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### HOUSE BILL 338\* Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/01 Third Edition Engrossed 4/25/01 Senate Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 11/27/01

	Short Title: 2001 Technical Corrections.	(Public)				
	Sponsors:					
Referred to:						
	March 1, 2001					
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
2	AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS AND	CONFORMING				
3	CHANGES TO THE GENERAL STATUTES AS RECOMMEN	NDED BY THE				
4	GENERAL STATUTES COMMISSION; AND TO MAKE VA	RIOUS OTHER				
5	CHANGES TO THE GENERAL STATUTES AND SESSION LAV	WS.				
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
7	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 1-17 reads as rewritten:					
8	"§ 1-17. Disabilities.					
9	(a) A person entitled to commence an action who is <u>under a disa</u>	<u>ability</u> at the time				
10	the cause of action accrued either					
11	(1) Within the age of 18 years; or					
12	(2) Insane; or					
13	(3) Incompetent as defined in G.S. 35A - 1101(7) or (8)					
14	may bring his or her action within the time herein limited, limited in	*				
15	after the disability is removed, except in an action for the recovery of re	· · ·				
16	make an entry or defense founded on the title to real property, or to rents and services					
17	out of the same, when he real property, when the person must comm	nence his or her				
18	action, or make his-the entry, within three years next after the removal of the disability,					
19	and at no time thereafter.					
20	For the purpose of this section, a person is under a disability if the	person meets one				
21	or more of the following conditions:					
22	(1) The person is within the age of 18 years.					
23	(2) The person is insane.					
24	(3) The person is incompetent as defined in G.S. 35A-110					
25	(a1) For those persons under a disability on January 1, 1976, as	•				
26	imprisoned on a criminal charge, or in execution under sentence for a	criminal offense,				

1 2	the statute of lir 1976.	nitations shall commence to run and no longer be tolled from January 1,		
3	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, an action on			
4		or for malpractice arising out of the performance of or failure to perform		
5		vices shall be commenced within the limitations of time specified in		
6		rovided, that if said G.S. 1-15(c), except that if those time limitations		
7		the minor attains the full age of 19 years, the action may be brought		
8	<b>▲</b>	minor attains the full age of 19 years."		
9		<b>FION 2.</b> G.S. 7B-507(b)(4) reads as rewritten:		
10	"(4)	A court of competent jurisdiction has determined that: the parent has		
11	( )	committed murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the		
12		parent; has aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit		
13		murder or voluntarily-voluntary manslaughter of the child or another		
14		child of the parent; or has committed a felony assault resulting in		
15		serious bodily injury to the child or another child of the parent."		
16	SEC	<b>FION 3.</b> G.S. 7B-1501 reads as rewritten:		
17	"§ 7B-1501. De	efinitions.		
18	In this Sub	chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following		
19	words have the	e listed meanings:meanings. The singular includes the plural, unless		
20	otherwise speci			
21	(1)	Chief court counselor. – The person responsible for administration and		
22		supervision of juvenile intake, probation, and post-release supervision		
23		in each judicial district, operating under the supervision of the		
24		Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.		
25	(2)	Clerk Any clerk of superior court, acting clerk, or assistant or		
26		deputy clerk.		
27	(3)	Community-based program. – A program providing nonresidential or		
28		residential treatment to a juvenile under the jurisdiction of the juvenile		
29		court in the community where the juvenile's family lives. A		
30		community-based program may include specialized foster care, family		
31		counseling, shelter care, and other appropriate treatment.		
32	(4)	Court. – The district court division of the General Court of Justice.		
33	(5)	Court counselor. – A person responsible for probation and post-release		
34		supervision to juveniles under the supervision of the chief court		
35		counselor.		
36	(6)	Custodian The person or agency that has been awarded legal		
37		custody of a juvenile by a court.		
38	(7)	Delinquent juvenile. – Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of		
39		age but at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or infraction under		
40		State law or under an ordinance of local government, including		
41		violation of the motor vehicle laws.		

1 2 3	(7a)	Department. – The Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention created under Article 12 of Chapter 143B of the General
3	(8)	Statutes.
5		Detention. – The secure confinement of a juvenile under a court order.
6	(9)	Detention facility. – A facility approved to provide secure confinement
0 7		and care for juveniles. Detention facilities include both State and
	(10)	locally administered detention homes, centers, and facilities.
8	(10)	District. – Any district court district as established by G.S. 7A-133.
9	(11)	Holdover facility. – A place in a jail which has been approved by the
10		Department of Health and Human Services as meeting the State
11		standards for detention as required in G.S. 153A-221 providing close
12		supervision where the juvenile cannot converse with, see, or be seen
13	(10)	by the adult population.
14	(12)	House arrest. – A requirement that the juvenile remain at the juvenile's
15		residence unless the court or the juvenile court counselor authorizes
16	(12)	the juvenile to leave for specific purposes.
17	(13)	Intake counselor. – A person who screens and evaluates a complaint
18		alleging that a juvenile is delinquent or undisciplined to determine
19	(1.4)	whether the complaint should be filed as a petition.
20	(14)	Interstate Compact on Juveniles. – An agreement ratified by 50 states
21		and the District of Columbia providing a formal means of returning a
22		juvenile, who is an absconder, escapee, or runaway, to the juvenile's
23		home state, and codified in Article 28 of this Chapter.
24	(15)	Judge. – Any district court judge.
25	(16)	Judicial district. – Any district court district as established by G.S.
26		7A-133.
27	(17)	Juvenile Except as provided in subdivisions (7) and (27) of this
28		section, any person who has not reached the person's eighteenth
29		birthday and is not married, emancipated, or a member of the armed
30		forces of the United States. Wherever the term "juvenile" is used with
31		reference to rights and privileges, that term encompasses the attorney
32		for the juvenile as well.
33	(18)	Juvenile court. – Any district court exercising jurisdiction under this
34		Chapter.
35	(19)	Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 137, s. 2.
36	(20)	Petitioner. – The individual who initiates court action by the filing of a
37		petition or a motion for review alleging the matter for adjudication.
38	(21)	Post-release supervision. – The supervision of a juvenile who has been
39		returned to the community after having been committed to the
40		Department for placement in a training school.
41	(22)	Probation The status of a juvenile who has been adjudicated
42		delinquent, is subject to specified conditions under the supervision of a

1			court counselor, and may be returned to the court for violation of those
2			conditions during the period of probation.
3		(23)	Prosecutor. – The district attorney or assistant district attorney
4			assigned by the district attorney to juvenile proceedings.
5		(24)	Protective supervision The status of a juvenile who has been
6			adjudicated undisciplined and is under the supervision of a court
7			counselor.
8		(25)	Teen court program. – A community resource for the diversion of
9			cases in which a juvenile has allegedly committed certain offenses for
10			hearing by a jury of the juvenile's peers, which may assign the juvenile
11			to counseling, restitution, curfews, community service, or other
12			rehabilitative measures.
13		(26)	Training school. – A secure residential facility authorized to provide
14			long-term treatment, education, and rehabilitative services for
15			delinquent juveniles committed by the court to the Department.
16		(27)	Undisciplined juvenile. –
17			a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least 6
18			years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly
19			disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the
20			juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in
21			places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away
22			from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
23			b. A juvenile who is 16 or 17 years of age and who is regularly
24			disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the
25			juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in
26			places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away
27			from home for a period of more than 24 hours.
28		(28)	Wilderness program A rehabilitative residential treatment program
29			in a rural or outdoor setting.
30	The si	-	includes the plural, unless otherwise specified."
31		SECT	<b>TON 4.</b> Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 7B-1808(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
32	"(b)	At the	first appearance, the court shall:
33		•••	
34		(2)	Determine whether the juvenile has retained counsel or has been
35			assigned counsel;".
36		SECT	<b>TON 5.</b> Effective June 30, 2001, G.S. 17C-3(a)(5) reads as rewritten:
37		"(5)	Citizens and Others The President of The University of North
38			Carolina; the Director of the Institute of Government; and two citizens,
39			one of whom shall be selected by the Governor and one of whom shall
40			be selected by the Attorney General. The General Assembly shall
41			appoint two persons, one upon the recommendation of the Speaker of
42			the House of Representatives and one upon the recommendation of the
43			President Pro Tempore of the Senate. Appointments by the General

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Assembly shall be made in accordance with G.S. 120-122. Appointments by the General Assembly shall serve be for two-year terms to conclude on June 30th in odd-numbered years." <b>SECTION 6.</b> G.S. 20-16.5(a)(4) reads as rewritten: "(a) Definitions. – As used in this section the following words and phrases have the following meanings:
8	(4) Revocation Report. – A sworn statement by a charging officer and a
9	chemical analyst containing facts indicating that the conditions of
10	subsection (b) have been met, and whether the person has a pending
11 12	offense for which their the person's license had been or is revoked under this section. When one chemical analyst analyzes a person's
12	blood and another chemical analyst informs a person of his rights and
14	responsibilities under G.S. 20-16.2, the report must include the
15	statements of both analysts."
16	<b>SECTION 7.</b> G.S. 20-16.5(g) reads as rewritten:
17	"(g) Hearing before Magistrate or Judge if Person Contests Validity of
18 19	Revocation. $-A$ person whose license is revoked under this section may request in writing a hearing to contest the validity of the revocation. The request may be made at
20	the time of the person's initial appearance, or within 10 days of the effective date of the
21	revocation to the clerk or a magistrate designated by the clerk, and may specifically
22	request that the hearing be conducted by a district court judge. The Administrative
23	Office of the Courts must develop a hearing request form for any person requesting a
24	hearing. Unless a district court judge is requested, the hearing must be conducted within
25 26	the county by a magistrate assigned by the chief district <u>court</u> judge to conduct such
26 27	hearings. If the person requests that a district court judge hold the hearing, the hearing must be conducted within the district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 by a
28	district court judge assigned to conduct such hearings. The revocation remains in effect
29	pending the hearing, but the hearing must be held within three working days following
30	the request if the hearing is before a magistrate or within five working days if the
31	hearing is before a district court judge. The request for the hearing must specify the
32	grounds upon which the validity of the revocation is challenged and the hearing must be
33 34	limited to the grounds specified in the request. A witness may submit his evidence by affidavit unless he is subpoenaed to appear. Any person who appears and testifies is
35	subject to questioning by the judicial official conducting the hearing, and the judicial
36	official may adjourn the hearing to seek additional evidence if he is not satisfied with
37	the accuracy or completeness of evidence. The person contesting the validity of the
38	revocation may, but is not required to, testify in his own behalf. Unless contested by the
39	person requesting the hearing, the judicial official may accept as true any matter stated
40 41	in the revocation report. If any relevant condition under subsection (b) is contested, the indicial official must find by the greater weight of the evidence that the condition was
41 42	judicial official must find by the greater weight of the evidence that the condition was met in order to sustain the revocation. At the conclusion of the hearing the judicial
43	official must enter an order sustaining or rescinding the revocation. The judicial
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1 official's findings are without prejudice to the person contesting the revocation and to 2 any other potential party as to any other proceedings, civil or criminal, that may involve 3 facts bearing upon the conditions in subsection (b) considered by the judicial official. 4 The decision of the judicial official is final and may not be appealed in the General 5 Court of Justice. If the hearing is not held and completed within three working days of 6 the written request for a hearing before a magistrate or within five working days of the 7 written request for a hearing before a district court judge, the judicial official must enter an order rescinding the revocation, unless the person contesting the revocation 8 9 contributed to the delay in completing the hearing. If the person requesting the hearing 10 fails to appear at the hearing or any rescheduling thereof after having been properly 11 notified, he forfeits his right to a hearing." 12 **SECTION 8.** G.S. 20-17.8(j)(2) reads as rewritten: 13 "(2) The person: 14 Was driving a vehicle that was not equipped with a functioning a. 15 ignition interlock system; or 16 b. Did not personally activate the ignition interlock system before driving the vehicle; or 17 18 Drove the vehicle with an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or c. 19 greater.in violation of an applicable alcohol concentration 20 restriction prescribed by subdivision (b)(3) of this section." 21 **SECTION 9.** G.S. 20-28.3(m) reads as rewritten: 22 Trial Priority. - District court trials of impaired driving offenses involving "(m) 23 forfeitures of motor vehicles pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2 shall be scheduled on the 24 arresting officer's next court date or within 30 days of the offense, whichever comes 25 first. 26 Once scheduled, the case shall not be continued unless all of the following 27 conditions are met: 28 (1)A written motion for continuance is filed with notice given to the 29 opposing party prior to the motion being heard. 30 The judge makes a finding of a "compelling reason" for the (2)31 continuance. 32 (3)The motion and finding are attached to the court case record. 33 Upon a determination of guilt, the issue of vehicle forfeiture shall be heard by the 34 judge immediately, or as soon thereafter as feasible, and the judge shall issue the 35 appropriate orders pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2(d). 36 Should a defendant appeal the conviction to superior court, any party who has not 37 previously been heard on a petition for pretrial release under subsections subsection (e1) 38 or (e3) of this section or any party whose motor vehicle has not been the subject of a 39 forfeiture hearing held pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2(d) may be heard on a petition for 40 pretrial release pursuant to subsections subsection (e1) or (e3) of this section. The provisions of subsection (e) of this section shall also apply to seized motor vehicles 41 42 pending trial in superior court. Where a motor vehicle was released pursuant to 43 subsection (e) of this section pending trial in district court, the release of the motor

1	vehicle continues, and the terms and conditions of the original bond remain the same as			
2	those required for the initial release of the motor vehicle under subsection (e) of this			
3	section, pending the resolution of the underlying offense involving impaired driving in			
4	superior court."			
5	<b>SECTION 10.</b> G.S. 20-118(c)(14) reads as rewritten:			
6	"(c) Exceptions. – The following exceptions apply to G.S. 20-118(b) and $20,118(c)$			
7	20-118(e).			
8 9	 (14) Subsections (b) and (c) of this section do not apply to a vahiale that			
9 10	(14) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle that			
10	meets all of the following conditions: conditions below, but all other			
11	enforcement provisions of this Article remain applicable:			
12	a. Is hauling aggregates from a distribution yard or a State permitted production site within a North Caroline county			
13 14	State-permitted production site within a North Carolina county			
14	contiguous to the North Carolina State border to a destination in an adjacent state as verified by a weight ticket in the driver's			
16	possession and available for inspection by enforcement			
10	personnel.			
17	b. Does not operate on an interstate highway or posted bridge.			
18 19	c. Does not exceed 69,850 pounds gross vehicle weight and			
20	53,850 pounds per axle grouping for tri-axle vehicles. For			
20 21	purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle is a single unit			
22	vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the			
23	respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the			
24	group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest			
25	foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection,			
26	the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not			
27	apply.			
28	d. All other enforcement provisions of this Article remain			
29	applicable."			
30	<b>SECTION 11.</b> G.S. 20-146(a) reads as rewritten:			
31	"(a) Upon all roadways highways of sufficient width a vehicle shall be driven			
32	upon the right half of the highway except as follows:			
33	(1) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same			
34	direction under the rules governing such movement;			
35	(2) When an obstruction exists making it necessary to drive to the left of			
36	the center of the highway; provided, any person so doing shall yield			
37	the right-of-way to all vehicles traveling in the proper direction upon			
38	the unobstructed portion of the highway within such distance as to			
39	constitute an immediate hazard;			
40	(3) Upon a highway divided into three marked lanes for traffic under the			
41	rules applicable thereon; or			
42	(4) Upon a highway designated and signposted for one-way traffic."			
43				

1	SECTION	<b>12.</b> G.S. 20-294(2) reads as rewritten:
2		fully and intentionally failing to comply with this Article, Article
3		f this Chapter, or G.S. 20-52.1, 20-75, <del>20-82,</del> 20-108, 20-109, or a
4	rule	adopted by the Division under this Article."
5	SECTION	<b>13.</b> Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 23-30.1 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 23-30.1. Provision	al release.
7	Every person who	has filed a petition under the provisions of G.S. 23-30 shall be
8	brought before a judg	e within 72 hours after filing the petition and shall be provisionally
9	released from impris	conment unless a hearing shall be held and the creditor shall
10	establish that the prise	oner has fraudulently concealed assets. If, at the time he is brought
11	before a judge, the pr	risoner makes a showing of indigency, counsel shall be appointed
12	for the prisoner in a	ccordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense
13	Services. A provision	al release under this section shall not constitute a discharge of the
14	debtor, and the credit	or may oppose the discharge by suggesting fraud even if he has
15	• • •	pted to oppose the provisional release on the basis of fraudulent
16		tor may be provisionally released even though actual service upon
17		een accomplished if 72 hours has passed since the debtor delivered
18		ff for service upon the creditor."
19		<b>14.(a)</b> G.S. 24-1.1E(a)(4) and (a)(6) read as rewritten:
20	"(a) Definitions	. – The following definitions apply for the purposes of this section:
21	•••	
22		high-cost home loan" means a loan other than an open-end credit
23		or a reverse mortgage transaction in which:
24	a.	The principal amount of the loan does not exceed the lesser of
25		(i) the conforming loan size limit for a single-family dwelling
26		as established from time to time by the Federal National
27		Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or (ii) three hundred
28		thousand dollars (\$300,000);
29	b.	The borrower is a natural person;
30	С.	The debt is incurred by the borrower primarily for personal,
31	1	family, or household purposes;
32	d.	The loan is secured by either (i) a security interest in a manufactured home (as defined in $C \ge 142, 147(7)$ ) which is an
33 34		manufactured home (as defined in G.S. $143-147(7)$ ) which is or will be accurate by the horrower as the horrower's principal
34 35		will be occupied by the borrower as the borrower's principal dwelling, or (ii) a mortgage or deed of trust on real estate upon
35 36		which there is located or there is to be located a structure or
30 37		structures designed principally for occupancy of from one to
38		four families which is or will be occupied by the borrower as
38 39		the borrower's principal dwelling; and
40	e.	The terms of the loan exceed one or more of the thresholds as
41	0.	defined in subdivision (6) of this section.
42		
43	 (6) "Thr	esholds" means:
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SESSION 2001

1	a. V	Vithout regard to whether the loan transaction is or may be a
2	"	residential mortgage transaction" (as the term "residential
3	n	nortgage transaction" is defined in section 226.2(a)(24) of Title
4	1	2 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended from time to
5	t	me), the annual percentage rate of the loan at the time the loan
6	i	s consummated is such that the loan is considered a "mortgage"
7	u	nder section 152 of the Home Ownership and Equity
8	F	rotection Act of 1994 (Pub. Law 103-25, [15 U.S.C. §
9	1	602(aa)]), as the same may be amended from time to time, and
10	r	egulations adopted pursuant thereto by the Federal Reserve
11	H	board, including section 226.32 of Title 12 of the Code of
12	F	ederal Regulations, as the same may be amended from time to
13	ti	me;
14	b. 7	The total points and fees payable by the borrower at or before
15		ne loan closing exceed five percent (5%) of the total loan
16		mount if the total loan amount is twenty thousand dollars
17	(	\$20,000) or more, or (ii) the lesser of eight percent (8%) of the
18	-	otal loan amount or one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the total
19		ban amount is less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000);
20		rovided, the following discount points and prepayment fees
21	-	nd penalties shall be excluded from the calculation of the total
22		oints and fees payable by the borrower:
23	1	
24		payable by the borrower in connection with the loan
25		transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the
26		loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by
27		more than one percentage point (1%) the required net
28		yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery
29		commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from
30		either the Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie
31		Mae or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
32		whichever is greater;
33	2	. Up to and including one bona fide loan discount point
34		payable by the borrower in connection with the loan
35		transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the
36		loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by
37		more than two percentage points (2%) the required net
38		yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery
39		commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from
40		either the Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie
41		Mae or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
42		whichever is greater;

SESSION 2001

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>3. Prepayment fees and penalties which may be charged or collected under the terms of the loan documents which do not exceed one percent (1%) of the amount prepaid, provided the loan documents do not permit the lender to charge or collect any prepayment fees or penalties more than 30 months after the loan closing; or".</li> <li>SECTION 14.(b) G.S. 53-270.1(a)(3) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(a) A lender and a borrower may agree, in writing, that in addition to the principal and any interest accruing on the outstanding balance of a reverse mortgage loan, the lender may receive:</li> </ul>
12	(3) The shared appreciation or shared value is paid in conjunction with a
13	loan that:
14	a. Is outstanding for 24 months or longer; and
15	b. Either (i) is guaranteed or insured by an agency of the federal
16	government, or (ii) has been originated under a reverse
17	mortgage program approved by the Federal National Mortgage
18	Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National Mortgage
19	Association, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
20	provided the loan is sold to one of those agencies or enterprises
21	within 90 days of loan closing, or (iii) has been originated under
22 23	a reverse mortgage program of a person, firm, or corporation
23 24	<ul><li>approved as an authorized lender by the Commissioner; and</li><li>c. Provides that the borrower receives additional economic benefit</li></ul>
25	in exchange for paying the shared appreciation or shared value,
26	including, but not limited to, larger monthly payments or a
27	larger line of credit. The specific nature of the economic benefit
28	shall be provided to the Commissioner with the other
29	information about the reverse mortgage program required under
30	G.S. 53-264 for dissemination to the reverse mortgage
31	counselors; and
32	d. At least 14 days prior to closing, the borrower receives a
33	disclosure that explains the additional costs and benefits of
34	shared appreciation or shared value and compares those costs
35	and benefits with a comparable loan without shared
36	appreciation or shared value. These costs and benefits shall also
37 38	be included in the information required under G.S. 53-264."
38 39	<b>SECTION 14.(c)</b> G.S. 54-109.88(3) reads as rewritten: "(3) Assets which are issued by, fully guaranteed as to principal and
40	interest by, or due from the U.S. government, its agencies, the Federal
40 41	National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or the Government
42	National Mortgage Association."
43	SECTION 14.(d) G.S. 54B-187 reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 54B-187. Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie Mae obligations.			
2	A State association may invest in stock or other evidences of indebtedness or			
3	obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or any successor			
4	thereto."			
5	<b>SECTION 14.(e)</b> G.S. 54C-136 reads as rewritten:			
6	"§ 54C-136. Federal government-sponsored enterprise obligations.			
7	A savings bank may invest in stock or other evidences of indebtedness or obligations			
8	of the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Federal Home Loan			
9	Mortgage Corporation, or any other federal government sponsored enterprise, or any			
10	successor thereto."			
11	<b>SECTION 14.(f)</b> G.S. 58-3-140 reads as rewritten:			
12	"§ 58-3-140. Temporary contracts of insurance permitted.			
13	A lender engaged in making or servicing real estate mortgage or deed of trust loans			
14	on one to four family residences shall accept as evidence of insurance a temporary			
15	written contract of insurance meeting the requirements of G.S. 58-44-20(4) and issued			
16	by any duly licensed insurance agent, broker, or insurance company.			
17	Nothing herein prohibits the lender from refusing to accept a binder or from			
18	disapproving such insurer or agent provided such refusal or disapproval is reasonable.			
19	Such lender need not accept a binder unless such binder:			
20	(1) Includes:			
21	a. The name and address of the insured;			
22	b. The name and address of the mortgagee;			
23	c. A description of the insured collateral;			
24	d. A provision that it may not be cancelled within a term of the			
25	binder except upon 10 days' written notice to the mortgagee;			
26	and			
27	e. The amount of insurance bound.			
28	(2) Is accompanied by a paid receipt for one year's premium, except in the			
29	case of the renewal of a policy subsequent to the closing of a loan; and			
30	(3) Includes an undertaking of agent to use his best efforts to have the			
31	insurance company issue a policy.			
32	The Department may require binders to contain any additional information to permit			
33	the binders to comply with the reasonable requirements of the Federal National			
34	Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National Mortgage Association, or			
35	the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation for purchase of mortgage loans."			
36	<b>SECTION 14.(g)</b> G.S. 58-7-173(8) reads as rewritten:			
37	"(8) Bonds, debentures, or other securities of the following agencies,			
38	whether or not those obligations are guaranteed by the U.S.			
39	Government:			
40	a. The Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, and			
41	stock thereof when acquired in connection with the sale of			
42	mortgage loans to the Association.			

1			b.	Any federal land bank, when the securities are issued under the
2				Farm Loan Act;
3			c.	Any federal home loan bank, when the securities are issued
4				under the Home Loan Bank Act;
5			d.	The Home Owners' Loan Corporation, created by the Home
6				Owners' Loan Act of 1933;
7			e.	Any federal intermediate credit bank, created by the
8				Agricultural Credits Act;
9			f.	The Central Bank for Cooperatives and regional banks for
10				cooperatives organized under the Farm Credit Act of 1933, or
11				by any of such banks; and any notes, bonds, debentures, or
12				other similar obligations, consolidated or otherwise, issued by
13				farm credit institutions under the Farm Credit Act of 1971;
14			g.	Any other similar agency of the U.S. Government that is of
15				similar financial quality."
16		SECT	FION 1	<b>4.(h)</b> G.S. 115C-443(c)(6) reads as rewritten:
17	"(c)	Mone	ys may	be invested in the following classes of securities, and no others:
18		•••		
19		(6)	Oblig	ations maturing no later than 18 months after the date of
20			purcha	ase of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal Home
21			Loan	Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae,
22			the Ba	anks for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks."
23		SECT	FION 1	<b>4.(i)</b> G.S. 122A-5.6(d) reads as rewritten:
24	"(d)	The le	oans to	mortgage lenders shall be general obligations of the respective
25	mortgage	lende	rs owi	ng them. The Agency shall require that such loans shall be
26	additiona	lly sec	ured as	to payment of both principal and interest by a pledge and lien
27	upon col	lateral	securit	y. The collateral security itself shall be in such amount as the
28	Agency of	letermi	nes wi	Il assure the payment of the principal of and the interest on the
29	bonds as	they b	ecome	due. Collateral security shall be deemed to be sufficient if the
30	principal	of and	l the in	terest on the collateral security, when due, will be sufficient to
31	pay the p	rincipa	l of and	the interest on the bonds. The collateral security shall consist of
32	any of th	e follo	wing it	ems: (i) direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the
33	-		-	es of America; (ii) bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of
34				ory to the Agency, issued by any of the following federal
35				peratives, Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan
36	-			Import Bank of Washington, Federal Land Banks, the Federal
37				sociation Fannie Mae or the Government National Mortgage
38				et obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the State; (iv)
39				uaranteed by the United States of America or an instrumentality
40	of it as to	o payn	nent of	principal and interest; (v) any other mortgages secured by real
41				located a residential structure, the collateral value of which shall
42				regulations issued from time to time by the Agency; (vi)
43			-	Home Loan Banks; (vii) certificates of deposit of banks or trust

SESSION 2001

1	companies, including the trustee, organized under the laws of the United States or any				
2	state, which have a combined capital and surplus of at least fifteen million dollars				
3	(\$15,000,000); (viii) Bankers Acceptances; and (ix) commercial paper that has been				
4	classified	l for ra	ting purposes by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc., as Prime-1 or by Standard &		
5	Poor's Co	orp. as A	A-1."		
6		SECT	<b>FION 14.(j)</b> G.S. 122A-11(3) and (4) read as rewritten:		
7		"(3)	In obligations which are collateralized by mortgage pass-through		
8			securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage		
9			Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the		
10			Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;		
11		(4)	In a trust certificate or similar instrument evidencing an equity		
12			investment in a trust or other similar arrangement which is formed for		
13			the purpose of issuing obligations which are collateralized by		
14			mortgage pass-through or participation certificates guaranteed by the		
15			Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan		
16			Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association;		
17			Fannie Mae; and".		
18		SEC7	$\overline{\text{FION 14.(k)}}$ G.S. 122D-16(b)(2) reads as rewritten:		
19	"(b)		oneys of the Authority may be invested in the following:		
20					
21		(2)	Non-convertible debt securities of the following issuers:		
22			a. The Federal Home Loan Bank Board;		
23			b. The Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;		
24			c. The Federal Farm Credit Bank; and		
25			d. The Student Loan Marketing Association;".		
26		SECT	<b>FION 14.(I)</b> G.S. 143B-472.8(7) reads as rewritten:		
27		"(7)	Obligations of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal		
28		~ /	Home Loan Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie		
29			Mae, the Banks for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks,		
30			maturing no later than 18 months after the date of purchase."		
31		SEC1	<b>FION 14.(m)</b> G.S. 147-69.1(c)(2) reads as rewritten:		
32	"(c)		all be the duty of the State Treasurer to invest the cash of the funds		
33	· · ·		ubsection (b) of this section in excess of the amount required to meet the		
34			ad demands on such funds, selecting from among the following:		
35	• • • • • • • • • • • • •				
36		(2)	Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit		
37		(-)	Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit		
38			Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the		
39			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National		
40			Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National		
41			Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, the		
42			Farmers Home Administration, the United States Postal Service, the		
43			Export-Import Bank, the International Bank for Reconstruction and		

SESSION 2001

1 2 3	Africar	imeric 1 Dev	an Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the velopment Bank, and the Student Loan Marketing
4	Associa		
5 6		. ,	G.S. 159B-18(b) reads as rewritten:
7			ed pursuant to the authority of this Chapter and any other ency for investment may be invested:
8			in subsection (a) of this section;
9	-		in G.S. 159-30, except that:
10			it agency may also invest, in addition to the obligations
11		-	erated in G.S. $159-30(c)(2)$ , in bonds, debentures, notes,
12			ipation certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness
13		-	, or the principal of and the interest on which are
14			ditionally guaranteed, whether directly or indirectly, by
15	:	any ag	gency or instrumentality of, or corporation wholly owned
16	1	by, the	e United States of America.
17	<b>b.</b> ]	For p	urposes of G.S. 159-30(c)(12), a joint agency may also
18	(	enter i	into repurchase agreements with respect to, in addition to
19	1	the ob	ligations enumerated in G.S. 159-30(c)(12):
20		1.	Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal
21			Farm Credit Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the
22			Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land
23			Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home
24			Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
25			Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government
26			National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing
27			Administration, the Farmers Home Administration, and
28		•	the United States Postal Service;
29		2.	Bonds, debentures, notes, participation certificates, or
30			other evidences of indebtedness issued, or the principal
31 32			of and the interest on which are unconditionally
52 33			guaranteed, whether directly or indirectly, by any agency
33 34			or instrumentality of, or corporation wholly owned by, the United States of America;
34 35	,	3.	Mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by
36		5.	the Government National Mortgage Association, the
30 37			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
38			Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
39		4.	Direct or indirect obligations which are collateralized by
40		- •	or represent beneficial ownership interests in
41			mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by
42			the Government National Mortgage Association, the
43			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the

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Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; and

- 3 5. Direct or indirect obligations, trust certificates, or other 4 similar instruments which are both: (i) guaranteed by the 5 Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal 6 Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal 7 National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; (ii) collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership 8 9 interests in mortgage-backed pass-through securities which are guaranteed by the Government National 10 11 Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage 12 Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage 13 Association, Fannie Mae; including, but not limited to, 14 Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit Certificates; 15 and (iii) for purposes of the second proviso of G.S. 159-30(c)(12)a, the financial institution serving either as 16 17 trustee or as fiscal agent for a joint agency holding the 18 obligations subject to the repurchase agreement may also be the provider of the repurchase agreement if the 19 20 obligations that are subject to the repurchase agreement 21 are held in trust by the trustee or fiscal agent for the 22 benefit of the joint agency; 23
  - (3) In mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage Association;Fannie Mae;
  - (4) In direct or indirect obligations which are collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership interests in mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; and
- 32 In direct or indirect obligations, trust certificates, or other similar (5) 33 instruments which are (i) guaranteed by the Government National 34 Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, 35 or the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, and (ii) 36 collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership interests in 37 mortgage-backed pass-through securities which are guaranteed by the 38 Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan 39 Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage Mortgage 40 Association, Fannie Mae, including, but not limited to, Real Estate 41 Mortgage Investment Conduit Certificates."
- 42 **SECTION 14.(o)** G.S. 159-30(c)(2) reads as rewritten:
- 43 "(c) Moneys may be invested in the following classes of securities, and no others:

1	
2	(2) Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit
3	Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit
4	Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the
5	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
6	Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National
7	Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, the
8	Farmers Home Administration, the United States Postal Service."
9	SECTION 15. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 25-9-705(c) reads as rewritten:
10	"(c) Pre-effective-date filing in jurisdiction formerly governing perfection. – This
11	act does not render ineffective an effective financing statement that, before July 1, 2001,
12	is filed and satisfies the applicable requirements for perfection under the law of the
13	jurisdiction governing perfection as provided in G.S. 25-9-103 of former Article 9.
14	However, except as otherwise provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section and
15	G.S. 25-9-706, the financing statement ceases to be effective at the earlier of:
16	(1) The time the financing statement would have ceased to be effective
17	under the law of the jurisdiction in which it is filed; and or
18	(2) June 30, 2006."
19	<b>SECTION 16.</b> G.S. 30-3.2 reads as rewritten:
20	"§ 30-3.2. Definitions.
21	The following definitions apply in this Article:
22	(a)(1) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect at the time of the
23	decedent's death.
24	(b)(2) "Death taxes" means any estate, inheritance, succession, and similar
25	taxes imposed by any taxing authority, reduced by any applicable
26	credits against those taxes.
27	(c)(3) "Nonadverse trustee" means a trustee who would be deemed
28	nonadverse under section 672 of the Code.
29	(d)(4) "Total Net Assets" means, after the payment or provision for payment
30	of the decedent's funeral expenses, year's allowances to persons other
31	than to the surviving spouse, debts, claims, and administration
32	expenses, the sum of the following:
33	(1) <u>a.</u> All property to which the decedent had legal and equitable title
34	immediately prior to death;
35	(2) <u>b</u> . All property received by the decedent's personal representative
36	by reason of the decedent's death, other than wrongful death
37	proceeds;
38	(3) <u>c</u> . One-half of the value of any property held by the decedent and
39	the surviving spouse as tenants by the entirety, or as joint
40	tenants with rights of survivorship;
41	(4)d. The entire value of any interest in property held by the decedent
42	and another person, other than the surviving spouse, as joint

1		tenants with right of survivorship, except to the extent that
2 3	(5)	contribution can be proven by clear and convincing evidence;
	<del>(5)</del> <u>e.</u>	The value of any property which would be included in the
4		taxable estate of the decedent pursuant to sections 2033, 2035,
5		2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, or 2040 of the Code.
6	<del>(6)<u>f.</u></del>	Any donative transfers of property made by the decedent to
7		donees other than the surviving spouse within six months of the
8		decedent's death, excluding:
9		a. <u>1.</u> Any gifts within the annual exclusion provisions of
10		section 2503 of the Code;
11		b.2. Any gifts to which the surviving spouse consented. A
12		signing of a deed, or income or gift tax return reporting
13		such gift shall be considered consent; and
14		e. <u>3.</u> Any gifts made prior to marriage;
15	<del>(7)</del> <u>g.</u>	Any proceeds of any individual retirement account, pension or
16		profit-sharing plan, or any private or governmental retirement
17		plan or annuity of which the decedent controlled the designation
18		of beneficiary, excluding any benefits under the federal social
19		security system;
20	<del>(8)<u>h.</u></del>	
21		30-3.3; and
22	<del>(9)<u>i.</u></del>	In case of overlapping application of the same property under
23		more than one provision, the property shall be included only
24		once under the provision yielding the greatest value."
25		<b>7.</b> G.S. 40A-64(c) reads as rewritten:
26		r is to be allowed to remove any timber, building or other
27		nt of fixtures improvement, or fixtures from the property, the
28		be included in the compensation award, but the cost of removal
29		an element to be compensated."
30		<b>8.</b> G.S. 58-5-15 reads as rewritten:
31		deposit required upon admission.
32	-	do business in the State of North Carolina every foreign or alien
33		d marine, fidelity, surety or casualty company shall deposit with
34		curities in the amounts required under G.S. 58-5-5 and G.S.
35	58-5-10."	
36		<b>9.</b> G.S. 58-31-40(b) reads as rewritten:
37	<b>.</b> .	r other person authorized or directed by law to select a plan and
38	-	use of the State or any State institution shall receive and approve
39	-	bmitted to and approved by the Commissioner as to the safety of
40		from fire, including the property's occupants or contents. No
41		orized or directed by law to select a plan or erect a building
42	comprising 10,000 squ	are feet or or more for the use of any county, city, or school

43 district shall receive and approve of the plan until it is submitted to and approved by the

## SESSION 2001

1	Commissioner as to the safety of the proposed building from fire, including the		
2	property's occupants or contents."		
3	<b>SECTION 20.</b> The catch line of G.S. 59-31 reads as rewritten:		
4	"§ 59-31. Name of Article.North Carolina Uniform Partnership Act."		
5	SECTION 21.(a) G.S. 62A-22(a)(4) reads as rewritten:		
6	"(4) The Secretary of Commerce or the Secretary's State Chief		
7	Information Officer or the Chief Information Officer's designee,		
8	who shall serve as the chair."		
9	<b>SECTION 21.(b)</b> G.S. 120-123(57) reads as rewritten:		
10	"No member of the General Assembly may serve on any of the following boards or		
11	commissions:		
12			
13	(57) The Information Resource Management Commission, as established		
14	by <del>G.S. 143B-426.21.</del> <u>G.S. 147-33.78.</u>		
15			
16	SECTION 21.(c) Section 8 of S.L. 1997-148 is repealed.		
17	<b>SECTION 21.(d)</b> G.S. 126-5(c1)(17) reads as rewritten:		
18	"(c1) Except as to the provisions of Articles 6 and 7 of this Chapter, the provisions		
19	of this Chapter shall not apply to:		
20			
21	(17) The executive director of the independent staff of the Information		
22	Resources Management Commission established under G.S. 143B-		
23	472.41A. <u>G.S. 147-33.78.</u>		
24	$\mathbf{SECTION} 21 (\cdot) \subset \mathbb{S} + 142 52 1 = 1 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 5 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5$		
25 26	SECTION 21.(e) G.S. 143-52.1 reads as rewritten:		
26	"§ 143-52.1. Board of Awards.		
27 28	(a) There is created the Board of Awards. The Board shall consist of three members at a time appointed by the Chair of the Commission Members of the Board		
28 29	members at a time, appointed by the Chair of the Commission. Members of the Board		
29 30	shall be appointed on a rotating basis from the membership of the Commission and the Council of State. Two out of three members appointed for each meeting of the Board		
30 31	Council of State. Two out of three members appointed for each meeting of the Board		
32	<ul><li>shall constitute a quorum of the Board.</li><li>(b) The Board shall meet weekly as called by the Chair of the Commission,</li></ul>		
32 33	(b) The Board shall meet weekly as called by the Chair of the Commission, except in weeks when no contracts have been submitted to the Board for review.		
33 34	(c) When the dollar value of a contract exceeds the benchmark established either		
34 35			
35 36	pursuant to G.S. 143-53.1 or G.S. 143B-472.63, G.S. 147-33.101, the Board shall review		
30 37	and make a recommendation on action to be taken by the Secretary of Administration on contracts to be awarded under Article 3 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes and		
38	on contracts to be awarded by the Secretary of Commerce Chief Information Officer		
38 39	under Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General		
40	Statutes, prior to the awarding of the contract.		
40 41	(d) The State Budget Officer shall designate a secretary for the Board. The		
42	Secretaries Secretary of Administration and Commerce the State Chief Information		
43	<u>Officer</u> shall each submit their matters for consideration to the secretary for inclusion on		
.5	<u>Street</u> shall each submit their matters for consideration to the secretary for metasion on		

1 the Board's agenda. Records shall be kept of each meeting and made public by the 2 applicable-Secretary of Administration or Commerce-State Chief Information Officer, 3 as applicable unless the applicable Secretary of Administration or State Chief 4 Information Officer, as applicable, determines a specific record of the meeting needs to 5 be confidential due to the nature of the contract. The applicable Secretary of Administration or State Chief Information Officer, as applicable, may elect to proceed 6 7 with the award of a contract without a recommendation of the Board in cases of 8 emergencies or in the event that a Board is not available. In those cases, contracts 9 awarded without Board review shall be reported to the next meeting of the Board as a 10 matter of record. 11 (e) Reports on recommendations made by the Board on matters presented by the 12 Secretary of Commerce State Chief Information Officer to the Board shall be reported 13 monthly by the Board to the chairs of the Joint Select Committee on Information 14 Technology." 15 SECTION 21.(f) G.S. 143-56 reads as rewritten: 16 "§ 143-56. Certain purchases excepted from provisions of Article. 17 Unless as may otherwise be ordered by the Secretary of Administration, the purchase of supplies, materials and equipment through the Secretary of Administration 18 19 shall be mandatory in the following cases: 20 (1)Published books, manuscripts, maps, pamphlets and periodicals. 21 (2)Perishable articles such as fresh vegetables, fresh fish, fresh meat, 22 eggs, and others as may be classified by the Secretary of 23 Administration. 24 Purchase through the Secretary of Administration shall not be mandatory for 25 information technology purchased in accordance with Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 26 143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes, for a purchase of supplies, 27 materials or equipment for the General Assembly if the total expenditures is less than 28 the expenditure benchmark established under the provisions of G.S. 143-53.1, for group 29 purchases made by hospitals through a competitive bidding purchasing program, as 30 defined in G.S. 143-129, by the University of North Carolina Health Care System 31 pursuant to G.S. 116-37(h), by the University of North Carolina Hospitals at Chapel Hill 32 pursuant to G.S. 116-37(a)(4), by the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill on 33 behalf of the clinical patient care programs of the School of Medicine of the University 34 of North Carolina at Chapel Hill pursuant to G.S. 116-37(a)(4), or by East Carolina University on behalf of the Medical Faculty Practice Plan pursuant to G.S. 116-40.6(c). 35 36 All purchases of the above articles made directly by the departments, institutions and 37 agencies of the State government shall, whenever possible, be based on competitive 38 bids. Whenever an order is placed or contract awarded for such articles by any of the 39 departments, institutions and agencies of the State government, a copy of such order or 40 contract shall be forwarded to the Secretary of Administration and a record of the 41 competitive bids upon which it was based shall be retained for inspection and review."

