GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

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SENATE BILL 856 Corrected Copy 4/10/01

Short Title:	Historic Preservation Credit Limitation.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Kerr and Horton.	
Referred to:	Finance.	

April 4, 2001

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT THE TAX CREDIT FOR REHABILITATING A			
3	NONINCOME-PRODUCING HISTORIC STRUCTURE APPLIES ONLY TO			
4	RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS.			
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
6	SECTION 1. G.S. 105-129.36 reads as rewritten:			
7	"§ 105-129.36. Credit for rehabilitating nonincome-producing			
	8 <u>nonincome-producing, residential historic structure.</u>			
9	(a) Credit. – A taxpayer who is not allowed a federal income tax credit under			
10	section 47 of the Code and who makes rehabilitation expenses for a State-certified			
11	historic structure located in this State is allowed a credit equal to thirty percent (30%) of			
12	the rehabilitation expenses. To qualify for the credit, the structure must be used			
13	exclusively as a residence for a period of five years following the rehabilitation and the			
14				
15	within a 24-month period. To claim the credit allowed by this subsection, the taxpayer			
16	must attach to the return a copy of the certification obtained from the State Historic			
17	Preservation Officer verifying that the historic structure has been rehabilitated in			
18	accordance with this subsection.			
19	(b) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:			
20	(1) Certified rehabilitation. – Repairs or alterations consistent with the			
21	Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and certified as			
22	such by the State Historic Preservation Officer prior to the			
23	commencement of the work.			
24	(2) Rehabilitation expenses. – Expenses incurred in the certified			
25	rehabilitation of a certified historic structure and added to the			
26	property's basis. The term does not include the cost of acquiring the			
27	property, the cost attributable to the enlargement of an existing			

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1		building, the cost of sitework expenditures, or the cost of personal
2		property.
3	(3)	State-certified historic structure. – A structure that is individually
4		listed in the National Register of Historic Places or is certified by the
5		State Historic Preservation Officer as contributing to the historic
6		significance of a National Register Historic District or a locally
7		designated historic district certified by the United States Department of
8		the Interior.
9	(4)	State Historic Preservation Officer. – The Director of the Division of
10		Archives and History or the Director's designee who acts to administer
11		the historic preservation programs within the State.
12	(c) Rules.	- The North Carolina Historical Commission, in consultation with the
13	State Historic	Preservation Officer, may adopt rules needed to administer the
14	certification prod	cess required by this section."
15	SECT	TON 2. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
16	January 1, 2001.	