

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SESSION 2017**

**SESSION LAW 2018-117**  
**HOUSE BILL 913**

AN ACT TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF NORTH CAROLINA TO ESTABLISH A  
BIPARTISAN BOARD OF ETHICS AND ELECTIONS ENFORCEMENT AND TO  
CLARIFY BOARD APPOINTMENTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** Article VI of the North Carolina Constitution is amended by adding a new section to read:

**"Sec. 11. Bipartisan State Board of Ethics and Elections Enforcement.**

(1) The Bipartisan State Board of Ethics and Elections Enforcement shall be established to administer ethics and election laws, as prescribed by general law. The Bipartisan State Board of Ethics and Elections Enforcement shall be located within the Executive Branch for administrative purposes only but shall exercise all of its powers independently of the Executive Branch.

(2) The Bipartisan State Board of Ethics and Elections Enforcement shall consist of eight members, each serving a term of four years, who shall be qualified voters of this State. Of the total membership, no more than four members may be registered with the same political affiliation, if defined by general law. Appointments shall be made as follows:

(a) Four members by the General Assembly, upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, from nominees submitted to the President Pro Tempore by the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate, as prescribed by general law. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall not recommend more than two nominees from each leader.

(b) Four members by the General Assembly, upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, from nominees submitted to the Speaker of the House by the majority leader and minority leader of the House of Representatives, as prescribed by general law. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall not recommend more than two nominees from each leader."

**SECTION 2.** Section 6 of Article I of the North Carolina Constitution reads as rewritten:

**"Sec. 6. Separation of powers.**

(1) The legislative, executive, and supreme judicial powers of the State government shall be forever separate and distinct from each other.

(2) The legislative powers of the State government shall control the powers, duties, responsibilities, appointments, and terms of office of any board or commission prescribed by general law. The executive powers of the State government shall be used to faithfully execute the general laws prescribing the board or commission."

**SECTION 3.** Section 20 of Article II of the North Carolina Constitution reads as rewritten:

**"Sec. 20. Powers of the General Assembly.**



(1) Each house shall be judge of the qualifications and elections of its own members, shall sit upon its own adjournment from day to day, and shall prepare bills to be enacted into laws. The two houses may jointly adjourn to any future day or other place. Either house may, of its own motion, adjourn for a period not in excess of three days.

(2) No law shall be enacted by the General Assembly that appoints a member of the General Assembly to any board or commission that exercises executive or judicial powers."

**SECTION 4.** Section 5 of Article III of the North Carolina Constitution reads as rewritten:

**"Sec. 5. Duties of Governor.**

...

(4) Execution of laws. The Governor shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed. In faithfully executing any general law enacted by the General Assembly controlling the powers, duties, responsibilities, appointments, and terms of office of any board or commission, the Governor shall implement that general law as enacted and the legislative delegation provided for in Section 6 of Article I of this Constitution shall control.

...

(8) Appointments. The Governor shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators appoint all officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for. The legislative delegation provided for in Section 6 of Article I of this Constitution shall control any executive, legislative, or judicial appointment and shall be faithfully executed as enacted.

....."

**SECTION 5.** The amendments set out in Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at a statewide general election to be held in November of 2018, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163A of the General Statutes. The question to be used in the voting systems and ballots shall be:

"[ ] FOR      [ ] AGAINST

Constitutional amendment to establish a bipartisan Board of Ethics and Elections to administer ethics and election laws, to clarify the appointment authority of the Legislative and the Judicial Branches, and to prohibit legislators from serving on boards and commissions exercising executive or judicial authority."

**SECTION 6.** If a majority of the votes cast on the question are in favor of the amendments set out in Sections 1 through 4 of this act, the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall certify the amendments to the Secretary of State, who shall enroll the amendment so certified among the permanent records of that office.

**SECTION 7.** If the amendments are approved by the qualified voters as provided in this section, Sections 2 through 4 of this act become effective upon certification and Section 1 becomes effective March 1, 2019.

**SECTION 8.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 28<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2018.

s/ Kathy Harrington  
Presiding Officer of the Senate

s/ Tim Moore  
Speaker of the House of Representatives