42 **SECTION 21.(g)** G.S. 150B-21.1(a4) reads as rewritten:

1	"(a4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary		
2	of Commerce State Chief Information Officer may adopt temporary rules to implement		
3	the information technology procurement provisions of Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter		
4	143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes. After having the proposed		
5	temporary rule published in the North Carolina Register and at least 30 days prior to		
6	adopting a temporary rule pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary Officer shall:		
7	(1) Notify persons on its mailing list maintained pursuant to G.S.		
8	150B-21.2(d) and any other interested parties of its intent to adopt a		
9	temporary rule;		
10	(2) Accept oral and written comments on the proposed temporary rule;		
11	and		
12	(3) Hold at least one public hearing on the proposed temporary rule.		
13	When the Secretary Officer adopts a temporary rule pursuant to this subsection, the		
14	Secretary Officer must submit a reference to this subsection as the Secretary's Officer's		
15	statement of need to the Codifier of Rules.		
16	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the Codifer of Rules shall		
17	publish in the North Carolina Register a proposed temporary rule received from the		
18	Secretary Officer in accordance with this subsection."		
19	<b>SECTION 21.(h)</b> G.S. 150B-38(a) reads as rewritten:		
20	"(a) The provisions of this Article shall apply to the following agencies: apply to:		
21	(1) Occupational licensing agencies;		
22	(2) The State Banking Commission, the Commissioner of Banks, the		
23	Savings Institutions Division of the Department of Commerce, and the		
24	Credit Union Division of the Department of Commerce; and		
25	(3) The Department of Insurance and the Commissioner of		
26	Insurance. Insurance; and		
27	(4) The Department of Commerce State Chief Information Officer in the		
28	administration of the provisions of Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter		
29	143B-Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes."		
30	SECTION 22. G.S. 90-88(d) reads as rewritten:		
31	"(d) If any substance is designated, rescheduled or deleted as a controlled		
32	substance under federal law, the Commission shall similarly control or cease control of,		
33	the substance under this Article unless the Commission objects to such inclusion. The		
34	Commission, at its next regularly scheduled meeting that takes place 30 days after		
35	publication in the Federal Register of a final order scheduling a substance, shall		
36	determine either to adopt a rule to similarly control the substance under this Article or to		
37	object to such action. No rule-making notice or hearing as specified by Chapter 150B		
38	150B of the General Statutes is required if the Commission makes a decision to		
39	similarly control a substance. However, if the Commission makes a decision to object to		
40	adoption of the federal action, it shall initiate rule-making procedures pursuant to		
41	Chapter 150B of the General Statutes within 180 days of its decision to object."		
42	<b>SECTION 23.(a)</b> G.S. 93A-2 reads as rewritten:		

- 42 SECTION 23.(a) G.S. 93A-2 reads as rewritten:
- 43 "§ 93A-2. Definitions and exceptions.

#### **SESSION 2001**

A real estate broker within the meaning of this Chapter is any person, 1 (a) 2 partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business entity 3 who for a compensation or valuable consideration or promise thereof lists or offers to 4 list, sells or offers to sell, buys or offers to buy, auctions or offers to auction 5 (specifically not including a mere crier of sales), or negotiates the purchase or sale or 6 exchange of real estate, or who leases or offers to lease, or who sells or offers to sell 7 leases of whatever character, or rents or offers to rent any real estate or the improvement 8 thereon, for others.

9 (a1) The term broker-in-charge within the meaning of this Chapter shall mean 10 means a real estate broker who has been designated as the broker having responsibility 11 for the supervision of real estate salesperson salespersons engaged in real estate 12 brokerage at a particular real estate office and for other administrative and supervisory 13 duties as the Commission shall prescribe by rule.

14 (b) The term real estate salesperson within the meaning of this Chapter shall 15 mean and include any person who under the supervision of a real estate broker 16 designated as broker-in-charge of a real estate office, for a compensation or valuable 17 consideration is associated with or engaged by or on behalf of a licensed real estate 18 broker to do, perform or deal in any act, acts or transactions set out or comprehended by 19 the foregoing definition of real estate broker.

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(c) The provisions of this Chapter shall <u>do</u> not apply to and <u>shall <u>do</u> not include:</u>

- (1) Any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company,
  association, or other business entity who, as owner or lessor, shall
  perform any of the acts aforesaid with reference to property owned or
  leased by them, where the acts are performed in the regular course of
  or as incident to the management of that property and the investment
  therein.
- Any person acting as an attorney-in-fact under a duly executed power
   of attorney from the owner authorizing the final consummation of
   performance of any contract for the sale, lease or exchange of real
   estate.
  - (3) The acts or services of an attorney-at-law.
  - (4) Any person, while acting as a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian, administrator or executor or any person acting under order of any court.
  - (5) Any person, while acting as a trustee under a trust agreement, deed of trust or will, or his that person's regular salaried employees.
- 37 (6) Any salaried person employed by a licensed real estate broker, for and
  38 on behalf of the owner of any real estate or the improvements thereon,
  39 which the licensed broker has contracted to manage for the owner, if
  40 the salaried employee employee's employment is limited in his
  41 employment to: exhibiting units on the real estate to prospective
  42 tenants; providing the prospective tenants with information about the
  43 lease of the units; accepting applications for lease of the units;

1 2 3 4 5 6		completing and executing preprinted form leases; and accepting security deposits and rental payments for the units only when the deposits and rental payments are made payable to the owner or the broker employed by the owner. The salaried employee shall not negotiate the amount of security deposits or rental payments and shall not negotiate leases or any rental agreements on behalf of the owner or
0 7		not negotiate leases or any rental agreements on behalf of the owner or broker.
8	(7)	Any owner who personally leases or sells his the owner's own
9	~ /	property.
10	(8)	Any housing authority organized in accordance with the provisions of
11		Chapter 157 of the General Statutes and any regular salaried
12		employees of the housing authority when performing acts authorized
13		in this Chapter as to any property owned or leased by the housing
14		authority. This exception shall not apply to any person, partnership,
15		corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business
16 17		entity that contracts with a housing authority to sell or manage
17	SECT	property owned or leased by the housing authority." <b>(ION 23.(b)</b> G.S. 93A-6 reads as rewritten:
19		iplinary action by Commission.
20		Commission shall have has power to take disciplinary action. Upon its
21		or on the complaint of any person, the Commission may investigate the
22		erson or entity licensed under this Chapter, or any other person or entity
23	• •	ne to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a
24		lated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a
25	hearing on the a	llegations of misconduct.
26	The Commis	ssion shall have has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license
27		e provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any licensee, if,
28	following a hear	ring, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of:
29	(1)	Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or
30		negligent omission of material fact.
31	(2)	Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade,
32		or induce.
33	(3)	Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises
34 25	(A)	through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.
35 36	(4)	Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts.
30 37	(5)	Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate
38	$(\mathbf{J})$	salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this
39		Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her
40		broker-in-charge or licensed broker by whom he or she is employed.
41	(6)	Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker other than
42		the broker by whom he or she is engaged or associated, without the

1		express knowledge and consent of the broker with whom he or she is
2		associated.
3	(7)	Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any
4		moneys monies coming into his or her possession which belong to
5		others.
6	(8)	Being unworthy or incompetent to act as a real estate broker or
7		salesperson in a manner as to endanger the interest of the public.
8	(9)	Paying a commission or valuable consideration to any person for acts
9		or services performed in violation of this Chapter.
10	(10)	Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent or dishonest
11		dealing.
12	(11)	Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service, as set forth in
13	(10)	G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts constituting the practice of law.
14	(12)	Commingling the money or other property of his or her principals with
15		his or her own or failure to maintain and deposit in a trust or escrow
16 17		account in an insured bank or savings and loan association in North
17		Carolina all money received by him or her as a real estate licensee
18 19		acting in that capacity, or an escrow agent, or the temporary custodian of the funds of others, in a real estate transaction; provided, these
20		accounts shall not bear interest unless the principals authorize in
20 21		writing the deposit be made in an interest bearing account and also
22		provide for the disbursement of the interest accrued.
23	(13)	Failing to deliver, within a reasonable time, a completed copy of any
24	( - )	purchase agreement or offer to buy and sell real estate to the buyer and
25		to the seller.
26	(14)	Failing, at the time the transaction is consummated, to deliver to the
27		seller in every real estate transaction, a complete detailed closing
28		statement showing all of the receipts and disbursements handled by
29		him or her for the seller or failing to deliver to the buyer a complete
30		statement showing all money received in the transaction from the
31		buyer and how and for what it was disbursed.
32	(15)	
33		ve Director shall transmit a certified copy of all final orders of the
34		spending or revoking licenses issued under this Chapter to the clerk of
35	-	f the county in which the licensee maintains his or her principal place of
36		erk shall enter these orders upon the judgment docket of the county.
37 38		wing a hearing, the Commission shall also have power to suspend or
38 39	censure any lice	ense issued under the provisions of this Chapter or to reprimand or
39 40	(1)	The licensee has obtained a license by false or fraudulent
40 41	(1)	representation;
42	(2)	The licensee has been convicted or has entered a plea of guilty or no
43	(-)	contest upon which final judgment is entered by a court of competent

1		jurisdiction in this State, or any other state, of the criminal offenses of:	
2		embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretense, fraud, forgery,	
3		conspiracy to defraud, or any other offense involving moral turpitude	
4		which would reasonably affect the licensee's performance in the real	
5		estate business;	
6	(3)	The licensee has violated any of the provisions of G.S. 93A-6(a) when	
7		selling, leasing, or buying his the licensee's own property;	
8	(4)	The broker's unlicensed employee, who is exempt from the provisions	
9		of this Chapter under G.S. 93A-2(c)(6), has committed, in the regular	
10		course of business, any act which, if committed by the broker, would	
11		constitute a violation of G.S. 93A-6(a) for which the broker could be	
12		disciplined; or	
13	(5)	The licensee, who is also a State-licensed or State-certified real estate	
14		appraiser pursuant to Chapter 93E of the General Statutes, has violated	
15		any provisions of Chapter 93E of the General Statutes and has been	
16		reprimanded or has had his an appraiser license or certificate	
17		suspended or revoked by the Appraisal Board.	
18	(c) The C	Commission may appear in its own name in superior court in actions for	
19	injunctive relief	to prevent any person from violating the provisions of this Chapter or	
20	rules promulgat	ed by the Commission. The superior court shall have the power to grant	
21	these injunction	s even if criminal prosecution has been or may be instituted as a result	
22	of the violations, or whether the person is a licensee of the Commission.		
23	(d) Each	broker shall maintain complete records showing the deposit,	
24		nd withdrawal of money or other property owned by his the broker's	
25	principals or he	ld in escrow or in trust for his-the broker's principals. The Commission	
26	may inspect these records periodically, without prior notice and may also inspect these		
27	records whenever the Commission determines that they are pertinent to an investigation		
28	• •	complaint against a licensee.	
29	(e) When	n a person or entity licensed under this Chapter is accused of any act,	
30	omission, or m	isconduct which would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the	
31	licensee, with the	ne consent and approval of the Commission, may surrender his or its the	
32	license and all t	the rights and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time established	
33	by the Commis	ssion. A person or entity who surrenders his or its a license shall not	
34	thereafter be eli	gible for or submit any application for licensure as a real estate broker or	
35	salesperson dur	ing the period of license surrender."	
36	SEC	<b>FION 23.(c)</b> G.S. 93A-16 reads as rewritten:	
37	"§ 93A-16. Rea	al Estate Recovery Fund created; payment to fund; management.	
38	(a) There	e is hereby created a special fund to be known as the "Real Estate	
39	Recovery Fund	" which shall be set aside and maintained by the North Carolina Real	
40		sion. Said The fund shall be used in the manner provided under this	
41		payment of unsatisfied judgments where the aggrieved person has	
42		t monetary loss by reason of certain acts committed by any real estate	
43	broker or salesp	erson licensed under this Chapter.	

On September 1, 1979, the Commission shall transfer the sum of one hundred 1 (b) 2 thousand dollars (\$100,000) from its expense reserve fund to the Real Estate Recovery 3 Fund. Thereafter, the Commission may transfer to the Real Estate Recovery Fund 4 additional sums of money from whatever funds the Commission may have, provided 5 that, if on December 31 of any year the amount remaining in the fund is less than fifty 6 thousand dollars (\$50,000), the Commission may determine that each person or entity 7 licensed under this Chapter, when renewing his or its <u>a</u> license, shall pay in addition to 8 his the license renewal fee, a fee not to exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) per broker and five 9 dollars (\$5.00) per salesperson as shall be determined by the Commission for the 10 purpose of replenishing the fund.

11 (c) The Commission shall invest and reinvest the <u>moneys-monies</u> in the Real 12 Estate Recovery Fund in the same manner as provided by law for the investment of 13 funds by the clerk of superior court. The proceeds from such investments shall be 14 deposited to the credit of the fund.

15 (d) The Commission shall have the authority to adopt reasonable rules and 16 procedures not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to provide for the 17 orderly, fair and efficient administration and payment of monies held in the Real Estate 18 Recovery Fund."

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**SECTION 23.(d)** G.S. 93A-18 reads as rewritten:

#### 20 "§ 93A-18. Hearing; required showing.

Upon such application by an aggrieved person, the Commission shall conduct a hearing and the aggrieved person shall be required to show:show that the aggrieved person:

- (1) <u>He is Is not a spouse of the judgment debtor or a person representing</u>
   such the spouse; and
   (2) <u>He is Is making application not more than one year after termination of</u>
  - He is <u>Is</u> making application not more than one year after termination of all judicial proceedings, including appeals, in connection with the judgment;
    - (3) <u>He has Has complied with all requirements of this Article;</u>
    - (4) <u>He has Has</u> obtained a judgment as described in G.S. 93A-17, stating the amount owing thereon at the date of application;
    - (5) <u>He has Has made all reasonable searches and inquiries to ascertain</u> whether the judgment debtor is possessed of real or personal property or other assets liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment;
- 36 (6) That by such search he <u>After searching as described in subdivision (5)</u>
  37 <u>of this section, has discovered no real or personal property or other</u>
  38 assets liable to be sold or applied, or that he has discovered certain of
  39 them, describing them, but that the amount so realized was insufficient
  40 to satisfy the judgment, stating the amount realized and the balance
  41 remaining due on the judgment after application of the amount
  42 realized; and

- 1 (7)He has Has diligently pursued his remedies including attempted the 2 aggrieved person's remedies, which include attempting execution on 3 the judgment against all the judgment debtors debtors, which 4 execution has been returned unsatisfied. In addition to that, he knows 5 Knows of no assets of the judgment debtor and that he has attempted 6 collection from all other persons who may be liable to him in for the 7 transaction for which he the aggrieved person seeks payment from the 8 Real Estate Recovery Fund if there be any such other persons." 9 SECTION 23.(e) G.S. 93A-19 reads as rewritten:
- 10 "§ 93A-19. Response and defense by Commission and judgment debtor; proof of
   11 conversion.

12 (a) Whenever the Commission proceeds upon an application as set forth in this 13 Article, counsel for the Commission may defend such action on behalf of the fund and shall have recourse to all appropriate means of defense, including the examination of 14 15 witnesses. The judgment debtor may defend such action on his or her own behalf and 16 shall have recourse to all appropriate means of defense, including the examination of 17 witnesses. Counsel for the Commission and the judgment debtor may file responses to 18 the application, setting forth answers and defenses. Responses shall be filed with the 19 Commission and copies shall be served upon every party by the filing party. If at any 20 time it appears there are no triable issues of fact and the application for payment from 21 the fund is without merit, the Commission shall dismiss the application. A motion to 22 dismiss may be supported by affidavit of any person or persons having knowledge of 23 the facts and may be made on the basis that the application or the judgment referred to 24 therein do not form a basis for meritorious recovery within the purview of G.S. 93A-17, 25 that the applicant has not complied with the provisions of this Article, or that the 26 liability of the fund with regard to the particular licensee or transaction has been 27 exhausted; provided, however, notice of such the motion shall be given at least 10 days 28 prior to the time fixed for hearing. If the applicant or judgment debtor fails to appear at 29 the hearing after receiving notice of the hearing, the applicant or judgment debtor shall 30 waive his or her rights waives the person's rights unless the absence is excused by the 31 Commission.

32 (b) Whenever the judgment obtained by an applicant is by default, stipulation, or 33 consent, or whenever the action against the licensee was defended by a trustee in 34 bankruptcy, the applicant, for purposes of this Article, shall have the burden of proving 35 <u>his-the</u> cause of action for conversion of trust funds. Otherwise, the judgment shall 36 create a rebuttable presumption of the conversion of trust funds. This presumption is a 37 presumption affecting the burden of producing evidence."

38

SECTION 23.(f) G.S. 93A-22 reads as rewritten:

### 39 "§ 93A-22. Repayment to fund; automatic suspension of license.

40 Should the Commission pay from the Real Estate Recovery Fund any amount in 41 settlement of a claim or toward satisfaction of a judgment against a licensed real estate 42 broker or salesperson, the license of the broker or salesperson shall be automatically 43 suspended upon the effective date of the order authorizing payment from the fund. No

1	such broker or salesperson shall be granted a reinstatement until he has the fund has				
2	been repaid in full, plus including interest at the legal rate as provided for in G.S. 24-1,				
3	the amount paid from the Real Estate Recovery Fund. G.S. 24-1."				
4	SECTION 23.(g) G.S. 93A-23 reads as rewritten:				
5	"§ 93A-23. Subrogation of rights.				
6	When the Commission has paid from the Real Estate Recovery Fund any sum to the				
7	judgment creditor, the Commission shall be subrogated to all of the rights of the				
8	judgment creditor to the extent of the amount so paid and the judgment creditor shall				
9	assign all his right, title, and interest in the judgment to the extent of the amount so paid				
10	to the Commission and any amount and interest so recovered by the Commission on the				
11	judgment shall be deposited in the Real Estate Recovery Fund."				
12	<b>SECTION 23.(h)</b> G.S. 93A-25 reads as rewritten:				
13	"§ 93A-25. Persons ineligible to recover from fund.				
14	No real estate broker or real estate salesperson who suffers the loss of any				
15	commission from any transaction in which he or she was acting in the capacity of a real				
16	estate broker or real estate salesperson shall be entitled to make application for payment				
17	from the Real Estate Recovery Fund for such the loss."				
18	<b>SECTION 23.(i)</b> G.S. 93A-42 reads as rewritten:				
19	"§ 93A-42. Time shares deemed real estate.				
20	(a) A time share is deemed to be an interest in real estate, and shall be governed				
21	by the law of this State relating to real estate.				
22	(b) A purchaser of a time share may in accordance with G.S. 47-18 register the				
23	time share instrument by which he the purchaser acquired his the interest and upon such				
24	registration shall be entitled to the protection provided by Chapter 47 of the General				
25	Statutes for the recordation of other real property instruments. A time share instrument				
26	transferring or encumbering a time share shall not be rejected for recordation because of				
27	the nature or duration of that estate, provided all other requirements necessary to make				
28	an instrument recordable are complied with.				
29 30	(c) The developer shall record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument:				
30 31	(1) Not less than six days nor more than 45 days following the execution of the contract of sele by the purchaser: or				
32	<ul><li>of the contract of sale by the purchaser; or</li><li>(2) Not later than 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale</li></ul>				
33	(2) Not later than 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale by the purchaser, provided that all payments made by the purchaser				
33 34	shall be placed by the developer with an independent escrow agent				
35	upon the expiration of the 10-day escrow period provided by G.S.				
36	93A-45(c).				
30 37	(d) The independent escrow agent provided by G.S. 93A-42(c)(2) shall deposit				
38	and maintain the purchaser's payments in an insured trust or escrow account in a bank or				
39	savings and loan association located in this State. The trust or escrow account may be				
40	interest-bearing and the interest earned shall belong to the developer, if agreed upon in				
41	writing by the purchaser; Provided, however, if the time share instrument is not				
42	recorded within the time periods specified in this section, then the interest earned shall				
43	belong to the purchaser. The independent escrow agent shall return all payments to the				
-					

purchaser at the expiration of 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale 1 2 by the purchaser, unless prior to that time the time share instrument has been recorded. 3 However, if prior to the expiration of 180 days following the execution of the contract 4 of sale, the developer and the purchaser provide their written consent to the independent 5 escrow agent, the developer's obligation to record the time share instrument and the 6 escrow period may be extended for an additional period of 120 days. Upon recordation 7 of the time share instrument, the independent escrow agent shall pay the purchaser's 8 funds to the developer. Upon request by the Commission, the independent escrow agent 9 shall promptly make available to the Commission inspection of records of money held 10 by him.the independent escrow agent. 11 In no event shall the developer be required to record a time share instrument (e) 12 if the purchaser is in default of his the purchaser's obligations. 13 (f) Recordation under the provisions of this section of the time share instrument 14 shall constitute delivery of that instrument from the developer to the purchaser." 15 **SECTION 23.(j)** G.S. 93A-45(d) reads as rewritten: 16 "(d) If a developer fails to provide a purchaser to whom a time share is transferred 17 with the statement as required by subsection (a), the purchaser, in addition to any rights 18 to damages or other relief, is entitled to receive from the developer an amount equal to 19 ten percent (10%) of the sales price of the time share not to exceed three thousand 20 dollars (\$3,000). A receipt signed by the purchaser stating that he-the purchaser has 21 received the statement required by subsection (a) is prima facie evidence of delivery of 22 such-the statement." 23 **SECTION 23.(k)** G.S. 93A-48 reads as rewritten: 24 "§ 93A-48. Exchange programs. 25 (a) If a purchaser is offered the opportunity to subscribe to any exchange program, the developer shall, except as provided in subsection (b), deliver to the 26 27 purchaser, prior to the execution of (i) any contract between the purchaser and the 28 exchange company, and (ii) the sales contract, at least the following information 29 regarding such the exchange program: 30 The name and address of the exchange company; (1)31 The names of all officers, directors, and shareholders owning five (2)32 percent (5%) or more of the outstanding stock of the exchange 33 company; 34 Whether the exchange company or any of its officers or directors has (3) 35 any legal or beneficial interest in any developer or managing agent for 36 any time share project participating in the exchange program and, if so, 37 the name and location of the time share project and the nature of the 38 interest: 39 (4) Unless the exchange company is also the developer a statement that 40 the purchaser's contract with the exchange company is a contract

41 separate and distinct from the sales contract;

1	(5)	Whether the purchaser's participation in the exchange program is
2		dependent upon the continued affiliation of the time share project with
3		the exchange program;
4	(6)	Whether the purchaser's membership or participation, or both, in the
5		exchange program is voluntary or mandatory;
6	(7)	A complete and accurate description of the terms and conditions of the
7		purchaser's contractual relationship with the exchange company and
8		the procedure by which changes thereto may be made;
9	(8)	A complete and accurate description of the procedure to qualify for
10		and effectuate exchanges;
11	(9)	A complete and accurate description of all limitations, restrictions, or
12	(-)	priorities employed in the operation of the exchange program,
13		including, but not limited to, limitations on exchanges based on
14		seasonality, unit size, or levels of occupancy, expressed in boldfaced
15		type, and, in the event that such limitations, restrictions, or priorities
16		are not uniformly applied by the exchange program, a clear description
17		of the manner in which they are applied;
18	(10)	Whether exchanges are arranged on a space available basis and
19	(10)	whether any guarantees of fulfillment of specific requests for
20		exchanges are made by the exchange program;
20	(11)	Whether and under what circumstances an owner, in dealing with the
22	(11)	exchange company, may lose the use and occupancy of his-the owner's
23		time share in any properly applied for exchange without his being
24		provided with substitute accommodations by the exchange company;
25	(12)	The expenses, fees or range of fees for participation by owners in the
26	(12)	exchange program, a statement whether any such fees may be altered
27		by the exchange company, and the circumstances under which
28		alterations may be made;
29	(13)	The name and address of the site of each time share project or other
30	(15)	property which is participating in the exchange program;
31	(14)	The number of units in each project or other property participating in
32	(14)	the exchange program which are available for occupancy and which
33		qualify for participation in the exchange program, expressed within the
34		following numerical groupings, 1-5, 6-10, 11-20, 21-50 and 51, and
35		over;
36	(15)	The number of owners with respect to each time share project or other
30	(13)	property which are eligible to participate in the exchange program
38		expressed within the following numerical groupings, 1-100, 101-249,
39 40		250-499, 500-999, and 1,000 and over, and a statement of the criteria
		used to determine those owners who are currently eligible to
41	(16)	participate in the exchange program;
42	(16)	The disposition made by the exchange company of time shares
43		deposited with the exchange program by owners eligible to participate

1		in the exchange program and not used by the exchange company in
2	(17)	effecting exchanges;
3	(17)	The following information which, except as provided in subsection (b)
4		below, shall be independently audited by a certified public accountant
5		in accordance with the standards of the Accounting Standards Board of
6		the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and reported
7		for each year no later than July 1, of the succeeding year:
8		a. The number of owners enrolled in the exchange program and
9		such numbers shall disclose the relationship between the
10		exchange company and owners as being either fee paying or
11		gratuitous in nature;
12		b. The number of time share projects or other properties eligible to
13		participate in the exchange program categorized by those
14		having a contractual relationship between the developer or the
15		association and the exchange company and those having solely
16		a contractual relationship between the exchange company and
17		owners directly;
18		c. The percentage of confirmed exchanges, which shall be the
19		number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange company
20		divided by the number of exchanges properly applied for,
21		together with a complete and accurate statement of the criteria
22		used to determine whether an exchange requested was properly
23		applied for;
24		d. The number of time shares or other intervals for which the
25		exchange company has an outstanding obligation to provide an
26		exchange to an owner who relinquished a time share or interval
27		during the year in exchange for a time share or interval in any
28		future year; and
29		e. The number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange company
30		during the year; and
31	(18)	A statement in boldfaced type to the effect that the percentage
32		described in subparagraph (17)c. of subsection (a)sub-subdivision c. of
33		subdivision (17) of this subsection is a summary of the exchange
34		requests entered with the exchange company in the period reported and
35		that the percentage does not indicate a purchaser's/owner's
36		probabilities of being confirmed to any specific choice or range of
37		choices, since availability at individual locations may vary.
38	The purchas	er shall certify in writing to the receipt of the information required by
39	-	and any other information which the Commissioners Commission may
40	by rule require.	-                                   •
41	* 1	nformation required by subdivisions (a), (2), (3), (13), (14), (15), and
12		ourste as of December 31 of the year preceding the year in which the

42 (17) shall be accurate as of December 31 of the year preceding the year in which the 43 information is delivered, except for information delivered within the first 180 days of

any calendar year which shall be accurate as of December 31 of the year two years
preceding the year in which the information is delivered to the purchaser. The remaining
information required by subsection (a) shall be accurate as of a date which is no more
than 30 days prior to the date on which the information is delivered to the purchaser.

5 (c) In the event an exchange company offers an exchange program directly to the 6 purchaser or owner, the exchange company shall deliver to each purchaser or owner, 7 concurrently with the offering and prior to the execution of any contract between the 8 purchaser or owner and the exchange company the information set forth in subsection 9 (a) above. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to any renewal of a 10 contract between an owner and an exchange company.

11 (d) All promotional brochures, pamphlets, advertisements, or other materials 12 disseminated by the exchange company to purchasers in this State which contain the 13 percentage of confirmed exchanges described in (a)(17)c. must include the statement set 14 forth in (a)(18)."

15

**SECTION 23.(I)** G.S. 93A-54 reads as rewritten:

#### 16 "§ 93A-54. Disciplinary action by Commission.

17 (a) The Commission shall have<u>has</u> power to take disciplinary action. Upon its 18 own motion, or on the verified complaint of any person, the Commission may 19 investigate the actions of any time share salesperson, developer, or project broker of a 20 time share project registered under this Article, or any other person or entity who shall 21 assume to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a time share 22 salesperson, developer, or project broker has violated any of the provisions of this 23 Article, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.

The Commission shall have<u>has</u> the power to suspend or revoke at any time a real estate license issued to a time share salesperson or project broker, or a certificate of registration of a time share project issued to a developer; or to reprimand or censure such salesperson, developer, or project broker; or to fine such developer in the amount of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each violation of this Article, if, after a hearing, the Commission adjudges either the salesperson, developer, or project broker to be guilty of:

31 (1)Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent omission of material fact about any time share or time share 32 33 project; 34 Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, (2)35 or induce: 36 Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises (3) 37 through agents, salesperson, advertising or otherwise; 38 Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for all money received (4) 39 from others in a time share transaction, and failing to remit such 40 monies as may be required in G.S. 93A-45 of this Article; 41 Acting as a time share salesperson or time share developer in a manner (5) 42

1	(6)	Paying a commission, salary, or other valuable consideration to any
2		person for acts or services performed in violation of this Article;
2 3	(7)	Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent, or
4		dishonest dealing;
5	(8)	Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service as set forth in
6		G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts not specifically set forth in that section;
7	(9)	Failing to deposit and maintain in a trust or escrow account in an
8		insured bank or savings and loan association in North Carolina all
9		money received from others in a time share transaction as may be
10		required in G.S. 93A-45 of this Article or failing to place with an
11		independent escrow agent the funds of a time share purchaser when
12		required by G.S. 93A-42(c);
13	(10)	Failing to deliver to a purchaser a public offering statement containing
14		the information required by G.S. 93A-44 and any other disclosures that
15		the Commission may by regulation require;
16	(11)	Failing to comply with the provisions of Chapter 75 of the General
17		Statutes in the advertising or promotion of time shares for sale, or
18		failing to assure such compliance by persons engaged on behalf of a
19		developer;
20	(12)	Failing to comply with the provisions of G.S. 93A-48 in furnishing
21		complete and accurate information to purchasers concerning any
22		exchange program which may be offered to such purchaser;
23	(13)	Making any false or fraudulent representation on an application for
24		registration;
25	(14)	Violating any rule or regulation promulgated by the Commission;
26	(15)	Failing to record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument as
27		required by G.S. 93A-42(c), or failing to provide a purchaser the
28		protection against liens required by G.S. 93A-57(a); or
29	(16)	Failing as a time share project broker to exercise reasonable and
30		adequate supervision of the conduct of sales at his a project or location
31		by the brokers and salespersons under his the time share project
32		broker's control.
33		elear proceeds of fines collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
34		ed to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S.
35	115C-457.2.	
36		wing a hearing, the Commission shall also have power to suspend or
37	•	tificate of registration issued under the provisions of this Article or to
38	-	ensure any developer when the registrant has been convicted or has
39	-	f guilty or no contest upon which final judgment is entered by a court of
40		diction in this State, or any other state, of the criminal offenses of:
41		obtaining money under false pretense, fraud, forgery, conspiracy to
42		other offense involving moral turpitude which would reasonably affect
43	the developer's	performance in the time share business.

1 (c) The Commission may appear in its own name in superior court in actions for 2 injunctive relief to prevent any person or entity from violating the provisions of this 3 Article or rules promulgated by the Commission. The superior court shall have the 4 power to grant these injunctions even if criminal prosecution has been or may be 5 instituted as a result of the violations, or regardless of whether the person or entity has 6 been registered by the Commission.

7 (d) Each developer shall maintain or cause to be maintained complete records of 8 every time share transaction including records pertaining to the deposit, maintenance, 9 and withdrawal of money required to be held in a trust or escrow account, or as 10 otherwise required by the Commission, under G.S. 93A-45 of this Article. The 11 Commission may inspect these records periodically without prior notice and may also 12 inspect these records whenever the Commission determines that they are pertinent to an 13 investigation of any specific complaint against a registrant.

14 (e) When a licensee is accused of any act, omission, or misconduct under this 15 Article which would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the licensee may, with 16 the consent and approval of the Commission, surrender his or its the licensee's license 17 and all the rights and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time to be established by 18 the Commission. A licensee who surrenders his or its a license shall not be eligible for, 19 or submit any application for, licensure as a real estate broker or salesperson or 20 registration of a time share project during the period of license surrender. For the 21 purposes of this section, the term licensee shall include a time share developer."

22

**SECTION 23.(m)** G.S. 93A-58 reads as rewritten:

### 23 "§ 93A-58. Registrar required; criminal penalties; project broker.

(a) Every developer of a registered project shall, by affidavit filed with the Commission, designate a natural person to serve as time share registrar for its registered projects. The registrar shall be responsible for the recordation of time share instruments and the release of liens required by G.S. 93A-42(c) and G.S. 93A-57(a). A developer may, from time to time, change the designated time share registrar by proper filing with the Commission and by otherwise complying with this subsection. No sales or offers to sell shall be made until the registrar is designated for a time share project.

The registrar has the duty to ensure that the provisions of this Article are complied with in a time share project for which <u>he the person</u> is registrar. No registrar shall record a time share instrument except as provided by this Article.

(b) A time share registrar shall be is guilty of a Class I felony if he or she
 knowingly or recklessly fails to record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument
 as required by this Article.

A person responsible as general partner, corporate officer, joint venturer or sole proprietor of the developer of a time share project shall be is guilty of a Class I felony if <u>he-the person</u> intentionally allows the offering for sale or the sale of time share to purchasers without first designating a time share registrar.

41 (c) The developer shall designate for each project and other locations where time 42 shares are sold or offered for sale a project broker. The project broker shall act as 43 supervising broker for all persons licensed as salespersons at the project or other

location and shall directly, personally, and actively supervise all persons licensed as 1 2 brokers or salespersons at the project or other location in a manner to reasonably ensure 3 that the sale of time shares will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this 4 Chapter." 5 SECTION 24. G.S. 96-35(b) reads as rewritten: 6 "(b) The Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management shall report to the 7 Governor and to the General Assembly upon the convening of each biennial session, its 8 evaluation of and recommendations regarding job training, education, and placement 9 programs for which data was provided to the CFS." 10 SECTION 25. G.S. 105-357(b)(2) reads as rewritten: 11 Penalty. - In addition to interest for nonpayment of taxes provided by "(2) 12 G.S. 105-360 and in addition to any criminal penalties provided by law 13 for the giving of worthless checks, the penalty for giving in payment of 14 taxes a check that is returned because of insufficient funds or 15 nonexistence of an account of the drawer is ten percent (10%) of the 16 amount of the check, subject to a minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a 17 maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). This penalty does not 18 apply if the tax collector finds that, when the check was presented for 19 payment, the drawer of the check had sufficient funds in an account at 20 a financial institution in this State to pay the check and, by 21 inadvertance, inadvertence, the drawer of the check failed to draw the 22 check on the account that had sufficient funds. This penalty shall be 23 added to and collected in the same manner as the taxes for which the 24 check was given." 25 **SECTION 26.** G.S. 116D-4(b) reads as rewritten: 26 Participation in providing professional services. Participation in Providing "(b) Professional Services. - The Department of State Treasurer shall provide contracting

27 28 opportunities for historically underutilized businesses in providing professional services 29 in connection with the issuance of bonds and notes authorized by this section. As used 30 in this subsection, the term `historically underutilized business' means a business 31 described in G.S. 143-48. The Department of State Treasurer shall strive to increase the 32 amount of legal, financial, and other professional services acquired by it from 33 historically underutilized businesses. With the assistance of the Office for Historically 34 Underutilized Businesses in the Department of Administration, the Department of State 35 Treasurer shall set objectives for contracting with these businesses, identify and 36 eliminate barriers or constraints that may restrict these businesses from contracting with 37 the Department, and develop a plan for meeting its objectives. The Department of State 38 Treasurer shall report quarterly to the Office for Historically Underutilized Businesses 39 on its progress in carrying out the requirements of this subsection."

40

**SECTION 27.** G.S. 116D-11(g) reads as rewritten:

41 "(g) University Improvement Bonds Fund. – The proceeds of university
42 improvement general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any,
43 except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond

anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the
 State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated 'University Improvement Bonds
 Fund'. Moneys in the University Improvement Bonds Fund shall be used for the
 purposes set forth in this Article.

5 Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the 6 United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source 7 to aid in financing the cost of any university improvements authorized by this Article 8 may be placed by the State Treasurer in the University Improvement Bonds Fund or in a 9 separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of 10 the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act. Article.

11 The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes may be 12 used with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of 13 university improvements, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, 14 whether previously made available or which may be made available after the effective 15 date of this Article. The proceeds of university improvement bonds and notes shall be 16 expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the 17 Budget. The funds provided by this Article for university improvements shall be 18 disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants drawn on the State 19 Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition 20 has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be 21 approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 22 143 of the General Statutes."

23

**SECTION 28.** G.S. 116D-46(g) reads as rewritten:

24 "(g) Community College Bonds Fund. – The proceeds of community college 25 general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the 26 proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes 27 or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a 28 special fund to be designated 'Community College Bonds Fund'. Moneys in the 29 Community College Bonds Fund shall be used for the purposes set forth in this Article.

Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any community college capital facilities authorized by this Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the Community College Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act. Article.

36 The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes may be used 37 with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of 38 grants to community colleges for capital facilities, including the proceeds of any other 39 State bond issues, whether previously made available or which may be made available 40 after the effective date of this Article. The proceeds of community college bonds and 41 notes shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the 42 Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this Article for grants to community 43 colleges shall be disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants

drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn 1 2 until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition 3 shall be approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of 4 Chapter 143 of the General Statutes." 5 SECTION 29. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 122C-269(b) reads as rewritten: An official of the facility shall immediately notify the clerk of superior court 6 "(b) 7 of the county in which the facility is located of a determination to hold the respondent 8 pending hearing. That clerk shall request transmittal of all documents pertinent to the 9 proceedings from the clerk of superior court where the proceedings were initiated. The 10 requesting clerk shall assume all duties set forth in G.S. 122C-264. The counsel for 11 indigent respondents the counsel-provided for in G.S. 122C-268(d) shall be appointed in 12 accordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense Services." 13 SECTION 30.(a) G.S. 126-5(a)(2) reads as rewritten: To all <u>All</u> employees of the following local entities: 14 "(2) 15 Area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance a. 16 abuse authorities. 17 b. Local social services departments. 18 Local public health departments. c. 19 d. Local emergency management agencies that receive federal 20 grant-in-aid funds. 21 An employee of a consolidated county human services agency created 22 pursuant to G.S. 153A-77(b) is not considered an employee of an 23 entity listed in this subdivision." 24 **SECTION 30.(b)** G.S. 126-5(c1) reads as rewritten: 25 "(c1) Except as to the provisions of Articles 6 and 7 of this Chapter, the provisions 26 of this Chapter shall not apply to: 27 Constitutional officers of the State. (1)28 (2)Officers and employees of the Judicial Department. 29 Officers and employees of the General Assembly. (3)30 Members of boards, committees, commissions, councils, and advisory (4)31 councils compensated on a per diem basis. 32 Officials or employees whose salaries are fixed by the General (5) 33 Assembly, or by the Governor, or by the Governor and Council of 34 State, or by the Governor subject to the approval of the Council of 35 State. 36 Employees of the Office of the Governor that the Governor, at any (6)37 time, in his-the Governor's discretion, exempts from the application of 38 the provisions of this Chapter by means of a letter to the State 39 Personnel Director designating these employees. Employees of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, that the 40 (7)41 Lieutenant Governor, at any time, in his-the Lieutenant Governor's 42 discretion, exempts from the application of the provisions of this

1			Chapter by means of a letter to the State Personnel Director
2			designating these employees.
3		(8)	Instructional and research staff, physicians, and dentists of The
4			University of North Carolina.
5		(9)	Employees whose salaries are fixed under the authority vested in the
6			Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina by the
7			provisions of G.S. 116-11(4), 116-11(5), and 116-14.
8		(10)	Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 84, s. 1.
9		(11)	North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics' employees whose
10			salaries are fixed in accordance with the provisions of G.S.
11			116-235(c)(1) and G.S. 116-235(c)(2).
12		(12)	Employees of the North Carolina Low-Level Radioactive Waste
13		()	Management Authority whose salaries are fixed pursuant to G.S.
14			104G-5(g)(1) and G.S. $104G-5(g)(2)$ .
15		(13)	Employees of the North Carolina Hazardous Waste Management
16			Commission whose salaries are fixed pursuant to G.S. $130B-6(g)(1)$
17			and G.S. 130B-6(g)(2).
18		(14)	Employees of the North Carolina State Ports Authority.
19		(15)	Employees of the North Carolina Global TransPark Authority.
20		(16)	The executive director and one associate director of the North Carolina
21			Center for Nursing established under Article 9F of Chapter 90 of the
22			General Statutes.
23		(17)	The executive director of the independent staff of the Information
24			Resources Management Commission established under G.S.
25			143B-472.41A.
26		(18)	Employees of the Tobacco Trust Fund Commission established in
27			Article 75 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
28		(19)	Employees of the Health and Wellness Trust Fund Commission
29			established in Article 21 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes.
30		(20)	Employees of the North Carolina Rural Redevelopment Authority
31			created in Part 2D of Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General
32			Statutes."
33		SEC	<b>FION 31.</b> G.S. $131D-2(b)(1)$ reads as rewritten:
34	"(b)		sure; inspections. –
35		(1)	The Department of Health and Human Services shall inspect and
36			license, under rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission, all
37			adult care homes for persons who are aged or mentally or physically
38			disabled except those exempt in subsection (c) of this section. Licenses
39			issued under the authority of this section shall be valid for one year
40			from the date of issuance unless revoked earlier by the Secretary for
41			failure to comply with any part of this section or any rules adopted
42			hereunder adult care. hereunder. Licenses shall be renewed annually
43			upon filing and the Department's approval of the renewal application.

