court under G.S. 9-6.2(a), the voter registration number of the person, and the results of the State Board of Elections review of the person's voter registration and citizenship status. The State Board of Elections shall not include a person's name in the report if the State Board of Elections review determines that the individual became a citizen of the United States after the date of that person's jury disqualification, unless the prospective juror voted prior to obtaining that person's United States citizenship. In the event that the prospective juror voted prior to becoming a United States citizen, the State Board of Elections shall furnish the district attorney a copy of its investigation for prosecution of the violation as provided in G.S. 163-278.
  - County board of elections duty upon receiving report. Within 30 days of **(3)** receipt by a county board of elections of a report pursuant to this subsection relating to a person registered to vote in that county, the following shall occur:
    - The county board of elections shall give 30 days' written notice to the a. voter by sending notice to the voter's residential address and, if different from the voter's residential address, the voter's registration address and mailing address. If the voter makes no objection, the county board of elections shall remove the person's name from its registration records and shall provide written notice of the removal to the voter in the same manner as notice was previously provided under this sub-subdivision. The county board of elections shall indicate within the statewide computerized voter registration system any

- (4) (d) (1) (2)
- <u>individual removed from the voter registration records on the basis of noncitizenship status.</u>
- b. If, within 30 days of the date on which notice was sent of the removal of a voter's name from registration records pursuant to sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision, the voter notifies the county board of elections of the voter's objection to the removal, the chair of the county board of elections shall enter a challenge under G.S. 163-85(c)(7), and the notice provided to the county board of elections by the receipt of the report from the State Board of Elections pursuant to this subdivision shall be prima facie evidence in the preliminary hearing heard pursuant to G.S. 163-85(d) that the person is not a citizen of the United States. This presumption may be rebutted by evidence as presented by the person of either (i) citizenship naturalization occurring after the excusal from jury service due to disqualification or (ii) other federal documentation of citizenship.
- (4) The records retained pursuant to this subsection are public records under G.S. 132-1, notwithstanding the requirements of G.S. 20-43.4(c), except as prohibited by federal statute. The State Board of Elections and county board of elections shall retain the electronic records for four years and may destroy the records when the records are no longer public records.
- (d) Change of Address. A county board of elections shall conduct a systematic program to remove from its list of registered voters those who have moved out of the county, and to update the registration records of persons who have moved within the county. The county board shall remove a person from its list if the registrant:
  - Gives confirmation in writing of a change of address for voting purposes out of the county. "Confirmation in writing" for purposes of this subdivision shall include:include any of the following:
    - a. A report to the county board from the Department of Transportation or from a voter registration agency listed in G.S.163-82.20 that the voter has reported a change of address for voting purposes outside the county; county.
    - b. A notice of cancellation received under G.S. 163-82.9; or G.S. 163-82.9.
    - ...
  - (2) Fails to respond to a confirmation mailing sent by the county board in accordance with this subdivision and does not vote or appear to vote in an election beginning on the date of the notice and ending on the day after the date of the second general election for the United States House of Representatives that occurs after the date of the notice. A county board sends a confirmation notice in accordance with this subdivision if the notice:notice meets each of the following criteria:
    - a. <u>Is-The notice is a postage prepaid and preaddressed return card, sent</u> by forwardable mail, on which the registrant may state current <u>address; address.</u>
    - b. Contains The notice contains or is accompanied by a notice to the effect that if the registrant did not change residence but remained in the county, the registrant should return the card not later than the deadline for registration by mail in G.S. 163-82.6(d)(1); and G.S. 163-82.6(d)(1).

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1 Contains The notice contains or is accompanied by information as to 2 how the registrant may continue to be eligible to vote if the registrant 3 A county board shall send a confirmation mailing in accordance with this 4 5 subdivision to every registrant after every congressional election if the county

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**SECTION 6.** The Administrative Office of the Courts shall amend the Rules of Recordkeeping to include procedures to implement the provisions of G.S. 9-6.2, as enacted by Section 4 of this act. Nothing in this act shall be construed to exempt records held by the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, except as provided in G.S. 9-6.2, as enacted by this act.

board has not confirmed the registrant's address by another means.

**SECTION 7.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2024.