1	A lic	ense shall not be renewed if outstanding fines and penalties			
2	impos	sed by the State against the home have not been paid. Fines and			
2 3	penal	ties for which an appeal is pending are exempt from			
4	consideration. The renewal application shall contain all necessary and				
5	reasonable information that the Department may by rule require.				
6		ot as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the Department may			
7		d a license by reducing it from a full license to a provisional			
8		e for a period of not more than 90 days whenever the Department			
9	finds				
10	a.	The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the			
10	u.	provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the General			
12		Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these Articles;			
12	b.	There is a reasonable probability that the licensee can remedy			
13	υ.	the licensure deficiencies within a reasonable length of time;			
14		and			
15	0				
	c.	There is a reasonable probability that the licensee will be able thereafter to remain in compliance with the licensum rules for			
17		thereafter to remain in compliance with the licensure rules for			
18	T1. T	the foreseeable future.			
19		Department may extend a provisional license for not more than			
20		dditional 90-day period upon finding that the licensee has made			
21		antial progress toward remedying the licensure deficiencies that			
22		d the license to be reduced to provisional status.			
23	The L	Department may revoke a license whenever:			
24	a.	The Department finds that:			
25		1. The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the			
26		provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the			
27		General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these			
28		Articles; and			
29		2. It is not reasonably probable that the licensee can remedy			
30		the licensure deficiencies within a reasonable length of			
31		time; or			
32	b.	The Department finds that:			
33		1. The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the			
34		provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the			
35		General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these			
36		Articles; and			
37		2. Although the licensee may be able to remedy the			
38		deficiencies within a reasonable time, it is not reasonably			
39		probable that the licensee will be able to remain in			
40		compliance with licensure rules for the foreseeable			
41		future; or			
42	c.	The Department finds that the licensee has failed to comply			
43		with the provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the			
		the provisions of radiates 1 and 5 of chapter 151D of the			

1General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these2Articles, and the failure to comply endangered the health,3safety, or welfare of the patients in the facility.

4 The Department may also issue a provisional license to a facility, 5 pursuant to rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission, for 6 substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this section or rules 7 adopted pursuant to this section. Any facility wishing to contest the 8 issuance of a provisional license shall be entitled to an administrative 9 hearing as provided in the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 10 150B of the General Statutes. A petition for a contested case shall be 11 filed within 30 days after the Department mails written notice of the 12 issuance of the provisional license."

13

**SECTION 32.** G.S. 143B-434(b) reads as rewritten:

14 "(b) Membership. - The Economic Development Board shall consist of 36 15 members. The Secretary of Commerce shall serve ex officio as a member and as the 16 secretary of the Economic Development Board. Four members of the House of 17 Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, four members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the 18 19 President of The University of North Carolina, or designee, the President of the North 20 Carolina Community College System, or designee, the Secretary of State, and the President of the Senate (or the designee of the President of the Senate), shall serve as 21 22 members of the Board. The Governor shall appoint the remaining 23 members of the 23 Board, provided that effective Board. Effective with the terms beginning July 1, 1997, 24 one of those the Governor's appointees shall be a representative of a nonprofit 25 organization involved in economic development and two of those-the Governor's 26 appointees shall be county economic development representatives. The Governor shall 27 designate a chair and a vice-chair from among the members of the Board. Appointments 28 to the Board made by the Governor for terms beginning July 1, 1997, and appointments 29 to the Board made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President Pro 30 Tempore of the Senate for terms beginning July 9, 1993, should reflect the ethnic and 31 gender diversity of the State as nearly as practical.

The initial appointments to the Board shall be for terms beginning on July 9, 1993. Of the initial appointments made by the Governor, the terms shall expire July 1, 1997. Of the initial appointments made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate two appointments of each shall be designated to expire on July 1, 1995; the remaining terms shall expire July 1, 1997. Thereafter, all appointments shall be for a term of four years. The appointing officer shall make a replacement appointment to serve for the

39 unexpired term in the case of a vacancy.

The members of the Economic Development Board shall receive per diem and necessary travel and subsistence expenses payable to members of State Boards and agencies generally pursuant to G.S. 138-5 and [G.S.] G.S. 138-6, as the case may be. The members of the Economic Development Board who are members of the General

Assembly shall not receive per diem but shall receive necessary travel and subsistence
 expenses at rates prescribed by G.S. 120-3.1."

**SECTION 33.** G.S. 143B-456.1(e) reads as rewritten:

4 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Authority may agree that all "(e) 5 contracts relating to the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the 6 special user project shall be solicited, negotiated, awarded and executed by the private 7 party or parties for which the Authority is financing the special user project or their 8 agents subject only to such approvals by the Authority as the Authority may require. 9 The Authority may, out of the proceeds of bonds or notes, make advances to or 10 reimburse such private parties or such agents for all or a portion of the costs incurred in 11 connection with such contracts. The provisions of Section-G.S. 143B-463 of this Part 12 shall have no application to funds and moneys derived pursuant to this section."

13

3

SECTION 34. G.S. 147-33.85(b) reads as rewritten:

14 "(b) The Office shall coordinate with the Office of State Budget, Planning, and 15 Management and the Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management to integrate 16 agency strategic and business planning, technology planning and budgeting, and project 17 expenditure processes into the Office's information technology portfolio-based 18 management. The Office shall provide recommendations for agency annual budget 19 requests for information technology investments, projects, and initiatives to the Office 20 of State Budget, Planning, and Management."

21 SECTION 35. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 159D-23 reads as rewritten:

22 "§ 159D-23. Application of Article 9 of Chapter 25.

Article 9 of Chapter 25 of the General Statutes applies to transactions under this Chapter.

25 <del>G.S</del>

#### G.S. Article as if G.S.".

SECTION 36. G.S. 160A-37(f1) and (f2) read as rewritten:

"(f1) Property Subject to Present-Use Value Appraisal. – If an area described in an
 annexation ordinance includes agricultural land, horticultural land, or forestland that
 <u>meets either of the conditions listed below</u> on the effective date of annexation is:
 <u>annexation, then the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to</u>
 <u>subsection (f2) of this section:</u>

32 33

26

(1) <u>The land</u> is being taxed at present-use value pursuant to G.S. <del>105</del>-277.4; or <u>105-277.4</u>.

- 34
- (2) <u>The land meets both of the following conditions:</u>
- 35a.Was on On the date of the resolution of intent for annexation it36was being used for actual production and is eligible for37present-use value taxation under G.S. 105-277.4, but had not38been in use for actual production for the required time under39G.S. 105-277.3; and 105-277.3.
- 40b.The assessor for the county where the land subject to41annexation is located has certified to the city that the land meets42the requirements of this subdivision subdivision.

1 2	the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to subsection (f2) of this section
2 3	section. (f2) Effective Date of Annexation for Certain Property. – Annexation of property
3 4	
	subject to annexation under subsection (f1) of this section shall become effective:
5	becomes effective as provided in this subsection.
6	(1) Upon the effective date of the annexation ordinance, the property is
7	considered part of the city only (i) for the purpose of establishing city
8	boundaries for additional annexations pursuant to this Article and (ii)
9	for the exercise of city authority pursuant to Article 19 of this Chapter.
10	(2) For all other purposes, the annexation becomes effective as to each
11	tract of the property or part thereof on the last day of the month in
12	which that tract or part thereof becomes ineligible for classification
13	pursuant to G.S. $105-227.4$ or no longer meets the
14	requirements of subdivision $(f1)(2)$ of this section. Until annexation of
15	a tract or a part of a tract becomes effective pursuant to this
16	subdivision, the tract or part of a tract is not subject to taxation by the
17	city under Article 12 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes nor is the
18	tract or part of a tract entitled to services provided by the city."
19	SECTION 37. G.S. 160A-300.1(d) reads as rewritten:
20	"(d) This act applies to the Cities of Charlotte, Fayetteville, Greensboro, High
21	Point, Rocky Mount, Wilmington, Greenville, and Lumberton, Greenville, High Point,
22	Lumberton, Rocky Mount, and Wilmington and the Towns of Chapel Hill, Cornelius,
23	Huntersville, Matthews, and Pineville only."
24	SECTION 38.(a) G.S. 1-209.1 reads as rewritten:
25	"§ 1-209.1. Petitioner who abandons condemnation proceeding taxed with fee for
26	respondent's attorney.
27	In all condemnation proceedings authorized by G.S. 40-2-G.S. 40A-3 or by any
28	other statute, the clerks of the superior courts are authorized to fix and tax the petitioner
29	with a reasonable fee for respondent's attorney in cases in which the petitioner takes or
30	submits to a voluntary nonsuit or otherwise abandons the proceeding."
31	<b>SECTION 38.(b)</b> G.S. 1-209.2 reads as rewritten:
32	"§ 1-209.2. Voluntary nonsuit by petitioner in condemnation proceeding.
33	The petitioner in all condemnation proceedings authorized by G.S. 40-2-G.S. 40A-3
34	or by any other statute is authorized and allowed to take a voluntary nonsuit."
35	<b>SECTION 38.(c)</b> G.S. 54-166(c) reads as rewritten:
36	"(c) If within the 30-day period mentioned in subsection (b) of this section the
37	member and the association do not agree as to the fair market value of such-the stock or
38	other property rights or interests, the member may, within 60 days after the expiration of
39	the 30-day period, file a petition in the superior court of the county in which the
40	association has its registered office or principal place of business asking for the
41	appointment by the clerk of the superior court of that county of three qualified and
42	disinterested appraisers to appraise the fair market value of such-the stock or other
43	property rights or interests. A summons as in other cases of special proceedings,

1 together with a copy of the petition, shall be served on the association at least 10 days 2 prior to the hearing of the petition by the court. The award of the appraisers, or a 3 majority of them, if no exceptions be are filed thereto within 10 days after the award 4 shall have been is filed in court, shall be confirmed by the court, and when confirmed 5 shall be final and conclusive, and the conclusive. The member, upon depositing with the court the proper stock certificates or other evidence of such property rights or interests, 6 7 shall be entitled to judgment against the association for the appraised value thereof as of 8 the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken, together with interest thereon to 9 the date of such the confirmation. If either party files exceptions to such the award 10 within 10 days after the award shall have been is filed in court, the case shall be 11 transferred to the civil issue docket of the superior court for trial during term and shall 12 be there tried in the same manner, as near as may be practicable, as is provided in 13 Chapter 40-40A of the General Statutes for the trial of cases under the eminent domain 14 law of this State, and with the same right of appeal to the appellate division as is 15 permitted in that Chapter. The court shall assess the cost of the proceedings as it shall 16 deem equitable. Upon payment of the judgment judgment, the owner of such the stock 17 or other property rights or interests shall cease to have any interest in the association 18 and the association shall be entitled to have said the stock certificates or other evidence 19 of such the property rights or interests surrendered to the association by the clerk of 20 court. Unless the member shall file such files a petition within the time herein 21 prescribed, he the member and all persons claiming under him the member shall have 22 no right of payment hereunder, but in that event nothing herein shall impair his-the 23 member's status as a member."

- 24
- **SECTION 38.(d)** G.S. 104-20 reads as rewritten:

### 25 "\$ 104-20. Utilities Commission to secure right-of-way; condemnation by United 26 States.

27 If the title to any part of the lands required by the United States government for the 28 construction of such an inland waterway from Beaufort Inlet to the Cape Fear River 29 shall be in any is owned by a private person, company or corporation, railroad company, 30 street railway company, telephone or telegraph company, or other public service 31 corporation, or shall have has been donated or condemned for any public use by any political subdivision of the State or if it may be necessary, for the purpose of obtaining 32 33 the proper title to any lands, the title to which has heretofore been vested in the State 34 Board of Education, then the Utilities Commission Commission, in the name of the 35 State of North Carolina, is hereby authorized and empowered, acting for and in behalf 36 of the State of North Carolina, to-may secure a right-of-way 1,000 feet wide for said-the 37 inland waterway across and through such the lands or any part thereof, if possible by 38 purchase, donation or otherwise, through agreement with the owner or owners, and 39 when any such-property is thus acquired, the Governor and Secretary of State shall 40 execute a deed for the same to the United States; and if for any reason the said 41 Commission shall be is unable to secure such a right-of-way across any such the 42 property by voluntary agreement with the owner or owners as aforesaid, the said 43 Commission acting for and in behalf of the State of North Carolina, is hereby vested

with the power to condemn the same, and in so doing, the ways, means, methods and procedure of Chapter 40–40A of the General Statutes of North Carolina, entitled "Eminent Domain," shall be used by it as near as the same is suitable for the purposes of this law, and in all instances, the general and the special benefits to the owner thereof shall be assessed as offsets against the damages to such the property or lands.

6 As such condemnation proceedings might result in delay in the acquiring of title to 7 all parts of the right-of-way and in the construction of the said-inland waterway by the 8 United States, said the Utilities Commission is authorized to enter any of said the lands 9 and property and take possession of the same at the time hereinafter provided as needed 10 for this use in behalf of the State or the United States government for the purposes 11 herein set out prior to the bringing of the proceeding for condemnation and prior to the 12 payment of the money for such the land or property under any judgment in 13 condemnation. In the event the owner or owners shall appeal from the report of the 14 commissioners appointed in the condemnation proceeding it shall not be necessary for 15 said Commission the Commission, acting in behalf of the State of North Carolina, the 16 State of North Carolina, or the United States government, to deposit the money assessed 17 by said-the commissioners with the clerk.

18 Whenever proceedings in condemnation are instituted in pursuance of under the 19 provisions of this section, the said-Commission upon the filing of the petition or 20 petitions in such the proceedings, shall have the right to may take immediate possession 21 on behalf of the State of such-the lands or property to the extent of the interest to be 22 acquired and the Governor and Secretary of State shall thereupon execute a deed to the 23 United States and said the lands or property may then be appropriated and used by the 24 United States for the purposes-aforesaid. described in this section. Provided, that in 25 every case the proceedings in condemnation shall be diligently prosecuted to final 26 judgment in order that the just compensation to which the owners of the property are 27 entitled may be ascertained and when so ascertained and determined such-the 28 compensation shall be promptly paid as hereinafter in this law provided.

29 If the United States government shall so determine, it is hereby authorized to 30 condemn and use all lands and property which that may be needed for the purposes 31 herein set out and which is specifically described and set out in the preceding paragraphs, under the authority of said the United States government, and according to 32 33 the provisions existing in the federal statutes for condemning lands and property for the 34 use of the United States government. In case the United States government shall so 35 condemn said the land and property, the said Utilities Commission is hereby authorized 36 to pay all expenses of the condemnation proceedings and any award that may be made 37 thereunder, out of the money which that may be appropriated for said these purposes."

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SECTION 38.(e) G.S. 113-34 reads as rewritten:

# 39 "§ 113-34. Power to acquire lands as State forests, parks, etc.; donations or leases 40 by United States; leases for recreational purposes; rules governing public 41 use.

42 (a) The Governor of the State is authorized upon recommendation of the 43 Department to accept gifts of land to the State, the same to be held, protected, and

administered by said-the Department as State forests, and to be used so as to 1 2 demonstrate the practical utility of timber culture and water conservation, and as refuges 3 for game. Such gifts The gifts of land must be absolute except in such cases as where 4 the mineral interest on the land has previously been sold. The Department shall have the 5 power to purchase lands in the name of the State, suitable chiefly for the production of 6 timber, as State forests, for experimental, demonstration, educational, park, and 7 protection purposes, using for such purposes any special appropriations or funds 8 available. The Department shall also have the power to acquire by condemnation under 9 the provisions of Chapter 40, such 40A of the General Statutes, areas of land in different 10 sections of the State as may in the opinion of the Department be necessary for the 11 purpose of establishing and/or developing or developing, or both, State forests, State 12 parks and other areas and developments essential to the effective operation of the State 13 forestry and State park activities with which the Department has been or may be 14 entrusted. Such condemnationCondemnation proceedings shall be instituted and 15 prosecuted in the name of the State of North Carolina, and any property so acquired 16 shall be administered, developed and used for experiment and demonstration in forest management, for public recreation and for such other purposes authorized or required 17 18 by law: Provided, that before any action or proceeding under this section can be 19 exercised, the approval of the Governor and Council of State shall be obtained and filed 20 with the clerk of the superior court in the county or counties where such the property 21 may be situate, situated, and until such approval is obtained, the rights and powers 22 conferred by this section shall not be exercised. The Attorney General of the State is 23 directed to see that all deeds to the State for land mentioned in this section are properly 24 executed before the gift is accepted or payment of the purchase money is made.

25 (b) The Department is further authorized and empowered to may accept as gifts 26 to the State of North Carolina such any forest and submarginal farmland acquired by 27 said the federal government as may be suitable for the purpose of creating and 28 maintaining State-controlled forests, game refuges, public shooting grounds, State 29 parks, State lakes, and other recreational areas, or to enter into longtime leases with the 30 federal government for such areas and administer them with such-funds as may be 31 secured from their administration in the best interest of longtime public use, 32 supplemented by such any necessary appropriations as may be made by the General 33 Assembly. The Department is further empowered to may segregate State hunting and 34 fishing licenses, use permits, and concessions and other proper revenue secured through 35 the administration of such forests, game refuges, public shooting grounds, State parks, 36 State lakes, and other recreational areas to be deposited in the State treasury to the credit 37 of the Department to be used for the administration of these areas.

38 (c) The Department, with the approval of the Governor and Council of State, is 39 further authorized and empowered to may enter into leases of lands and waters for State 40 parks, State lakes and recreational purposes; and the Department may construct, operate 41 <u>operate</u>, and maintain on said-the lands and waters suitable public service facilities and 42 conveniences and may charge and collect reasonable fees for each of the following:

1	(1) The erection, maintenance and use of docks, piers and such-other
2 3	structures as may be permitted in or on said the waters under its own
	<del>rules;</del> rules.
4	(2) Fishing privileges in said-the waters, provided that such the privileges
5	shall be extended only to holders of bona fide North Carolina fishing
6	licenses, and provided further that all State fishing laws and rules are
7	complied with.
8	(d) The Department may make reasonable rules for the operation and use of boats
9	or other craft on the surface of the said-waters but shall not be authorized to charge or
10	collect fees for such the operation or use.use of boats or other craft.
11	(e) The Department may make reasonable rules for the regulation of the use by
12	the public of said public use of the lands and waters and of public service facilities and
13	conveniences constructed thereon, and said the rules shall have the force and effect of
14	law and any violation of such the rules shall constitute a Class 3 misdemeanor.
15	(f) The authority herein granted is in addition to other authority now held and
16	exercised by the Department."
17	SECTION 38.(f) G.S. 117-18(6) reads as rewritten:
18	"(6) The right to apply to the North Carolina Rural Electrification
19	Authority for permission to construct or place any parts of its system
20	or lines in and along any State highway or over any lands which that
21	are now, or may be, the property of this State, or any political
22	subdivision thereof. In all questions involving the right-of-way, or the
23	right of eminent domain, the rulings of the North Carolina Rural
24	Electrification Authority shall be are final. Notwithstanding the
25	foregoing sentence and notwithstanding subdivision (7) of G.S. 117-2,
26	electric membership corporations are hereby empowered, may, without
27	necessity of the Authority's rulings or participation, to exercise the
28	right of eminent domain for the purposes of constructing, operating
29	and maintaining electric generating, transmission, distribution and
30	related facilities, individually and solely in their own names, pursuant
31	to the provisions of Chapter $40-40A$ of the General Statutes; provided,
32	that notwithstanding G.S. 117-30, the foregoing grant of the power of
33	eminent domain to electric membership corporations shall not apply to
34	telephone membership corporations; and, provided further, that such
35	the grant of the power shall be of eminent domain is supplementary to
36	the power of eminent domain already devolved upon the Authority."
37	SECTION 38.(g) G.S. 121-16 reads as rewritten:
38	"§ 121-16. Acquiring lands by purchase or condemnation.
39	The Department of Cultural Resources, within the limits and amounts appropriated
40	by the General Assembly and such any funds as may be available from donations or

40 by the General Assembly and such any funds as may be available from donations or 41 otherwise, when the conditions set forth in G.S. 121-15 of this Article have been met, is

42 hereby granted the power and authority to purchase sufficient lands for the restoration

1 of said-the Palace, and the said-Department is hereby authorized to accept title to said 2 lands in the name of the State of North Carolina.

3 The Department of Cultural Resources shall also have the authority to acquire, by 4 condemnation, under the provisions of Chapter 40-40A of the General Statutes of North 5 Carolina, including the provisions of the Public Works Eminent Domain Law, which is 6 hereby made applicable to such proceedings, such any areas of land in New Bern, North 7 Carolina, as it may find to be necessary for the restoration of said the Palace."

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SECTION 38.(h) G.S. 156-138.1 reads as rewritten:

#### 9 "§ 156-138.1. Acquisition and disposition of lands; lease to or from federal or State 10 government or agency thereof.

11 The district may acquire such any lands as may be necessary or convenient to enable 12 it to accomplish the purposes for which the district was established. If the lands cannot 13 be acquired by agreement as to the purchase price, then and in such event, the power of 14 eminent domain is hereby conferred and the same-lands may be condemned by the 15 procedure set out in G.S. 156-67 and Article 2, Chapter 40-40A of the General Statutes. 16 The land so acquired may be used in such-a manner and for such-the purposes as the 17 commissioners of the district may deem best. If, in the opinion of the drainage 18 commission of the district such the lands should be sold, leased or rented, the board may 19 do so, subject to the approval of the clerk of the superior court.

20 The commissioners of the district are hereby authorized and empowered, may, in 21 their discretion, to-convey or lease to the State or federal governments, or any of their 22 agencies, with or without consideration, any properties, real or personal, belonging to 23 said the district, if in their opinion such it is necessary to enable the district to receive 24 State or federal funds available to it. the district. The terms of such-a conveyance or 25 lease shall be subject to the approval of the clerk of the superior court of the county in 26 which the district was established.

27 The commissioners of the district are authorized and empowered to may lease from 28 the State or federal governments such any real or personal property as may be needed 29 by the district to enable it to efficiently operate and maintain the district for the purposes 30 for which it was established. The terms of such a lease shall be subject to the approval 31 of the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the district was established." 32

SECTION 38.(i) G.S. 160A-349.10 reads as rewritten:

#### 33 "§ 160A-349.10. Power to condemn land; procedure for condemnation; board 34 incorporated.

35 If it becomes necessary to acquire additional lands for cemetery purposes and the 36 said-board cannot agree with the owners upon the price thereof, the said-board shall 37 have the power to condemn the said-lands for cemetery purposes, and in so doing the 38 provisions of Chapter 40-40A of the General Statutes shall be followed as nearly as 39 possible, and to that end, and for that purpose, the board of trustees of any cemetery acquired under this Article shall be deemed and considered a corporation and a body 40 41 politic."

42 **SECTION 39.** G.S. 7A-38.4A(j), as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 2001-320, 43 reads as rewritten:

1 "(i) Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring in a settlement 2 proceeding conducted under this section shall not be subject to discovery and shall be 3 inadmissible in any proceeding in the action or other actions on the same claim, except 4 in proceedings for sanctions or proceedings to enforce a settlement of the action. No 5 settlement proceeding agreement reached at a settlement conference or settlement 6 proceeding conducted under this section shall be enforceable unless it has been reduced 7 to writing and signed by the parties and in all other respects complies with the 8 requirements of Chapter 50 of the General Statutes. No evidence otherwise discoverable 9 shall be inadmissible merely because it is presented or discussed in a settlement 10 proceeding.

11 No mediator, or other neutral conducting a settlement procedure under this section, 12 shall be compelled to testify or produce evidence concerning statements made and 13 conduct occurring in a mediated settlement conference or other settlement procedure in 14 any civil proceeding for any purpose, including proceedings to enforce a settlement of 15 the action, except to attest to the signing of any of these agreements, and except 16 proceedings for sanctions under this section, disciplinary hearings before the State Bar 17 or any agency established to enforce standards of conduct for mediators, and 18 proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse."

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SECTION 40.(a) G.S. 8-53.5 reads as rewritten:

# 20 "§ 8-53.5. Communications between licensed marriage and family therapist and 21 client(s).

22 No person, duly authorized licensed as a certified marital licensed marriage and 23 family therapist, nor any of his the person's employees or associates, shall be required to 24 disclose any information which he the person may have acquired in rendering 25 professional marital-marriage and family therapy services, and which information was 26 necessary to enable him the person to render professional marital marriage and family 27 therapy services. Any resident or presiding judge in the district in which the action is 28 pending may, subject to G.S. 8-53.6, compel disclosure, either at the trial or prior 29 thereto, if in his the court's opinion disclosure is necessary to a proper administration of 30 justice. If the case is in district court the judge shall be a district court judge, and if the 31 case is in superior court the judge shall be a superior court judge."

32 **SECTION 40.(b)** G.S. 8-53.7, as amended by Section 2 of S.L. 2001-152, 33 reads as rewritten:

#### 34 "§ 8-53.7. Social worker privilege.

35 No person engaged in delivery of private social work services, duly licensed or 36 certified pursuant to Chapter 90B of the General Statutes shall be required to disclose 37 any information which that he or she may have acquired in rendering professional social 38 services, and which information was necessary to enable him or her to render 39 professional social services: provided, that the presiding judge of a superior or district 40 court may compel such disclosure, if in the court's opinion the same is necessary to a 41 proper administration of justice and such disclosure is not prohibited by G.S. 8-53.6 or 42 any other statute or regulation."

43 SECTION 40.(c) G.S. 48-10-103(a)(3) reads as rewritten:

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"(3) Counseling services for a parent or the adoptee that are directly related to the adoption and are provided by a licensed psychiatrist, <u>licensed</u> psychologist, <u>marital-licensed marriage</u> and family therapist, <del>registered</del> <del>practicing-licensed professional</del> counselor, <u>licensed or</u> certified social worker, fee-based practicing pastoral counselor or other licensed professional counselor, or an employee of an agency;".

**SECTION 40.(d)** G.S. 55B-2(6) reads as rewritten:

The term "professional service" means any type of personal or "(6) professional service of the public which requires as a condition precedent to the rendering of such service the obtaining of a license from a licensing board as herein defined, and pursuant to the following provisions of the General Statutes: Chapter 83A, "Architects"; Chapter 84, "Attorneys-at-Law"; Chapter 93, "Public Accountants"; and Article 1, "Practice of Medicine," Article 2, "Dentistry," Article 6, "Optometry," Article 7, "Osteopathy," Article 8, "Chiropractic," Article 9A, "Nursing Practice Act," with regard to registered nurses, Article 11, "Veterinarians," Article 12A, "Podiatrists," Article 18A, "Practicing Psychologists," Article 18D, "Occupational Therapy," and Article 24, "Licensed Professional Counselors," of Chapter 90; Chapter 89C, "Engineering and Land Surveying"; Chapter 89A, "Landscape Architects"; Chapter 90B, "Social Worker Certification and Licensure Act" with regard to Licensed Clinical Social Workers as defined by G.S. 90B-3; Chapter 89E, "Geologists"; Chapter 89B, "Foresters"; and Chapter 89F, "North Carolina Soil Scientist Licensing Act."

**SECTION 40.(e)** G.S. 55B-14(c)(4) reads as rewritten:

27 "(4) A physician, or a licensed psychologist, or both, and a certified clinical specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing, a certified-licensed clinical social worker, a licensed professional counselor, or each of them, to render psychotherapeutic and related services that the respective stockholders are licensed, certified, or otherwise approved to provide."

**SECTION 40.(f)** G.S. 58-39-15(17) reads as rewritten:

- "(17) "Medical professional" means any person licensed or certified to
  provide health care services to natural persons, including but not
  limited to, a physician, dentist, nurse, chiropractor, optometrist,
  physical or occupational therapist, certified licensed clinical social
  worker, clinical dietitian, clinical psychologist, pharmacist, or speech
  therapist."
- 40 **SECTION 40.(g)** G.S. 58-50-30(a) through (c), as amended by Section 1 of 41 S.L. 2001-297 and by Section 1.7 of S.L. 2001-446, reads as rewritten:
- 42 "§ 58-50-30. Right to choose services of optometrist, podiatrist, certified\_licensed
   43 clinical social worker, certified substance abuse professional, licensed

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#### professional counselor, dentist, chiropractor, psychologist, pharmacist, certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselor, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant.

4 Whenever any health benefit plan, subscriber contract, or policy of insurance (a1) 5 issued by a health maintenance organization, hospital or medical service corporation, or 6 insurer governed by Articles 1 through 67 of this Chapter provides for coverage for, 7 payment of, or reimbursement for any service rendered in connection with a condition 8 or complaint that is within the scope of practice of a duly licensed optometrist, a duly 9 licensed podiatrist, a duly licensed dentist, a duly licensed chiropractor, a duly certified 10 licensed clinical social worker, a duly certified substance abuse professional, a duly 11 licensed professional counselor, a duly licensed psychologist, a duly licensed 12 pharmacist, a duly certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselor, a duly licensed 13 physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse, the insured or other 14 persons entitled to benefits under the policy shall be entitled to coverage of, payment of, 15 or reimbursement for the services, whether the services be performed by a duly licensed physician, or a provider listed in this subsection, notwithstanding any provision 16 17 contained in the plan or policy limiting access to the providers. The policyholder, 18 insured, or beneficiary shall have the right to choose the provider of services 19 notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any other statute, subject to the 20 utilization review, referral, and prior approval requirements of the plan that apply to all 21 providers for that service; provided that:

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- (1) In the case of plans that require the use of network providers as a condition of obtaining benefits under the plan or policy, the policyholder, insured, or beneficiary must choose a provider of the services within the network; and
- (2) In the case of plans that require the use of network providers as a condition of obtaining a higher level of benefits under the plan or policy, the policyholder, insured, or beneficiary must choose a provider of the services within the network in order to obtain the higher level of benefits.

31 Whenever any policy of insurance governed by Articles 1 through 65 of this (a2) 32 Chapter provides for certification of disability that is within the scope of practice of a 33 duly licensed physician, a duly licensed physician assistant, a duly licensed optometrist, 34 a duly licensed podiatrist, a duly licensed dentist, a duly licensed chiropractor, a duly 35 certified licensed clinical social worker, a duly certified substance abuse professional, a 36 duly licensed professional counselor, a duly licensed psychologist, a duly certified 37 fee-based practicing pastoral counselor, or an advanced practice registered nurse, the 38 insured or other persons entitled to benefits under the policy shall be entitled to payment 39 of or reimbursement for the disability whether the disability be certified by a duly 40 licensed physician, or a provider listed in this subsection, notwithstanding any 41 provisions contained in the policy. The policyholder, insured, or beneficiary shall have 42 the right to choose the provider of the services notwithstanding any provision to the 43 contrary in any other statute; provided that for plans that require the use of network

providers either as a condition of obtaining benefits under the plan or policy or to access a higher level of benefits under the plan or policy, the policyholder, insured, or beneficiary must choose a provider of the services within the network, subject to the requirements of the plan or policy.

5 Whenever any health benefit plan, subscriber contract, or policy of insurance (a3)6 issued by a health maintenance organization, hospital or medical service corporation, or 7 insurer governed by Articles 1 through 67 of this Chapter provides coverage for 8 medically necessary treatment, the insurer shall not impose any limitation on treatment 9 or levels of coverage if performed by a duly licensed chiropractor acting within the scope of the chiropractor's practice as defined in G.S. 90-151 unless a comparable 10 11 limitation is imposed on the medically necessary treatment if performed or authorized 12 by any other duly licensed physician.

(b) For the purposes of this section, a "duly licensed psychologist" is a licensed
 psychologist who holds permanent licensure and certification as a health services
 provider psychologist issued by the North Carolina Psychology Board.

16 (c) For the purposes of this section, a "duly <u>certified\_licensed\_clinical social</u> 17 worker" is a "<u>certified\_licensed\_clinical social worker</u>" as defined in G.S. 90B-3(2) and 18 licensed by the North Carolina <u>Social Work</u> Certification <u>and Licensure</u> Board for 19 <u>Social Work-pursuant to Chapter 90B of the General Statutes.</u>

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**SECTION 40.(h)** G.S. 58-65-1(a) and (c) read as rewritten:

# 22 "§ 58-65-1. Regulation and definitions; application of other laws; profit and 23 foreign corporations prohibited.

24 Any corporation heretofore or hereafter organized under the general (a) 25 corporation laws of the State of North Carolina for the purpose of maintaining and 26 operating a nonprofit hospital and/or medical and/or dental service plan whereby 27 hospital care and/or medical and/or dental service may be provided in whole or in part 28 by said corporation or by hospitals and/or physicians and/or dentists participating in 29 such plan, or plans, shall be governed by this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter and 30 shall be exempt from all other provisions of the insurance laws of this State, heretofore 31 enacted, unless specifically designated herein, and no laws hereafter enacted shall apply 32 to them unless they be expressly designated therein.

The term "hospital service plan" as used in this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter includes the contracting for certain fees for, or furnishing of, hospital care, laboratory facilities, X-ray facilities, drugs, appliances, anesthesia, nursing care, operating and obstetrical equipment, accommodations and/or any and all other services authorized or permitted to be furnished by a hospital under the laws of the State of North Carolina and approved by the North Carolina Hospital Association and/or the American Medical Association.

The term "medical service plan" as used in this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter
includes the contracting for the payment of fees toward, or furnishing of, medical,
obstetrical, surgical and/or any other professional services authorized or permitted to be
furnished by a duly licensed physician, except that in any plan in any policy of

#### **SESSION 2001**

insurance governed by this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter that includes services 1 2 which are within the scope of practice of a duly licensed optometrist, a duly licensed 3 chiropractor, a duly licensed psychologist, a duly licensed pharmacist, an advanced 4 practice registered nurse, a duly certified licensed clinical social worker, a duly certified 5 substance abuse professional, a duly certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselor, a 6 duly licensed physician assistant, and a duly licensed physician, then the insured or 7 beneficiary shall have the right to choose the provider of the care or service, and shall 8 be entitled to payment of or reimbursement for such care or service, whether the 9 provider be a duly licensed optometrist, a duly licensed chiropractor, a duly licensed 10 psychologist, a duly licensed pharmacist, an advanced practice registered nurse, a duly 11 licensed clinical social worker, a duly certified substance abuse professional, a duly 12 certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselor, a duly licensed physician assistant, or 13 a duly licensed physician notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in such policy. The term "medical services plan" also includes the contracting for the 14 15 payment of fees toward, or furnishing of, professional medical services authorized or 16 permitted to be furnished by a duly licensed provider of health services licensed under 17 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.

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(c) For purposes of this section, an "advanced practice registered nurse" means
 only a registered nurse who is duly licensed or certified as a nurse practitioner, clinical
 specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing, or nurse midwife.

For the purposes of this section, a "duly certified-licensed clinical social worker" is a "certified-licensed clinical social worker" as defined in G.S. 90B-3(2) and certified licensed by the North Carolina Social Work Certification and Licensure Board for Social Work pursuant to Chapter 90B of the General Statutes.

For purposes of this section, a "duly certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselor" shall be defined only to include fee-based practicing pastoral counselors certified by the North Carolina State Board of Examiners of Fee-Based Practicing Pastoral Counselors pursuant to Article 26 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.

For the purposes of this section, a "duly licensed psychologist" shall be defined only to include a psychologist who is duly licensed in the State of North Carolina and has a doctorate degree in psychology and at least two years clinical experience in a recognized health setting, or has met the standards of the National Register of Health Providers in Psychology. After January 1, 1995, a duly licensed psychologist shall be defined as a licensed psychologist who holds permanent licensure and certification as a health services provider psychologist issued by the North Carolina Psychology Board.

For purposes of this section, a "duly certified substance abuse professional" is a person certified by the North Carolina Substance Abuse Professional Certification Board pursuant to Article 5C of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.

The term "dental service plan" as used in this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter includes contracting for the payment of fees toward, or furnishing of dental and/or any other professional services authorized or permitted to be furnished by a duly licensed

43 dentist.

#### **SESSION 2001**

The insured or beneficiary of every "medical service plan" and of every "dental 1 2 service plan," as those terms are used in this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter, or of 3 any policy of insurance issued thereunder, that includes services which are within the scope of practice of both a duly licensed physician and a duly licensed dentist shall have 4 5 the right to choose the provider of such care or service, and shall be entitled to payment 6 of or reimbursement for such care or service, whether the provider be a duly licensed 7 physician or a duly licensed dentist notwithstanding any provision to the contrary 8 contained in any such plan or policy.

9 The term "hospital service corporation" as used in this Article and Article 66 of this 10 Chapter is intended to mean any nonprofit corporation operating a hospital and/or 11 medical and/or dental service plan, as herein defined. Any corporation heretofore or hereafter organized and coming within the provisions of this Article and Article 66 of 12 13 this Chapter, the certificate of incorporation of which authorizes the operation of either 14 a hospital or medical and/or dental service plan, or any or all of them, may, with the 15 approval of the Commissioner of Insurance, issue subscribers' contracts or certificates 16 approved by the Commissioner of Insurance, for the payment of either hospital or 17 medical and/or dental fees, or the furnishing of such services, or any or all of them, and 18 may enter into contracts with hospitals for physicians and/or dentists, or any or all of them, for the furnishing of fees or services respectively under a hospital or medical 19 and/or dental service plan, or any or all of them. 20

21 The term "preferred provider" as used in this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter 22 with respect to contracts, organizations, policies or otherwise means a health care 23 service provider who has agreed to accept, from a corporation organized for the 24 purposes authorized by this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter or other applicable 25 law, special reimbursement terms in exchange for providing services to beneficiaries of 26 a plan administered pursuant to this Article and Article 66 of this Chapter. Except to the extent prohibited either by G.S. 58-65-140 or by regulations promulgated by the 27 28 Department of Insurance not inconsistent with this Article and Article 66 of this 29 Chapter, the contractual terms and conditions for special reimbursement shall be those 30 which the corporation and preferred provider find to be mutually agreeable. ..."

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#### SECTION 40.(i) G.S. 90-270.48A(a) reads as rewritten:

33 This Article does not prevent members of the clergy or licensed, certified, or "(a) 34 registered members of professional groups recognized by the Board from advertising or 35 performing services consistent with their own profession. Members of the clergy 36 include, but are not limited to, persons who are ordained, consecrated, commissioned, or 37 endorsed by a recognized denomination, church, faith group, or synagogue. Professional 38 groups the Board shall recognize include, but are not limited to, licensed or certified 39 social workers, licensed professional counselors, fee-based pastoral counselors, licensed practicing psychologists, psychological associates, physicians, and attorneys-at-law. 40 41 However, in no event may a person use the title "Licensed Marriage and Family 42 Therapist," use the letters "LMFT," or in any way imply that the person is a licensed 43 marriage and family therapist unless the person is licensed as such under this Article."

1	<b>SECTION 40.(j)</b> G.S. 90-330(c) reads as rewritten:				
2	"(c) Practice of Marriage and Family Therapy, Psychology, or Social Work. – No				
3	person licensed as a licensed professional counselor under the provisions of this Article				
4	shall be allowed to hold himself or herself out to the public as a certified licensed				
5	marriage and family therapist, licensed practicing psychologist, psychological associate,				
6	or certified licensed clinical social worker unless specifically authorized by other				
7	provisions of law."				
8	<b>SECTION 40.(k)</b> The statutory catch line for G.S. 90-331 reads as rewritten:				
9	"§ 90-331. Unlawful use of title "licensed professional counselor". <u>Prohibitions.</u> "				
10	<b>SECTION 40.(I)</b> G.S. 90-332.1(a)(8) reads as rewritten:				
11	"(8) Any person performing counseling solely as an employee of an area				
12	facility, as defined in G.S. 122C-3(14)a., if both of the following				
13	apply:				
14	a. The services are provided by (i) a qualified professional as				
15	defined in G.S. 122C-3(31) and subject to the rules adopted by				
16	the Commission for Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities,				
17	and Substance Abuse Services, or (ii) an employee supervised				
18	by a qualified professional as defined in G.S. 122C-3(31);				
19	b. The area facility has obtained written verification from the				
20	following boards that the employee has not had his or her				
21	license, registration, or certification revoked, rescinded, or				
22	suspended: the North Carolina Board of Licensed Professional				
23	Counselors, the North Carolina State Board of Examiners of				
24	Practicing Psychologists, the North Carolina Social Work				
25	Certification Board for Social Work, and Licensure Board, and				
26	the North Carolina Marital Marriage and Family Therapy				
27	Certification Licensure Board;".				
28	<b>SECTION 40.(m)</b> G.S. 135-40.1(17a) reads as rewritten:				
29	"(17a) Skilled Care. – Medically necessary services that can only be rendered				
30	under State law or regulation by licensed health professionals such as a				
31	medical doctor, physician's assistant, physical therapist, occupational				
32	therapist, speech therapist, certified licensed clinical social worker,				
33	certified nurse midwife, licensed practical nurse, or registered nurse."				
34	SECTION 40.(n) G.S. 135-40.7B(c) and (c1), as amended by Section 1 of				
35	S.L. 2001-258, read as rewritten:				
36	"§ 135-40.7B. Special provisions for chemical dependency and mental health				
37	benefits.				
38					
39	(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Part, the following providers				
40	and no others may provide necessary care and treatment for mental health under this				
41	section:				
42	(1) Psychiatrists who have completed a residency in psychiatry approved				
43	by the American Council for Graduate Medical Education and who are				

1		licensed as medical doctors or doctors of osteopathy in the state in
2		which they perform and services covered by the Plan;
2	(2)	Licensed or certified doctors of psychology;
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	(3)	Certified Licensed clinical social workers;
5	(3a)	Licensed professional counselors;
6	(4)	Certified clinical specialists in psychiatric and mental health nursing;
7	(4a)	Nurses working under the employment and direct supervision of such
8		physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;
9	(5)	Repealed by Session Laws 1997-512, s. 14.
10	(6)	Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology under
11		the direct employment and supervision of a licensed psychiatrist or
12		licensed or certified doctor of psychology;
13	(7),	(8) Repealed by Session Laws 1997-512, s. 14.
14	(9)	Certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselors;
15	(10)	Licensed physician assistants under the supervision of a licensed
16		psychiatrist and acting pursuant to G.S. 90-18.1 or the applicable laws
17		and rules of the area in which the physician assistant is licensed or
18		certified; and
19	(11)	Licensed marriage and family therapists.
20	(c1) Notwi	ithstanding any other provisions of this Part, the following providers
21	and no others m	ay provide necessary care and treatment for chemical dependency under
22	this section:	
23	(1)	The following providers with appropriate substance abuse training and
24		experience in the field of alcohol and other drug abuse as determined
25		
		by the mental health case manager, in facilities described in
26		by the mental health case manager, in facilities described in subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient
		•
26		subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient
26 27		subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of
26 27 28		subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area
26 27 28 29		subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:
26 27 28 29 30		subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section: a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians
26 27 28 29 30 31		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> <li>e. Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> <li>e. Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologist, or such physicians, psychology</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> <li>e. Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology working under the direct supervision of such physicians;</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> <li>e. Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> <li>f. Nurses working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41		<ul> <li>subdivision (b)(2) of this section, in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes or in North Carolina area programs in substance abuse services are authorized to provide treatment for chemical dependency under this section:</li> <li>a. Licensed physicians including, but not limited to, physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);</li> <li>b. Licensed or certified psychologists;</li> <li>c. Psychiatrists;</li> <li>d. Certified substance abuse counselors working under the direct supervision of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;</li> <li>e. Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology working under the direct supervision of such physicians;</li> </ul>

SESSION 2001

1		h.	Certified clinical specialists in psychiatric and mental health
2 3			nursing;
3		i.	Licensed professional counselors;
4		j.	Certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselors;
5		k.	Substance abuse professionals certified under Article 5C of
6			Chapter 90 of the General Statutes; and
7		1.	Licensed marriage and family therapists.
8	(2)	The fo	ollowing providers with appropriate substance abuse training and
9			ience in the field of alcohol and other drug abuse as determined
10		_	e mental health case manager are authorized to provide treatment
11		-	emical dependency in outpatient practice settings:
12		a.	Licensed physicians who are certified in substance abuse by the
13			American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM);
14		b.	Licensed or certified psychologists;
15		с.	Psychiatrists;
16		d.	Certified substance abuse counselors working under the
17			employment and direct supervision of such physicians,
18			psychologists, or psychiatrists;
19		e.	Psychological associates with a masters degree in psychology
20		0.	working under the employment and direct supervision of such
21			physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;
22		f.	Nurses working under the employment and direct supervision
23		1.	of such physicians, psychologists, or psychiatrists;
24		σ	Certified Licensed clinical social workers;
25		g. h.	Certified clinical specialists in psychiatric and mental health
26		11.	nursing;
27		i.	Licensed professional counselors;
28		ı. j.	Certified fee-based practicing pastoral counselors;
29		J.	<ol> <li>Substance abuse professionals certified under Article 5C</li> </ol>
30			of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes;
31		j1.	Licensed marriage and family therapists; and
31		jı. k.	
32		К.	In the absence of meeting one of the criteria above, the Mental
			Health Case Manager could consider, on a case-by-case basis, a
34			provider who supplies:
35			1. Evidence of graduate education in the diagnosis and
36			treatment of chemical dependency, and
37			2. Supervised work experience in the diagnosis and
38			treatment of chemical dependency (with supervision by
39			an appropriately credentialed provider), and
40			3. Substantive past and current continuing education in the
41			diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency
42			commensurate with one's profession.

1	Provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the Plan from
2	requiring the most cost-effective treatment setting to be utilized by the person
3	undergoing necessary care and treatment for chemical dependency.
4	
5	<b>SECTION 41.</b> The catch line for G.S. 14-34.7 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 14-34.7. Assault inflicting serious injury on a law enforcement, probation, or
7	parole officer or on a person employed at a State or local detention facility."
8	SECTION 42.(a) G.S. 14-100.1, as enacted by Section 1 of S.L. 2001-461,
9	reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 14-100.1. Possession or manufacture of certain fraudulent forms of
11	identification.
12	(a) Except as otherwise made unlawful by G.S. 20-30, it shall be unlawful for
13	any person to knowingly possess or manufacture a false or fraudulent form of
14	identification as defined in this section for the purpose of deception, fraud, or other
15	criminal conduct.
16	(b) Except as otherwise made unlawful by G.S. 20-30, it shall be unlawful for
17	any person to knowingly obtain a form of identification by the use of false, fictitious, or
18	fraudulent information.
19	(c) Possession of a form of identification obtained in violation of subsection (b)
20	of this section shall constitute a violation of subsection (a) of this section.
21	(d) For purposes of this section, a "form of identification" means any of the
22	following or any replica thereof:
23	(1) An identification card containing a picture, issued by any
24	department, agency, or subdivision of the State of North Carolina,
25	the federal government, or any other state.
26	(2) A military identification card containing a picture.
27	(3) A passport.
28	(4) An alien registration card containing a picture.
29	(c)(e) A violation of this section shall be punished as a Class 1 misdemeanor."
30	<b>SECTION 42.(b)</b> G.S. 18B-302(f), as rewritten by Section 3 of S.L.
31	2001-461, reads as rewritten:
32	"(f) Allowing Use of Identification. – It shall be unlawful for any person to permit
33	the use of the person's drivers license or any other form of identification of any kind
34	issued or given to the <u>person, person</u> by any other person who violates or attempts to
35	violate subsection (b) of this section."
36	<b>SECTION 42.(c)</b> G.S. 20-37.01, as enacted by Section 4 of S.L. 2001-461,
37	reads as rewritten:
38	"§ 20-37.01. Drivers license technology fund.License Technology Fund.
39 40	The Drivers License Technology Fund is established in the Department of
40 41	Transportation as a nonreverting, interest-bearing special revenue account. The revenue in the Fund at the end of a fiscal year does not revert, and earnings on the Fund shall be
41	credited to the Fund annually. All money collected by the Commissioner pursuant to
43	G.S. 20-37.02 shall be remitted to the State Treasurer and held in the Fund. Money held
тJ	S.S. 26 57.62 shan be remitted to the State Treasurer and here in the Fund. Wolley field

in the Fund shall be used to supplement funds otherwise available to the Division for 1 2 information technology and office automation needs. The Commissioner shall report by 3 February 1 and August 1 of each year to the Joint Legislative Commission on 4 Governmental Operations, the chairs of the Senate and House of Representatives 5 Appropriation Committees, and the chairs of the Senate and House of Representatives 6 Appropriations Subcommittee Subcommittees on Transportation on all money collected and deposited in the Fund and on the proposed expenditure of funds collected during the 7 8 preceding six months." 9 SECTION 43.(a) Effective December 1, 2001, G.S. 14-129, as amended by 10 Section 1 of S.L. 2001-93, reads as rewritten: 11 "§ 14-129. Taking, etc., of certain wild plants from land of another. 12 No person, firm or corporation shall dig up, pull up or take from the land of another or from any public domain, the whole or any part of any Venus flytrap (Dionaea 13 14 muscipula), trailing arbutus, Aaron's Rod (Thermopsis caroliniana), Bird-foot Violet 15 (Viola pedata), Bloodroot (Sanguinaria canadensis), Blue Dogbane (Amsonia 16 tabernaemontana), Cardinal-flower (Lobelia cardinalis), Columbine (Aquilegia 17 canadensis), Dutchman's Breeches (Dicentra cucullaria), Maidenhair Fern (Adiantum 18 pedatum), Walking Fern (Camptosorus rhizophyllus), Gentians (Gentiana), Ginseng (Panax quinquefolium), Ground Cedar, Running Cedar, Hepatica (Hepatica americana 19 20 and acutiloba), Jack-in-the-Pulpit (Arisaema triphyllum), Lily (Lilium), Lupine 21 (Lupinus), Monkshood (Aconitum uncinatum and reclinatum), May Apple 22 (Podophyllum peltatum), Orchids (all species), Pitcher Plant (Sarracenia), Shooting Star 23 (Dodecatheon meadia), Oconee Bells (Shortia galacifolia), Solomon's Seal 24 (Polygonatum), Trailing Christmas (Greens-Lycopodium), Trillium (Trillium), Virginia 25 Bluebells (Mertensia virginica), and Fringe Tree (Chionanthus virginicus), American 26 holly, white pine, red cedar, hemlock or other coniferous trees, or any flowering 27 dogwood, any mountain laurel, any rhododendron, or any ground pine, or any Christmas 28 greens, or any Judas tree, or any leucothea, or any azalea, without having in his 29 possession a permit to dig up, pull up or take such plants, signed by the owner of such 30 land, or by his duly authorized agent. Any person convicted of violating the provisions 31 of this section shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor only punished by a fine of not 32 less than ten dollars (\$10.00) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each offense. The 33 provisions of this section shall not apply to the Counties of Cabarrus, Carteret, Catawba, 34 Cherokee, Chowan, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Duplin, Edgecombe, Franklin, 35 Gaston, Granville, Hertford, McDowell, Pamlico, Pender, Person, Richmond, 36 Rockingham, Rowan and Swain." **SECTION 43.(b)** G.S. 106-202.19(a) reads as rewritten: 37 38 It-Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing "(a) 39 greater punishment, it is unlawful:

40 (1) To uproot, dig, take or otherwise disturb or remove for any purpose
41 from the lands of another, any plant on a protected plant list without a
42 written permit from the owner which is dated and valid for no more
43 than 180 days and which indicates the species or higher taxon of plants

1		for which permission is granted; except that the incidental disturbance
2		of protected plants during agricultural, forestry or development
3		operations is not illegal so long as the plants are not collected for sale
4		or commercial use;
5	(2)	To sell, barter, trade, exchange, export, offer for sale, barter, trade,
6		exchange or export or give away for any purpose including advertising
7		or other promotional purpose any plant on a protected plant list, except
8		as authorized according to the rules and regulations of the Board;
9	(3)	To violate any rule of the Board promulgated under this Article;
10	(4)	To dig ginseng on another person's land, except for the purpose of
11		replanting, between the first day of April and the first day of
12		September;
13	(5)	To buy ginseng outside of a buying season as provided by the Board
14		without obtaining the required documents from the person selling the
15		ginseng;
16	(6)	To buy ginseng for the purpose of resale or trade without holding a
17	( <b>7</b> )	currently valid permit as a ginseng dealer;
18 19	(7)	To fail to keep records as required under this Article, to refuse to make
19 20		records available for inspection by the Board or its agent, or to use
20 21		forms other than those provided for the current year or harvest season by the Department of Agriculture and Congumer Services
21 22	(9)	by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
22 23	(8)	To provide false information on any record or form required under this Article;
23 24	(0)	
24 25	(9)	To make false statements or provide false information in connection with any investigation conducted under this Article;
23 26	(10)	To possess any protected plant, or part thereof, which was obtained in
20 27	(10)	violation of this Article or any rule adopted hereunder; or
28	(11)	To violate a stop sale order issued by the Board or its agent."
20 29	· · · ·	<b>FION 44.(a)</b> Effective April 1, 2002, G.S. 14-234(d1), as rewritten by
30		$\therefore 2001-409$ , reads as rewritten:
31		vision (a)(1) of this section does The first sentence of subsection (a)
32		to (i) any elected official or person appointed to fill an elective office of
33		or city having a population of no more than 15,000 according to the
34	-	cial federal census, (ii) any elected official or person appointed to fill an
35		f a county within which there is located no village, town, or city with a
36		ore than 15,000 according to the most recent official federal census, (iii)
37	* *	icial or person appointed to fill an elective office on a city board of
38	•	tity having a population of no more than 15,000 according to the most
39		rederal census, (iv) any elected official or person appointed to fill an
40		as a member of a county board of education in a county within which
41		no village, town or city with a population of more than 15,000 according
42		cent official federal census, (v) any physician, pharmacist, dentist,
43		erinarian, or nurse appointed to a county social services board, local
	_	

health board, or area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse board serving one or more counties within which there is located no village, town, or city with a population of more than 15,000 according to the most recent official federal census, and (vi) any member of the board of directors of a public hospital if all of the following apply:".

6 **SECTION 44.(b)** Effective July 1, 2002, G.S. 14-234(d1), as rewritten by 7 Section 1 of S.L. 2001-409 and by Section 44(a) of this act, reads as rewritten:

8 "(d1) The first sentence of subsection (a) shall Subdivision (a)(1) of this section 9 does not apply to (i) any elected official or person appointed to fill an elective office of 10 a village, town, or city having a population of no more than 15,000 according to the 11 most recent official federal census, (ii) any elected official or person appointed to fill an 12 elective office of a county within which there is located no village, town, or city with a 13 population of more than 15,000 according to the most recent official federal census, (iii) any elected official or person appointed to fill an elective office on a city board of 14 15 education in a city having a population of no more than 15,000 according to the most 16 recent official federal census, (iv) any elected official or person appointed to fill an 17 elective office as a member of a county board of education in a county within which there is located no village, town or city with a population of more than 15,000 according 18 19 to the most recent official federal census, (v) any physician, pharmacist, dentist, 20 optometrist, veterinarian, or nurse appointed to a county social services board, local 21 health board, or area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse 22 board serving one or more counties within which there is located no village, town, or 23 city with a population of more than 15,000 according to the most recent official federal 24 census, and (vi) any member of the board of directors of a public hospital if all of the 25 following apply:".

26 **SECTION 45.** G.S. 14-234(f), as enacted by Section 1 of S.L. 2001-409, 27 reads as rewritten:

"(f) A contract entered into in violation of this section is void. A contract that is
void under this section may continue in effect until an alternative can be arranged when;
(i) immediate termination would result in harm to the public health or welfare, and (ii)
the continuation is approved as provided in this subsection. A public agency that is a
party to the contract may request approval to continue contracts under this subsection as
follows:

- 34
- 35
- 36 37
- Local governments, as defined in G.S. 159-7(15), public authorities, as defined in G.S. 159-7(10), local school administrative units, and community colleges may request approval from the chairman chair of the Local Government Commission.
- 38

39

(2) All other public agencies may request approval from the State Director of the Budget.

40 Approval of continuation of contracts under this subsection shall be given for the 41 minimum period necessary to protect the public health or welfare."

- 42 **SECTION 46.** G.S. 15A-266.4(b) reads as rewritten:
- 43 "(b) Crimes covered by this Article include:

1		.S. 14-17	- Murder in the first and second degree.
2		.S. 14-27.2	- First degree rape.
3		.S. 14-27.3	- Second degree rape.
4	G	.S. 14-27.4	- First degree sexual offense.
5	G	.S. 14-27.5	- Second degree sexual offense.
6	G	.S. 14-28	- Malicious castration.
7	G	.S. 14-29	- Castration or other maiming.
8	G	.S. 14-30	- Malicious maiming.
9	G	.S. 14-30.1	- Malicious throwing of corrosive acid or alkali.
10	G	.S. 14-31	- Malicious assault in secret manner.
11	G	.S. 14-32	- Felonious assault with deadly weapon with
12			intent to kill.
13	G	.S. 14-32.1	- Assaults on handicapped persons.
14	G	.S. 14-34.1	- Discharging barreled weapon or firearm into
15			occupied property.
16	G	.S. 14-34.2	- Assault with firearm or other deadly weapon
17			upon law enforcement officer, fireman, or EMS
18			personnel.
19	G	.S. 14-39(a)(3)	- Kidnapping for the purpose of doing serious
20			bodily harm to the person.
21	G	.S. 14-49	- Malicious use of explosive or incendiary.
22	G	.S. 14-58.2	- Burning of mobile home, manufactured-type
23			house, or recreational trailer home.
24	G	.S. 14-202.1	- Taking indecent liberties with children.
25	G	.S. 14-87	- Robbery with a dangerous weapon.
26	G	.S. 14-277.3	- Stalking.
27	G	.S. 14-87.1	- Common law robbery.
28		.S. 14-58	- First degree arson."
29	SECTIC	<b>DN 47.(a)</b> G.S. 15	A-837 reads as rewritten:
30			of Division of <del>Adult Probation and</del>
31		Community Corre	
32	(a) The Div	ision of Adult Pr	obation and Parole Community Corrections shall
33	notify the victim of	ì:	
34	(1) T	he defendant's re	egular conditions of probation or post-release
35	SU	pervision, special	l or added conditions, supervision requirements,
36		nd any subsequent	
37		• 1	ig to determine whether the defendant's supervision
38			continued, modified, or terminated.
39			on of any hearing referred to in subdivision (2) of
40		is section.subsecti	• •
41		ny restitution mod	
42		•	vement into or out of any intermediate sanction as
43		efined in G.S. 15A	•

1	
1	<ul> <li>(6) The defendant's absconding supervision, within 72 hours.</li> <li>(7) The contains of a defendent described in subdivision (6) of this</li> </ul>
2	(7) The capture of a defendant described in subdivision (6) of this
3	section, subsection, within 72 hours.
4 5	<ul> <li>(8) The date when the defendant is terminated or discharged.</li> <li>(0) The defendant's death</li> </ul>
5 6	(9) The defendant's death. (b) Notifications required in this section shall be provided within 30 days of the
7	(b) Notifications required in this section shall be provided within 30 days of the event requiring notification, or as otherwise specified in subsection (a) of this section."
8	SECTION 47.(b) G.S. 15A-1343.2 reads as rewritten:
9	"§ 15A-1343.2. Special probation rules for persons sentenced under Article 81B.
10	(a) Applicability. – This section applies only to persons sentenced under Article
11	81B of this Chapter.
12	(b) Purposes of Probation for Community and Intermediate Punishments. – The
12	Department of Correction shall develop a plan to handle offenders sentenced to
14	community and intermediate punishments. The probation program designed to handle
15	these offenders shall have the following principal purposes: to hold offenders
16	accountable for making restitution, to ensure compliance with the court's judgment, to
17	effectively rehabilitate offenders by directing them to specialized treatment or education
18	programs, and to protect the public safety.
19	(c) Probation Caseload Goals. – It is the goal of the General Assembly that,
20	subject to the availability of funds, caseloads for probation officers supervising persons
21	sentenced to community punishment should not exceed an average of 90 offenders per
22	officer, and caseloads for offenders sentenced to intermediate punishments should not
23	exceed an average of 60 offenders per officer by July 1, 1998.
24	(d) Lengths of Probation Terms Under Structured Sentencing. – Unless the court
25	makes specific findings that longer or shorter periods of probation are necessary, the
26	length of the original period of probation for offenders sentenced under Article 81B
27	shall be as follows:
28	(1) For misdemeanants sentenced to community punishment, not less than
29	six nor more than 18 months;
30	(2) For misdemeanants sentenced to intermediate punishment, not less
31	than 12 nor more than 24 months;
32	(3) For felons sentenced to community punishment, not less than 12 nor
33	(4) For follows contained to intermediate purishment, not less than 18 non
34 35	(4) For felons sentenced to intermediate punishment, not less than 18 nor more than 36 months.
35 36	If the court finds at the time of sentencing that a longer period of probation is
30 37	necessary, that period may not exceed a maximum of five years, as specified in G.S.
38	15A-1342 and G.S. 15A-1351.
39	Extension. – The court may with the consent of the offender extend the original
40	period of the probation if necessary to complete a program of restitution or to complete
40	medical or psychiatric treatment ordered as a condition of probation. This extension
42	may be for no more than three years, and may only be ordered in the last six months of
43	the original period of probation.

Delegation to Probation Officer in Community Punishment. - Unless the 1 (e) 2 presiding judge specifically finds in the judgment of the court that delegation is not 3 appropriate, the Division of Adult Probation and Parole Community Corrections in the 4 Department of Correction may require an offender sentenced to community punishment 5 to: Perform up to 20 hours of community service, and pay the fee 6 (1)7 prescribed by law for this supervision; 8 (2)Report to the offender's probation officer on a frequency to be 9 determined by the officer; or 10 Submit to substance abuse assessment, monitoring or treatment. (3)11 If the Division imposes any of the above requirements, then it may subsequently reduce 12 or remove those same requirements. 13 If the probation officer exercises authority delegated by the court pursuant to this 14 subsection, the offender may file a motion with the court to review the action taken by 15 the probation officer. The offender shall be given notice of the right to seek such a court 16 review. The Division may exercise any authority delegated to it under this subsection 17 only if it first determines that the offender has failed to comply with one or more of the 18 conditions of probation imposed by the court. 19 Delegation to Probation Officer in Intermediate Punishments. - Unless the (f)20 presiding judge specifically finds in the judgment of the court that delegation is not 21 appropriate, the Division of Adult Probation and Parole Community Corrections in the 22 Department of Correction may require an offender sentenced to intermediate 23 punishment to: Perform up to 50 hours of community service, and pay the fee 24 (1) 25 prescribed by law for this supervision; 26 Submit to a curfew which requires the offender to remain in a (2)27 specified place for a specified period each day and wear a device that permits the offender's compliance with the condition to be monitored 28 29 electronically: 30 Submit to substance abuse assessment, monitoring or treatment; or (3)31 (4) Participate in an educational or vocational skills development program. 32 If the Division imposes any of the above requirements, then it may subsequently reduce 33 or remove those same requirements. 34 If the probation officer exercises authority delegated to him or her by the court 35 pursuant to this subsection, the offender may file a motion with the court to review the 36 action taken by the probation officer. The offender shall be given notice of the right to 37 seek such a court review. The Division may exercise any authority delegated to it under 38 this subsection only if it first determines that the offender has failed to comply with one 39 or more of the conditions of probation imposed by the court. 40 Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994), c. 19, s. 3. (g) 41 Definitions. - For purposes of this section, the definitions in G.S. (h) 42 15A-1340.11 apply." 43 SECTION 47.(c) G.S. 15A-1368.4(c) reads as rewritten:

1	"(c) Discretionary Conditions. – The Commission, in consultation with the
2	Division of Adult Probation and Parole, Community Corrections, may impose conditions
3	on a supervisee it believes reasonably necessary to ensure that the supervisee will lead a
4	law-abiding life or to assist the supervisee to do so."
5	<b>SECTION 47.(d)</b> G.S. 105-259(b)(15) reads as rewritten:
6	"(15) To exchange information concerning a tax imposed by Articles 2A,
7	2C, or 2D of this Chapter with one of the following agencies when the
8	information is needed to fulfill a duty imposed on the Department or
9	the agency:
10	a. The North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.
11	b. The Division of Alcohol Law Enforcement of the Department
12	of Crime Control and Public Safety.
13	c. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms of the United
14	States Treasury Department.
15	d. Law enforcement agencies.
16	e. The Division of Adult Probation and Parole Community
17	<u>Corrections</u> of the Department of Correction." SECTION 47 (a) $C \leq 115D \leq (b)$ mode as recuritten:
18 19	<ul><li>SECTION 47.(e) G.S. 115D-5(b) reads as rewritten:</li><li>"(b) In order to make instruction as accessible as possible to all citizens, the</li></ul>
20	teaching of curricular courses and of noncurricular extension courses at convenient
20 21	locations away from institution campuses as well as on campuses is authorized and shall
22	be encouraged. A pro rata portion of the established regular tuition rate charged a
23	full-time student shall be charged a part-time student taking any curriculum course. In
24	lieu of any tuition charge, the State Board of Community Colleges shall establish a
25	uniform registration fee, or a schedule of uniform registration fees, to be charged
26	students enrolling in extension courses for which instruction is financed primarily from
27	State funds; provided, however, that the State Board of Community Colleges may
28	provide by general and uniform regulations for waiver of tuition and registration fees
29	for persons not enrolled in elementary or secondary schools taking courses leading to a
30	high school diploma or equivalent certificate, for training courses for volunteer firemen,
31	local fire department personnel, volunteer rescue and lifesaving department personnel,
32	local rescue and lifesaving department personnel, Radio Emergency Associated Citizens
33	Team (REACT) members when the REACT team is under contract to a county as an
34	emergency response agency, local law-enforcement officers, patients in State alcoholic
35	rehabilitation centers, all full-time custodial employees of the Department of Correction,
36	employees of the Department's Division of Adult Probation and Parole Community
37	Corrections and employees of the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
38	Prevention required to be certified under Chapter 17C of the General Statutes and the
39	rules of the Criminal Justice and Training Standards Commission, trainees enrolled in
40	courses conducted under the New and Expanding Industry Program, clients of sheltered
41	workshops, clients of adult developmental activity programs, students in Health and
42	Human Services Development Programs, juveniles of any age committed to the
43	Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention by a court of competent

#### **SESSION 2001**

jurisdiction, prison inmates, and members of the North Carolina State Defense Militia as 1 2 defined in G.S. 127A-5 and as administered under Article 5 of Chapter 127A of the 3 General Statutes. Provided further, tuition shall be waived for senior citizens attending 4 institutions operating under this Chapter as set forth in Chapter 115B of the General 5 Statutes, Tuition Waiver for Senior Citizens. Provided further, tuition shall also be 6 waived for all courses taken by high school students at community colleges in 7 accordance with G.S. 115D-20(4) and this section." 8 SECTION 47.(f) G.S. 143B-262(c) reads as rewritten: 9 "(c) The Department shall establish within the Division of Adult Probation and 10 Parole Community Corrections a program of Intensive Supervision. This program shall 11 provide intensive supervision for probationers, post-release supervisees, and parolees 12 who require close supervision in order to remain in the community pursuant to a 13 community penalties plan, community work plan, community restitution plan, or other 14 plan of rehabilitation. The intensive supervision program shall be available to both 15 felons and misdemeanants. Each offender shall be required to comply with the rules 16 adopted for the Program as well as the requirements specified in G.S. 15A-1340.11(5)." 17 SECTION 47.(g) G.S. 143B-478, as rewritten by Section 6 of S.L. 2001-95, 18 reads as rewritten: 19 "§ 143B-478. Governor's Crime Commission – creation; composition; terms; 20 meetings, etc. 21 (a) There is hereby created the Governor's Crime Commission of the Department 22 of Crime Control and Public Safety. The Commission shall consist of 36 voting 23 members and six nonvoting members. The composition of the Commission shall be as 24 follows: 25 (1) The voting members shall be: 26 The Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North a. 27 Carolina (or his alternate), the Attorney General, the Director of 28 the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Secretary of the 29 Department of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of the 30 Department of Correction, the Secretary of the Department of 31 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, and the 32 Superintendent of Public Instruction; 33 A judge of superior court, a judge of district court specializing b. 34 in juvenile matters, a chief district court judge, a clerk of 35 superior court, and a district attorney; A defense attorney, three sheriffs (one of whom shall be from a 36 c. 37 "high crime area"), three police executives (one of whom shall 38 be from a "high crime area"), six citizens (two with knowledge 39 of juvenile delinquency and the public school system, two of whom shall be under the age of 21 at the time of their 40 41 appointment, one representative of a "private juvenile 42 delinquency program," and one in the discretion of the

1			Governor), three county commissioners or county officials, and
2			three mayors or municipal officials;
3			d. Two members of the North Carolina House of Representatives
4			and two members of the North Carolina Senate.
5		(2)	The nonvoting members shall be the Director of the State Bureau of
6			Investigation, the Secretary of the Department of Crime Control and
7			Public Safety, the Assistant Secretary of Intervention/Prevention of the
8			Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, the
9			Assistant Secretary of Youth Development of the Department of
10			Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, the Director of the
11			Division of Prisons and the Director of the Division of Adult Probation
12			and Paroles.Community Corrections.
13	(b)	The m	nembership of the Commission shall be selected as follows:
14		(1)	The following members shall serve by virtue of their office: the
15			Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Attorney
16			General, the Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, the
17			Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, the
18			Secretary of the Department of Correction, the Director of the State
19			Bureau of Investigation, the Secretary of the Department of Crime
20			Control and Public Safety, the Director of the Division of Prisons, the
21			Director of the Division of Adult Probation and Parole, Community
22			Corrections, the Secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice and
23			Delinquency Prevention, the Assistant Secretary of
24			Intervention/Prevention of the Department of Juvenile Justice and
25			Delinquency Prevention, the Assistant Secretary of Youth
26			Development of the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
27			Prevention, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Should the
28			Chief Justice of the Supreme Court choose not to serve, his alternate
29			shall be selected by the Governor from a list submitted by the Chief
30			Justice which list must contain no less than three nominees from the
31			membership of the Supreme Court.
32		(2)	The following members shall be appointed by the Governor: the
33			district attorney, the defense attorney, the three sheriffs, the three
34			police executives, the six citizens, the three county commissioners or
35			county officials, the three mayors or municipal officials.
36		(3)	The following members shall be appointed by the Governor from a list
37			submitted by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, which list shall
38			contain no less than three nominees for each position and which list
39			must be submitted within 30 days after the occurrence of any vacancy
40			in the judicial membership: the judge of superior court, the clerk of
41			superior court, the judge of district court specializing in juvenile
42			matters, and the chief district court judge.

#### **SESSION 2001**

- 1 (4)The two members of the House of Representatives provided by 2 subdivision (a)(1)d. of this section shall be appointed by the Speaker 3 of the House of Representatives and the two members of the Senate 4 provided by subdivision (a)(1)d. of this section shall be appointed by 5 the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. These members shall 6 perform the advisory review of the State plan for the General 7 Assembly as permitted by section 206 of the Crime Control Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-503). 8 (5)
- 9 10
- 10 11

The Governor may serve as chairman, designating a vice-chairman to serve at his pleasure, or he may designate a chairman and vice-chairman both of whom shall serve at his pleasure.

12 (c) The initial members of the Commission shall be those appointed under 13 subsection (b) above, which appointments shall be made by March 1, 1977. The terms 14 of the present members of the Governor's Commission on Law and Order shall expire 15 on February 28, 1977. Effective March 1, 1977, the Governor shall appoint members, 16 other than those serving by virtue of their office, to serve staggered terms; seven shall 17 be appointed for one-year terms, seven for two-year terms, and seven for three-year 18 terms. At the end of their respective terms of office their successors shall be appointed 19 for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The 20 Commission members from the House and Senate shall serve two-year terms effective 21 March 1, of each odd-numbered year; and they shall not be disqualified from 22 Commission membership because of failure to seek or attain reelection to the General 23 Assembly, but resignation or removal from office as a member of the General Assembly 24 shall constitute resignation or removal from the Commission. Any other Commission 25 member no longer serving in the office from which he qualified for appointment shall 26 be disqualified from membership on the Commission. Any appointment to fill a 27 vacancy on the Commission created by the resignation, dismissal, death, disability, or 28 disqualification of a member shall be for the balance of the unexpired term.

29 (d) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member from the30 Commission for misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance.

(e) The Commission shall meet quarterly and at other times at the call of the
chairman or upon written request of at least eight of the members. A majority of the
voting members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business."

34

**SECTION 48.** G.S. 18B-901(c) reads as rewritten:

35 "(c) Factors in Issuing Permit. – Before issuing a permit, the Commission shall be 36 satisfied that the applicant is a suitable person to hold an ABC permit and that the 37 location is a suitable place to hold the permit for which he has applied. To be a suitable 38 place, the establishment shall comply with all applicable building and fire codes. Other 39 factors the Commission shall consider in determining whether the applicant and the 40 business location are suitable are:

- 41
- (1) The reputation, character, and criminal record of the applicant;

42 43 (2) The number of places already holding ABC permits within the neighborhood;

1	( <b>2</b> )			
1	(3)	Parking facilities and traffic conditions in the neighborhood;		
2	(4)	Kinds of businesses already in the neighborhood;		
3	(5)	Whether <u>any principal entrance of the establishment is located within</u>		
4		50 feet <u>as measured from any principal entrance of a church or church</u> ,		
5		public school or church school;		
6	(6)	Zoning laws;		
7	(7)	The recommendations of the local governing body; and		
8	(8)	Any other evidence that would tend to show whether the applicant		
9		would comply with the ABC laws and whether operation of his		
10	<b>CECT</b>	business at that location would be detrimental to the neighborhood."		
11	<b>SECTION 49.(a)</b> G.S. 18B-1001(15), as enacted by Section 1 of S.L.			
12	2001-262, reads			
13	"(15)	Wine-Tasting Permit. – A wine-tasting permit authorizes wine		
14		tastings on the premises conducted and supervised by the		
15		permittee. A wine tasting consists of the offering of a sample of		
16		one or more unfortified wine products, in amounts of no more than		
17		one ounce for each sample, without charge, to customers of the		
18		business. Representatives of the winery, which produced the wine,		
19		or the grape-wine grower may assist with the tastings in a manner		
20		consistent with existing law. The Commission shall adopt rules to		
21		assure that the tastings are limited to samplings and not a		
22		subterfuge for the unlawful sale or distribution of wine, and that the		
23		tastings are not used by industry members for unlawful		
24		inducements to retail permit holders, and do not violate existing		
25		rules. Except for purposes of this subsection, the holder of a		
26		wine-tasting permit shall not be construed to hold a permit for the		
27		on-premises sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages. Any food		
28	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	business is eligible for a wine-tasting permit."		
29		<b>TON 49.(b)</b> G.S. 18B-1101(2a), as enacted by Section 2 of S.L.		
30	2001-262, reads			
31	"(2a)	Receive, in closed containers, unfortified wine produced outside		
32		North Carolina under the winery's label from grapes grapes,		
33		berries, or other fruits owned by the winery, and sell, deliver, and		
34		ship that wine to wholesalers, exporters, and nonresident		
35		wholesalers in the same manner as its wine manufactured in North		
36		Carolina. This provision may be used only by a winery during its		
37		first three years of operation or when there is substantial damage to		
38		its grapes grapes, berries, or other fruits from catastrophic grape		
39		crop loss. This provision may be used only three years out of every		
40		10 years and notice must be given to the Commission each time		
41	~	this provision is used;".		
42		<b>TON 49.(c)</b> G.S. 18B-1114.3, as enacted by Section 4 of S.L.		
43	2001-262, reads	as rewritten:		

1	"8 18B-1	114.3. Authorization of wine grower permit.
2	(a)	Authorization. – The holder of a wine grower permit may:
3	(4)	(1) Ship <del>grapes grapes, berries, or other fruits</del> grown on land owned by it
4		in North Carolina to a winery, inside or outside the State, for the
5		manufacture and bottling of unfortified wine from those grapes and
6		may receive that wine back in closed containers.
7		(2) Sell, deliver, and ship the unfortified wine manufactured from its
8		grapes grapes, berries, or other fruits in closed containers to
9		wholesalers and retailers licensed under this Chapter as authorized by
10		the ABC laws and also sell to exporters and nonresident wholesalers
11		when the purchase is not for resale in this State.
12		(3) Regardless of the results of any local wine election, sell the wine
12		manufactured from its grapes grapes, berries, or other fruits for on- or
13		off-premise consumption upon obtaining the appropriate permit under
15		G.S. 18B-1001.
16	(b)	Limitation on Sales. – The holder of a wine grower permit may not sell, in
10		nually, more than 20,000 gallons of wine manufactured off its premises from
18		apes, berries, or other fruits it has grown."
19	8 p 5	<b>SECTION 49.(d)</b> G.S. 18B-1000(10), as enacted by Section 7 of S.L.
20	2001-262	2, reads as rewritten:
21		"(10) Wine grower. – A farming establishment of at least five acres
22		committed to the production of grapes grapes, berries, or other fruits
23		for the manufacture of unfortified wine."
24		SECTION 50.(a) G.S. 20-4.01(12b), as amended by Section 1 of S.L.
25	2001-350	5, reads as rewritten:
26		"(12b) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) The value specified by the
27		manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a vehicle. a vehicle is
28		capable of safely hauling. The GVWR of a combination vehicle is the
29		GVWR of the power unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit or units.
30		When a vehicle is determined by an enforcement officer to be
31		structurally altered in any way from the manufacturer's original design,
32		design in an attempt to increase the hauling capacity of the vehicle, the
33		GVWR of that vehicle shall be deemed to be the greater of the license
34		weight or the total weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles
35		may be deemed as the GVWR for the purpose of enforcing this
36		Chapter."
37		SECTION 50.(b) G.S. 20-30(6) reads as rewritten:
38		"(6) To photostat or otherwise reproduce a driver's license or learner's
39		permit or to possess a driver's license or learner's permit which has
40		been photostated or otherwise reproduced, unless such photostat or
41		other reproduction was authorized by the Commissioner. To make a
42		color photocopy or otherwise make a color reproduction of a drivers
43		license, learner's permit, or special identification card which has been

SESSION 2001

1	color-photocopied or otherwise reproduced in color, unless such color
2	photocopy or other color reproduction was authorized by the
3	Commissioner. It shall be lawful to make a black and white photocopy
4	of a drivers license, learner's permit, or special identification card or
5	otherwise make a black and white reproduction of a drivers license,
6	learner's permit, or special identification card."
7	SECTION 50.(c) G.S. 20-63(b) reads as rewritten:
8	"(b) Every license plate shall have displayed upon it the registration number
9	assigned to the vehicle for which it is issued, the name of the State of North Carolina,
10	which may be abbreviated, and the year number for which it is issued or the date of
11	expiration. A plate issued for a commercial vehicle, as defined in G.S. 20-4.2(1), and
12	weighing 26,001 pounds or more, must bear the word "commercial," unless the plate is
13	a special registration plate authorized in G.S. 20-79.4 or the commercial vehicle is a
14	trailer or is licensed for 6,000 pounds or less. <u>The plate issued for vehicles licensed for</u>
15	7,000 pounds through 26,000 pounds must bear the word "weighted".
16	A registration plate issued by the Division for a private passenger vehicle or for a
17	private hauler vehicle licensed for 6,000 pounds or less, other than a Friends of the
18	Great Smoky Mountains National Park special registration plate, shall be a "First in
19	Flight" plate. A "First in Flight" plate shall have the words "First in Flight" printed at
20	the top of the plate above all other letters and numerals. The background of the plate
21	shall depict the Wright Brothers biplane flying over Kitty Hawk Beach, with the plane
22	flying slightly upward and to the right."
23	SECTION 50.(d) G.S. 20-101 reads as rewritten:
24	"§ 20-101. Certain business vehicles to be marked.
25	A motor vehicle that is subject to 49 C.F.R. Part 390, the federal motor carrier safety
26	regulations, shall be marked as required by that Part.
27	A motor vehicle that is not subject to those regulations, has a gross vehicle weight
28	rating of more than 10,000 pounds, but less than 26,001 pounds, and is used in intrastate
29	commerce, and is not a farm vehicle, as further described in G.S. 20-118 (c)(4), (c)(5),
30	or $(c)(12)$ , shall have the name of the owner printed on the side of the vehicle in letters
31	not less than three inches in height.
32	A motor vehicle that is subject to regulation by the North Carolina Utilities
33	Commission shall be marked as required by that Commission and as otherwise required
34	by this section."
35	<b>SECTION 50.(e)</b> G.S. 20-118(c)(14) reads as rewritten:
36	"(14) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle that
37	meets all of the following conditions:
38	a. Is hauling aggregates from a distribution yard or a
39	State-permitted production site within a North Carolina county
40	contiguous to the North Carolina State border to a destination in
41	an adjacent state another state adjacent to that county as verified
42	
43	by a weight ticket in the driver's possession and available for inspection by enforcement personnel.

SESSION 2001

1	b.	Does not operate on an interstate highway or posted bridge.
2	с.	Does not exceed 69,850 pounds gross vehicle weight and
3		53,850 pounds per axle grouping for tri-axle vehicles. For
4		purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle is a single <u>power</u>
5		unit vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the
6		respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the
7		group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest
8		foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection,
9		the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not
10		apply. apply, and vehicles must be licensed in accordance with
11		<u>G.S. 20-88.</u>
12	d.	All other enforcement provisions of this Article remain
13		applicable."
14	<b>SECTION 5</b>	$0.(\mathbf{f})$ G.S. 20-118.1 reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 20-118.1. Officers	nay weigh vehicles and require overloads to be removed.
16	A law enforcement	officer may stop and weigh a vehicle to determine if the vehicle's
17	weight is in complianc	e with the vehicle's declared gross weight and the weight limits
18	set in this Part. The or	fficer may require the driver of the vehicle to drive to a scale
19	located within five mile	es of where the officer stopped the vehicle.
20	Any person operati	ng a vehicle or a combination of vehicles having a GVWR of
21	10,001 pounds or more	or any vehicle transporting hazardous materials that is required
22	to be placarded under	49 C.F.R. § 171-180 must enter a permanent weigh station or
23	temporary inspection of	r weigh site as directed by duly erected signs or an electronic
24	transponder for the p	surpose of being electronically screened for compliance, or
25	weighed, or inspected.	
26	If the vehicle's wei	ght exceeds the amount allowable, the officer may detain the
27	vehicle until the overle	bad has been removed. Any property removed from a vehicle
28	because the vehicle wa	s overloaded is the responsibility of the owner or operator of the
29	vehicle. The State is no	t liable for damage to or loss of the removed property.
30	Failure to permit a v	whicle to be weighed or to remove an overload is a misdemeanor
31	of the Class set in G.S	. 20-176. An officer must weigh a vehicle with a scale that has
32	been approved by the D	epartment of Agriculture and Consumer Services."
33	<b>SECTION 5</b>	<b>0.(g)</b> G.S. 20-142.3 reads as rewritten:
34	"§ 20-142.3. Certain	vehicles must stop at railroad grade <del>crossing; placarding</del>
35		<del>cles.</del> <u>crossing.</u>
36		ing at grade any track or tracks of a railroad, the driver of any
37		y bus, any motor vehicle carrying passengers for compensation,
38		motor vehicle carrying hazardous materials, any commercial
39		49 C.F.R. § 392.10, and any motor vehicle with a capacity of 16
40	-	top the vehicle within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the
41		road. While stopped, the driver shall listen and look in both
42		ck for any approaching train and shall not proceed until he the
43	driver can do so safely.	Upon proceeding, the driver of the vehicle shall cross the track

in a gear that allows the driver to cross the track without changing gears and the driver 1 2 shall not change gears while crossing the track or tracks. 3 Except for school buses and activity buses, the provisions of this section shall (b) 4 not require the driver of a vehicle to stop: At railroad tracks used exclusively for industrial switching purposes 5 (1)6 within a business district. 7 At a railroad grade crossing which a police officer or crossing flagman (2)8 directs traffic to proceed. 9 (3) At a railroad grade crossing protected by a gate or flashing signal 10 designed to stop traffic upon the approach of a train, when the gate or 11 flashing signal does not indicate the approach of a train. 12 (4) At an abandoned railroad grade crossing which is marked with a sign 13 indicating that the rail line is abandoned. 14 (5) At an industrial or spur line railroad grade crossing marked with a sign 15 reading "Exempt" erected by or with the consent of the appropriate 16 State or local authority. 17 (c) It shall be unlawful to transport by motor vehicle upon the highways of this 18 State any hazardous material without conspicuously marking or placarding the motor vehicle on each side and on the rear with the word "DANGEROUS" or the common or 19 20 generic name of the article transported or its principal hazard. Additionally, the rear of 21 any such vehicle shall be conspicuously marked with the words "THIS VEHICLE STOPS AT RAILROAD CROSSINGS" or "WE STOP AT RR CROSSINGS." A 22 23 person violating the provisions of this subsection section shall be guilty of an infraction 24 and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not 25 constitute negligence per se. 26 "Hazardous materials," for purposes of this section only, means any (d)27 hazardous material required to be placarded under 49 C.F.R. § 171-180. The provisions of this section shall not apply to vehicles subject to Federal 28 <del>(e)</del> 29 Motor Carrier Safety rules adopted by the Division of Motor Vehicles." 30 SECTION 51. G.S. 20-4.01(49) reads as rewritten: 31 "(49) Vehicle. – Every device in, upon, or by which any person or property 32 is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway, excepting devices 33 moved by human power or used exclusively upon fixed rails or tracks; 34 provided, that for the purposes of this Chapter bicycles shall be 35 deemed vehicles and every rider of a bicycle upon a highway shall be 36 subject to the provisions of this Chapter applicable to the driver of a 37 vehicle except those which by their nature can have no application. 38 This term shall not include a device which is designed for and intended 39 to be used as a means of transportation for a person with a mobility 40 impairment, or who uses the device for mobility enhancement, is 41 suitable for use both inside and outside a building, including on 42 sidewalks, and whose maximum speed does not exceed 12 is limited 43 by design to 15 miles per hour when the device is being operated by a

1	person with a mobility impairment.impairment, or who uses the device
2	for mobility enhancement."
3	<b>SECTION 52.</b> G.S. 20-17(a)(15) reads as rewritten:
4	"(15) A conviction of malicious use of an explosive or incendiary device to
5	damage property (G.S. 14-49(b) and (b1)); conspiracy to injure or
6	damage by use of an explosive or incendiary device (G.S. 14-50);
7	making a false report concerning a destructive device in a public
8	building (G.S. 14-69.1(c)); perpetrating a hoax concerning a
9	destructive device in a public building (G.S. 14-69.2(c)); possessing or
10	carrying a dynamite cartridge, bomb, grenade, mine, or powerful
11	explosive on educational property (G.S. 14-269.2(b1)); or causing,
12	encouraging, or aiding a minor to possess or carry a dynamite
13	cartridge, bomb, grenade, mine, or powerful explosive on educational
14	property (G.S. 14-269.2(c1))."
15	SECTION 53. G.S. 20-39.1(e), as enacted by Section 6.14(a) of S.L.
16	2001-424, reads as rewritten:
17	"(e) Upon approval and request of the Director of the State Bureau of
18	Investigation, the Commissioner shall issue confidential license plates to local, State, or
19	federal law enforcement agencies agencies, the Department of Crime Control and Public
20	Safety, and agents of the Internal Revenue Service in accordance with the provisions of
21	this subsection. Applicants in these categories shall provide satisfactory evidence to the
22	Director of the State Bureau of Investigation of the following:
23	(1) The confidential license plate requested is to be used on a publicly
24	owned or leased vehicle that is primarily used for transporting,
25	apprehending, or arresting persons charged with violations of the laws
26	of the United States or the State of North Carolina;
27	(2) The use of a confidential license plate is necessary to protect the
28	personal safety of an officer or for placement on a vehicle used
29	primarily for surveillance or undercover operations; and
30	(3) The application contains an original signature of the head of the
31	requesting agency or department or, in the case of a federal agency, the
32	signature of the senior ranking officer for that agency in this State.
33	Confidential license plates issued under this subsection shall be issued on an annual
34	basis and the Division shall maintain a separate registration file for vehicles bearing
35	confidential license plates. That file shall be confidential for the use of the Division and
36	is not a public record within the meaning of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. Upon
37	the annual renewal of the registration of a vehicle for which a confidential status has
38	been established under this section, the registration shall lose its confidential status
39	unless the agency or department supplies the Director of the State Bureau of
40	Investigation with information demonstrating that an officer's personal safety remains at
41	risk or that the vehicle is still primarily used for surveillance or undercover operations at
42	the time of renewal."

42 the time of renewal."

SECTION 54. G.S. 20-39.1(i), as enacted by Section 6.14 of S.L. 2001-424, 1 2 reads as rewritten: 3 The Commissioner shall administer the issuance of private plates for State-"(i) 4 owned publicly owned vehicles under the provisions of this section to ensure strict 5 compliance with those provisions. The Division shall report to the Joint Legislative 6 Commission on Governmental Operations by January 1 and July 1 of each year on the 7 total number of private plates issued to each agency, and the total number of fictitious 8 licenses and plates issued by the Division." 9 SECTION 55. G.S. 20-179.3(e) reads as rewritten: 10 "(e) Limited Basis for and Effect of Privilege. – A limited driving privilege issued 11 under this section authorizes a person to drive if his license is revoked solely under G.S. 12 20-17(2) G.S. 20-17(a)(2) or as a result of a conviction in another jurisdiction 13 substantially similar to impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1; if the person's license is 14 revoked under any other statute, the limited privilege is invalid." 15 **SECTION 56.** Effective July 1, 2002, G.S. 24-1.1A(a1), as enacted by 16 Section 1 of S.L. 2001-340, reads as rewritten: "(a1) Subject to federal requirements, at the time a when a natural person applies 17 18 with a lender for a home loan, loan primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, the lender shall comply with the provisions of this subsection. 19 20 Not later than the date of the home loan closing or three business days (1)21 after the lender receives an application for a home loan, whichever is 22 earlier, the lender shall provide deliver or mail to the applicant with 23 information and examples of amortization of home loans reflecting 24 various terms in a form made available by the Commissioner of Banks 25 Banks. and, for fixed rate home loans only, shall provide the person an 26 amortization schedule for the person's home loan at closing. The 27 Commissioner of Banks shall develop and make available to home 28 loan lenders materials necessary to satisfy the provisions of this 29 subsection. 30 Not later than three business days after the home loan closing, the (2)31 lender shall deliver or mail to the borrower an amortization schedule 32 for the borrower's home loan. Provided, however, that a lender shall 33 not be required to provide an amortization schedule unless the loan is a 34 fixed rate home loan that requires the borrower to make regularly 35 scheduled periodic amortizing payments of principal and interest; and 36 provided further that, with respect to a construction/permanent home 37 loan, the amortization schedule must be provided only with respect to 38 the permanent portion of the home loan during which amortization 39 occurs. 40 If the home loan transaction involves more than one natural person, the (3) 41 lender may deliver or mail the materials required by this subsection to 42 any one or more of such persons.

**SESSION 2001** 

4	
1	(4) This subsection does not apply if the home loan applicant is not a
2 3	natural person or if the home loan is for a purpose other than a
	personal, family, or household purpose."
4	<b>SECTION 57.</b> G.S. 25-9-310(b), as rewritten by Section 3 of S.L. 2001-218,
5	reads as rewritten:
6	"(b) Exceptions: filing not necessary. – The filing of a financing statement is not
7	necessary to perfect a security interest:
8	(1) That is perfected under G.S. $25-9-308(d)$ , (e), or (g);
9	(2) That is perfected under G.S. 25-9-309 when it attaches;
10	(3) In property subject to a statute, regulation, or treaty described in
11	G.S. 25-9-311(a);
12	(4) In goods in possession of a bailee which is perfected under G.S.
13	25-9-312(d)(1) or (2);
14	(5) In certificated securities, documents, goods, or instruments which
15	is perfected without filing or possession under G.S. 25-9-312(e),
16	(f), or (g);
17	(6) In collateral in the secured party's possession under G.S. 25-9-313;
18	(7) In a certificated security which is perfected by delivery of the
19	security certificate to the secured party under G.S. 25-9-313;
20	(8) In deposit accounts, electronic chattel paper, investment property,
21	or letter-of-credit rights which is perfected by control under G.S.
22	25-9-314;
23	(9) In proceeds which is perfected under G.S. 25-9-315; or
24	(10) That is perfected under G.S. 25-9-316; or G.S. 25-9-316."
25	SECTION 58. G.S. 40A-3(c) reads as rewritten:
26	"(c) Other Public Condemnors. – For the public use or benefit, the following
27	political entities shall possess the power of eminent domain and may acquire property
28	by purchase, gift, or condemnation for the stated purposes.
29	
30	(8) An authority created under the provisions of Article 1 of Chapter
31	162A for the purposes of that Article, provided, however the
32	provisions of G.S. 162A-7 shall continue to apply. Article.
33	
34	(13) A regional <u>public</u> transportation authority established under Article
35	26 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes for the purposes of that
36	Article."
37	SECTION 59. Effective October 1, 2001, G.S. 44-49, as rewritten by
38	Section 1 of S.L. 2001-377, reads as rewritten:
39	"§ 44-49. Lien created; applicable to persons non sui juris.
40	(a) From and after March 26, 1935, there is hereby created a lien upon any sums
41	recovered as damages for personal injury in any civil action in this State. This lien is in
42	favor of any person, corporation, <u>State entity</u> , municipal corporation or county to whom
43	the person so recovering, or the person in whose behalf the recovery has been made,

1 may be indebted for any drugs, medical supplies, ambulance services, services rendered 2 by any physician, dentist, nurse, or hospital, or hospital attention or services rendered in 3 connection with the injury in compensation for which the damages have been recovered. 4 Where damages are recovered for and in behalf of minors or persons non compos 5 mentis, the liens shall attach to the sum recovered as fully as if the person were sui juris. 6 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, no lien provided for under 7 subsection (a) of this section is valid with respect to any claims whatsoever unless the 8 physician, dentist, nurse, hospital, corporation, or other person entitled to the lien 9 furnishes, without charge to the attorney as a condition precedent to the creation of the 10 lien, upon request to the attorney representing the person in whose behalf the claim for 11 personal injury is made, an itemized statement, hospital record, or medical report for the 12 use of the attorney in the negotiation, settlement, or trial of the claim arising by reason 13 of the personal injury, and a written notice to the attorney of the lien claimed. 14 (c) No action shall lie against any clerk of court or any surety on any clerk's bond 15 to recover any claims based upon any lien or liens created under subsection (a) of this

section when recovery has been had by the person injured, and no claims against the recovery were filed with the clerk by any person or corporation, and the clerk has otherwise disbursed according to law the money recovered in the action for personal injuries."

20 **SECTION 60.** G.S. 51-2(a1), as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 2001-62, reads 21 as rewritten:

"(a1) Persons over 16 years of age and under 18 years of age may marry, and the register of deeds may issue a license for the marriage, only after there shall have been filed with the register of deeds a written consent to the marriage, said consent having been signed by the appropriate person as follows:

- 26
- 27 28

(1) By a parent having full or joint legal custody of the underage party; or

(2) By a person, agency, or institution having legal custody or serving as a guardian of the underage party.

The written consent required by this subsection shall be either acknowledged before a notary public or signed in the presence of the register of deeds. Such written consent shall not be required for an emancipated minor if a certificate of emancipation issued pursuant to Article 35 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes or a certified copy of a final decree or certificate of emancipation from this or any other jurisdiction is filed with the register of deeds."

35 SECTION 61.(a) G.S. 54-109.57(a), as rewritten by Section 2 of S.L.
 36 2001-267, reads as rewritten:

"(a) Shares may be issued to and deposits received from any person or persons establishing an account who shall execute a written agreement with the credit union containing a statement that it is executed pursuant to the provisions of this section and providing for the account to be held in the name of the person or persons as owner or owners for one or more persons designated as beneficiaries, the account and any balance thereof shall be held as a Payable on Death account, with the following incidents:

1	(1)	Any owner during the owner's lifetime may change any designated
2		beneficiary by a written direction to the credit union.
3	(1a)	If there are two or more owners of a Payable on Death account, the
4		owners shall own the account as joint tenants with right of
5		survivorship and, except as otherwise provided in this section, the
6		account shall have the incidents set forth in G.S. 54-109.58.
7	(2)	Any owner may withdraw funds by writing checks or otherwise, as set
8		forth in the account contract, and receive payment in cash or check
9		payable to the owner's personal order.
10	(3)	If only one beneficiary is living and of legal age at the death of the
11		last surviving trustee, the beneficiary shall be the holder of the
12		account, and payment by the credit union to the holder shall be a total
13		discharge of the credit union's obligation as to the amount paid. If two
14		or more beneficiaries are living at the death of the last surviving
15		owner, they shall be owners of the account as joint tenants with right
16		of survivorship as provided in G.S. 54-109.58, and payment by the
17		credit union to the owners or to any of the owners shall be a total
18		discharge of the credit union's obligation as to the amount paid.
19	(4)	If one or more owners survive the last surviving beneficiary, the
20		account shall become an individual account of the owner, or a joint
21		account with right of survivorship of the owners and shall have the
22		legal incidents of an individual account in the case of a single owner
23		or a joint account with right of survivorship, as provided in G.S.
24		54-109.58, in the case of multiple owners.
25	(5)	If only one beneficiary is living and that beneficiary is not of legal age
26		at the death of the last surviving owner, the credit union shall transfer
27		the funds in the account to the general guardian or guardian of the
28		estate, if any, of the minor beneficiary. If no guardian of the minor
29		beneficiary has been appointed, the credit union shall hold the funds in
30		a similar interest bearing account in the name of the minor until the
31		minor reaches the age of majority or until a duly appointed guardian
32		withdraws the funds.
33	(6)	Prior to the death of the last surviving owner, no beneficiary shall have
34		any ownership interest in a Payable on Death account. Funds in a
35		Payable on Death account established pursuant to this subsection shall
36		belong to the beneficiary or beneficiaries upon the death of the last
37		surviving owner and the funds shall be subject only to the personal
38		representative's right of collection as set forth in G.S. 28A-15-10(a)(1).
39		Payment by the credit union of funds in the Payable on Death account
40		to the beneficiary shall terminate the personal representative's
41		authority under G.S. 28A-15-10(a)(1) to collect against the credit
42		union for the funds so paid, but the personal representative's authority

1		to collect such funds from the beneficiary or beneficiaries is not
2		terminated.
3	-	persons establishing an account under this subsection shall sign a
4		ining language set forth in a conspicuous manner and substantially
5	similar to the fol	0
6		"CREDIT UNION (OR NAME OF INSTITUTION)
7		PAYABLE ON DEATH ACCOUNT
8	τ ( )	G.S. 54-109.57
9		derstand that by establishing a Payable on Death account under the
10	•	orth Carolina General Statute 54-109.57 that:
11	1.	During my (or our) lifetime I (or we) we), individually or jointly, may
12	2	withdraw the money in the account; and
13	2.	By written direction to the credit union (or name of institution) I (or
14		we), individually or jointly, may change the beneficiary or
15		beneficiaries; and
16	3.	Upon my (or our) death the money remaining in the account will
17		belong to the beneficiary or beneficiaries, and the money will not be
18		inherited by my (or our) heirs or be controlled by will.
19 20		"
20 21	SECT	<b>TION 61.(b)</b> G.S. 54C-166(a), as rewritten by Section 4 of S.L.
22	2001-267, reads	
23	,	erson or persons establishing a withdrawable account executes a written
23	-	the savings bank containing a statement that it is executed under this
25	-	viding for the account to be held in the name of the person or persons as
26	-	s for one or more persons designated as beneficiaries, the account and
27		the account is held as a Payable on Death account with the following
28	incidents:	
29	(1)	Any owner during the owner's lifetime may change any designated
30		beneficiary by a written direction to the savings bank.
31	(1a)	If there are two or more owners of a Payable on Death account, the
32		owners shall own the account as joint tenants with right of
33		survivorship and, except as otherwise provided in this section, the
34		account shall have the incidents set forth in G.S. 54C-165.
35	(2)	Any owner may withdraw funds by writing checks or otherwise, as set
36	(-)	forth in the account contract, and receive payment in cash or check
37		payable to the owner's personal order.
38	(3)	If only one beneficiary is living and of legal age at the death of the
39		last surviving owner, the beneficiary is the holder of the account, and
40		payment by the savings bank to the holder is a total discharge of the
41		savings bank's obligation as to the amount paid. If two or more
42		beneficiaries are living at the death of the last surviving owner, they
43		shall be owners of the account as joint tenants with right of
15		shall be owners of the decount us joint tendings with right of

1		survivorship as provided in G.S. 54C-165, and payment by the savings
2		bank to the owners or to any of the owners shall be a total discharge of
3		the savings bank's obligation as to the amount paid.
4	(4)	If one or more owners survive the last surviving beneficiary, the
5		account shall become an individual account of the owner, or a joint
6		account with right of survivorship of the owners, and shall have the
7		legal incidents of an individual account in the case of a single owner
8		or a joint account with right of survivorship, as provided in G.S.
9		54C-165, in the case of multiple owners.
10	(5)	If only one beneficiary is living and that beneficiary is not of legal age
11		at the death of the last surviving owner, the savings bank shall transfer
12		the funds in the account to the general guardian or guardian of the
13		estate, if any, of the minor beneficiary. If no guardian of the minor
14		beneficiary has been appointed, the savings bank shall hold the funds
15		in a similar interest-bearing account in the name of the minor until the
16		minor reaches the age of majority or until a duly appointed guardian
17		withdraws the funds.
18	(6)	Prior to the death of the last surviving owner, no beneficiary shall have
19		any ownership interest in a Payable on Death account. Funds in a
20		Payable on Death account established under this subsection shall
21		belong to the beneficiary or beneficiaries upon the death of the last
22		surviving owner and the funds shall be subject only to the personal surviving is right of collection as set for the in $C = 28A$ , $15 = 10(c)(1)$
23		representative's right of collection as set forth in G.S. $28A-15-10(a)(1)$ .
24 25		Payment by the savings bank of funds in the Payable on Death
25 26		account to the beneficiary or beneficiaries shall terminate the personal representative's authority under $C = 28A + 15 + 10(a)(1)$ , to collect
26 27		representative's authority under G.S. $28A-15-10(a)(1)$ to collect
28		against the savings bank for the funds so paid, but the personal representative's authority to collect the funds from the beneficiary or
28 29		beneficiaries is not terminated.
30	The person (	or persons establishing an account under this subsection shall sign a
31		ining language set forth in a conspicuous manner and substantially
32	similar to the fol	
33		BANK (OR NAME OF INSTITUTION) PAYABLE ON DEATH
34	51111105	ACCOUNT
35		G.S. 54C-166(A)
36	I (or we) un	derstand that by establishing a Payable on Death account under G.S.
37	54C-166(a) that:	
38	1.	During my (or our) lifetime, I (or we)-we), individually or jointly,
39		may withdraw the money in the account; and
40	2.	By written direction to the savings bank (or name of institution) I (or
41		we), individually or jointly, may change the beneficiary; and

3. Upon my (or our) death the money remaining in the account will 1 2 belong to the beneficiary or beneficiaries and the money will not be 3 4 5 6 inherited by my (or our) heirs or be controlled by will. .\_\_\_\_\_" 7 G.S. 55-1-40(2a), as enacted by Section 3 of S.L. SECTION 62.(a) 8 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 9 "(2a) 'Business entity,' as used in G.S. 55-11-10 and Article 11A of this 10 Chapter, means a domestic corporation (including a professional 11 corporation as defined in G.S. 55B-2), a foreign corporation, a 12 domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation, a domestic or foreign 13 limited liability company, a domestic or foreign limited partnership as 14 defined in G.S. 59-102, partnership, a registered limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership as defined in G.S. 15 16 59-32, or any other partnership as defined in G.S. 59-36 whether or not formed under the laws of this State." 17 18 **SECTION 62.(b)** G.S. 55-7-04(a1)(2), as enacted by Section 11 of S.L. 19 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 20 "(2) If cumulative voting is authorized, the election of directors and the 21 removal of a director unless the entire board of directors is to be 22 removed, and if G.S. 55-7-28(e) applies to the corporation, an 23 amendment to the articles of incorporation to deny or limit the right of 24 shareholders to vote cumulatively and an amendment to the articles of 25 incorporation or bylaws to decrease the number of directors." 26 SECTION 62.(c) G.S. 55-7-04(b), as amended by Section 11 of S.L. 27 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 28 A shareholder's written consent to action to be taken without a meeting shall "(b) 29 cease to be effective on the sixty-first day after the date of signature appearing on the 30 consent unless prior to the sixty-first day the corporation has received written consents 31 sufficient under subsection (a) of this section to take the action without meeting. If not 32 otherwise fixed under G.S. 55-7-03 or G.S. 55-7-07, the record date for determining 33 shareholders entitled to take action without a meeting is the earliest date the first shareholder signs the consent under subsection (a) of signature appearing on any 34 35 consent that is to be counted in satisfying the requirements of subsection (a) of this 36 section. No written consent shall be effective to evidence the action referred to therein 37 unless, within 60 days after the earliest date appearing on a written consent delivered to 38 the corporation in the manner required by this section, the corporation receives written 39 consents signed by shareholders sufficient to take the action without a meeting." 40 SECTION 62.(d) G.S. 55-11A-12, as enacted by Section 17 of S.L. 41 2001-387, reads as rewritten:

42 "§ 55-11A-12. Articles of conversion.

1	(a) After a plan of conversion has been approved by the converting domestic
2	corporation as provided in G.S. 55-11A-11, the converting domestic corporation shall
3	deliver articles of conversion to the Secretary of State for filing. The articles of
4	conversion shall state:
5	(1) The name of the converting domestic corporation;
6	(2) The name of the resulting business entity, its type of business entity,
7	the state or country whose laws govern its organization and internal
8	affairs, and, if the resulting business entity is not authorized to transact
9	business or conduct affairs in this State, a designation of its mailing
10	address and a commitment to file with the Secretary of State a
11	statement of any subsequent change in its mailing address; and
12	(3) That a plan of conversion has been approved by the domestic
13	corporation as required by law.
14	(b) If the domestic corporation is converting to a business entity whose formation
15	or whose status as a registered limited liability partnership, as defined in G.S. 59-32, or
16	limited liability limited partnership, as defined in G.S. 59-102, requires the filing of a
17	document with the Secretary of State, then notwithstanding subsection (a) of this
18	section, the articles of conversion shall be included as part of that document instead of
19	separately filing the articles of conversion.and shall contain the information required by
20	the laws governing the organization and internal affairs of the resulting business entity.
21	(c) If the plan of conversion is abandoned after the articles of conversion have
22	been filed with the Secretary of State but before the articles of conversion become
23	effective, the converting domestic corporation shall deliver to the Secretary of State for
24	filing prior to the time the articles of conversion become effective an amendment to the
25	articles of conversion withdrawing the articles of conversion.
26	(b)(d) The conversion takes effect when the articles of conversion become effective.
27	(c)(e) Certificates of conversion shall also be registered as provided in G.S.
28	47-18.1."
29	<b>SECTION 62.(e)</b> G.S. 55A-1-40(20), as amended by Section 33 of S.L.
30	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
31	"(20) 'Principal office' means the office (in or out of this State) so designated
32	in the articles of incorporation, the Designation of Principal Office
33	Address form, or in any subsequent Corporation's Statement of Change
34	of Principal Office Address form filed with the Secretary of State
35	where the principal offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are
36	located, as most recently designated by the domestic or foreign
37	corporation in its articles of incorporation, a Designation of Principal
38	Office Address form, a Corporation's Statement of Change of Principal
39	Office Address form, or in the case of a foreign corporation, its
40	application for a certificate of authority."
41	<b>SECTION 62.(f)</b> G.S. 55A-11-09(c) reads as rewritten:
42	"(c) Each merging domestic nonprofit corporation and each other merging
12	

1 2 2	(1)	For each merging business entity, its name, type of business entity, and the state or country whose laws govern its organization and internal
3		affairs;
4	(2)	The name of the merging business entity that shall survive the merger;
5	(3)	The terms and conditions of the merger;
6 7	(4)	The manner and basis for converting the interests in each merging business entity into interests, obligations, or securities of the surviving
8		business entity or into cash or other property in whole or in part; and
9	(5)	If the surviving business entity is a domestic nonprofit corporation,
10		any amendments to its articles of incorporation that are to be made in
11		connection with the merger.
12	-	nerger may contain other provisions relating to the merger.
13		of a <u>merging</u> domestic nonprofit corporation, approval of the plan of
14	merger requires	that the plan of merger be adopted as provided in G.S. 55A-11-03. If
15	•	a merging domestic nonprofit corporation has or will have personal
16	liability for any	existing or future obligation of the surviving business entity solely as a
17		g an interest in the surviving business entity, then in addition to the
18		G.S. 55A-11-03, approval of the plan of merger by the domestic
19	· ·	ration shall require the affirmative vote or written consent of the
20		case of each other merging business entity, the plan of merger must be
21	approved in acc	ordance with the laws of the state or country governing the organization
22	and internal affa	irs of such merging business entity.
23	After a plan	of merger has been approved by a domestic nonprofit corporation but
24		es of merger become effective, the plan of merger (i) may be amended
25	as provided in t	he plan of merger, or (ii) may be abandoned (subject to any contractual
26		led in the plan of merger or, if there is no such provision, as determined
27	by the board of	directors."
28	SECT	<b>TION 62.(g)</b> G.S. 55A-15-21(a), as amended by Section 46 of S.L.
29	2001-387, reads	as rewritten:
30	"(a) When	ever a foreign corporation authorized to conduct affairs in this State
31	ceases its separa	te existence as a result of a statutory merger or consolidation permitted
32	by the laws of	the state or country under which it was incorporated, or converts into
33	another entity a	s permitted by those laws, the surviving or resulting entity shall apply
34	for a certificate	of withdrawal for the foreign corporation by delivering to the Secretary
35	of State for fili	ng a copy of the articles of merger, consolidation, or conversion or a
36	certificate recit	ing the facts of the merger, consolidation, or conversion duly
37	authenticated by	y the secretary of state or other official having custody of corporate
38	records in the s	state or country under the laws of which the foreign corporation was
39		the surviving or resulting entity is not authorized to conduct affairs or
40	transact busines	s in this State, the articles or certificate shall be accompanied by an
41		ch must set forth:
42	(1)	The name of the foreign corporation authorized to conduct affairs in

43

The name of the foreign corporation authorized to conduct affairs in this State, the type of entity and the name of the surviving or resulting

1 2		entity, and a statement that the surviving or resulting entity is not authorized to conduct affairs <u>or transact business</u> in this State;
3	(2)	A statement that the surviving or resulting entity consents that service
4		of process based upon any cause of action arising in this State, or
5		arising out of affairs conducted in this State, during the time the
6		foreign corporation was authorized to conduct affairs in this State may
7		thereafter be made by service thereof on the Secretary of State;
8 9	(3)	A mailing address to which the Secretary of State may mail a copy of any process served on the Secretary of State under subdivision (a)(2)
10		of this section; and
11	(4)	A commitment to file with the Secretary of State a statement of any
12		subsequent change in its mailing address."
13	SECT	<b>TION 62.(h)</b> G.S. 55D-21(d), as amended by Section 163 of S.L.
14	2001-387, reads	as rewritten:
15	"(d) Excep	ot as otherwise provided in this subsection, the name of a corporation
16	dissolved under	Article 14 of Chapter 55 of the General Statutes, of a nonprofit
17	corporation diss	olved under Article 14 of Chapter 55A of the General Statutes, of a
18	limited liability	company dissolved under Article 6 of Chapter 57C of the General
19	Statutes, of a lin	nited partnership dissolved under Part 8 of Article 5 of Chapter 59 of the
20	General Statutes	s, or of a limited liability partnership whose registration as a limited
21	liability partner	ship has been cancelled under G.S. 59-84.2 or revoked under G.S.
22	59-84.4, may no	t be used by another entity until:
23	(1)	In the case of a nonjudicial dissolution other than an administrative
24		dissolution or cancellation of registration as a limited liability
25		partnership, 120 days after the effective date of the dissolution or
26		cancellation.
27	(2)	In the case of an administrative dissolution or revocation of
28		registration as a limited liability partnership, the expiration of the
29		period within which the entity or its registration may be reinstated.
30	(3)	In the case of a judicial dissolution, 120 days after the later of the date
31		the judgment has become final or the effective date of the dissolution.
32		The person applying for the name must certify to the Secretary of State
33		that no appeal or other judicial review of the judgment directing
34		dissolution is pending.
35		f a dissolved entity may be used at any time if the entity changes its
36		that is distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of State from
37		other domestic corporations, nonprofit corporations, limited liability
38		ted partnerships, or registered limited liability partnerships or foreign
39		reign nonprofit corporations, foreign limited liability companies, or
40	-	partnerships authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this
41	State, or foreig	in limited liability partnerships maintaining a statement of foreign

42 registration, registration in this State."

1	SECTION 62.(i) G.S. 57C-3-04(e), as amended by Section 66 of S.L.
2	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
3	"(e) The managers or directors shall have the right to keep confidential from
4	members who are not managers or directors, managers, for such period of time as the
5	managers or directors deem reasonable, any information which the managers or
6	directors reasonably believe to be in the nature of trade secrets or other information the
7	disclosure of which the managers or directors in good faith believe is not in the best
8	interest of the limited liability company. The authority authorized in this subsection may
9	be vested in directors instead of managers to the extent provided in the articles of
10	organization or a written operating agreement."
11	<b>SECTION 62.(j)</b> G.S. 57C-3-21(3) reads as rewritten:
12	"(3) Upon designation as manager in a written operating agreement and the
13	person's consent to such designation, the designated person shall serve
14	as manager until the earliest to occur of (i) the person's resignation, (ii)
15	any event described in G.S. 57C-3-02 with respect to the manager, (iii)
16	any event specified in the articles of organization or written operating
17	agreement that results in a manager ceasing to be a manager, or (iv) in the ages of a person designated as a manager in a written aparting
18 19	the case of a person designated as a manager in a written operating agreement, the amendment of the written operating agreement
19 20	removing the person's designation as a manager."
20 21	<b>SECTION 62.(k)</b> G.S. 57C-7-12(a), as amended by Section 88 of S.L.
21	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
23	"(a) Whenever a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business
23 24	in this State ceases its separate existence as a result of a statutory merger, consolidation,
25	or conversion permitted by the laws of the state or country under which it was formed,
26	or converts into another type of entity as permitted by those laws, the surviving or
27	resulting entity shall apply for a certificate of withdrawal for the foreign limited liability
28	company by delivering to the Secretary of State for filing a copy of the articles of
29	merger, consolidation, or conversion or a certificate reciting the facts of the merger,
30	consolidation, or conversion, duly authenticated by the Secretary of State or other
31	official having custody of limited liability company records in the state or country under
32	the laws of which the foreign limited liability company was formed. If the surviving or
33	resulting entity is not authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this State, the
34	articles or certificate must be accompanied by an application which must set forth:
35	(1) The name of the foreign limited liability company authorized to
36	transact business in this State, the type of entity and name of the
37	surviving or resulting entity, and a statement that the surviving or
38	resulting entity is not authorized to transact business or conduct affairs
39	in this State;
40	(2) A statement that the surviving or resulting entity consents that service
41	of process based upon any cause of action arising in this State, or
42	arising out of business transacted in this State, during the time the
43	foreign limited liability company was authorized to transact business

- 1 in this State, may thereafter be made by service thereof on the 2 Secretary of State; 3 (3) A mailing address to which the Secretary of State may mail a copy of 4 any process served on the Secretary of State under subdivision (a)(2) 5 of this section; and 6 (4) A commitment to file with the Secretary of State a statement of any 7 subsequent change in its mailing address."
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SECTION 62.(1) G.S. 57C-3-23 reads as rewritten: "§ 57C-3-23. Agency power of managers.

10 Every manager is an agent of the limited liability company for the purpose of its 11 business, and the act of every manager, including execution in the name of the limited 12 liability company of any instrument, for apparently carrying on in the usual way the 13 business of the limited liability company of which he is a manager, binds the limited 14 liability company, unless the manager so acting has in fact no authority to act for the 15 limited liability company in the particular matter and the person with whom the 16 manager is dealing has knowledge of the fact that the manager has no authority. An act 17 of a manager that is not apparently for carrying on the usual course of the business of 18 the limited liability company does not bind the limited liability company unless 19 authorized in fact or ratified by the managers of the limited liability company."

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SECTION 62.(m) G.S. 57C-3-25(b) reads as rewritten:

21 "(b) The documents, if any, constituting the operating agreement of a limited 22 liability company or a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business 23 in this State, and records of the actions of its members or members, managers, directors, 24 or executives may be authenticated by any manager of the domestic or foreign limited 25 liability company. Any person dealing with the domestic or foreign limited liability 26 company may rely conclusively upon the certificate or written statement of a manager 27 authenticating the documents and records except to the extent the person has actual 28 knowledge that the certificate or written statement is false."

29 SECTION 62.(n) G.S. 57C-9A-11(c), as enacted by Section 96 of S.L. 30 2001-387, reads as rewritten:

31 After a plan of conversion has been approved by a domestic limited liability "(c) 32 company but before the articles of conversion become effective, the plan of conversion 33 (i) may be amended as provided in the plan of <del>conversion</del> conversion, or (ii) may be 34 abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, as provided in the plan of conversion, 35 articles of organization, or written operating agreement or, if not so provided, as 36 determined by the managers or directors of the domestic limited liability company in 37 accordance with G.S. 57C-3-20(b)."

38 SECTION 62.(0) G.S. 57C-9A-12, as enacted by Section 96 of S.L. 39 2001-387, reads as rewritten:

40 "§ 57C-9A-12. Articles of conversion.

41 After a plan of conversion has been approved by the converting domestic (a) 42 limited liability company as provided in G.S. 57C-9A-11, the converting domestic

1	limited liability company shall deliver articles of conversion to the Secretary of State for
2	filing. The articles of conversion shall state:
3	(1) The name of the converting domestic limited liability company;
4	(2) The name of the resulting business entity, its type of business entity,
5	the state or country whose laws govern its organization and internal
6	affairs, and, if the resulting business entity is not authorized to transact
7	business or conduct affairs in this State, a designation of its mailing
8	address and a commitment to file with the Secretary of State a
9	statement of any subsequent change in its mailing address; and
10	(3) That a plan of conversion has been approved by the domestic limited
11	liability company as required by law.
12	(b) If the domestic limited liability company is converting to a business entity
13	whose formation or whose status as a registered limited liability partnership, as defined
14	in G.S. 59-32, or limited liability limited partnership, as defined in G.S. 59-102, requires
15	the filing of a document with the Secretary of State, then notwithstanding subsection (a)
16	of this section the articles of conversion shall be included as part of that document
17	instead of separately filing the articles of conversion. and shall contain information
18	required by the laws governing the organization and internal affairs of the resulting
19	business entity.
20	(c) If the plan of conversion is abandoned after the articles of conversion have
21	been filed with the Secretary of State but before the articles of conversion become
22	effective, the converting domestic limited liability company shall deliver to the
23	Secretary of State for filing prior to the time the articles of conversion become effective
24	an amendment of the articles of conversion withdrawing the articles of conversion.
25	(b)(d) The conversion takes effect when the articles of conversion become effective.
26	(c)(e) Certificates of conversion shall also be registered as provided in G.S.
27	47-18.1."
28	SECTION 62.(p) G.S. 57C-9A-21(b), as amended by Section 97 of S.L.
29	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
30	"(b) In the case of a merging domestic limited liability company, the plan of
31	merger must be approved in the manner provided in its articles of organization or a
32	written operating agreement for approval of a merger with the type of business entity
33	contemplated in the plan of merger, or, if there is no provision, by the unanimous
34	consent of its members. If any member of a merging domestic limited liability company
35	has or will have personal liability for any existing or future obligation of the surviving
36	business entity solely as a result of holding an interest in the surviving business entity,
37	then in addition to the requirements of the preceding sentence, approval of the plan of
38	merger by the domestic limited liability company shall require the consent of each such
39	member. In the case of each other merging business entity, the plan of merger must be
40	approved in accordance with the laws of the state or country governing the organization
41	and internal affairs of the merging business entity."
42	<b>SECTION 62.(q)</b> G.S. 59-35.2(b), as enacted in Section 170(b) of S.L.
43	2001-387, reads as rewritten:

1 "(b) Whenever the Secretary of State is deemed appointed as a resisted-registered 2 agent under this act or under Chapter 55D of the General Statutes, the Secretary of State 3 shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) each time process is served on the Secretary of State under this act. The party to the proceeding causing service of process is entitled to 4 5 recover this fee as costs if the party prevails in the proceeding." 6 **SECTION 62.(r)** G.S. 59-73.11(c), as enacted by Section 108 of S.L. 7 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 8 After a plan of conversion has been approved as provided in subsection (b) of "(c) 9 this section but before the articles of conversion to domestic partnership become 10 effective, the plan of conversion may be amended or abandoned to the extent permitted 11 by the laws that govern the organization and internal affairs of the converting business 12 entity." 13 **SECTION 62.(s)** G.S. 59-73.12(a), as enacted by Section 108 of S.L. 14 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 15 "(a) After a plan of conversion has been approved by the converting business 16 entity as provided in G.S. 59-73.11, the converting business entity shall deliver articles of conversion to the Secretary of State for filing. The articles of conversion shall state: 17 18 That the domestic partnership is being formed pursuant to a conversion (1)19 of another business entity; 20 The name of the resulting domestic partnership, a designation of its (2)21 mailing address, and a commitment to file with the Secretary of State a 22 statement of any subsequent change in its mailing address; 23 The name of the converting business entity, its type of business entity, (3) 24 and the state or country whose laws govern its organization and 25 internal affairs; and 26 (4) That a plan of conversion has been approved by the converting 27 business entity as required by law. 28 If the resulting domestic partnership is to be a registered limited liability partnership 29 when the conversion takes effect, then instead of separately filing the articles of 30 conversion, the articles of conversion shall be included as part of the application for 31 registration filed pursuant to G.S. 59-84.2 in addition to the matters otherwise required 32 or permitted by law. 33 If the plan of conversion is abandoned after the articles of conversion have been 34 filed with the Secretary of State but before the articles of conversion become effective, 35 the converting business entity shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing prior to 36 the time the articles of conversion become effective an amendment to the articles of 37 conversion withdrawing the articles of conversion to domestic partnership.conversion." 38 SECTION 62.(t) G.S. 59-73.21(c), as enacted by Section 111 of S.L. 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 39 40 After a plan of conversion has been approved by a domestic partnership but "(c) 41 before the articles of conversion become effective, the plan of conversion (i) may be

42 amended as provided in the plan of <u>conversion conversion</u>, or (ii) may be abandoned, 43 subject to any contractual rights, as provided in the plan of conversion or written

1 partnership agreement or, if not so provided, as determined in the manner necessary for 2 approval of the plan of conversion." 3 SECTION 62.(u) G.S. 59-73.22, as enacted by Section 111 of S.L. 4 2001-387, reads as rewritten: 5 "§ 59-73.22. Articles of conversion. 6 (a) After a plan of conversion has been approved by the converting domestic 7 partnership as provided in G.S. 59-73.21, the converting domestic partnership shall 8 deliver articles of conversion to the Secretary of State for filing. The articles of 9 conversion shall state: 10 (1)The name of the converting domestic partnership; 11 (2)The name of the resulting business entity, its type of business entity,

- 12 the state or country whose laws govern its organization and internal 13 affairs, and, if the resulting business entity is not authorized to transact 14 business or conduct affairs in this State, a designation of its mailing 15 address and a commitment to file with the Secretary of State a 16 statement of any subsequent change in its mailing address; and 17 (3) That a plan of conversion has been approved by the domestic
- 17 18

That a plan of conversion has been approved by the domestic partnership as required by law.

19 (b) If the domestic partnership is converting to a business entity whose formation 20 or whose status as a limited liability limited partnership, as defined in G.S. 59-102, 21 requires the filing of a document with the Secretary of State, then the articles of 22 conversion shall be included as part of that document instead of separately filing the 23 articles of conversion.

24 (c) If the plan of conversion is abandoned after the articles of conversion have 25 been filed with the Secretary of State but before the articles of conversion become 26 effective, the converting domestic partnership shall deliver to the Secretary of State for 27 filing prior to the time the articles of conversion become effective an amendment of the 28 articles of conversion withdrawing the articles of conversion.

29 (b)(d) The conversion takes effect when the articles of conversion become effective.
 30 (c)(e) Certificates of conversion shall also be registered as provided in G.S.
 31 47-18.1."

32 SECTION 62.(v) G.S. 59-73.23(b)(2), as enacted by Section 111 of S.L.
 33 2001-387, reads as rewritten:

34 To have appointed the Secretary of State as its agent for service of "(2) 35 process in any such proceeding. Service on the Secretary of State of 36 any such process shall be made by delivering to and leaving with the 37 Secretary of State, or with any clerk authorized by the Secretary of 38 State to accept service of process, duplicate copies of the process and 39 the fee required by G.S. 59-35.1(f). Upon receipt of service of process 40 on behalf of a resulting business entity in the manner provided for in 41 this section, the Secretary of State shall immediately mail a copy of the 42 process by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the 43 resulting business entity. If the resulting business entity is authorized

# SESSION 2001

1 2	to transact business or conduct affairs in this State, the address for mailing shall be its principal office designated in the latest document
3	filed with the Secretary of State that is authorized by law to designate
4	the principal office or, if there is no principal office on file, its
5	registered office. If the resulting business entity is not authorized to
6 7	transact business or conduct affairs in this State, the address for mailing shall be the mailing address designated purposent to $C = 50$
	mailing shall be the mailing address designated pursuant to $G.S. 59$
8 9	$\frac{73.12(a)(2).G.S. 59-73.22(a)(2)."}{56}$
9	<b>SECTION 62.(w)</b> G.S. 59-102(12), as amended by Section 121 of S.L. 2001-387, reads as rewritten:
10	"(12) "Person" means a natural person, domestic or foreign partnership,
12	domestic or foreign limited partnership, domestic or foreign limited
12	liability company, trust, estate, unincorporated association, domestic
14	or foreign corporation, <u>domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation</u> , or
15	another entity."
16	<b>SECTION 62.(x)</b> G.S. 59-102(12a), as enacted by Section 121 of S.L.
17	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
18	"(12a) "Principal office" means the office (in or out of this State) where the
19	principal executive offices of a limited liability limited partnership or
20	foreign limited partnership are located, in the case of a limited liability
21	limited partnership as designated in its most recent annual report filed
22	with the Secretary of State or, if no annual report has yet been filed, in
23	its application for registration as <u>a</u> limited liability limited
24	partnership.partnership, or in the case of a foreign limited partnership
25	as most recently designated in its application for registration as a
26	foreign limited partnership or a certificate filed pursuant to G.S. 59-
27	<u>905.</u> "
28	SECTION 62.(y) G.S. 59-902, as amended by Section 159.(b) of S.L.
29	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
30	"(a) Before transacting business in this State, a foreign limited partnership shall
31	procure a certificate of authority to transact business in this State from the Secretary of
32	State. No foreign limited partnership shall be entitled to transact in this State any
33	business which a limited partnership organized under this Article is not permitted to
34	transact. In order to register, a foreign limited partnership shall deliver to the Secretary
35	of State an application for registration as a foreign limited partnership, signed by a
36	general partner and setting forth:
37	(1) The name of the foreign limited partnership and, if different, the name
38	under which it proposes to register and transact business in this State;
39	(2) The jurisdiction and date of its formation;
40	(3) The date of formation and the period of duration;
41	(4) The street address address, and the mailing address if different from
42	the street address, of the principal office of the foreign limited

partnership; partnership, and the county in which the principal office is 1 2 located: 3 (5) The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street 4 address, of the registered office of the foreign limited partnership in 5 this State, the county in which the registered office is located, and the 6 name of its proposed registered agent in this State; 7 If the certificate of limited partnership filed in the foreign limited (6) 8 partnership's state of organization is not required to include the names 9 and addresses of the partners, a list of the names and addresses or, at 10 the election of the foreign limited partnership, a list of the names and 11 addresses of the general partners and the address, including county and 12 city or town, and street and number, of the office at which is kept a list 13 of the names and addresses of the limited partners and their capital 14 contributions, together with an undertaking by the foreign limited 15 partnership to keep such records until such foreign limited 16 partnership's registration in this State is cancelled; 17 (7) A statement that in consideration of the issuance of a certificate of 18 authority to transact business in this State, the foreign limited 19 partnership appoints the Secretary of State of North Carolina as the 20 agent to receive service of process, notice, or demand, whenever the 21 foreign limited partnership fails to appoint or maintain a registered 22 agent in this State or whenever any such registered agent cannot with 23 reasonable diligence be found at the registered office; 24 The names and addresses including county and city or town, and street (8) 25 and number, if any, of all of the general partners; and 26 Whether the foreign limited partnership is a foreign limited liability (8a) 27 partnership; and The effective date and time of the registration if it is not to be effective 28 (9) 29 at the time of filing of the application." 30 SECTION 62.(z) G.S. 59-909(a), as amended by Section 136 of S.L. 31 2001-387, reads as rewritten: Whenever a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this 32 "(a) 33 State ceases its separate existence as a result of a statutory merger or consolidation 34 permitted by the laws of the state or country under which it was organized, or converts 35 into another type of entity as permitted by those laws, the surviving or resulting entity

shall apply for a certificate of withdrawal for the foreign limited partnership by

delivering to the Secretary of State for filing a copy of the articles of merger,

consolidation, or conversion or a certificate reciting the facts of the merger,

consolidation, or conversion, duly authenticated by the Secretary of State or other

official having custody of limited partnership records in the state or country under the

laws of which the foreign limited partnership was organized. If the surviving or

resulting entity is not authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this State, the

articles or certificate must be accompanied by an application which must set forth:

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1 2	(1)	The name of the foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this State, the type of entity and name of the surviving or
3		resulting entity, and a statement that the surviving or resulting entity is
4		not authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this State;
5	(2)	A statement that the surviving or resulting entity consents that service
6		of process based on any cause of action arising in this State, or arising
7		out of business transacted in this State, during the time the foreign
8		limited partnership was authorized to transact business in this State,
9		may thereafter be made by service thereof on the Secretary of State;
10	(3)	A mailing address to which the Secretary of State may mail a copy of
11		any process served upon the Secretary under subdivision $(a)(2)$ of this
12		section; and
13	(4)	A commitment to file with the Secretary of State a statement of any
14		subsequent change in its mailing address."
15	SECT	<b>TON 62.(aa)</b> G.S. 59-1061(b), as enacted by Section 142 of S.L.
16	2001-387, reads	
17	,	an of conversion shall be approved by the domestic limited partnership
18	-	provided for the approval of the conversion in a written partnership
19	-	there is no provision, by the unanimous consent of its partners. If any
20	•	nverting domestic limited partnership <u>has or will have personal liability</u>
21	—	or future obligation of the resulting business entity solely as a result of
22	• •	est in the resulting business entity, then in addition to the requirements
23		s sentence, approval of the plan of conversion by the domestic limited
24		I require the consent of each such partner. The converting domestic
25		nip shall provide a copy of the plan of conversion to each partner of the
26	-	estic limited partnership at the time provided in a written partnership
27		f there is no such provision, prior to its approval of the plan of
28	conversion."	
29		<b>TON 62.(bb)</b> G.S. 59-1062, as enacted by Section 142 of S.L.
30	2001-387, reads	•
31		ticles of conversion.
32	*	a plan of conversion has been approved by the converting domestic
33		hip as provided in G.S. 59-1061, the converting domestic limited
34	-	deliver articles of conversion to the Secretary of State for filing. The
35	articles of conve	
36	(1)	The name of the converting domestic limited partnership;
37	(2)	The name of the resulting business entity, its type of business entity,
38		the state or country whose laws govern its organization and internal
39		affairs, and, if the resulting business entity is not authorized to transact
40		business or conduct affairs in this State, a designation of its mailing
41		address and a commitment to file with the Secretary of State a

42 statement of any subsequent change in its mailing address; and

1	(3) That a plan of conversion has been approved by the domestic limited
2	partnership as required by law.
3	(b) If the domestic limited partnership is converting to a business entity whose
4	formation or whose status as a registered limited liability partnership, as defined in G.S.
5	59-32, requires the filing of a document with the Secretary of State, then then,
6	notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the articles of conversion shall be
7	included as part of that document instead of separately filing the articles of
8	conversion.and shall contain the information required by the laws governing the
9	organization and internal affairs of the resulting business entity.
10	(c) If the plan of conversion is abandoned after the articles of conversion have
11	been filed with the Secretary of State but before the articles of conversion become
12	effective, the converting domestic limited partnership shall deliver to the Secretary of
13	State for filing prior to the time the articles of conversion become effective an
14	amendment of the articles of conversion withdrawing the articles of conversion.
15	(b)(d) The conversion takes effect when the articles of conversion become effective.
16	(c)(e) Certificates of conversion shall also be registered as provided in G.S.
17	47-18.1."
18	SECTION 62.(cc) G.S. 59-1072(a), as amended by Section 146 of S.L.
19	2001-387, reads as rewritten:
20	"(a) After a plan of merger has been approved by each merging domestic limited
21	partnership and each other merging business entity as provided in G.S. 59-1071, the
22	surviving business entity shall deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of State for
23	filing. The articles of merger shall set forth:
24	(1) The plan of merger;
25	(2) For each merging business entity, its name, type of business entity, and
26	the state or country whose laws govern its organization and internal
27	affairs;
28	(3) The name of the surviving business entity and, if the surviving
29	business entity is not authorized to transact business or conduct affairs
30	in this State, a designation of its mailing address and a commitment to
31	file with the Secretary of State a statement of any subsequent change
32	in its mailing address;
33	(4) A statement that the plan of merger has been approved by each
34	merging business entity in the manner required by law; and
35	(5) The effective date and time of the merger if it is not to be effective at
36	the time of filing of the articles of merger.
37	If the plan of merger is amended or abandoned after the articles of merger have been
38	filed but before the articles of merger become effective, the surviving business entity
39	promptly shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing prior to the time the articles of
40	merger become effective an amendment to the articles of merger reflecting the
41	amendment or abandonment of the plan of merger."
42	SECTION 62.(dd) G.S. 105-232(a), as amended by Section 153 of S.L.

43 2001-387, reads as rewritten:

#### **SESSION 2001**

1 "(a) Any corporation or limited liability company whose articles of incorporation, 2 articles of organization, or certificate of authority to do business in this State has been 3 suspended by the Secretary of State under G.S. 105-230, that complies with all the 4 requirements of this Subchapter and pays all State taxes, fees, or penalties due from it (which total amount due may be computed, for years prior and subsequent to the 5 6 suspension, in the same manner as if the suspension had not taken place), and pays to 7 the Secretary of Revenue a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) to cover the cost of 8 reinstatement, is entitled to exercise again its rights, privileges, and franchises in this State. The Secretary of Revenue shall notify the Secretary of State of this compliance 9 10 and the Secretary of State shall reinstate the corporation or limited liability company by 11 appropriate entry upon the records of the office of the Secretary of State. Upon entry of 12 reinstatement, it relates back to and takes effect as of the date of the suspension by the 13 Secretary of State. State and the corporation or limited liability company resumes 14 carrying on its business as if the suspension had never occurred, subject to the rights of 15 any person who reasonably relied relied, on to that person's prejudice prejudice, on upon 16 the suspension. The Secretary of State shall immediately notify by mail the corporation or limited liability company of the reinstatement." 17

18 19 SECTION 62.(ee) Section 74 of S.L. 2001-387 is repealed.

**SECTION 62.(ff)** Section 175(b) of S.L. 2001-387, reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 175.(b) The amendment to G.S. 105-232 set forth in Section 153 of this act is intended to be retroactive. Accordingly, any act performed or attempted to be performed during the period of suspension of any corporation or limited liability company reinstated pursuant to G.S. 105-232(a) prior to January 1, 2002, shall not be deemed to be invalid and of no effect under G.S. 105-230, subject to the rights of any person who reasonably relied relied, on to that person's prejudice prejudice, on the suspension."

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**SECTION 62.(gg)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2002.

28 **SECTION 63.** Effective January 1, 2002, G.S. 58-21-40(a)(4), as amended 29 by Section 28 of S.L. 2001-203 and by Section 2.2 of S.L. 2001-451, reads as rewritten:

30"(4)Countersign nonresident produced surplus lines coverages and remit31premium taxes for those coverages under G.S. 58-21-70 by means32satisfactory to the Commissioner; and charge the nonresident surplus33lines licensee a fee for the certification and countersignature as34approved by the Commissioner."

**SECTION 64.(a)** G.S. 74C-3(4) reads as rewritten:

36 "Courier service profession" means any person, firm, association, or "(4) 37 corporation which transports or offers to transport from one place or 38 point to another place or point documents, papers, maps, stocks, bonds, 39 checks, or other small items of value which require expeditious service 40 for a fee or other valuable consideration. This definition does not 41 include a person operating a courier service pursuant to a motor carrier 42 certificate or permit issued by the North Carolina Utilities Commission which grants operating rights for such service; however, armed Armed 43

1			courier service guards shall be subject to the provisions of G.S.
2			74C-13."
3		SEC	<b>TION 64.(b)</b> G.S. 74C-6 reads as rewritten:
4	"§ 74C-0	6. Posi	tion of Administrator <u>Director</u> created.
5	The j	positio	n of Administrator-Director of the Private Protective Services Board is
6	hereby c	reated	within the Department of Justice. The Attorney General shall appoint a
7	person te	o fill t	his full-time position. The Administrator's Director's duties shall be to
8	administ	er the	directives contained in this Chapter and the rules promulgated by the
9	Board to	o imple	ment this Chapter and to carry out the administrative duties incident to
10	the func	tioning	of the Board in order to actively police the private protective services
11	industry	to ensu	re compliance with the law in all aspects."
12		SEC	TION 64.(c) G.S. 74C-8 reads as rewritten:
13	"§ 74C-8	8. App	lications for an issuance of license.
14	(a)	Any	person, firm, association, or corporation desiring to carry on or engage in
15	the priva	ate prot	ective services profession in this State shall make a verified application
16	in writin	g to the	e Board.
17	(b)	The a	application shall include:
18		(1)	Full name, home address, post office box, and the actual street address
19			of the business of the applicant;
20		(2)	The name under which the applicant intends to do business;
21		(3)	A statement as to the general nature of the business in which the
22			applicant intends to engage;
23		(4)	The full name and address of any partners in the business and the
24			principal officers, directors and business manager, if any;
25		(5)	The names of not less than three unrelated and disinterested persons as
26			references of whom inquiry can be made as to the character, standing,
27			and reputation of the persons making the application;
28		(6)	Such other information, evidence, statements, or documents as may be
29			required by the Board; and
30		(7)	Accompanying trainee permit applications only, a notarized statement
31			signed by the applicant and his employer stating that the trainee
32			applicant will at all times work with and under the direct supervision
33			of a licensed private detective.
34	(c)	(1)	A business entity other than a sole proprietorship shall not do business
35			under this Chapter unless the business entity has in its employ a
36			designated resident qualifying agent who meets the requirements for a
37			license issued under this Chapter and who is, in fact, licensed under
38			the provisions of this Chapter, unless otherwise approved by the
39			Board. Provided however, that this approval shall not be given unless
40			the business entity has and continuously maintains in this State a
41			registered agent who shall be an individual resident in this State.
42			Service upon the registered agent appointed by the business entity of
43			any process, notice, or demand required by or permitted to be served

1 2 3 4			upon the business entity by the Private Protective Services Board shall be binding upon the business entity and the licensee. Nothing herein contained shall limit or affect the right to serve any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon a business
5			entity in any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.
6		(2)	For the purposes of the Chapter a qualifying agent means an individual
7			in a management position who is licensed under this Chapter and
8			whose name and address have been registered with the
9 10		(2)	Administrator. Director.
10		(3)	In the event that the qualifying agent upon whom the business entity relies in order to do business ceases to perform his duties as qualifying
11			agent, the business entity shall notify the <u>Administrator Director</u>
12			within 10 working days. The business entity must obtain a substitute
14			qualifying agent within 30 days after the original qualifying agent
15			ceases to serve as qualifying agent unless the Board, in its discretion,
16			extends this period, for good cause, for a period of time not to exceed
17			three months.
18		(4)	The certificate authorizing the business entity to engage in a private
19			protective services profession shall list the name of at least one
20			designated qualifying agent. No licensee shall serve as the qualifying
21			agent for more than one business entity without prior approval of the
22			Administrator, Director, subject to the approval of the Board.
23	(d)	Upon	receipt of an application, the Board shall conduct a background
24	investigat	ion du	ring the course of which the applicant shall be required to show that he
25	meets all	the fo	ollowing requirements and qualifications hereby made prerequisite to
26	obtaining	a licen	
27		(1)	That he is at least 18 years of age;
28		(2)	That he is of good moral character and temperate habits. The following
29			shall be prima facie evidence that the applicant does not have good
30			moral character or temperate habits: conviction by any local, State,
31			federal, or military court of any crime involving the illegal use,
32			carrying, or possession of a firearm; conviction of any crime involving
33			the illegal use, possession, sale, manufacture, distribution, or
34			transportation of a controlled substance, drug, narcotic, or alcoholic
35			beverage; conviction of a crime involving felonious assault or an act of
36			violence; conviction of a crime involving unlawful breaking or
37			entering, burglary, larceny, or any offense involving moral turpitude;
38			or a history of addiction to alcohol or a narcotic drug; provided that,
39 40			for purposes of this subsection, "conviction" means and includes the
40 41			entry of a plea of guilty or no contest or a verdict rendered in open
41 42		( <b>2</b> )	court by a judge or jury; Papaalad by Sassian Laws 1980, a. 750, a. 6
42		(3)	Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 759, s. 6.

1	(4) That he has the necessary training, qualifications, and experience in
2	order to determine the applicant's competency and fitness as the Board
3	may determine by rule for all licenses to be issued by the Board.
4	(e) The Board may require the applicant to demonstrate his qualifications by oral
5	or written examination or by successful completion of a Board-approved training
6	program, or all three.
7	(f) Upon a finding that the application is in proper form, the completion of the
8 9	background investigation, and the completion of an examination required by the Board, the Administrator <u>Director</u> shall submit to the Board the application and his
10	recommendations. Upon completion of the background investigation, the Director may
11	in his discretion issue a temporary license pending approval of the application by the
12	Board at the next regularly scheduled meeting. The Board shall determine whether to
13	approve or deny the application for a license. Upon approval by the Board, a license
14	will be issued to the applicant upon payment by the applicant of the initial license fee
15	and the required contribution to the Private Protective Services Recovery Fund, and
16	certificate of liability insurance.
17	(1) through (5) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 759, s. 6.
18	(g) Except for purposes of administering the provisions of this section and for
19	law enforcement purposes, the home address or telephone number of an applicant,
20	licensee, or the spouse, children, or parents of an applicant or licensee is confidential
21	under G.S. 132-1.2, and the Board shall not disclose this information unless the
22	applicant or licensee consents to such disclosure. The provisions of this subsection shall
23	not apply when a licensee's home address or telephone number is also his or her
24	business address and telephone number. Violation of this subsection shall constitute a
25	Class 3 misdemeanor."
26	SECTION 64.(d) G.S. 74C-9 reads as rewritten:
27	"§ 74C-9. Form of license; term; renewal; posting; branch offices; not assignable;
28	late renewal fee.
29	(a) The license when issued shall be in such form as may be determined by the
30	Board and shall state:
31 32	<ul> <li>(1) The name of the licensee,</li> <li>(2) The name under which the licensee is to operate and</li> </ul>
32 33	<ul> <li>(2) The name under which the licensee is to operate, and</li> <li>(3) The number and expiration date of the license.</li> </ul>
33 34	(b) The license shall be issued for a term of one year. A trainee permit shall be
35	issued for a term of one year. All licenses must be renewed prior to the expiration of the
36	term of the license. Following issuance, the license shall at all times be posted in a
37	conspicuous place in the licensee's principal place of business, in North Carolina, unless
38	for good cause exempted by the <u>Administrator. Director.</u> A license issued under this
39	Chapter is not assignable.
40	(c) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 759, s. 7.
41	(d) The operator or manager of any branch office shall be properly licensed or
42	registered. The license shall be posted at all times in a conspicuous place in the branch
43	office. This license shall be issued for a term of one year. Every business covered under

1	the provisions of	of this Chapter shall file in writing with the Board the addresses of each		
2	of its branch offices, if any, within 10 working days after the establishment, closing, or			
3	changing of the location of any branch office. The <u>Administrator Director may</u> , upon			
4		the successful completion of an investigation of the application, issue a temporary		
5		cense pending approval of the application by the Board.		
6		Board is authorized to charge reasonable application and license fees as		
7	follows:			
8	(1)	A nonrefundable initial application fee in an amount not to exceed one		
9		hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00);		
10	(2)	A new or renewal license fee in an amount not to exceed two hundred		
11		fifty dollars (\$250.00);		
12	(3)	A new or renewal trainee permit fee in an amount not to exceed two		
13		hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00);		
14	(4)	A new or renewal fee for each license or duplicate license in addition		
15		to the basic license referred to in subsection (2) in an amount not to		
16		exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00);		
17	(5)	A late renewal fee to be paid in addition to the renewal fee due in an		
18		amount not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00), if the license has		
19		not been renewed on or before the expiration date of the licensee;		
20	(6)	A new, renewal, replacement or reissuance fee for an unarmed		
21		registration identification card in an amount not to exceed thirty		
22		dollars (\$30.00);		
23	(7)	An application fee for an armed security guard firearm registration		
24		permit not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00);		
25	(8)	A new, renewal, replacement, or reissuance fee for an armed security		
26	(0)	guard firearm registration permit not to exceed thirty dollars (\$30.00);		
27	(9)	An application fee for certification as a certified trainer not to exceed		
28	(10)	fifty dollars (\$50.00);		
29	(10)	A renewal or replacement fee for certified trainer certification not to		
30	(11)	exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00);		
31	(11)	A new nonresident temporary permit fee not to exceed one hundred		
32	(12)	dollars (\$100.00);		
33	(12)	An unarmed registration transfer fee not to exceed fifteen dollars		
34 35	(12)	(\$15.00); A brench office license fee not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00); and		
35 36	(13) (14)	A branch office license fee not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00); and		
30 37	(14)	A special limited guard and patrol license fee not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00).		
38	Except as provi			
38 39		Except as provided in G.S. 74C-13(k), all fees collected pursuant to this section shall be expended, under the direction of the Board, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of		
40	<b>^</b>			
40 41	U	administering this Chapter. (f) A license or trainee permit granted under the provisions of this Chapter may		
42	be renewed by the Private Protective Services Board upon notification by the licensee or			
+2		the Administrator Director of intended renewal the recurse of the		

43 permit holder to the Administrator Director of intended renewal, the payment of the

1 proper fee, and evidence of a policy of liability insurance as prescribed in G.S. 2 74C-10(e). 3 The renewal shall be finalized before the expiration date of the license. In no event 4 will renewal be granted more than three months after the date of expiration of a license 5 or trainee permit. 6 Upon notification of approval of his application by the Board, an applicant (g) 7 must furnish evidence that he has obtained the necessary liability insurance required by 8 G.S. 74C-10 and obtain the license applied for or his application shall lapse. 9 Trainee permits shall not be issued to applicants that qualify for a private (h) 10 detective license. A licensed private detective may supervise no more than five trainees 11 at any given time." 12 **SECTION 64.(e)** G.S. 74C-10(h) reads as rewritten: 13 "(h) Every licensee shall at all times maintain on file with the Board the certificate of insurance required by this Chapter in full force and effect and upon failure to do so. 14 15 the license of such licensee shall be automatically suspended and shall not be reinstated 16 until an application therefor, in the form prescribed by the Board, is filed together with a 17 proper insurance certificate. 18 No cancellation or refusal to renew by an insurer of a licensee under this Chapter 19 shall be effective unless the insurer has given the insured licensee notice of the 20 cancellation or refusal to renew. Upon termination of insurance coverage for said 21 licensee, the insurer shall give notice to the Administrator Director of the Board." 22 **SECTION 64.(f)** G.S. 74C-11 reads as rewritten: 23 "§ 74C-11. Registration of permanent and temporary employees; unarmed 24 security guard required to have registration card. 25 (a) All licensees shall register their employees who will be engaged in providing 26 private protective services covered by this Chapter with the Board within 20 days after 27 the employment begins, unless the Administrator, Director, in his discretion, extends the 28 time period, for good cause. To register an employee, a licensee must give the Board the 29 following: 30 Set(s) of classifiable fingerprints on standard F.B.I. applicant cards; (1)31 recent photograph(s) of acceptable quality for identification; and 32 Statements of any criminal records obtained from the appropriate (2)33 authority in each area where the employee has resided within the 34 immediately preceding 48 months. 35 (b) A security guard and patrol company may not employ an unarmed security 36 guard unless the guard has a registration card issued under subsection (d) of this section. 37 A person engaged in a private protective services profession may not employ an armed 38 security guard unless the guard has a firearm registration permit issued under G.S. 39 74C-13. 40 The Administrator Director shall be notified in writing of the termination of (c) 41 any employee registered under subsection (a) within 10 days after said termination.

41 any employee registered under subsection (a) within 10 days after said termination. 42 (d) An unarmed security guard shall make application to the Administrator

43 <u>Director</u> for an unarmed registration card which the <u>Administrator Director</u> shall issue

1 to said applicant after receipt of the information required to be submitted by his 2 employer pursuant to subsection (a), and after meeting any additional requirements 3 which the Board, in its discretion, deems to be necessary. The unarmed security guard 4 registration card shall be in the form of a pocket card designed by the Board, shall be 5 issued in the name of the applicant, and may have the applicant's photograph affixed 6 thereto. The unarmed security guard registration card shall expire one year after its date 7 of issuance and shall be renewed every year. If an unarmed registered security guard is 8 terminated by a licensee and changes employment to another security guard and patrol 9 company, the security guard's registration card shall remain valid, provided the security 10 guard pays the unarmed guard registration transfer fee to the Board and a new unarmed 11 security guard registration card is issued. An unarmed security guard whose transfer 12 registration application and transfer fee have been sent to the Board may work with a 13 copy of the transfer application until the registration card is issued.

14 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a licensee may employ a 15 person properly registered or licensed as an unarmed security guard in another state for 16 a period not to exceed 10 days in any given month; provided the licensee, prior to 17 employing the unarmed security guard, submits to the <u>Administrator Director</u> the name, 18 address, and social security number of the unarmed guard and the name of the state of 19 current registration or licensing, and the <u>Administrator Director</u> approves the 20 employment of the unarmed guard in this State.

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a licensee may employ a person as an unarmed security guard for a period not to exceed 30 days in any given calendar year without registering that employee in accordance with this section; provided that the licensee submits to the <u>Administrator Director</u> a quarterly report, within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which the temporary employee worked, which provides the <u>Administrator Director</u> with the name, address, social security number, and dates of employment of such employee."

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**SECTION 64.(g)** G.S. 74C-12 reads as rewritten:

#### 29 "§ 74C-12. Denial, suspension, or revocation of license, registration, or permit.

30 (a) The Board may, after compliance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes,
31 deny, suspend or revoke a license, registration, or permit issued under this Chapter if it
32 is determined that the applicant, licensee, registrant, or permit holder has:

- 33 34 35
- (1) Made any false statement or given any false information in connection with any application for a license, registration, or permit or for the renewal or reinstatement of a license, registration, or permit;
- 36 37

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- (2) Violated any provision of this Chapter;
- (3) Violated any rule promulgated by the Board pursuant to the authority contained in this Chapter;
  - (4) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 759, s. 10.
- 40 (5) Impersonated or permitted or aided and abetted any other person to
  41 impersonate a law enforcement officer of the United States, this State,
  42 any other state, or any political subdivision of a state;

1	(6)	Engaged in or permitted any employee to engage in a private
2		protective services profession when not lawfully in possession of a
3		valid license issued under the provisions of this Chapter;
4	(7)	Willfully failed or refused to render to a client service as agreed
5		between the parties and for which compensation has been paid or
6		tendered in accordance with the agreement of the parties;
7	(8)	Knowingly made any false report to the employer or client for whom
8		information is being obtained;
9	(9)	Committed an unlawful breaking or entering, assault, battery, or
10		kidnapping;
11	(10)	Knowingly violated or advised, encouraged, or assisted the violation of
12		any court order or injunction in the course of business as a licensee;
13	(11)	Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 759, s. 10.
14	(12)	Undertaken to give legal advice or counsel or to in any way falsely
15	. ,	represent that he is representing any attorney or he is appearing or will
16		appear as an attorney in any legal proceeding;
17	(13)	Issued, delivered, or uttered any simulation of process of any nature
18	. ,	which might lead a person or persons to believe that such simulation –
19		written, printed, or typed – may be a summons, warrant, writ or court
20		process, or any pleading in any court proceeding;
21	(14)	Failed to make the required contribution to the Private Protective
22	~ /	Services Recovery Fund or failed to maintain the certificate of liability
23		insurance required by this Chapter;
24	(15)	Violated the firearm provisions set forth in this Chapter;
25	(16)	Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 759, s. 10.
26	(17)	Failed to notify the Administrator Director by a business entity other
27		than a sole proprietorship licensed pursuant to this Chapter of the
28		cessation of employment of the business entity's qualifying agent
29		within the time set forth in this Chapter;
30	(18)	Failed to obtain a substitute qualifying agent by a business entity
31		within 30 days after its qualifying agent has ceased to serve as the
32		business entity's qualifying agent;
33	(19)	Been judged incompetent by a court having jurisdiction under Chapter
34		35A or former Chapter 35 of the General Statutes or committed to a
35		mental health facility for treatment of mental illness, as defined in G.S.
36		122C-3, by a court under G.S. 122C-271;
37	(20)	Failed or refused to offer a report to a client within 30 days of the
38	~ /	client's written request;
39	(21)	Been previously denied a license, registration, or permit under this
40		Chapter or previously had a license, registration, or permit revoked for
41		cause;

1 2 3	(22)	Engaged in a private protective services profession under a name other than the name under which the license was obtained under the provisions of this Chapter;
4	(23)	Divulged to any person, except as required by law, any information
5	(23)	acquired by him except at the direction of the employer or client for
6		whom the information was obtained. A licensee may divulge to any
7		law enforcement officer or district attorney or his representative any
8		information the law enforcement officer may require to investigate a
9		criminal offense with the prior approval and consent of the client;
10	(24)	Fraudulently held himself out as employed by or licensed by the State
11	· · · ·	Bureau of Investigation or any other governmental authority;
12	(25)	Intemperate habits or lacks good moral character. The acts that are
13		prima facie evidence of intemperate habits or lack of good moral
14		character under G.S. 74C-8(d)(2) are prima facie evidence of the same
15		under this subdivision;
16	(26)	Advertised or solicited business using a name other than that in which
17		the license was issued;
18	(27)	Worn, carried, or accepted any badge or shield purporting to indicate
19		that the person is a private detective or private investigator while
20		licensed under the provisions of this Chapter as a private investigator.
21		lenial, revocation, or suspension of a license, registration, or permit by
22		be in writing, be signed by the Administrator-Director of the Board, and
23	-	Is upon which the Board decision is based. The aggrieved person shall
24	-	appeal from this decision as provided in Chapter 150B of the General
25	Statutes.	
26		following persons may not be issued a license, registration, or permit
27	under this Chap	
28 29	(1)	A sworn court official.
29 30	(2)	A holder of a company police commission under Chapter 74E of the General Statutes."
31	SEC	<b>FION 64.(h)</b> G.S. 74C-13 reads as rewritten:
32		med security guard required to have firearm registration permit;
33		ity guard training.
34		Il be unlawful for any person performing the duties of an armed security
35		firearm in the performance of those duties without first having met the
36		s set forth in this section and having been issued a firearm registration
37	•	bard. For the purposes of this section, the following terms are defined:
38	(1)	"Armed security guard" means an individual employed by a contract
39	~ /	security company or a proprietary security organization whose
40		principal duty is that of an armed security watchman; armed armored
41		car service guard; armed alarm system company responder; private
42		detective; or armed courier service guard who at any time wears,
43		carries, or possesses a firearm in the performance of duty.

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- (2) "Contract security company" means any person, firm, association, or corporation engaging in a private protective services profession that provides services on a contractual basis for a fee or other valuable consideration to any other person, firm, association, or corporation.
- (3) "Proprietary security organization" means any person, firm, association, or corporation or department thereof which employs security guards, alarm responders, armored car personnel, or couriers who are employed regularly and exclusively as an employee by an employer in connection with the business affairs of such employer.

10 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association, or corporation and its 11 agents and employees to employ an armed security guard and knowingly authorize or 12 permit him to carry a firearm during the course of performing his duties as an armed 13 security guard if the Board has not issued him a firearm registration permit under this 14 section or if the person, firm, association, or corporation permits an armed security 15 guard to carry a firearm during the course of performing his duties whose firearm 16 registration permit has been suspended, revoked, or has otherwise expired:

- 17(1)An armed security guard firearm registration permit grants authority to18the armed security guard, while in the performance of his duties or19travelling traveling directly to and from work, to carry a standard .3820caliber or .32 caliber revolver or any other firearm approved by the21Board and not otherwise prohibited by law. The use of any firearm not22approved by the Board is prohibited.
- (2) All firearms carried by authorized armed security guards in the
  performance of their duties shall be owned or leased by the employer.
  Personally owned firearms shall not be carried by an armed security
  guard in the performance of his duties.

(c) The applicant for an armed security guard firearm registration permit shallsubmit an application to the Board on a form provided by the Board.

(d) Each armed security guard firearm registration permit issued under this section shall be in the form of a pocket card designed by the Board and shall identify the contract security company or proprietary security organization by whom the holder of the firearm registration permit is employed. An armed security guard firearm registration permit expires one year after the date of its issuance and must be renewed annually unless the permit holder's employment terminates before the expiration of the permit.

(e) If the holder of an armed security guard firearm registration permit terminates
his employment with the contract security company or proprietary security organization,
the firearm registration permit expires and must be returned to the Board within 15
working days of the date of termination of the employee.

40 (f) A contract security company or proprietary security organization shall be 41 allowed to employ an individual for 30 days as an armed security guard pending 42 completion of the firearms training required by this Chapter, if the contract security 43 company or proprietary security organization obtains prior approval from the

Administrator.Director. The Board and the Attorney General shall provide by rule the procedure by which a contract security company or a proprietary security organization applicant may be issued a temporary firearm registration permit by the Administrator <u>Director of the Board pending a determination by the Board of whether to grant or deny</u> an applicant a firearm registration permit.

6 (g) The Board may suspend, revoke, or deny an armed security guard firearm 7 registration permit if the holder or applicant has been convicted of any crime involving 8 moral turpitude or any crime involving the illegal use, carrying, or possession of a 9 deadly weapon or for violation of this section or rules promulgated by the Board to 10 implement this section. The <u>Administrator-Director may</u> summarily suspend an armed 11 security guard firearm registration permit pending resolution of charges involving the 12 illegal use, carrying, or possession of a firearm lodged against the holder of the permit.

13 (h) The Board and the Attorney General shall establish a training program for 14 armed security guards to be conducted by agencies and institutions approved by the 15 Board and the Attorney General. The Board and the Attorney General may approve 16 training programs conducted by a contract security company and the security 17 department of a proprietary security organization, if the contract security company or 18 security department of a proprietary security organization offers the courses listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection and if the instructors of the training program are 19 certified trainers approved by the Board and the Attorney General: 20

21 22 (1) The basic training course approved by the Board and the Attorney General shall consist of a minimum of four hours of classroom training which shall include:

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b. Familiarity with this section,

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c. Range firing and procedure and hand gun safety and maintenance, and

Legal limitations on the use of hand guns and on the powers

- d. Any other topics of armed security guard training curriculum which the Board deems necessary.
- (2) An applicant for an armed security guard firearm registration permit must fire a minimum qualifying score to be determined by the Board and the Attorney General on any approved target course approved by the Board and the Attorney General.

and authority of an armed security guard,

- 35 (3) An armed security guard must complete a refresher course and shall
   36 requalify on the prescribed target course prior to the renewal of his
   37 firearm registration permit.
- 38 (4) The Board and the Attorney General shall have the authority to
   39 promulgate all rules necessary to administer the provisions of this
   40 section concerning the training requirements of this section.

41 (i) The Board may not issue an armed security guard firearm registration permit
42 to an applicant until the applicant's employer submits evidence satisfactory to the Board
43 that the applicant:

1 (1)Has satisfactorily completed an approved training course. 2 (2)Meets all the qualifications established by this section and by the rules 3 promulgated to implement this section. 4 Is mentally and physically capable of handling a firearm within the (3) 5 guidelines set forth by the Board and the Attorney General. 6 (i) The Board and the Attorney General are authorized to prescribe reasonable 7 rules to implement this section, including rules for periodic requalification with the 8 firearm and for the maintenance of records relating to persons issued an armed security 9 guard firearm registration permit by the Board. (k) All fees collected pursuant to G.S. 74C-9(e)(7) and (8) shall be expended, under 10 11 the direction of the Board, for the purpose of defraying the expense of administering the 12 firearms provisions of this Chapter. 13 (1)The Board and the Attorney General shall establish a training program for 14 certified trainers to be conducted by agencies and institutions approved by the Board 15 and the Attorney General. The Board or the Attorney General shall have the authority to 16 promulgate all rules necessary to administer the provisions of this subsection. 17 (1)The Board and the Attorney General shall also establish renewal 18 requirements for certified trainers. 19 (2)No certified trainer shall certify an armed security guard unless the 20 armed security guard has successfully completed the training 21 requirements set out above in subsection (h) of this section. 22 (m) The Board and the Attorney General shall establish a training program for 23 unarmed security guards to be conducted by agencies and institutions approved by the 24 Board and the Attorney General. The Board and the Attorney General shall have the 25 authority to promulgate all rules necessary to administer the provisions of this 26 subsection." 27 SECTION 64.(i) G.S. 74C-15(a) reads as rewritten: 28 "(a) Upon the issuance of a license or trainee permit, a pocket identification card 29 of design, size, and content approved by the Board shall be issued by the Board without 30 charge to each licensee or trainee. The holder must have this card in his possession at all 31 times when he is on duty and working within the scope of his employment. When a 32 licensee or trainee to whom a card has been issued terminates his position as a licensee 33 or trainee, the card must be surrendered to the Administrator-Director of the Board 34 within 10 working days thereafter." 35 **SECTION 64.(j)** G.S. 74C-18(b) reads as rewritten: 36 The Administrator, Director, in his discretion and subject to the approval of "(b) 37 the Board, may issue a temporary permit to a nonresident who has complied with the 38 provisions of G.S. 74C-10 and who is validly licensed in another state to engage in a 39 private protective service activity incidental to a specific case originating in another 40 state. A temporary permit may be issued for a period of no more than 30 days and may 41 be renewed. A temporary permit may contain such restrictions which the Board, in its 42 discretion, deems appropriate."

43 **SECTION 65.(a)** G.S. 74D-5.1 reads as rewritten:

#### 1 "§ 74D-5.1. Position of Administrator Director created.

2 The position of Administrator Director of the Alarm Systems Licensing Board is 3 hereby created within the Department of Justice. The Attorney General shall appoint a 4 person to fill this full-time position. The Administrator's Director's duties shall be to 5 administer the directives contained in this Chapter and the rules promulgated by the 6 Board to implement this Chapter and to carry out the administrative duties incident to 7 the functioning of the Board in order to actively police the alarm systems industry to 8 insure compliance with the law in all aspects. The Administrator Director may issue a 9 temporary grant or denial of a request for registration subject to final action by the 10 Board at its next regularly scheduled meeting."

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**SECTION 65.(b)** G.S. 74D-7(d) reads as rewritten:

12 "(d) Any branch office of an alarm systems business shall obtain a branch office 13 certificate. A separate certificate stating the location and licensed qualifying agent shall 14 be posted at all times in a conspicuous place in each branch office. Every business 15 covered under the provisions of this Chapter shall file in writing with the Board the 16 addresses of each of its branch offices. All licensees of a branch office shall notify the 17 Board in writing, within 10 working days after the establishment, closing, or changing 18 of the location of any branch office. A licensed qualifying agent may be responsible for 19 more than one branch office of an alarm systems business with the prior approval of the 20 Board. Temporary approval may be granted by the Administrator, Director, upon 21 application of the qualifying agent, for a period of time not to exceed 10 working days 22 after the adjournment of the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board unless the 23 Board determines that the application should be denied."

24

**SECTION 65.(c)** G.S. 74D-8 reads as rewritten:

### 25 "§ 74D-8. Registration of persons employed.

- 26 All licensees of an alarm systems business shall register with the (a) (1)27 Board within 20 days after the employment begins, all of the licensee's 28 employees that are within the State, unless in the discretion of the 29 Administrator, Director, the time period is extended for good cause. To 30 register an employee, a licensee shall submit to the Board as to the 31 employee: set(s) of classifiable fingerprints on standard F.B.I. 32 applicant cards; recent color photograph(s) of acceptable quality for 33 identification; and statements of any criminal records obtained from 34 the appropriate authority in each area where the employee has resided 35 within the immediately preceding 48 months. 36
- 30 37 38

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(2) Except during the period allowed for registration in subdivision (a)(1) of this section, no alarm systems business may employ any employee unless the employee's registration has been approved by the Board as set forth in this section.

40 (b) The Administrator Director shall be notified in writing of the termination of 41 any employee registered under this Chapter within 20 days after the termination.

42 (c) The Board shall issue a registration card to each employee of a licensee who 43 is registered under this Chapter. The registration card shall expire two years after its

1 date of issuance and shall be renewed before the expiration of the term of the 2 registration. If a registered person changes employment to another licensee, the 3 registration card may remain valid; however, persons changing employment must pay 4 the fee authorized by G.S. 74D-7(e)(5). 5 If all required documents, properly completed, have been submitted to the (d) 6 Board no later than 20 days after an employee begins employment, the employer of 7 each applicant for registration shall give the applicant a copy of the complete 8 application which the employee can use until a registration card issued by the Board is 9 received." 10 SECTION 66.(a) G.S. 95-230 reads as rewritten: 11 "§ 95-230. Purpose. 12 The General Assembly finds that individuals should be protected from unreliable 13 and inadequate examinations and screening for controlled substances. The General 14 Assembly also finds that employers who test employees for controlled substances 15 should use reliable and minimally invasive examinations and screenings and be afforded 16 the opportunity to select from a range of cost-effective and advanced drug testing 17 technologies. The purpose of this Article is to establish procedural and other 18 requirements for the administration of controlled substance examinations." 19 **SECTION 66.(b)** The Commissioner of Labor shall adopt, within 30 days of the effective date of this act, temporary rules allowing employers who are subject to 20 21 Article 20 of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes to collect the oral fluids of examinees 22 as samples in connection with examinations and screenings for controlled substances. 23 G.S. 105-164.4B, as enacted by Section 6 of S.L. SECTION 67.(a) 24 2001-430, is recodified as G.S. 105-164.4C. 25 **SECTION 67.(b)** G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c), as rewritten by Section 4 of S.L. 26 2001-430, reads as rewritten: 27 "(4c) The rate of four and one-half percent (4.5%) applies to the gross 28 receipts derived from providing telecommunications service. A person 29 who provides telecommunications service is considered a retailer 30 under this Article. Telecommunications service is taxed in accordance 31 with G.S. 105-164.4B.G.S. 105-164.4C." SECTION 67.(c) G.S. 105-164.4C(f), as enacted by S.L. 2001-430 and 32 33 recodified by Section 67.(a) of this act, reads as rewritten: 34 Call Center Cap. – The gross receipts tax on interstate telecommunications "(f) 35 service that originates outside this State, terminates in this State, and is provided to a 36 call center that has a direct pay certificate permit issued by the Department under G.S. 37 105-164.27A may not exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) a calendar year. This cap 38 applies separately to each legal entity." 39 **SECTION 67.(d)** G.S. 105-164.44F, as enacted by S.L. 2001-430, is 40 amended by renumbering subsection (d) as subsection (e) and by adding a new 41 subsection to read: 42 "(d) Share of Cities Served by a Telephone Membership Corporation. – The share

1		tutes, is computed as if the city was incorporated on or after January 1,
2	<u>2001, under sub</u>	osection (b) of this section. If a city is served by a telephone membership
3	_	another provider, then its per capita share under this subsection applies
4		lation of the area served by the telephone membership corporation."
5	SEC	<b>FION 67.(e)</b> The introductory language to Section 13 of S.L. 2001-430
6	reads as rewritte	
7		<b>13.</b> G.S. 105-467 G.S. 105-467(a), as amended by S.L. 2001-347, is
8	•	ling a new subdivision to read:"
9		<b>FION 67.(f)</b> This section becomes effective January 1, 2002.
10		<b>FION 68.</b> G.S. 105-187.6(a), as amended by Section 34.24 of S.L.
11	2001-424, reads	
12		Exemptions. – The tax imposed by this Article does not apply when a
13	certificate of titl	le is issued as the result of a transfer of a motor vehicle:
14	(1)	To the insurer of the motor vehicle under G.S. 20-109.1 because the
15		vehicle is a salvage vehicle.
16	(2)	To either a manufacturer, as defined in G.S. 20-286, or a motor vehicle
17		retailer for the purpose of resale.
18	(3)	To the same owner to reflect a change or correction in the owner's
19		name.
20	<u>(3a)</u>	To one or more of the same co-owners to reflect the removal of one or
21		more other co-owners, when there is no consideration for the transfer.
22	(4)	By will or intestacy.
23	(5)	By a gift between a husband and wife, a parent and child, or a
24		stepparent and a stepchild.
25	(6)	By a distribution of marital or divisible property incident to a marital
26		separation or divorce.
27	(7)	To a handicapped person from the Department of Health and Human
28		Services after the vehicle has been equipped by the Department for use
29		by the handicapped.
30	(8)	To a local board of education for use in the driver education program
31		of a public school when the motor vehicle is transferred:
32		a. By a retailer and is to be transferred back to the retailer within
33		300 days after the transfer to the local board.
34		b. By a local board of education.
35	(9)	To a volunteer fire department or volunteer rescue squad that is not
36		part of a unit of local government, has no more than two paid
37		employees, and is exempt from State income tax under G.S.
38		105-130.11, when the motor vehicle is one of the following:
39		a. A fire truck, a pump truck, a tanker truck, or a ladder truck used
40		to suppress fire.
41		b. A four-wheel drive vehicle intended to be mounted with a water
42		tank and hose and used for forest fire fighting.
43		c. An emergency services vehicle."

1 **SECTION 69.(a)** G.S. 105-228.5(e), as amended by Section 34.22(a) of S.L. 2 2001-424, reads as rewritten: 3 Report and Payment. - Each taxpayer doing business in this State shall, "(e) 4 within the first 15 days of March, file with the Secretary of Revenue a full and accurate 5 report of the total gross premiums as defined in this section, the payroll and other 6 information required by the Secretary in the case of a self-insurer, or the total gross 7 collections from membership dues exclusive of receipts from cost plus plans collected 8 in this State during the preceding calendar year. The report shall be verified by the oath 9 of the official or other representative responsible for transmitting it; the The taxes 10 imposed by this section shall be remitted to the Secretary with the report." 11 **SECTION 69.(b)** G.S. 105-164.4B(c), as enacted by S.L. 2001-430, and as 12 recodified as G.S. 105-164.4C(c), is amended by adding a new subdivision to read: 13 "(16) Charges to a State agency or to a local unit of government for the 14 North Carolina Information Highway and other data networks owned 15 or leased by the State or unit of local government." **SECTION 69.(c)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2002. 16 SECTION 70. G.S. 105-311, as rewritten by Section 3 of S.L. 2001-279, 17 18 reads as rewritten: "(b) 19 Any abstract submitted by mail may be accepted or rejected by the assessor in 20 his-the assessor's discretion. However, the board of county commissioners, with the 21 approval of the Department of Revenue, may by resolution provide for the general 22 acceptance of completed abstracts submitted by mail or submitted electronically. In no 23 event shall an abstract submitted by mail be accepted unless the affirmation on the 24 abstract is signed by the individual prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. An 25 electronic listing may be signed electronically in accordance with the Electronic 26 Commerce Act, Article 11A of Chapter 66 of the General Statutes. 27 For the purpose of this Subchapter, abstracts submitted by mail are considered filed 28 as of the date shown on the postmark affixed by the United States Postal Service. If no 29 date is shown on the postmark, or if the postmark is not affixed by the United States 30 Postal Service, the abstract is considered filed when received in the office of the 31 assessor. Abstracts submitted by electronic listing are considered filed when received in 32 the office of the assessor. In any dispute arising under this Subchapter, the burden of 33 proof is on the taxpayer to show that the abstract was timely filed." 34 SECTION 71. G.S. 106-503.1(b) reads as rewritten:

Contracts and Leases; Pledge of Gate Receipts, etc. - For the further purpose 35 "(b) 36 of acquiring, constructing, operating and financing said properties and facilities on the 37 North Carolina State fairgrounds, the Board of Agriculture may enter into such 38 agreements, contracts and leases as may be necessary for the purpose of this section, 39 and may pledge, appropriate, and pay such sums out of the gate receipts or other 40 revenues coming to the State Board of Agriculture from the operation of any facilities of the State fair as may be required to secure, repay, or meet the principal and interest 41 42 charges on the loan herein authorized. Prior to execution, the Board of Agriculture shall

1	consult with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations on all
2	agreements, contracts, and leases authorized under this subsection."
3	SECTION 72. G.S. 110-136.5(d) reads as rewritten:
4	"(d) Notice to payor and obligor. If an order for income withholding is entered, a
5	notice of obligation to withhold shall be served on the payor as required by G.S. 1A-1,
6	Rule 4, Rule 5, Rules of Civil Procedure. Copies of such notice shall be filed with the
7	clerk of court and served upon the obligor by first class mail."
8	SECTION 73. G.S. 113-44.15(b), as amended by Section 1 of S.L.
9	2001-114, reads as rewritten:
10	"(b) Funds in the Trust Fund are annually appropriated to the North Carolina
11	Parks and Recreation Authority and, unless otherwise specified by the General
12	Assembly or the terms or conditions of a gift or grant, shall be allocated and used as
13	follows:
14	(1) Sixty-five percent (65%) for the State Parks System for capital
15	projects, repairs and renovations of park facilities, and land
16	acquisition.
17	(2) Thirty percent (30%) to provide matching funds to local governmental
18	units or public authorities as defined in G.S. 159-7 on a
19	dollar-for-dollar basis for local park and recreation purposes. The
20	approved appraised value of land that is donated to a local government
21	unit or public authority may be applied to the matching requirement of
22	this subdivision. These funds shall be allocated by the North Carolina
23	Parks and Recreation Authority based on criteria patterned after the
24	Open Project Selection Process established for the Land and Water
25	Conservation Fund administered by the National Park Service of the
26	United States Department of the Interior.
27	(3) Five percent (5%) for the Coastal and Estuarine Water Beach Access
28	Program.
29	In allocating funds in the Trust Fund under this subsection, the North Carolina Parks
30	and Recreation Authority shall consider geographic distribution across the State to the
31	extent practicable. Of the funds appropriated to the North Carolina Parks and Recreation
32	Authority from the Trust Fund each year, no more than three percent (3%) may be used
33	by the Department for operating expenses associated with managing capital
34	improvements projects, acquiring land, and administration of local grants programs."
35	SECTION 74.(a) G.S. 115C-290.6, as rewritten by Section 28.25(e) of S.L.
36	2001-424, reads as rewritten:
37	"§ 115C-290.6. Application to the State Board of Education.
38	An individual who seeks to be recommended by the Standards Board for

An individual who seeks to be recommended by the Standards Board for certification by the State Board of <u>Education,Education</u> shall file a written application on a form provided by the State Board of Education. The application shall be accompanied by the required application and exam fees and shall include any information required by the Board."

1	SECTION 74.(b) G.S. 115C-290.8(c), as rewritten by Section 28.25(g) of
2	S.L. 2001-424, reads as rewritten:
3	"(c) A person who is exempt from the requirements of this Article but <u>applies</u> for
4	certification under this Article shall be subject to the Article."
5	<b>SECTION 74.(c)</b> G.S. 115C-325(a)(5a), as enacted by Section 28.24(b) of
6	S.L. 1998-212 and rewritten by Section 67.1(a) of S.L. 1998-217 and by Section
7	32.25(b) of S.L. 2001-424, reads as rewritten:
8	"(a) Definition of Terms. – As used in this section unless the context requires
9	otherwise:
10	
11	(5a) (Effective until June 30, 2003) "Retired teacher" means a beneficiary
12	of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North
13	Carolina who has been retired at least six months, has not been
14	employed in any capacity, other than as a substitute teacher, teacher or
15	a part-time tutor, with a local board of education for at least six
16	months, immediately preceding the effective date of reemployment, is
17	determined by a local board of education to have had satisfactory
18	performance during the last year of employment by a local board of
19 20	education, and who is employed to teach as provided in G.S. $125 - 2(8)$ .
20	135-3(8)c. A retired teacher shall be treated the same as a probationary
21 22	teacher except that a retired teacher is not eligible for career status." <b>SECTION 75.</b> G.S. 115C-391(d3) reads as rewritten:
22	"(d3) A local board of education <u>or superintendent</u> shall suspend for 365 calendar
23 24	days any student who, by any means of communication to any person or group of
25	persons, makes a report, knowing or having reason to know the report is false, that there
26	is located on educational property or at a school-sponsored curricular or extracurricular
27	activity off educational property any device designed to destroy or damage property by
28	explosion, blasting, or burning, or who, with intent to perpetrate a hoax, conceals,
29	places, or displays any device, machine, instrument, or artifact on educational property
30	or at a school-sponsored curricular or extracurricular activity off educational property,
31	so as to cause any person reasonably to believe the same to be a bomb or other device
32	capable of causing injury to persons or property. The local board upon recommendation
33	by the superintendent may modify either suspension requirement on a case-by-case
34	basis that includes, but is not limited to, the procedures established for the discipline of
35	students with disabilities and may also provide, or contract for the provision of,
36	educational services to any student suspended under this subsection in an alternative
37	school setting or in another setting that provides educational and other services. For
38	purposes of this subsection and subsection (d1) of this section, the term "educational
39	property" has the same definition as in G.S. 14-269.2(a)(1)."
40	<b>SECTION 76.</b> G.S. 115D-11(a)(2)a as enacted by Section 2 of S.L.

40 **SECTION 76.** G.S. 115D-1.1(a)(2)a., as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 41 2001-312, reads as rewritten:

1 2	"a. The local board of education, or the board's designee, for the public local school administrative unit in which the student is
3	enrolled."
4	SECTION 77. G.S. 120-2(d), as rewritten by S.L. 2001-459, reads as
5	rewritten:
6	"(d) If any precinct boundary is changed, that change shall not change the
7	boundary of a senatorial house district, which shall remain the same."
8	<b>SECTION 78.</b> G.S. 120-20.1(a) reads as rewritten:
9	"(a) Whenever in any act:
10	(1) It is stated that a that:
11	<u>a.</u> <u>A</u> law "reads as rewritten:"; <u>or</u>
12	b. Laws "read as rewritten:"; and
13	(2) The law is set out showing material struck through or underlined, or
14	both
15	the material struck through is being deleted from the existing law, and the material
16	underlined is being added to the existing law."
17	<b>SECTION 79.</b> G.S. 120-36.8 is transferred to a new Article 7B of Chapter
18	120 of the General Statutes and reads as rewritten:
19 20	" <u>Article 7B.</u> "Descerate Division
20	"Research Division.
21 22	"§ 120-36.8. Certification of legislation required by federal law.
22 23	(a) Every bill and resolution introduced in the General Assembly proposing any change in the law which purports to implement federal law or to be required or
23 24	change in the law which purports to implement federal law or to be required or necessary for compliance with federal law, or on which is conditioned the receipt of
24 25	federal funds shall have attached to it at the time of its consideration by the General
25 26	Assembly a certification prepared by the Fiscal-Research Division, in consultation with
20 27	the Bill Drafting and <u>Fiscal</u> Research Divisions, identifying the federal law requiring
28	passage of the bill or resolution. The certification shall contain a statement setting forth
20 29	the reasons why the bill or resolution is required by federal law. If the bill or resolution
30	is not required by federal law or exceeds the requirements of federal law, then the
31	certification shall state the reasons for that opinion. No comment or opinion shall be
32	included in the certification with regard to the merits of the measure for which the
33	certification is prepared. However, technical and mechanical defects may be noted.
34	(b) The sponsor of each bill or resolution to which this section applies shall
35	present a copy of the bill or resolution with the request for certification to the Fiscal
36	Research Division. Upon receipt of the request and the copy of the bill or resolution, the
37	Fiscal Research Division shall consult with the Bill Drafting and Fiscal Research
38	Divisions, and may consult with the Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management
39	or any State agency on preparation of the certification as promptly as possible. The
40	Fiscal-Research Division shall prepare the certification and transmit it to the sponsor
41	within two weeks after the request is made, unless the sponsor agrees to an extension of
42	time.

1 (c) This certification shall be attached to the original of each proposed bill or 2 resolution that is reported favorably by any committee of the General Assembly, but 3 shall be separate from the bill or resolution and shall be clearly designated as a 4 certification. A certification attached to a bill or resolution pursuant to this section is not 5 a part of the bill or resolution and is not an expression of legislative intent proposed by 6 the bill or resolution.

7 (d) If a committee of the General Assembly reports favorably a proposed bill or 8 resolution with an amendment proposing any change in the law which purports to 9 implement federal law or to be required or necessary for compliance with federal law, 10 the chair of the committee shall obtain from the Fiscal-Research Division and attach to 11 the amended bill or resolution a certification as provided in this section."

12 **SECTION 80.(a)** G.S. 122C-181(c), as enacted by Section 1.19 of S.L. 13 2001-437, reads as rewritten:

14 "(c) Closure of a State facility under subsection (b) of this section becomes 15 effective on the earlier of the 31st legislative day or the day of adjournment of the next 16 regular session of the General Assembly that begins at least 10 days after the date the closure is approved, unless a different effective date applies under this subsection. If a 17 18 bill that specifically disapproves the State facility closure is introduced in either house 19 of the General Assembly before the thirty-first legislative day of that session, the 20 closure becomes effective on the earlier of either the day an unfavorable final action is 21 taken on the bill or the day that session of the General Assembly adjourns without 22 ratifying a bill that specifically disapproves the State facility closure. If the Secretary 23 specifies a later effective date for closure than the date that would otherwise apply under 24 this subsection, the later date applies. Closure of a State facility does not become 25 effective if the closure is specifically disapproved by a bill ratified by the General 26 Assembly-enacted into law before it becomes effective. Notwithstanding any rule of 27 either house of the General Assembly, any member of the General Assembly may 28 introduce a bill during the first 30 legislative days of any regular session to disapprove 29 closure of a facility that has been approved by the Governor and Council of State as 30 provided in subsection (b) of this section. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed 31 to impair the Secretary's power or duty otherwise imposed by law to close a State 32 facility temporarily for the protection of health and safety."

33

**SECTION 80.(b)** G.S. 150B-21.3 reads as rewritten:

34 "§ 150B-21.3. Effective date of rules.

35 (a) Temporary Rule. – A temporary rule becomes effective on the date the
 36 Codifier of Rules enters the rule in the North Carolina Administrative Code.

(b) Permanent Rule. – A permanent rule approved by the Commission becomes effective on the earlier of the thirty-first legislative day or the day of adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly that begins at least 25 days after the date the Commission approved the rule, unless a different effective date applies under this section. If a bill that specifically disapproves the rule is introduced in either house of the General Assembly before the thirty-first legislative day of that session, the rule becomes effective on the earlier of either the day an unfavorable final action is taken on the bill

### SESSION 2001

or the day that session of the General Assembly adjourns without ratifying a bill that specifically disapproves the rule. If the agency adopting the rule specifies a later effective date than the date that would otherwise apply under this subsection, the later date applies. A permanent rule that is not approved by the Commission or that is specifically disapproved by a bill <del>ratified by the General Assembly <u>enacted into law</u> before it becomes effective does not become effective.</del>

A bill specifically disapproves a rule if it contains a provision that refers to the rule by appropriate North Carolina Administrative Code citation and states that the rule is disapproved. Notwithstanding any rule of either house of the General Assembly, any member of the General Assembly may introduce a bill during the first 30 legislative days of any regular session to disapprove a rule that has been approved by the Commission and that either has not become effective or has become effective by executive order under subsection (c) of this section.

14 (c) Executive Order Exception. - The Governor may, by executive order, make 15 effective a permanent rule that has been approved by the Commission and has not 16 become effective under subsection (b) of this section upon finding that it is necessary 17 that the rule become effective in order to protect public health, safety, or welfare. A rule 18 made effective by executive order becomes effective on the date the order is issued or at 19 a later date specified in the order. When the Codifier of Rules enters in the North Carolina Administrative Code a rule made effective by executive order, the entry must 20 21 reflect this action.

22 A rule that is made effective by executive order remains in effect unless it is 23 specifically disapproved by the General Assembly in a bill ratified enacted into law on 24 or before the day of adjournment of the regular session of the General Assembly that 25 begins at least 25 days after the date the executive order is issued. A rule that is made 26 effective by executive order and that is specifically disapproved by a bill ratified by the 27 General Assembly enacted into law is repealed as of the date specified in the bill. If a 28 rule that is made effective by executive order is not specifically disapproved by a bill 29 ratified by the General Assembly enacted into law within the time set by this subsection, 30 the Codifier of Rules must note this in the North Carolina Administrative Code.

- 31 32
- (d) Legislative Day and Day of Adjournment. As used in this section:
  - (1) A "legislative day" is a day on which either house of the General Assembly convenes in regular session.
- 33 34
- 35 36
- (2) The "day of adjournment" of a regular session held in an odd-numbered year is the day the General Assembly adjourns by joint resolution for more than 10 days.
- 37 38

39

(3) The "day of adjournment" of a regular session held in an even-numbered year is the day the General Assembly adjourns sine die.

40 (e) OSHA Standard. – A permanent rule concerning an occupational safety and
41 health standard that is adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Division of the
42 Department of Labor and is identical to a federal regulation promulgated by the
43 Secretary of the United States Department of Labor becomes effective on the date the

1 2		rs the rule to the Codifier of Rules, unless the Division specifies a later					
2 3	effective date. If the Division specifies a later effective date, the rule becomes effective on that date.						
4							
5	(f) Technical Change. – A permanent rule for which no notice or hearing is required under G.S. $150B-21.5(a)(1)$ through (a)(5) or G.S. $150B-21.5(b)$ becomes						
6	-	first day of the month following the month the rule is approved by the					
7	Rules Review C	• • • • •					
8		<b>FION 81.</b> G.S. 126-5(c1) reads as rewritten:					
9		ot as to the provisions of Articles 6 and 7 of this Chapter, the provisions					
10	-	shall not apply to:					
11	(1)	Constitutional officers of the State.					
12	(2)	Officers and employees of the Judicial Department.					
13	(3)	Officers and employees of the General Assembly.					
14	(4)	Members of boards, committees, commissions, councils, and advisory					
15		councils compensated on a per diem basis.					
16	(5)	Officials or employees whose salaries are fixed by the General					
17		Assembly, or by the Governor, or by the Governor and Council of					
18		State, or by the Governor subject to the approval of the Council of					
19		State.					
20	(6)	Employees of the Office of the Governor that the Governor, at any					
21		time, in his discretion, exempts from the application of the provisions					
22		of this Chapter by means of a letter to the State Personnel Director					
23		designating these employees.					
24	(7)	Employees of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, that the					
25 26		Lieutenant Governor, at any time, in his discretion, exempts from the					
20 27		application of the provisions of this Chapter by means of a letter to the State Personnel Director designating these employees.					
27	(8)	Instructional and research staff, physicians, and dentists of The					
28 29	(0)	University of North Carolina.					
30	(9)	Employees whose salaries are fixed under the authority vested in the					
31		Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina by the					
32		provisions of G.S. 116-11(4), 116-11(5), and 116-14.					
33	(10)	Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 84, s. 1.					
34	(11)	North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics' employees whose					
35		salaries are fixed in accordance with the provisions of G.S.					
36		116-235(c)(1) and G.S. 116-235(c)(2).					
37	(12)	Employees of the North Carolina Low-Level Radioactive Waste					
38		Management Authority whose salaries are fixed pursuant to G.S.					
39		104G-5(g)(1) and G.S. $104G-5(g)(2)$ .					
40	(13)	Employees of the North Carolina Hazardous Waste Management					
41		Commission whose salaries are fixed pursuant to G.S. $130B-6(g)(1)$					
42	/ <b>4</b> . A X	and G.S. 130B-6(g)(2).					
43	(14)	Employees of the North Carolina State Ports Authority.					

1 2	(15) (16)	Employees of the North Carolina Global TransPark Authority. The executive director and one associate director of the North Carolina			
$\frac{2}{3}$	(10)	Center for Nursing established under Article 9F of Chapter 90 of the			
4		General Statutes.			
5	(17)	The executive director of the independent staff of the Information			
6		Resources Management Commission established under G.S.			
7	(10)	143B-472.41A.			
8 9	(18)	Employees of the Tobacco Trust Fund Commission established in			
9 10	(19)	Article 75 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. Employees of the Health and Wellness Trust Fund Commission			
11	(1))	established in Article 21 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes.			
12	(20)	Employees of the North Carolina Rural Redevelopment Authority			
13	· · · ·	created in Part 2D of Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General			
14		Statutes.			
15	<u>(21)</u>	Employees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive			
16		Major Medical Plan."			
17		<b>TION 82.</b> Effective January 1, 2002, G.S. 128-26(e) reads as rewritten:			
18	. ,	table service at retirement on which the retirement allowance of a			
19 20		based shall consist of the membership service rendered by him since he			
20 21		ember, and also if he has a prior service certificate which is in full force			
22	and effect, the amount of the service certified on his prior service certificate; and if he has sick leave standing to his credit upon retirement on or after July 1, 1971, one month				
23		ch 20 days or portion thereof not to exceed 12 days of credit for each			
24		d membership service or fraction thereof, but sick leave shall not be			
25	counted in computing creditable service for the purpose of determining eligibility for				
26		nent or for a vested deferred allowance.			
27	On and afte	r July 1, 1971, a member whose account was closed on account of			
28		ervice under the provisions of G.S. 128-24(1a) and who subsequently			
29		e for a period of five years, may thereafter repay the amount withdrawn			
30	1 0	rest thereon from the date of withdrawal through the year of repayment			
31		ease his creditable service by the amount of creditable service lost when			
32	this account was				
33 34		r July 1, 1973, a member whose account in the Teachers' and State irement System was closed on account of absence from service under			
35		f G.S. 135-3(3) and who subsequently became or becomes a member of			
36		a credit for five years of service, may thereafter repay in a lump sum the			
37	-	wn from the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System plus			
38	regular interest thereon from the date of withdrawal through the year of repayment and				
39	-	e his creditable service in this System by the amount of creditable			

40 service lost when his account was closed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, any member who entered
service or was restored to service prior to July 1, 1982, and was excluded from
membership service solely on account of having attained the age of 62 years, in

1 accordance with former G.S. 128-24(3a), may purchase membership service credits for 2 such excluded service by making a lump-sum payment equal to the contributions that 3 would have been deducted pursuant to G.S. 128-30(b) had he been a member of the 4 Retirement System, increased by interest calculated at a rate of seven percent (7%) per 5 annum. Creditable service for unused sick leave shall be allowed only for sick leave 6 accrued monthly during employment under a duly adopted sick leave policy and for 7 which the member may be able to take credits and be paid for sick leave without 8 restriction. 9 On and after January 1, 1986, the creditable service of a member who was a member 10 of the Law Enforcement Officers' Retirement System at the time of the transfer of law 11 enforcement officers employed by participating employers from that System to this 12 Retirement System and whose accumulated contributions are transferred from that 13 System to this Retirement System, includes service that was creditable in the Law 14 Enforcement Officers' Retirement System; and membership service with that System is 15 membership service with this Retirement System; provided, notwithstanding any

provisions of this Article to the contrary, any inchoate or accrued rights of such a member to purchase creditable service for military service, withdrawn service and prior service under the rules and regulations of the Law Enforcement Officers' Retirement System may not be diminished and may be purchased as creditable service with this Retirement System under the same conditions that would have otherwise applied."

 21
 SECTION 83.
 G.S. 130A-110(a), as amended by Section 15 of S.L.

 22
 2001-62, reads as rewritten:

23 "(a) On or before the fifteenth day of the month, the register of deeds shall 24 transmit to the State Registrar a record of each marriage ceremony performed in the 25 <del>county</del> during the preceding calendar <del>month</del> month for which a license was issued by 26 the register of deeds. The State Registrar shall prescribe a form containing the 27 information required by G.S. 51-16 and additional information to conform with the 28 requirements of the federal agency responsible for national vital statistics. The form 29 shall be the official form of a marriage license, certificate of marriage and application 30 for marriage license."

31 SECTION 84.(a) G.S. 130A-235(a), as amended by S.L. 2001-109, reads as
 32 rewritten:

33 For protection of the public health, the Commission shall adopt rules to "(a) 34 establish sanitation requirements for all institutions and facilities at which individuals 35 are provided room or board and for which a license to operate is required to be obtained 36 or a certificate for payment is obtained from the Department. The rules shall also apply 37 to facilities that provide room and board to individuals but are exempt from licensure 38 under G.S. 131D-10.4(1). No other State agency may adopt rules to establish sanitation 39 requirements for these institutions and facilities. The Department shall issue a license to 40 operate or a certificate for payment to such an institution or facility only upon 41 compliance with all applicable sanitation rules of the Commission, and the Department 42 may suspend or revoke a license or a certificate for payment for violation of these rules. 43 In adopting rules pursuant to this section, the Commission shall define categories of

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	criteria for the pla This section shall r G.S. 130A-5(10). for a family foster 131D-10.2, or a t means a 24 hour professionally trai	n such institutions and facilities shall be subject and shall establish cement of any such institution or facility into one of the categories. not apply to State institutions and facilities subject to inspection under This section shall not apply to a single-family dwelling that is used home or a therapeutic foster home, as those terms are defined in G.S. herapeutic home. For purposes of this section, "therapeutic home" residential facility located in a private residence that provides ined parent substitutes who work intensively with children and re emotionally disturbed or who have a substance abuse problem. <u>G.S.</u>
10	<u>131D-10.2.</u> "	
11		<b>DN 84.(b)</b> G.S. 131D-10.2 is amended by adding a new subdivision
12	to read:	
13		Therapeutic Foster Home" means a family foster home where, in
14		ddition to the provision of foster care, foster parents who receive
15		ppropriate training provide a child with behavioral health treatment
16		ervices under the supervision of a county department of social
17		ervices, an area mental health program, or a licensed private agency
18		nd in compliance with licensing rules adopted by the Commission."
19		<b>DN 85.(a)</b> G.S. 131D-4.3(a)(5), as amended by Section 1 of S.L.
20	2001-85, reads as r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
21	"(5)	Adult care homes shall comply with all of the following staffing
22		requirements:
23		a. First shift (morning): 0.4 hours of aide duty for each resident
24		(licensed capacity or resident census), or 8.0 hours of aide
25		duty per each 20 residents (licensed capacity or resident
26		census) plus 3.0 hours for all other residents, whichever is
27		greater;
28		b. Second shift (afternoon): 0.4 hours of aid duty for each
29		resident (licensed capacity or resident census), or 8.0 hours
30		of aide duty per each 20 residents plus 3.0 hours for all other
31		residents (licensed capacity or resident census), whichever is
32		greater;
33		c. Third shift (evening): 8.0 hours of aide duty per 30 or fewer
34		residents (licensed capacity or resident census).
35		In addition to these requirements, the facility shall provide staff to
36		meet the needs of the facility's heavy care residents equal to the
37		amount of time reimbursed by Medicaid. As used in this
38		subdivision, the term "heavy care resident" means an individual
39		residing in an adult care home who is defined "heavy care" by
40		Medicaid and for which the facility is receiving enhanced Medicaid
41		payments for such needs. Each facility shall post in a conspicuous
42		place information about required staffing that enables residents and
43		their families to ascertain each day the number of direct care staff

1	and supervisors that are required by law to be on duty for each shift
2	for that day."
3	<b>SECTION 85.(b)</b> G.S. 131E-114.1, as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 2001-85,
4	reads as rewritten:
5	"§ 131E-114.1. Posting of information indicating number of staff on duty.
6	Every nursing home subject to licensure under this Part shall post in a conspicuous
7	place in the nursing home information about required staffing that enables residents and
8	their families to readily ascertain each day the number of direct care staff and
9	supervisors that are <u>required by law to be</u> on duty for each shift for that day."
10	<b>SECTION 86.(a)</b> G.S. 135-40.2(b)(12) reads as rewritten:
11	"(12) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 135-40.11, former employees
12	covered by the provisions of G.S. 135-40.2(a)(6), and their spouses
13	and eligible dependent children who were covered by the Plan at the
14	time of the former employees' separation from service pursuant to G.S.
15	135-40.2(a)(6), following expiration of the former employees'
16	coverage provided by G.S. 135-40.2(a)(6). Election of coverage under
17	this subdivision shall be made within 90 days after the termination of
18	coverage provided under G.S. 135-40.2(a)(6)."
19	<b>SECTION 86.(b)</b> G.S. 135-40.6(8)b. reads as rewritten:
20	"b. Private Duty Nursing: Services of licensed nurses (not
21	immediate relatives or members of the participant's household
22	or private duty nursing used in lieu of or as a substitute for
23	hospital staff nurses) ordered by the attending doctor for a
24	condition requiring skilled nursing services. Private Duty
25	Nursing ordered must be approved in advance by the Claims
26	Processor as medically necessary. Allowances for Private Duty
27	Nursing shall not exceed the lesser of the Plan's usual,
28	customary and reasonable allowances or ninety percent (90%)
29	of the daily semiprivate rate at skilled nursing facilities as
30	determined by the Plan."
31	<b>SECTION 87.</b> G.S. 143-64.60, as enacted by Section 1 of S.L. 2001-256,
32	reads as rewritten:
33	"§143-64.60. State Privacy Act.
34 25	(a) It is unlawful for any State or local government agency to deny to any
35	individual any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law because of such individual's
36 37	refusal to disclose his social security account number.
38	The provisions of this section subsection shall not apply with respect to: (1) Any disclosure which is required or permitted by federal statute, or
30 39	<ul> <li>(1) Any disclosure which is required or permitted by federal statute, or</li> <li>(2) The disclosure of a social security number to any State or local agency</li> </ul>
39 40	maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before
40 41	January 1, 1975, if such disclosure was required under statute or
42	regulation adopted prior to such date to verify the identity of an
43	individual.
15	

1							
1		State or local government agency which requests an individual to					
2 3	disclose his social security account number shall inform that individual whether that disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, by what statutory or other authority such number						
4	disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, by what statutory or other authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it."						
5		<b>TION 88.</b> G.S. 143-129(e), as rewritten by Section 1 of S.L. 2001-328,					
6	reads as rewritt						
7		ptions. – The requirements of this Article do not apply to:					
8	(1)	The purchase, lease, or other acquisition of any apparatus, supplies,					
9	~ /	materials, or equipment from: (i) the United States of America or any					
10		agency thereof; or (ii) any other government unit or agency thereof					
11		within the United States. The Secretary of Administration or the					
12		governing board of any political subdivision of the State may					
13		designate any officer or employee of the State or political subdivision					
14		to enter a bid or bids in its behalf at any sale of apparatus, supplies,					
15		materials, equipment, or other property owned by: (i) the United States					
16		of America or any agency thereof; or (ii) any other governmental unit					
17		or agency thereof within the United States. The Secretary of					
18		Administration or the governing board of any political subdivision of the State many outbaring the officer or employee to make any partial or					
19 20		the State may authorize the officer or employee to make any partial or down payment or payment in full that may be required by regulations					
20 21		of the governmental unit or agency disposing of the property.					
21	(2)	Cases of special emergency involving the health and safety of the					
23	(2)	people or their property.					
24	(3)	Purchases made through a competitive bidding group purchasing					
25	( )	program, which is a formally organized program that offers					
26		competitively bid-obtained purchasing services at discount prices to					
27		two or more public agencies.					
28	(4)	Construction or repair work undertaken during the progress of a					
29		construction or repair project initially begun pursuant to this section.					
30	(5)	Purchase of gasoline, diesel fuel, alcohol fuel, motor oil, fuel oil, or					
31		natural gas. These purchases are subject to G.S. 143-131.					
32	(6)	Purchases of apparatus, supplies, materials, or equipment when: (i)					
33		performance or price competition for a product are not available; (ii) a					
34 25		needed product is available from only one source of supply; or (iii)					
35 36		standardization or compatibility is the overriding consideration. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the governing					
30 37		board of a political subdivision of the State shall approve the purchases					
38		listed in the preceding sentence prior to the award of the contract.					
39		In the case of purchases by hospitals, in addition to the other					
40		exceptions in this subsection, the provisions of this Article shall not					
41		apply when: (i) a particular medical item or prosthetic appliance is					
42		needed; (ii) a particular product is ordered by an attending physician					
43		for his patients; (iii) additional products are needed to complete an					

1		ongoing job or task; (iv) products are purchased for "over-the-counter"
2		resale; (v) a particular product is needed or desired for experimental,
3		developmental, or research work; or (vi) equipment is already
4		installed, connected, and in service under a lease or other agreement
5		and the governing body of the hospital determines that the equipment
6		should be purchased. The governing body of a hospital shall keep a
7		record of all purchases made pursuant to this subsection.subdivision.
8		These records are subject to public inspection.
9	(7)	
10	( )	the State Office of Information Technology Services as provided in
11		G.S. 147-33.82(b) and G.S. 147-33.92(b).
12	(8)	
13		3B of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
14	(9)	-
15		State, if the contractor is willing to extend to a political subdivision of
16		the State the same or more favorable prices, terms, or conditions as
17		established in the State contract.
18	(10	) Purchase of used apparatus, supplies, materials, or equipment. For
19		purposes of this subdivision, remanufactured or refabricated apparatus,
20		supplies, materials, or equipment are not included in the exception."
21	SE	<b>CTION 89.</b> G.S. 143-166.13(a) reads as rewritten:
22		e following persons who are subject to the Criminal Justice Training and
23		t are entitled to benefits under this Article:
24	(1)	State Government Security Officers, Department of Administration;
25	(2)	
26	(3)	_
27	(4)	Sworn State Law-Enforcement Officers with the power of arrest,
28		Department of Corrections;
29	(5)	Alcohol Law-Enforcement Agents, Department of Crime Control and
30		Public Safety;
31	(6)	State Highway Patrol Officers, Department of Crime Control and
32		Public Safety;
33	(7)	State Legislative Building Special Police, General Assembly;
34	(8)	Sworn State Law-Enforcement Officers with the power of arrest,
35		Department of Health and Human Services;
36	(9)	Youth Correctional Officers, Department of Health and Human
37		Services; Juvenile Justice Officers, Department of Juvenile Justice and
38		Delinquency Prevention;
39	(10	) Insurance Investigators, Department of Insurance;
40	(11	) State Bureau of Investigation Officers and Agents, Department of
41		Justice;
42	(12	2) Director and Assistant Director, License and Theft Enforcement
43		Section, Division of Motor Vehicles, Department of Transportation;

1 2 2	(13)	Motor Vehicles, Department of Transportation, designated by the
3 4		Commissioner of Motor Vehicles as either "inspectors" or uniformed weigh station personnel;
4 5	(14)	
6	(17)	Investigators;
7	(15)	
8	(16)	• •
9		Department of Environment and Natural Resources;
10	(17)	-
11		Department of Crime Control and Public Safety.
12	(18)	* · ·
13		Department of Revenue.
14	(19)	) Sworn State Law-Enforcement Officers with the power of arrest,
15		University System."
16	SE	CTION 90. G.S. 143-661(b) reads as rewritten:
17	"(b) The	Board shall consist of <u>19-20</u> members, appointed as follows:
18	(1)	Three Four members appointed by the Governor, including one
19		member who is a director or employee of a State correction agency for
20		a term to begin September 1, 1996 and to expire on June 30, 1997, one
21		member who is an employee of the North Carolina Department of
22		Crime Control and Public Safety for a term beginning September 1,
23		1996 and to expire on June 30, 1997, and one member selected from
24		the North Carolina Association of Chiefs of Police for a term to begin
25		September 1, 1996 and to expire on June 30, <del>1999.1999, and one</del>
26		member who represents the Division of Motor Vehicles for a term to
27 28	,	begin September 1, 2002, and to expire on June 30, 2003.
28 29	 SF(	CTION 91.(a) G.S. 143B-475.1 is recodified as G.S. 143B-262.4.
29 30		CTION 91.(a) $G.S. 143B-262.4$ , as recodified by Section 91(a) of this
31	act, reads as re	
32		<b>1.143B-262.4.</b> Deferred prosecution, community service restitution,
33		l volunteer program.
34		Department of Crime Control and Public Safety Correction may conduct
35		rosecution, community service restitution, and volunteer program for
36	·	adult offenders. The Secretary of Crime Control and Public Safety
37	•	y assign one or more coordinators to each district court district as defined
38		33 to assure and report to the Court the offender's compliance with the
39		of the program. The appointment of each coordinator shall be made in
40	-	with the chief district court judge in the district to which the coordinator is
41		h county shall provide office space in the courthouse or other convenient
42	-	use of each coordinator assigned to that county.

Unless a fee is assessed pursuant to G.S. 20-179.4 or G.S. 15A-1371(i), a fee 1 (b) of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) shall be paid by all persons who participate in the 2 3 program or receive services from the program staff. If the person is convicted in a court 4 in this State, the fee shall be paid to the clerk of court in the county in which he is 5 convicted. If the person is participating in the program as a result of a deferred 6 prosecution or similar program, the fee shall be paid to the clerk of court in the county 7 in which the agreement is filed. Persons participating in the program for any other 8 reason shall pay the fee to the clerk of court in the county in which the services are 9 provided by the program staff. The fee shall be paid in full within two weeks from the 10 date the person is ordered to perform the community service, and before he begins his 11 community service, except that:

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- 13 14

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(1) A person convicted in a court in this State may be given an extension of time or allowed to begin the community service before he pays the fee by the court in which he is convicted; or

(2) A person performing community service pursuant to a deferred prosecution or similar agreement may be given an extension of time or allowed to begin his community service before the fee is paid by the official or agency representing the State in the agreement.

19 Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the General Fund.

20 (c) The Secretary may designate the same person to serve as a coordinator under 21 this section and under G.S. 20-179.4.

22 A person is not liable for damages for any injury or loss sustained by an (d) 23 individual performing community or reparation service under this section unless the 24 injury is caused by the person's gross negligence or intentional wrongdoing. As used in 25 this subsection, "person" includes any governmental unit or agency, nonprofit 26 corporation, or other nonprofit agency that is supervising the individual, or for whom 27 the individual is performing community service work, as well as any person employed 28 by the agency or corporation while acting in the scope and course of the person's 29 employment. This subsection does not affect the immunity from civil liability in tort 30 available to local governmental units or agencies. Notice of the provisions of this 31 subsection shall be furnished to the individual at the time of assignment of community 32 service work by the community service coordinator.

(e) In order to maximize the efficiency and effectiveness of the community
service program, (i) beginning September 1, 1995, community service program districts
shall have the same boundaries as the district court districts established in G.S. 7A-133
and (ii) beginning with persons hired on or after September 1, 1995, all community
service program district supervisors employed by the Department of Crime Control and
Public Safety Correction to supervise each of the community service program districts
shall reside in the district in which the supervisor works.

(f) The community service staff shall report to the court in which the community
service was ordered, a significant violation of the terms of the probation, or deferred
prosecution, related to community service. The community service staff shall give
notice of the hearing to determine if there is a willful failure to comply to the person

#### **SESSION 2001**

1 who was ordered to perform the community service. This notice shall be given by either 2 personal delivery to the person to be notified or by depositing the notice in the United 3 States mail in an envelope with postage prepaid, addressed to the person at the address shown on the records of the community service staff. The notice shall be mailed at least 4 5 10 days prior to any hearing and shall state the basis of the alleged willful failure to 6 comply. The court shall then conduct a hearing, even if the person ordered to perform 7 the community service fails to appear, to determine if there is a willful failure to 8 complete the work as ordered by the community service staff within the applicable time 9 limits. If the court determines there is a willful failure to comply, it shall revoke any 10 driver's] license issued to the person and notify the Division of Motor Vehicles 11 to revoke any drivers [driver's] license issued to the person until the community service requirement has been met. In addition, if the person is present, the court may take any 12 13 further action authorized by Article 82 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes for violation of a condition of probation." 14 15 **SECTION 92.** G.S. 147-12(13) reads as rewritten: 16 "(13) To oversee and approve all memoranda of understanding and 17 agreements between the State and foreign governments, as defined in 18 G.S. 66-275(c), G.S. 66-280(c), and international organizations. Any 19 memoranda of understanding or agreements under this subsection to be 20 signed on behalf of the State must first be approved by the Governor 21 after review by the Attorney General, and after execution filed with the 22 Secretary of State in accordance with G.S. 66-275.G.S. 66-280." 23 SECTION 93. G.S. 147-49 reads as rewritten: 24 "§ 147-49. Disposition of damaged and unsaleable publications. 25 The Secretary of State is hereby authorized and empowered to dispose of damaged 26 and unsaleable House and Senate Journals and Public-Session Laws of various years at a 27 price to be determined by the Secretary of State." SECTION 94. G.S. 159C-5 reads as rewritten: 28 29 "§ 159C-5. General powers. 30 Each authority shall have all of the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and 31 effectuate the purposes and provisions of this Chapter, including, but without limiting 32 the generality of the foregoing, the powers: 33 To adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its (1)34 business and to prescribe rules, regulations and policies in connection 35 with the performance of its functions and duties; 36 To adopt an official seal and alter the same at pleasure; (2)37 To maintain an office at such place or places within the boundaries of (3) 38 the county for which it was created as it may determine; 39 (4) To sue and be sued in its own name, plead and be impleaded; To receive, administer and comply with the conditions and 40 (5)requirements respecting any gift, grant or donation of any property or 41 42 money;

1	(6)	To make and execute financing agreements, security documents and
2		other contracts and instruments necessary or convenient in the exercise
3		of the powers and functions of the authority under this Chapter;
4	(7)	To acquire by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise, but not by eminent
5		domain, or to obtain options for the acquisition of, any property, real
6		or personal, improved or unimproved, and interests in land less than
7		the fee thereof, interest, for the construction, operation or maintenance
8		of any project;
9	<del>(7a)</del>	To acquire by purchase, lease, gift, or otherwise, but not by eminent
10		domain, or to obtain options for the acquisition of, any property, real
11		or personal, improved or unimproved, and interests in land less than
12		the fee interest, for the construction, operation, or maintenance of any
13		project;
14	(8)	To sell, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of, or to grant
15	(0)	options for any such purposes with respect to, any real or personal
16		property or interest therein;
17	(9)	To pledge or assign revenues of the authority;
18	(10)	To construct, acquire, own, repair, maintain, extend, improve,
19	(10)	rehabilitate, renovate, furnish and equip one or more projects and to
20		pay all or any part of the costs thereof from the proceeds of bonds of
21		the authority or from any contribution, gift or donation or other funds
22		made available to the authority for such purpose;
23	(11)	To fix, charge and collect revenues with respect to any project;
24	(11) (12)	To employ consulting engineers, architects, attorneys, real estate
25	(12)	counselors, appraisers and such other consultants and employees as
26		may be required in the judgment of the authority and to fix and pay
27		their compensation from funds available to the authority therefor and
28		to select and retain subject to approval of the Local Government
29		Commission the financial consultants, underwriters and bond attorneys
30		to be associated with the issuance of any bonds and to pay for services
31		rendered by underwriters, financial consultants or bond attorneys out
32		of the proceeds of any such issue with regard to which the services
33		were performed; and
34	(13)	To do all acts and things necessary, convenient or desirable to carry
35	()	out the purposes, and to exercise the powers herein granted."
36	SEC	<b>FION 95.</b> G.S. 162-33 reads as rewritten:
37		oner may furnish necessaries.
38	-	ith the sheriff's approval, prisoners shall be allowed to purchase and
39		ecessaries, in addition to the diet furnished by the jailer, as they may
40		d to provide their own bedding, linen and clothing, without paying any
41		jailer for such indulgence.proper."
42	· ·	<b>FION 96.</b> G.S. 163-132.3(d)(1)a., as enacted by Section 10.1 of S.L.
13	2001 310 reads	•

43 2001-319, reads as rewritten:

**SESSION 2001** 

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- "a. Is likely to be designated by the Census Bureau as a block boundary in the next federal decennial <u>Census Census.</u>"
- **SECTION 97.(a)** G.S. 163-278.19(e) reads as rewritten:

4 Notwithstanding the prohibitions specified in this Article and Article 22 of "(e) 5 this Chapter, a political committee organized under provisions of this Article shall be 6 entitled to receive and the corporation, business entity, labor union, professional 7 association, or insurance company designated on the committee's organizational report 8 as the parent entity of the employees or members who organized the committee is 9 authorized to give reasonable administrative support that shall include, but not be 10 limited to, record keeping, computer services, billings, mailings to members of the 11 committee, and such other support as is reasonably necessary for the administration of 12 the committee.

13 The approximate cost of any record keeping, computer services, billings, mailings, office supplies, and office space provided on a continuing basis shall be submitted to the 14 15 committee, in writing, and the committee shall include that cost on the annual report 16 required by G.S. 163-278.9(a)(6). Also included in the report shall be the approximate 17 allocable portion of the compensation of any officer or employee of the corporation, 18 business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance company who has 19 devoted more than thirty-five percent (35%) of his time during normal business hours of 20 the corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance 21 company during the period covered by the required report. The approximate cost 22 submitted by the parent corporation, business entity, labor union, professional 23 association, or insurance company shall be entered on the committee's annual report as 24 the final entry on its list of "contributions" and a copy of the written approximate cost 25 received by it shall be attached.

The administrative support given by a corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance company shall be designated on the books of the corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance company as such and may not be treated by it as a business deduction for State income tax purposes."

31 **SECTION 97.(b)** The prefatory clause of G.S. 163-278.9(a) reads as 32 rewritten:

"(a) Except as provided in G.S. 163-278.10A, the treasurer of each candidate and
 of each political committee shall file with the Board under verification certification of
 the treasurer as true and correct to the best of the knowledge of that officer with the
 Board the following reports:"

- 37 **SECTION 98.** G.S. 166A-6A(b)(2), as enacted by Section 4 of S.L. 38 2001-214, reads as rewritten:
- 39 "(2) Public Assistance.assistance. State disaster assistance in the form of
  40 public assistance grants may be made available to eligible entities
  41 located within the disaster area on the following terms and conditions:
- 42 a. Eligible entities shall meet the following qualifications:

**SESSION 2001** 

1		1.	The eligible entity suffers a minimum of ten thousand
2 3			dollars (\$10,000) in uninsurable losses;
		2.	The eligible entity suffers uninsurable losses in an
4 5			amount equal to or exceeding one-half percent $(0.5\%)$ of
		2	the annual operating budget;
6		3.	For a state of disaster proclaimed pursuant to G.S.
7			166A-6(a) after August 1, 2002, the eligible entity shall
8 9			have a hazard mitigation plan approved pursuant to the Stafford Act; and
9 10		4.	For a state of disaster proclaimed pursuant to G.S.
10		4.	166A-6(a) after August 1, 2002, the eligible entity shall
12			be participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
12			in order to receive public assistance for flooding damage.
14	b.	Eligih	ble entities shall be required to provide non-State matching
15		-	equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the eligible costs of
16			iblic assistance grant.
17	c.	-	ligible entity that receives a public assistance grant
18			ant to this subsection may use the grant for the following
19		-	ses only:
20		1.	Debris clearance.
21		2.	Emergency protective measures.
22		3.	Roads and bridges.
23		4.	Crisis counseling.
24		5.	Assistance with public transportation needs."
25			ction 2 of S.L. 1998-106, as rewritten by Section 1 of S.L.
26	2001-354, reads as re		
27			County demonstration Work Over Welfare Program for
28			stamp recipients shall:
29			opportunities to all able-bodied Work First and Food
30			ients who are required to participate in the Work First
31			program;
32 33		-	pportunities in the public, the private, nonprofit, and the
33 34	-		profit sector, primarily in the human services areas by barrus County to use grant diversions, consisting of the
35		-	benefits and the cash value of Food Stamps that would be
36			erwise eligible recipients to match employer funds, to
37	-		e employment of these recipients. Human service area jobs
38			ich socially necessary needs as day care work, nursing
39			ork, and in-home aide work;
40			s paid to these recipients, which contain grant-diverted
41		-	e exempt from income for purposes of determining
42			r assistance;

1 2 3	(4)	Structure payment of wages to these recipients such that they will be considered income, in order to make recipients eligible for the federal earned income tax credit;
4 5	(5)	Create work experience opportunities in the private sector more realistically to reflect the world of work;
6	(6)	Require these recipients to participate in the development of an
7		opportunity agreement outlining the responsibilities of the recipient
8		and agency, as well as the incentives for compliance and the sanctions
9		for noncompliance;
10	(7)	Require all these recipients who participate in the program to pursue
11		and accept employment, full or part time, subsidized or unsubsidized,
12		as a condition for continued eligibility for Work First and Food Stamp
13		assistance;
14	(8)	Require job search training of all participants;
15	(9)	Require monitored job search of all participants until employment is
16 17		found or until other work activities of up to 40 hours per week are in
17		place; (10) Create a positive work incentive by providing wage
18		incentives to participants who are in compliance with the program by
20		using the job bonus as outlined in the Work First Policy Manual for
20 21		both Work First and Food Stamp benefits;
22		(11) Provide for a system in which the Work First cash assistance
23		case is terminated following the first month of noncompliance, with
24		restoration of assistance after the client agrees to comply with
25		requirements and files a new application. To ensure that children in
26		terminated households are not harmed, provide social worker
27		monitoring and the use of direct vendor payments or assistance from
28		other community resources for rent, utilities, or other basic needs of
29		children as necessary, during the period in which assistance for the
30		household is terminated. This period of social worker monitoring shall
31		coincide with the period of time that the household would have been,
32		as a Work First case, under a three-month pay-for-performance
33		sanction system and shall not exceed three months from the date of
34		termination.termination;
35 36		(12) Provide for all individuals to be evaluated for ongoing Medicaid and children to be evaluated for Health Choice eligibility
30 37		any time Work First terminates. This act shall not alter any individual's
38		eligibility for Medicaid or Health Choice as set out in State and
39		Federal law or regulation.regulation;
40	(13)	Require that a recipient who voluntarily terminates employment
41	(10)	without good cause be ineligible for Work First until the individual
42		returns to work, provided work opportunities are available. Provide

1 2		employment services for 30 days to assist the individual in obtaining employment;
3	(14)	Require applicants for Work First to meet with child support staff
4	(11)	within 10 days of application. Failure or refusal to pursue child support
5		without good cause is grounds for denial of benefits;
6	(15)	Provide that an applicant may be eligible for a one-time Work First
7	(10)	diversion payment in an amount not exceeding one thousand two
8		hundred dollars (\$1,200). Applicants receiving the diversion payment
9		shall not be eligible for ongoing Work First benefits for a period of
10		three months from the date of receipt of the diversion payment.
11		Individuals receiving a diversion payment must attend budgetary
12		counseling and may be required to have a protective payee for the
13		diversion payment;
14	(16)	Provide that the period of exemption from participation in employment
15		services for a parent of a newborn child is three months. If a recipient
16		returns to work within six weeks of childbirth, the recipient may
17		reclaim the remainder of the three-month exemption if the recipient
18		chooses not to continue working during the initial six-week period;
19	(17)	In ongoing Work First cases, require family reassessment of service
20		needs when the family circumstance changes due to an able-bodied,
21		financially responsible adult moving into the home. Family
22		reassessment may result in benefit diversion, change in services, or
23		termination from Work First program participation;
24	(18)	Not sanction individuals who demonstrate that they cannot meet
25		program requirements because necessary child care is not available."
26		<b>TON 100.</b> Section 2 of S.L. 2001-177 reads as rewritten:
27		2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2001, and applies to actions
28		ds filed labor and materials furnished on or after that date."
29		<b>TON 101.</b> Section 29 of S.L. 2001-208 reads as rewritten:
30		<b>29.</b> This Section 15 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2002, and wishments executed on or often that data. The remainder of this act
31 32		<u>uishments executed on or after that date.</u> The remainder of this act ve January 1, 2002, and applies to actions <u>pending or filed</u> on or after
32 33	that date."	ve fandary 1, 2002, and applies to actions <u>pending of</u> med on of after
33 34		<b>TION 102.(a)</b> S.L. 2001-216 is amended by adding a new section to
35	read:	101 102.(a) S.E. 2001-210 is antended by adding a new section to
36		<b>6.1.</b> In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction holds that any
37		s act is unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the invalidity does not
38	affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect without the	
39		ns or application, and to this end the provisions of each section of this
40	-	one from the other and from the remainder of this act."
41	SECT	<b>TON 102.(b)</b> Section 7 of S.L. 2001-216 reads as rewritten:

SESSION 2001

1	"SECTION 7. This act is effective when it becomes law law and applies to all cases
2	pending on or after the effective date except those cases in which a health benefit plan
3	has intervened before the Industrial Commission prior to the effective date."
4	<b>SECTION 102.(c)</b> This section becomes effective June 15, 2001.
5	SECTION 103.(a) Section 24.5 of S.L. 2001-223 reads as rewritten:
6	"SECTION 24.5. This section Part applies to estates that are pending."
7	<b>SECTION 103.(b)</b> G.S. 58-7-178(a), as rewritten by Section 8.11 of S.L.
8	2001-223, reads as rewritten:
9	"(a) An insurer authorized to transact insurance in a foreign country or any U.S.
10	territory may have funds invested in securities that may be required for that authority
11	and for the transaction of that business, provided the funds and securities are
12	substantially of the same kinds, classes, and investment grades as those otherwise
13	eligible for investment under this Chapter. ercent (5%) of admitted assets. The
14	aggregate amount of investments under this subsection shall not exceed the amount that
15	the insurer is required by law to invest in the foreign country or United States territory,
16	or one and one-half times the amount of reserves and other obligations under the
17	contracts, whichever is greater."
18	<b>SECTION 104.</b> The prefatory language of Section 2 of S.L. 2001-281 reads
19	as rewritten:
20	" <b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 20-182(c) G.S. 90-182(c) reads as rewritten:"
21	<b>SECTION 105.(a)</b> The prefatory language of Section 2 of S.L. 2001-297 is
22	rewritten to read:
23	"SECTION 2. G.S. 58-65-1 reads as rewritten:"
24	<b>SECTION 105.(b)</b> The statutory catch line in Section 2 of S.L. 2001-297 is
25	rewritten to read:
26	"§58-65-1. Regulation and definitions; application of other laws; profit
27	and foreign corporations prohibited."
28	SECTION 106.(a) Effective October 1, 2001, Section 17.4 of S.L. 2001-334
29	is repealed.
30	<b>SECTION 106.(b)</b> Effective October 1, 2001, G.S. 58-67-50(b), as rewritten
31	by Section 8.1 of S.L. 2001-334, reads as rewritten:
32	"(b) (1) Premium approval. – No schedule of premiums for coverage for
33	health care services, or any amendment to the schedule, shall be
34 25	used in conjunction with any health care plan until a copy of the
35	schedule or amendment has been filed with and approved by the
36 27	(2) Individual accurace Promiums shall be established in accordance
37	(2) Individual coverage. – Premiums shall be established in accordance
38 39	with actuarial principles for various categories of enrollees.
39 40	Premiums applicable to an enrollee shall not be individually determined based on the status of the enrollee's health. Premiums
40 41	
41 42	shall not be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory; and shall exhibit a reasonable relationship to the benefits provided by
42	the evidence of coverage. The premiums or any <u>premium</u> revisions
15	the evidence of coverage. The premiums of any premium revisions

to the premiums with respect to for nongroup enrollee coverage 1 2 shall be guaranteed, as to every enrollee covered under the same 3 category of enrollee coverage, for a period of not less than 12 4 months. As an alternative to giving this guarantee for nongroup 5 enrollee coverage, the premium or premium revisions may be made 6 applicable to all similar <del>category</del> categories of enrollee coverage at 7 one time if the health maintenance organization chooses to apply 8 for the premium revision with respect to such the categories of 9 coverages no more frequently than once in any 12-month period. 10 The premium revision shall be applicable to all categories of 11 nongroup enrollee coverage of the same type; provided that no 12 premium revision may become effective for any category of 13 enrollee coverage unless the HMO has given written notice of the 14 premium revision to the enrollee 45 days before the effective date 15 of the revision. The enrollee thereafter-must then pay the revised premium in order to continue the contract in force. The 16 17 Commissioner may adopt reasonable rules, after notice and 18 hearing, to require the submittal of supporting data and such 19 information as the Commissioner considers necessary to determine 20 whether the rate revisions meet the standards in this subdivision. In 21 adopting the rules under this subsection, the Commissioner may 22 require identification of the types of rating methodologies used by 23 filers and may also address standards for data in HMO rate filings 24 for initial filings, filings by recently licensed HMOs, and rate 25 revision filings; data requirements for service area expansion 26 requests; policy reserves used in rating; incurred loss ratio 27 standards; and other recognized actuarial principles of the NAIC, 28 the American Academy of Actuaries, and the Society of Actuaries. 29 (3)Group coverage. - Employer group premiums shall be established 30 in accordance with actuarial principles for various categories of 31 enrollees, provided that premiums applicable to an enrollee shall 32 not be individually determined based on the status of the enrollee's 33 health. Premiums shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly 34 discriminatory, and shall exhibit a reasonable relationship to the 35 benefits provided by the evidence of coverage. The premiums or 36 any revisions to the premiums for employer group coverage shall 37 be guaranteed for a period of not less than 12 months. No premium 38 revision shall become effective for any category of group coverage 39 unless the HMO has given written notice of the premium revision 40 to the master group contract holder upon receipt of the group's 41 finalized benefits or 45 days before the effective date of the 42 revision, whichever is earlier. The master group contract holder 43 thereafter must pay the revised premium in order to continue the

1	contract in force. The Commissioner may adopt reasonable rules,
2	after notice and hearing, to require the submittal of supporting data
3	and such information as the Commissioner considers necessary to
4	determine whether the rate revisions meet the standards in this
5	subdivision."
6	SECTION 107.(a) Section 14.(b) of S.L. 2001-358 reads as rewritten:
7	"SECTION 14.(b) G.S. 55-4-02, 55-4-03, 55-4-04, and 55-4-05 are recodified as
8	G.S. 55D-23, 55D-24, 55D-25, and 55D-26, and 55D-27, respectively, in Article 3 of
9	Chapter 55D of the General Statutes."
10	SECTION 107.(b) G.S. 59-62(c), as enacted by Section 41 of S.L.
11	2001-358, reads as rewritten:
12	"(c) The name of a registered limited liability company partnership becomes
13	available for use by another entity as provided in G.S. 55D-21."
14	<b>SECTION 108.</b> Section 5.1 of S.L. 2001-424 is amended by adding a new
15	subsection to read:
16	"SECTION 5.1.(bb) If the Department of Health and Human Services determines
17	that sufficient funds are not available within the Work First Cash Assistance Program
18	and the Cash Assistance Reserve to provide cash assistance payments to all eligible
19	families in the 2001-2002 fiscal year, the Department may reduce the allocations under
20	the TANF Block Grant in this section to non cash assistance programs and services in
21	order to ensure that cash assistance payments to all eligible families continue throughout
22	the 2001-2002 fiscal year."
	the 2001-2002 fiscal year.
23	SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:
	•
23	SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:
23 24	<b>SECTION 109.</b> Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: " <b>SECTION 6.20.(c)</b> The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L.
23 24 25	<b>SECTION 109.</b> Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: " <b>SECTION 6.20.(c)</b> The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and <u>S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395</u> remain in effect for the
23 24 25 26	<b>SECTION 109.</b> Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: " <b>SECTION 6.20.(c)</b> The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and <u>S.L. 2001-395</u> , <u>S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395</u> remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that:
23 24 25 26 27	SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: "SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: (1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or
23 24 25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that:</li> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> </ul>
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23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> </ul>
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23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 21.14.(b) Under the direction of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Director of the Office of Policy and Planning shall have the authority to direct Divisions, offices, and programs within the Department to conduct periodic reviews of policies, plans, and rules and shall advise the Secretary when it is determined to be appropriate or necessary to modify, amend, and repeal departmental policies,</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 21.14.(b) Under the direction of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Director of the Office of Policy and Planning shall have the authority to direct Divisions, offices, and programs within the Department to conduct periodic reviews of policies, plans, and rules and shall advise the Secretary when it is determined to be appropriate or necessary to modify, amend, and repeal departmental policies, plans, and rules. All professional and supervisory employees in policy and management</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 21.14.(b) Under the direction of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Director of the Office of Policy and Planning shall have the authority to direct Divisions, offices, and programs within the Department to conduct periodic reviews of policies, plans, and rules and shall advise the Secretary when it is determined to be appropriate or necessary to modify, amend, and repeal departmental policies, plans, and rules. All professional and supervisory employees in policy and management positions within the Office of Policy and Planning are exempt from Chapter 126 of the</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<ul> <li>SECTION 109. Section 6.20(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 6.20.(c) The provisions of S.L. 2001-250, S.L. 2001-287, S.L. 2001-322, and S.L. 2001-395, S.L. 2001-S.L. 2001-395 remain in effect for the 2001-2002 fiscal year except to the extent that: <ul> <li>(1) Those provisions are expressly repealed or amended in this act or</li> <li>(2) Those provisions conflict with the provisions of this act. To the extent of such a conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail.</li> <li>(3) Those provisions expire or expired pursuant to the provisions of those acts."</li> </ul> </li> <li>SECTION 110. Section 21.14(b) of S.L. 424 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 21.14.(b) Under the direction of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Director of the Office of Policy and Planning shall have the authority to direct Divisions, offices, and programs within the Department to conduct periodic reviews of policies, plans, and rules and shall advise the Secretary when it is determined to be appropriate or necessary to modify, amend, and repeal departmental policies, plans, and rules. All professional and supervisory employees in policy and management positions within the Office of Policy and Planning are exempt from Chapter 126 of the General Statutes except for Articles 6, 7, and 14 of that Chapter. positions as that term is</li> </ul>

1		<b>21.18E.</b> In addition to the requirements of G.S. 143-6.1, as a condition	
2	of receipt of funds appropriated by this act, the Child Advocacy Institute shall report to		
3	the Senate Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, the House of		
4	-	Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services, and the	
5		Division by May 1, 2002, on the following:	
6	(1)	A detailed explanation of the use of funds appropriated by the General	
7		Assembly to the Child Advocacy Institute.	
8	(2)	A detailed explanation, including specific examples, of how the work	
9		of the Child Advocacy Institute has benefited the children of North	
10		Carolina.	
11	(3)	A detailed description of the demographic profile of the Child	
12		Advocacy Institute's constituents and a description of any outreach	
13		efforts to minority communities.	
14	(4)	A detailed report on the output of the Child Advocacy Institute over	
15		the past five years, including a list of publications and reports released	
16		by the Institute and training modules developed by the Institute.	
17	(5)	A detailed description of the relationship between the Child Advocacy	
18		Institute and the Covenant with North Carolina's Children, including	
19		an accounting of any State funds that support the work of the Covenant	
20		with North Carolina's Children."	
21		<b>FION 112.</b> Section 21.76B(b) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:	
22		<b>21.76B.(b)</b> The Department of Health and Human Services and the	
23		Public Instruction shall establish the "More at Four" Pre-K Task Force to	
24	-	oment and implementation of the pilot program. The membership shall	
25	include:		
26	(1)	Parents of at-risk children.	
27	(2)	Representatives with expertise in early childhood development.	
28	(3)	Classroom teachers who are certified in early childhood education.	
29	(4)	Representatives of the private not-for-profit and for-profit child care	
30	(5)	providers in North Carolina.	
31	(5)	Employees of the Department of Health and Human Services who are	
32		knowledgeable in the areas of early childhood development, current	
33		State and federally funded efforts in child development, and providing	
34	$(\epsilon)$	child care.	
35	(6)	Representatives of the North Carolina Partnership for Children, Inc.,	
36	( <b>7</b> )	and of local Smart Start partnerships.	
37	(7)	Representatives of local school administrative units.	
38	(8)	Representatives of Head Start prekindergarten programs in North	
39 40	( <b>0</b> )	Carolina. Employees of the Department of Public Instruction "	
40 41	(9) SEC	Employees of the Department of Public Instruction."	
41 42		<b>FION 113.</b> Section 21.84(a) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: <b>21.84</b> (a) The Department of Health and Human Services. Division of	
42 43		<b>21.84.(a)</b> The Department of Health and Human Services, Division of shall not expand the Student Information Management System	
43	r uune meaith	shan not expand the <del>student information management system</del>	

1 interagency database system pilot program statewide during the 2001-2002 fiscal year. 2 The Department shall maintain, evaluate, and improve the three pilot projects 3 implemented in the 2000-2001 fiscal year, and provide a report on the status of the system to the Senate Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, the 4 5 House of Representatives Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human 6 Services, and the Fiscal Research Division by October 1, 2001. The report shall include 7 the status of the operations of the database, a plan for statewide expansion, and the costs 8 associated with the expansion." 9 SECTION 114.(a) The heading of Section 22.8 of S.L. 2001-424 reads as 10 rewritten: 11 **"AUTHORIZE** FAMILY DRUG TREATMENT COURTS TO SERVE 12 ADDICTED PARENTS OF ABUSED AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN AND TO 13 SERVE SUBSTANCE-ABUSING JUVENILE OFFENDERS WHO COME 14 UNDER THE COURTS' JURISDICTION/DRUG TREATMENT COURT 15 PROGRAM FOR JUDICIAL DISTRICT DISTRICTS 3B AND 28." 16 SECTION 114.(b) Subsection (h) of Section 22.8 of S.L. 2001-424 reads as 17 rewritten: 18 "SECTION 22.8.(h) The Judicial Department may seek non-State funds and 19 provide technical assistance to the local drug treatment court planning committee for the purpose of implementing a drug treatment court program in the 28<sup>th</sup> Judicial 20 21 District.Judicial Districts 3B and 28." 22 **SECTION 115.(a)** The heading of Section 27.29 of S.L. 2001-424 reads as 23 rewritten: 24 "RAIL DIVISION FUNDS FOR RAILROAD BRIDGE REPLACEMENT 25 PROJECT PLANNING AND PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING 26 MAINTENANCE OF RAILROAD TRACK AND SIGNAL IMPROVEMENT" 27 SECTION 115.(b) Section 27.29 of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: 28 "SECTION 27.29. Of funds appropriated to the Department of Transportation Rail 29 Division, up to eight hundred thousand dollars (\$800,000) shall be used for planning 30 and preliminary engineering of the Neuse Railroad Bridge east of Kinston replacement 31 project and the Highway 54 Railroad bridge in Research Triangle Park replacement 32 project.placed in a maintenance reserve to fulfill obligations of the Department of 33 Transportation for maintenance of track and signal improvements to the North Carolina 34 Railroad." 35 SECTION 116. Section 28.17(h) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten: 36 "SECTION 28.17.(h) Students in a local school shall not be subject to field tests or 37 national tests during the two-week period preceding the administration of the 38 end-of-grade tests, end-of-course tests, or the school's regularly scheduled final exams. 39 No school shall participate in more than two field tests at any one grade level during a 40 school year unless that:unless: 41 That school volunteers, through a vote of its school improvement (1)42 team, to participate in an expanded number of field tests.tests; or

SESSION 2001

1	(2) The State Board of Education makes written findings, based on
2	information provided by the Department of Public Instruction, that an
3	additional field test must be administered at that school to ensure the
4	reliability and validity of a specific test."
5	SECTION 117. Section 32.24(c) of S.L. 2001-424 reads as rewritten:
6	"SECTION 32.24A.(a) This section becomes effective January 1, 2002.2003."
7	<b>SECTION 118.(a)</b> Section 6(e) of S.L. 2001-427 is repealed.
8	<b>SECTION 118.(b)</b> The introductory language of Section 13(a) of S.L.
9	2001-427 reads as rewritten:
10	"SECTION 13.(a) G.S. 105-472(a) and (b) reads as rewritten:"
11	SECTION 119. Section 18 of S.L. 2001-430 reads as rewritten:
12	"SECTION 18. Pursuant to G.S. 62-31 and G.S. 62-32, the Utilities Commission
13	must lower the rate set for local telecommunications services rates set for
14	telecommunications services to reflect the repeal of G.S. 105-120 and the resulting
15	liability of local telecommunications companies for the tax imposed under G.S.
16	105-122."
17	SECTION 120. Section 11 of S.L. 2001-433 reads as rewritten:
18	"SECTION 11. This act becomes effective October 1, 2001. December 1, 2001."
19	SECTION 121. The prefatory language of Section 2 of S.L. 2001-450 reads
20	as rewritten:
21	"SECTION 2. G.S. 10-9 G.S. 10A-9 is amended by adding the following
22	subsections to read:"
23	SECTION 122.(a) If Senate Bill 748, 2001 General Assembly, becomes
24	law, G.S. 105-164.4(a)(1g)b., as enacted by that act, reads as rewritten:
25	"b. Rates. – A single tax rate applies to all of the
26	qualified electricity received by an industry or a plant
27	in each fiscal year beginning July 1. That tax rate is
28	determined based on the megawatt-hour volume of
29	qualified electricity received by the industry or plant
30	during the previous calendar year, in accordance with
31	the following table. The rates set based on the table
32	are subject to adjustment as provided in
33	sub-subdivision f. of this subdivision.
34	Previous Year's Rate
35	Megawatt-Hours for Fiscal
36	<b>Received</b> Year
37	<del>1,200,000</del> <u>900,000</u> or Less 2.83%
38	Over <del>1,200,000</del> <u>900,000</u> 0.17%".
39	SECTION 122.(b) If Senate Bill 748, 2001 General Assembly, becomes
40	law, Section 17(f) of that act is amended as follows:
41	(1) By deleting the phrase "1,200,000" and substituting the phrase
42	" <del>900,000</del> "; and

By deleting the phrase "up to 1,200,000" and substituting the phrase 1 (2)2 "up to 900,000". 3 SECTION 122.(c) If Senate Bill 748, 2001 General Assembly, becomes 4 law, Section 17(g) of that act reads as rewritten: 5 "SECTION 17.(g) Subsections (b) and (c) of this section become effective July 6 January 1, 2002, and apply to sales made on or after that date. Subsection (f) of this 7 section becomes effective July 1, 2005, and applies to sales made on or after that date. 8 The remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law." 9 **SECTION 122.(d)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies 10 to sales made on or after January 1, 2002. 11 SECTION 123. If Senate Bill 748, 2001 General Assembly, becomes law, 12 Section 8.(c) of that bill reads as rewritten: 13 **"SECTION 8.(c)** This section is effective for taxable years beginning business 14 activities occurring on or after January 1, 2002. In addition, this section applies to 15 business activities occurring before January 1, 2002, for which no application has been 16 filed with the Department of Commerce as of January 1, 2003. For business activities 17 occurring before January 1, 2002, for which no application for certification has been 18 filed as of January 1, 2002, the taxpayer must file an application pursuant to G.S. 105-129.6, accompanied by any required fee, with the Department of Commerce. The 19 20 Department of Commerce shall not make a determination regarding eligibility for 21 credits under Article 3A of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes based on the application 22 and shall not issue a certification, but shall instead mark on the application that the fee 23 has been paid and return the application to the taxpayer. The taxpayer must then submit 24 the application along with the return for the taxable year in which the taxpayer qualifies 25 for the credit. The Department of Commerce shall retain one-fourth of these fees 26 collected during the 2002 calendar year for the costs of administering Article 3A of 27 Chapter 105 of the General Statutes and shall credit the remaining proceeds of these 28 fees to the Department of Revenue for the costs of auditing and administering Article 29 3A of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. The proceeds of these fees are receipts of 30 the Department to which they are credited."In addition, this section applies to business activities occurring before January 1, 2002 for which no application has been filed with 31 32 the Department of Commerce as of January 1, 2003. For business activities occurring 33 before January 1, 2002, for which no application for certification has been filed as of 34 January 1, 2002, the taxpayer must file an application pursuant to G.S. 105-129.6, 35 accompanied by any required fee, with the Department of Commerce. The Department of Commerce shall not make a determination regarding eligibility for credits under 36 37 Article 3A of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes based on the application and shall not 38 issue a certification, but shall instead mark on the application that the fee has been paid 39 and return the application to the taxpayer. The taxpayer must then submit the 40 application along with the return for the taxable year in which the taxpayer qualifies for 41 the credit. The Department of Commerce shall retain one-fourth of these fees collected 42 during the 2002 calendar year for the costs of administering Article 3A of Chapter 105 43 of the General Statutes and shall credit the remaining proceeds of these fees to the

1 Department of Revenue for the costs of auditing and administering Article 3A of

Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. The proceeds of these fees are receipts of the
 Department to which they are credited.'

4 **SECTION 124.** Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-21.1(a)(2), the Health and 5 Wellness Trust Fund Commission and the Tobacco Trust Fund Commission shall have 6 the authority to adopt temporary rules as a recent act of the General Assembly through 7 June 30, 2002, in order to adopt rules as authorized in S.L. 2000-147.

8 **SECTION 125.** The North Carolina Department of Transportation is 9 authorized to expend funds as necessary to assist in implementing the objectives of G.S. 10 143-641. The Department shall provide a report of any expenditures as authorized in 11 this section no later than March 15 and October 15 of each year to the Joint Legislative 12 Commission on Governmental Operations.

13 **SECTION 126.** Except as otherwise provided herein, this act is effective 14 when it becomes law.